

# AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

#### AD-A254 380

### **AFOSR**

## TECHNICAL REPORT SUMMARIES



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## TECHNICAL REPORT SUMMARIES

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### FIRST QUARTER 1992

### INTRODUCTION

indexes, subject, personal author and title are provided to help the user locate reports that may be of interest. Information Division and submitted to the Defense Technical Information Center (DIIC) for that quarter. Three The Air Force Office of Scientific Research Technical Report Summaries is published quarterly (March, June, September, and December). It contains a brief summary of each technical report received in the Technical

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#### PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to inform Air Force Laboratories about the science that the Air Force Office of Scientific Research is supporting.

### AFOSR MISSION

Sciences Program (Program Element 61102F) and the primary Air Force agency for the extramural support of fundamental scientific research. The AFOSR is organized under the Air Force Systems Command, DCS/Technology. The Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR) is the Single Manager of the Air Force Defense Research

Research is selected for support from proposals received in response to the Broad Agency Announcement originating from scientists investigating problems involving the search for new knowledge and the expansion of scientific principles. Selection is on the basis of scientific potential for improving Air Force operational capabilities, originality, significance to science, the qualification of the principal investigators, and the reasonableness of AFOSR awards grants and contracts for research in areas of science relevant to the needs of the Air Force. the proposed budget.

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### KEY TO READING THE DATA

the last page of the abstracts section. The last report submitted to DIIC during the quarter (the one with the highest DIIC number) appears on the first page of the abstracts section. The following terms will give you a brief description of the elements used in each summary of this report. section. The first report submitted to DIIC during the quarter (the one with the lowest AD number) appears The summaries consist of three indexes and the abstracts. From one of the indexes, locate the AD number of report that is of interest to you. Use this number to locate the abstract of the report in the abstracts

DTIC Report Bibliography - DTIC's brief description of a technical report.

Search Control Number - A number assigned by DTIC at the time a bibliography is printed.

AD Number - A number assigned to each technical report when received by the DTIC.

Field & Group Numbers - (appearing after the AD number) First number is the subject field, and the second number is the particular group under that subject field.

Corporate Author/Performing Organization - The organization; e.g., college/university, company, etc., at which the research is conducted

Title - The title of the technical report.

Descriptive Note - Gives the type of report; e.g., final, interim, etc., and the period of the time of the research.

Date - Date of the technical report.

Pages - Total number of pages contained in the technical report.

Personal Author - Person or persons who wrote the report.

**Contract/Grant Number - The instrument control number identifying the contracting activity and funding year under** which the research is initiated.

**Project Number – A number unique to a particular area of science; e.g., 2304 is the project number for** 

lask Number - An alphanumeric number unique to a specific field of the main area of science; e.g., 2304 is the project number for mathematics and A3 is the task number for computational sciences.

The number consists of the government monitor acronym, the present calendar year and the technical report assigned consecutively; e.g., AFOSR-TR-83-0001 is the first number used for the first technical report processed Monitor Number - The number assigned to a particular report by the government agency monitoring the research. for Calendar Year 1983.

Supplementary Note - A variety of statements pertaining to a report. For example, if the report is a journal article, the supplementary note might give you the journal citation, which will include the name of the journal the article it appears in, and the volume number, date, and the page numbers of the journal.

Abstract - A brief summary describing the research of the report.

Descriptors - Key words describing the research.

Identifiers - Commonly used designators, such as names of equipment, names of projects or acronyms, the AFOSR project and task number, and the Air Force Research Program Element number.

### CONTRACT INDEX

### UNCLASSIFIED

### CONTRACT INDEX

MATERIALS *AFOSR-88-0009 R-TR-91-0943) MISSISSIPPI UNIV S	R-TR-92-0120) 9 NEW HAVEN CT F R-TR-92-0145) *AF	MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH ISOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS DEPT CAMBRIDGE LAB FOR INFORMATION COMPUTER SCIENCE LIDS-R-2076 (AFOSR-TR-92-0218) F AD-A243 959	# AFOSR-88-0050  XAS TECH UNIV LUBBOCK DEPT OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV  ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING  (AFOSR-TR-91-1025)  METEOROLOGY  (AFOSR-TR-92-0082)  F AD-A247 030	-0235 L COLL OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND *AFOSR-88-0052 OF NEUROLOGY (AFOSR-TR-92-0110) A7 103 A7 142	*AFDSR-88-0093 R-87-0289 CHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF LOS ANGELES DEPT OF ELECTRICAL MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING ENGINEERING AND ELECTROPHYSICS (AFOSR-TR-92-0087) F AD-A243 980	*AFOSR-88-0095 STEVENS INST OF TECH HOBOKEN NJ STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO (AFOSR-TR-91-0502) AD-A245 906 F AD-A244 413	R-87-0341  LIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY *AFOSR-88-0102  SPONSORED PROJECTS OFFICE TEXAS TECH UNIV LUBBOCK DEPT  (AFOSR-TR-81-0936)  (AFOSR-TR-91-0936)
*AFOSR-86-0016 CALIFORNIA UNIV IRVINE DEPT OF (AFOSR-TR-MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE F AD-A243 825 ENGINEERING (AFOSR-TR-92-0041) *AFOSR-87-0079 AD-A247 082 CALIFORNIA UNIV	*AFOSR-86-0112 (AFOSR TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF F AD-A247 009 AEROSPACE ENGINEERING AND *AFOSR-87-0118 ENGINEERING MECHANICS *AFOSR-87-0118 F AD-A247 035 (AFOSR-FR-82-0154) F AD-A247 184	*AFOSR-86-0297  TEXAS A AND M UNIV COLLEGE *AFOSR-87-0127  STATION DEPT OF MECHANICAL MINNESOTA UNIV  ENGINEERING OF COMPUTER (AFOSR-TR-92-0163)  F AD-A247 040	*AFOSR-88-0301  MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH  CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL  ENGINEERING AND COMPU TER SCIENCE  (AFOSR-TR  F AD-A243 985	#AFOSR-86-0302 ROCHESTER UNIV NY (AFDSR-TR-80-0809) AD-A246 801 (AFOSR-TR-90-0906) AD-A27 381	201. OF *AFOS ** *AFOS ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	*AFOSR-87 STEVEN F AD-A2	(AFOSR-TR-90-0904) *AFOSR-87-0341 AD-A247 358 CALIFORNIA UNIV SPONSORED PRO *AFOSR-86-0312 CALIFORNIA UNIV

CONTRACT INDEX-1 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

F AD-A243 861	*AF0SR-88-0231	F AD-A247 880
*AFDSR-88-0111 CHICAGO UNIV IL DEPT OF CHEMISTRY (AFOSR-TR-92-0073) F AD-8247 285	LOS ANGELES DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY (AFOSR-TR-92-0135) A AD-A247 048	BERKELET DEFI LOGY -92-0137)
AFO	*AFOSR-88-0235 RUTGERS - THE STATE UNIV NEW BRUNSWICK NJ HILL CENTER FOR THE MATHEMATICAL S CIENCES (AFOSR-TR-91-0933) F AD-A244 171	*AFOSR-88-0273 CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY (AFOSR-TR-91-0944) F AD-A243 839
*AFDSR-88-0157 PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK MATERIALS RESEARCH LAB (AFDSR-7R-91-1018)	*AFOSR-88-0243 PURDUE UNIV LAFAYETTE IN DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCES (AFOSR-TR-91-0941) F AD-A243 822	*AFOSR-88-0278 MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR INTENSE ENERGY BEAM INTERACTION LAB (AFOSR-TR-92-0084) F AD-A247 060
*AFOSR-88-0167 GEORGIA UNIV RESEARCH FOUNDATION INC ATHENS	AFO E	*AFOSR-88-0288 WISCONSIN UNIV-MILWAUKEE DEPT OF PHYSICS (AFOSR-TR-91-0932) F AD-A244 168
F AD-A246 963 *AFOSR-88-0205 MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT	*AFOSR-88-0250 CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY DEPT OF MATHEMATICS (AFOSR-TR-91-0940) F AD-A243 R38	*AFOSR-88-0290 CITY UNIV OF NEW YORK (AFOSR-TR-82-0130) AD-A246 950
	AFO V	*AFOSR-88-0296 MOORE SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL: ENGINEERING PHILADELPHIA:PA DEPT OF COMPUTER AND I NFORMATION SCIENCES (AFOSR-TR-91-0988)
*AFOSR-88-0214 *AFOSR-88-0214 CALIFORNIA UNIV DAVIS SCHOOL OF	AD-A247 217 (AF0SR-TR-90-0990) AD-A247 220 (AF0SR-TR-90-0992) AD-A247 221	AF0
*AFOSR-88-0217 *AFOSR-88-0217 *AFOSR-88-0217 CAMBRIDGE PLASMA FUSION CENTER	*AFOSR-88-0264 STANFORD UNIV CA HIGH TEMPERATURE GASDYNAMICS LAB GASDYNAMICS LAB A AD-A244 OS4-10930)	AFO.
(AFOSR-TR-91-0951) F AD-A243 824	*AFOSR-88-0288 California univ Berkeley (AFOSR-TR-92-0112)	*AFOSR-88-0323 OREGON UNIV EUGENE DEPT OF

CONTRACT INDEX-2 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

CONTRACT INDEX-3 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

(AFOSR-TR-92-0038) AD-A246 930 AD-A246 931 AD-A246 978 AD-A246 978 AD-A246 979 AD-A246 979 (AFOSR-TR-92-0037) AD-A246 979 (AFOSR-TR-92-0037)	AD-A246 981 (AFOSR-TR-92-0028) AD-A247 076 (AFOSR-TR-92-0031) AD-A247 077 (AFDSR-TR-92-0043) AD-A247 088 STANFORD UNIV CA HIGH TEMPERATURE GASDYNAMICS LAB (AFOSR-TR-92-0123) A AD-A247 059	*AFOSR-89-0074 COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF CHEMISTRY (AFOSR-TR-92-0153) F AD-A247 050 *AFOSR-89-0085 OKLAHOMA STATE UNIV STILLWATER	DEPT OF CHEMISTRY  (AFOSR-TR-91-1021)  *AFOSR-89-0104  *ENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INST TROY  NY DEPT OF PHYSICS  (AFOSR-TR-92-0106)  A AD-A247 038	*AFOSR-89-0134  IOWA UNIV IOWA CITY DEPT OF CHEMISTRY (AFOSR-TR-92-0162) F AD-A247 163  *AFOSR-89-0147  *TUFTS UNIV MEDFORD MA DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY (AFOSR-TR-92-0063) AD-A246 974  (AFOSR-TR-9-0128)
IIV HEALTH CENTE  R-92-0118	UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA TAMPA COLL OF ENGINEERING (AFOSR-1R-92-0071) F AD-A247 109 *AFOSR-89-0038 ILLINOIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING (AFOSR-7 293	*AFOSR-89-0048 ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF PSYC**OLOGY (**FOSR-TR-92-0127) A AD-A248 947 *AFOSR-89-0048 NEW JERSEY INST OF TECH NEWARK	DEPT OF PHYSICS (AFOSR-TR-92-0078) F AD-A247 212 *AFOSR-89-0053 GEORGETOWN UNIV WASHINGTON DC SCHOOL OF MEDICINE (AFOSR-TR-92-0091) F AD-A247 162	*AFOSR-89-0085 LEHIGH UNIV BETHLEHEM PA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AND MECHANICS (AFOSR-TR-92-0084) AD-A247 352 *AFOSR-89-0087 STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (AFOSR-TR-92-0029) AD-A248 789
PSYCHOLOGY (AFOSR-TR-92-0075) F AD-A247 173 *AFOSR-88-0333 FLORIDA UNIV GAINESVILLE DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY (AFOSR-TR-91-0938) F AD-A244 167	-92-0074) -92-0074) -90-0902) -92-0065)	GEORGETOWN UNIV WASHINGTON DC (AFOSR-TR-92-0079) F AD-A247 097 *AFOSR-88-0349 STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT JF PHYSICS (AFOSR-TR-92-0093) F AD-A247 208	*AFOSR-88-0350 PRINCETON UNIV NJ DEPT OF PHYSICS (AFOSR-TR-91-1023) F AD-A244 726 *AFOSR-88-0352 ARIZONA UNIV TUCSON (AFOSR-TR-92-0146) F AD-A247 159	*AFOSR-89-0012 COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK COLUMBIA ASTROPHYSICS LAB CAL-1955 (AFOSR-TR-92-0119) F AD-A247 158 *AFOSR-89-0023 *COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER CENTER FOR COMBUSTION RESEARCH CCR-92-01 (AFOSR-TR-92-0208)

*AFOSR-89-0162 CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY DEPT OF CHEMISTRY (AFOSR-1R-92-0098) F AD-A248 964 *AFOSR-89-0169 HAYSTACK DBSERVATORY WESTFORD MA (AFOSR-89-0178 *AFOSR-89-0178 WISCONSIN UNIV-MADISON DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCES UW-144-ASSO (AFOSR-1R-91-0939) F AD-A244 080 *AFOSR-89-0179	*AFDSR-89-0231 SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIV TIBURON CA ROMBERG TIBURON CENTERS (AFGSR-TR-90-0911) AD-A247 278 SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIV TIBURON CA TIBURON CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES (AFDSR-TR-91-0985) A AD-A243 714 (AFGSR-TR-92-0026) AD-A246 946 (AFGSR-TR-92-0026) AD-A246 977 (AFGSR-TR-92-0024) AD-A246 977 (AFGSR-TR-92-0024) AD-A246 977 (AFGSR-TR-92-0024)	AD-AZ#/ UBS AD-AZ#/ UBS AD-AZ#7 275 MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING (AFOSR-TR-92-0080) F AD-AZ#7 203 *AFOSR-89-0252 AND STATISTICS ADSTATISTICS (AFOSR-TR-92-0155) F AD-AZ#7 202 *AFOSR-89-0280 MCGILL RESEARCH CENTRE FOR INTELLIGENT MACHINES MONTREAL (QUEBEC) COMPUTER V ISION AND ROBUTICS LAB (AFOSR-TR-92-0211)
TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY	*AFOSR-89-0235 COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING SCIENCES (AFOSR-TR-92-0088) F AD-A247 207 *AFOSR-89-0238 CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY SCHOOL OF OPTOMETRY (AFOSR-TR-92-0131) A AD-A248 953	AFO AFO
*AFOSR-89-0200 CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY COLL OF ENGINEERING (AFOSR-TR-91-0928) F AD-A243 862	<b>上 担 り</b>	F AD-A247 OB1  *AFOSR-89-0270  NEW YORK UNIV MEDICAL CENTER NY  DEPT OF PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOPHYSICS  (AFOSR-TR-92-0218)  A AD-A247 684
*AFOSR-89-0208  NEW YORK UNIV NY DEPT OF PSYCHIAL STR-92-0113)  F AD-A247 044  *AFOSR-89-0223  YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT HIGH	MASSACHUSEITS UNIV AMHERSI (AFOSR-TR-92-0049) AD-A248 799 MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING (AFOSR-TR-92-0052) (AFOSR-TR-92-0051)	*AFOSR-89-0284 DELAWARE UNIV NEWARK DEPT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES (AFOSR-TR-91-1019) F AD-A244 640 *AFOSR-89-0289

AFO-AFO

CONTRACT INDEX-4 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

	AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL	ENGINEERING	(AFOSK-TK-92-0124)	A AU-AZ46 446	**************************************	TO TORUS AND VINIT DOUBLETTED	- 110 X 107	(AFDSR-TR-92-0137)	A AD-A246 774		8	OHIO UNIV ATHENS DEPT OF	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	(AFOSR-TR-92-0077)	F AD-A247 196		*AF0SR-89-0509	UTAH WATER RESEARCH LAB LOGAN	(AFOSR-TR-91-0992)	A AD-A24:1 728		*AFOSR-89-0520	TEXAS TRANSPORTATION INST COLLEGE	STATION	(AFDSR-TR-91-1005)	A AD-A244 483		*AF0SR-89-0525	WRIGHT STATE UNIV DAYTON OH DEPT	OF COMPUTER SCIENCE	WSU-CS-91-11		F AD-A244 468			CAROLINA UNIV GREENVILLE NO			MEDICANCLINA UNIV SCHOOL OF	COOCUE CREENVILLE IN	(ATONE-IN-82-0000)	( AFOSR-TR-92-0059 )	AD-A246 887		*AFOSR-89~0541	MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR		MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF		TA-DIA
		SOUTHERN	LOS ANGELES DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENCIAMEDING AND ELECTRICAL	ENGINEERING AND ELECTRUPHISICS (AFORB-TR-80-01449)	F AD-A947 439		*AFNCB-89-0376	MARYLAND UNIV COLLEGE DARK DEPT	ICS	(AFOSR-TR-91-0998)	F AD-A243 978			MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT	OF PSYCHOLOGY	(AFOSR-TR-92-0081)	AD-A246 796		*AFOSR-89-0415	PITTSBURGH UNIV PA DEPT OF	STPONOMY	(AFOSR0998)			*AFDSR-89-0419	MICHIGAN STATE UNIV EAST LANSING	S	(AFOSR-TR-91-0931)	F AD-A244 052				NEURAL SCIENCE		F AD-A244 720				TRESHWEIER BIOLOGICAL INSI	(ATOUR' 18 42 - 04 - 04 - 04 - 04 - 04 - 04 - 04 -		*AFOSR-89-0461	HARVARD UNIV CAMBRIDGE MA DEPT OF		(AFDSR-TR-91-0993)	A AD-A243 979		ARIZONA UNIV TUCSON DEPT OF	INDEX	UNCLASSIFIED 185004
•	CIVIL ENVIRONMENTAL AND	ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEE RING	(AFUSK-IK-81-0929)	AD-A4+	* AFDCD - RO - CO 0 1	LDICAT CTATE IMIV DAVIDA OF DEDT	MATNEFATMO	(AFDSR-TR-91-0917)	F AD-A243 457		302	CENTRAL INST FOR THE DEAF ST	LOUIS MO	(AFOSR-TR-91-1022)	F AD-A244 392		*AFDSR-89-0307	TEL-AVIV UNIV (ISRAEL) DEPT OF	FLUID MECHANICS AND HEAT TRANSFER		F AD-A243 727		*AF05R-89-0308	ILLINOIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF		U1LUENG-91-0511	(AFOSR-TR-92-0160)	F AD-A247 298			MICHIGAN STATE UNIV EAST LANSING	(AFGSR-TR-92-0057)	AD-A246 786	(AFOSR-TR-90-0909)	AD-A247 675	(AFOSR-TR-80-0910)	AD-A247 676	(AFOSR-TR-90-0899)	AD-AZ47 877	CASI LANSIN	DEFI OF PEDIALKICS/FUNAN	CAFORD-TR-92-0055)	AD-A246 797	(AFDSR-TR-92-0056)	AD-A246 972	(AFOSR-TR-80-0907)	AD-A247 343	AD-A247 344		

CONTRACT INDEX-8 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

### UNCLASSIFIED

AEROSPACE ENGINEERING (AFOSB-TR-92-0044)	(AFOSR-TR-91-1020)	OF PSYCHOLOGY AND PSYCHOBIOLOGY
AD-A246 767		A AD-A247 290
(AFOSR-TR-92-0040) AD-A248 978	*AFOSR-90-0042 INTVEDENTY OF DESTEDN ONTABLO	# OCC - CG - CC - CG - CC - CG - CG - CG
(AF0SR-TR-92-0047)		CINCINNATI UNIV OH DEPT OF
AD-A247 087		AEROSPACE ENGINEERING AND
*AFOSR-89-0542	F AD-A246 886	ENGINEERING MECHANICS (AFOSR-TR-92-0164)
ALABAMA UNIV IN HUNTSVILLE DEPT OF		F AD-A247 171
PHYSICS	JEWISH HOSPITAL OF BROOKLYN NY	
(AFOSR-TR-91-1002) F AD-A244 002	(AFOSR-TR-92-0104) A AD-A247 172	*AFOSK-90-0102 JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV LAUREL MD
		LAB
!		•
ARMED FORCES INST OF PATHOLOGY WASHINGTON DC	CALIFCRNIA UNIV LOS ANGELES Mental retardation research	A AD-A244 403
•	CENTER	*AF0SR-90-0106
F AD-A244 028	(AFOSR-TR-92-0070)	AL NEURAL
	A AD-A247 313	SOCIETY WASHINGTON DC
CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENA	*AF0SR-90-0084	F AD-A247 213
GRADUATE AERONAUTICAL LABS	CALIFORNIA UNIV IRVINE	
(AFOSR-TR-92-0058)		F AD-A247 214
AD-A247 318	A AD-A246 918	+ A E O E O - O 0
* AFOSR-89-00783	*AFDSR-90-0089	CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY LAB OF
JOINT INST FOR LAB ASTROPHYSICS	POLYTECHNIC UNIV FARMINGDALE NY	SOLID STATE PH
BOULDER CO	WEBER RESEARCH INST	
(AFOSR-TR-92-0151)	(AFOSR-TR-92-0095) F AG-A248 981	F AD-A246 772
		*AF0SR-90-0125
*AFOSR-89-1491		MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH
MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH	FLORIDA UNIV GAINESVILLE QUANTUM	
CAMBRIDGE (AFDCD-TD-69-0049)	CAFORE-TR-50-0108)	CUGNITIVE SCIENCES (AFOSR-TR-92-0141)
AD-A248 924	A AD-A247 052	A AD-A247 197
(AFOSP-TR-92-0033)		
AD-A247 072 (AE068-TB-62-004E)	*AFOSK-80-0080 VOBY HMIV MODIL VOBY (ANTABLE)	*ATOSK-80-0126 fantana intv-bibrif intv at
AD-A247 348	(AFOSR-TR-92-0107)	INDIANAPOLIS
V	A AD-A247 165	
A AD-A247 999 MACCACHICETTC INCT OF TECH	* AFOS8 - 90 - 0084	A AD-A246 952
CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF MECHANICAL	CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIV	
ENGINEERING	CLEVELAND OH DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY	WASHINGTON STATE UNIV PULLMAN
AD-A246 971	AD-A243 903	F AD-A247 532
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*AFUSK-BU-COS? MISSOURI UNIV-COLUMBIA	CALIFORNIA UNIV SANTA CRUZ DEPT	HANNEMANN UNIV PHILADELPHIA PA

CONTRACT INDEX-7

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(SHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE AEROSPACE AND ENERGETICS RESEARCH PROGRAM \*AFOSR-91-0030 NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL ALASKA UNIV FAIRBANKS GEOPHYSICAL ILLINOIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT DEPT OF FLORIDA STATE UNIV TALLAHASSEE **AERONAUTICS AND ASTRONAUTICS** CA DEPT OF (AFDSR-TR-92-0101) (AFOSR-TR-91-1029) (AFOSR-TR-91-1027) (AFOSR-TR-91-0283) AD-A243 716 (AFOSR-TR-91-0994) (AFOSR-TR-91-1028) (AFOSR-TR-92-0094) (AF0SR-TR-91-0947 ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES DEPT OF METEOROLOGY \*AFOSR-90-0372 BOWMAN GRAY SCHOOL WINSTON-SALEM NC WASHINGTON UNIV WASHINGTON UNIV STANFORD UNIV ENGINEERING AD-A244 395 AD-A247 306 AD-A244 638 AD-A244 408 AD-A247 041 PSYCHOLOGY AD-A244 083 AD-A244 175 \*AF0SR-90-0345 \*AF0SR-91-0005 \*AF0SR-91-0012 \*AF0SR-91-0020 \*AF0SR-91-0023 \*AF0SR-91-002B \*AF0SR-91-0007 INST ⋖ L. L ⋖ <u>.</u> ⋖ Ŀ PASADENA MONTANA STATE UNIV BOZEMAN DEPT ARMED FORCES INST OF PATHOLOGY CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PAS GRADUATE AERONAUTICAL LABS MEDICAL RESEARCH COUNCIL CAMBRIDGE (UNITED KINGDOM) NJ DEPT OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE MA APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY UNIT (AFOSR-TR-91-1008) AFDSR-TR-92-0134) (AFOSR-TR-92-009B) (AFOSR-TR-91-0893) AD-A243 410 (AFOSR-TR-91-0894) AF0SR-TR-91-0990) (AFOSR-TR-92-0132) (AF0SR-TR-91-1003) (AFOSR-TR-82-0030) (AFOSR-TR-92-0062) PRINCETON UNIV OF CHEMISTRY ENGINEERING HARVARD UNIV AD-A244 641 AD-A243 418 WASHINGTON AD-A246 810 AD-A243 989 AD-A247 004 AD-A246 954 AD-A246 962 AD-A244 916 AD-A246 768 GALCIT-FM91-2 \*AF0SR-90-0315 \*AF0SR-90-0326 \*AFDSR-90-0330 \*AF0SR-90-0343 \*AF0SR-90-0304 \*AFDSR-90-0317 CAMBRIDGE \*AFDSR-90-0327 MAE-1924 ⋖ ⋖ ⋖ 9 UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPT OF MATERIALS GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA SCHOOL OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING DEPT DEPT OF MATERIALS DEPT OF MENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES ALBANY NY RICE UNIV HOUSTON TX DEPT OF ᅙ PHYSIOLOGY AND BI OPHYSICS MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE RESEARCH LAB OF AMERICAN INST OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCE AND E NGINEERING HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLL AND HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA PA DAYTON MAGNETIC RESONANCE LAB (AFOSR-TR-92-0133) SCIENCES WASHINGTON DC (AFOSR-TR-91-1011) (AFOSR-TR-92-0088) (AFOSR-TR-92-0088) (AFOSR-TR-92-0108) (AFOSR-TR-92-0102) (AFOSR-TR-92-0072) HEALTH RESEARCH INC ALB (AFOSR-TR-81-0937) MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES WRIGHT STATE UNIV ELECTRONICS AD-A247 080 AD-A247 289 AD-A244 291 \*AF0SR-90-0200A AD-A246 800 AD-A247 799 AD-A243 790 AD-A246 960 AD-A247 228 \*AF0SR-90-0288 \*AF0SR-90-0148 \*AFDSR-90-0184 \*AF0SR-90-023B \*AF0SR-90-0238 \*AF0SR-90-0247 \*AF0SR-90-0273 ⋖ ⋖ ⋖ L.

SEATTLE DEPT OF

CLARKSON UNIV POTSDAM NY	(Arusk-IK-92-0083) F AD-A247 598		*AFOSR-91-0334 BITGERG - THE STATE UNIV NEW	DEPT OF CO	SCIE	V (AFUSK-1R-91-1001) F AD-A243 855	•		MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS DEPT		A AD-A2	THE ** * CARPA ORDER-4989	PE	OF   PRIVICE	COLITAC F AN-ADAA BOR	•	) F AD-A244 899		,10	ANN ABBOR DEPT OF AND AND ABBOR DEPT OF ELECTIONS AND	COMPUTER ENGINEERIN	(AFOSR-TR-91-093	F AD-A244 170	*F49620-85-C-0033	ETHLEHEM PA	MECHANICAL ENGINEEKING AND MECHANICS		AD-A247 349	+000-0-2007#+ . HO F	PEDA C		F AD-A243 977	* F4	SEATTLE DEPT OF AEROMETRICS INC SUNNYVALE CA	F AD-A2		+ F40000-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0
A AD-A247 051	*AF0SR-91-0100	HOWARD UNIV WASHINGTON	(AFOSR-TR-92-0136) A An-A247 049		*AFOSR-91-0127	RUTGERS " THE STATE UNIV PISCATAWAY NJ	(AFOSR-TR-92-0210)	F AD-A247 571	* AFOSB - 91-0139	PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV	UNIVERSITY PARK DEPT OF MATERIALS	SCIENCE AND ENGINEE RI (AFOSR-TR-91-0129)	A AD-A246 804		*Arcor-91-0141	_	(AFDSR-TR-92-0220)	A AD-A247 497		*AFOSK-81-0142 MICHIGAN HNIV ANN ARBOR	- 53	(AFOSR-TR-92-0152)	F AD-A247 170	*AF0SR-91-0167	TOXICOLOGY	DC (AFOSB-TR-91-0948)	F AD-A244 168		*AFOSR-91-0178 bittsmibst intv ba nebt		(AFOSR-TR-92-0219)	A AD-A247 498		WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING	_	F AD-A243 858	
DEPT OF STATISTICS	F AD-A244 601		*AFUSR-91-0033 TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF		ENGINEERING	(AFUSK-IK-92-0118) F AD-A247 204			YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT SCHOOL OF	(AFDSR-TR-92-0109)	A AD-A247 096	*AF0SR-91-0039	UTAH UNIV SALT LAKE CITY DEPT OF	METEUROLOGY	A AD-ASSE DAS				MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING	(AFOSK-IK-81-0842)		*AF0SR-91-0066	STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF COMPUTER	(AFDSR-TR-92-0157)	F AD-A247 039	* AFOCB - B 1 - OOB 2	PENNSYLVANIA UNIV PHILADELPHIA	DEPT OF BIOENGINEERING	(AFOSR-TR-91-1013)	A AU-A244 (8)		CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA	OULLA (AFOSR-TR-91-1004)	A AD-A244 408		FLORIDA LNIV DAINESVILLE DEPT OF	

AF0-F49

CONTRACT INDEX-8 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

*F49620-88-C-0109 COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (AFOSR-TR-91-1017) F AD-A244 276	*F49620-88-C-0113	*F49620-88-C-0120 STANFORD UNIV CA EDWARD L GINZTON LAB OF PHYSICS (AFOSR-TR-92-0014) F AD-A247 309	*F49620-88-C-0121 CLEMSON UNIV SC DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY (AFOSR-TR-91-1032) F AD-A244 383	*F496ZO-88-C-0127 PENNSYLVANIA UNIV PHILADELPHIA DEPT OF PHYSICS (AFOSR-TR-91-1015-VOL F AD-A244 898 F AD-A244 899	*F49620-88-K-0004 NEW YORK UNIV NY NEUROMAGNETISM LAB (AFOSR-TR-91-0970) F AD-A243 859	*F49620-89-C-0019 UNITED TECHWOLOGIES RESEARCH CENTER EAST HARTFORD CT R92-928101 (AFOSR-TR-92-0018) F AD-A247 083	*F49620-89-C-0022 UTAH STATE UNIV LOGAN CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC AND SPACE SCIENCES CASS-GR-013 (AFOSR-TR-92-0019)
A AD-A244 023 (AFDSR-TR-91-0967) A AD-A244 024 (AFOSR-TR-91-0962-VOL F AD-A244 149	(AFOSR-TR-91-0963-VOL F AD-A244 150 (AFOSR-TR-91-0964-VOL F AD-A244 151 F AD-A244 152 F AD-A244 152 F AD-A244 152	F AU-A244 517 (AFOSR-TR-91-0960) F AD-A244 519 A AD-A245 429 A AD-A246 274	*F49620-88-C-0071 UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPT OF CHEMISTRY (AFOSR-TR-91-0973) F AD-A243 723	*F49620-88-C-0079 'MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINERING AND COMPUTER SCIENCE (AFOSR-TR-91-0952)	*F49620-88-C-0081 SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INST SAN ANTONIO TX SWRI-2253/3 (AFOSR-TR-92-0012) F AD-A247 018	*F49620-88-C-0095 UNIVERSITY OF SDUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPT OF PHYSICS (AFOSR-TR-92-0013) F AD-A246 903	*F49620-88-C-0103 STANFORD UNIV CA EDWARD L GINZTON LAB OF PHYSICS (AFOSR-TR-91-0970) A AD-A243 845
RY 11-0988)	DAYTON OH (AFOSR-TR-91-0982) A AD-A243 935 A AD-A244 228 A AD-A244 228 A AD-A244 228	Ž	ILLINDIS INST OF TECH CHICAGO (AFOSR-TR-92-0002) AD-A246 973 *F49620-87-C-0053 CALSPAN UB RESEARCH CENTER BUFFALD	NY WA770 (AFDSR-TR-91-0953) F AD-A244 033 *F49620-88-C-0012 INEGRATED SYSTEMS INC SANTA CLARA CA		PALO ALTO CA PALO ALTO RESEARCH LAB LMSC-PO10621 (AFOSR-TR-91-0955) F AD-A244 026	UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH (AFDSR-TR-91-0969) A AD-A244 022 (AFDSR-TR-91-0968)

F49-F49

CONTRACT INDEX-9 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

CONTRACT INDEX-10 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

### UNCLASSIFIED

INC P TR-81-1036) NEAR-TR-4	(AFOSR-TR-92-0022) F AD-A247 001	ATES LEXINGTON MA *F49 R-91-0974)	F AD-A2 NAL MENLO PARK CA *F49620-9 R-91-1008) LASER AMHE	LPT-1-92 1-0040 C PHOTONICS INC LANHAM MD F AD-B162 138L (AFOSR-TR-92-0017) *F49670-85-K-0010 47 403 SRI INTERNATIONAL MENLO PARK	SRI-MP-88-205 ATUR GA (AFUSR-TR-91- F AD-A243 628 R-91-1014) *F496201-89-K-0004	XINGTON MA R-92-0005)	G INC SALT LAKE R-92-0004)	* TECHNOLOGY INC . F	46 773 46 773 473 474 474 474 474 475 475 475 475 475 475
ARC-TR-P	*F48620-89-C-0060 MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS HEAT	*F49620-9 R-91-0954) EMRLIC	F49620-9 SRI IN AD-A2	*F49620-99-C-0076  TEXAS UNIV AT EL PASO DEPT OF POTOMAC PHOTONICS INC GEOLOGICAL SCIENCES (AFOSR-TR-92-00) F AD-A247 091	*F48 WASHINGTON DC RAS -TR-91-1010)	F48620-91-C-O SPARTA INC LTR91-018	2 <del>7</del> ←	A + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH F AD-A246 773 CAMBRIDGE RESEARCH LAB OF *F49620-91-C-0039 ELECTRONICS CAGNITECH INC (AF0SR-TR-91-1009) COGNITECH INC (AF0SR-TR-91-1009) F AD-A24 421

### SUBJECT INDEX

#### UNCLASSIFIED

### SUBJECT INDEX

\*ACOUSTIC SIGNALS
Monaural and Binaural Processing
of Complex Waveforms.\*
AD-A247 199

\*ACTIVATION
The Mechanisms and Effects of the Plant Activation of Chemicals in the Environment.\*

AD-A247 110
Reprint: Effects of Specific Monooxygenase and Oxidase Inhibitors on the Activation of 2-Aminofluorene by Plant Cells.
AD-A247 242

\*ADAPTIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS
Adaptive Control of Nonlinear
and Stochastic Systems.\*
AD-A247 204

\*ADENOSINE PHOSPHATES
Role of Protein Phosphorylation
in the Regulation of Neuronal
Sensitivity.\*
AD-A246 950

\*ADRENAL GLANDS
Biochemical Mechanisms
Controlling Bioreactivity of
Adrenal Chromaffin Cells.\*
AD-A247 160

\*ADRENDCORTICOTROPIC HORMONE Stress-Induced Enhancement of the Startle Reflex.\* AD-A247 096

\*ADVECTION
Reprint: Mixing, Chaotic Advection, and Turbulence.
AD-A247 275

\*AIRFOILS

\*AERODYNAMICS

Effects of Sweep on the Physics
of Unsteady Shock-Induced Turbulent
Separated Flows.\*
AD-A247 035
Study of the Leading-Edge Vortex
Dynamics in the Unsteady Flow Over

an Airfoll.\*

AD-A247 532

\*AIR FORCE
A Biological Model of the
Effects of Toxic Substances.\*
AD-A247 138

\*AIR FORCE RESEARCH
Annual Report for 1990:
Laboratory Graduate Fellowship
Program.\*

AD-A243 935
Air Force Office of Scientific Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, October-December 1991,\*

AD-A247 007
Air Force Office of Scientific
Research: Research Proposal
Quarterly Status Report, April-June

AD-A247 010
Air Force Office of Scientific
Research - Research Proposal
Quarterly Status Report, JulyAugust 1991,\*

\*AIR MASS ANALYSIS

Modeling and Observational
Studies of Mesoscale Air-Mass
Boundaries and Warm-Season
Convective Precipitation.\*
AD-A247 030

\*AIRCRAFT ENGINES

AFRAPT Program at Texas A and
University Research for Advanced
Aircraft Engine Structures.\*

AD-A247 040

Nonlinear Normal and Axial Force Indicial Responses for a Two Dimensional Airfoil.\*
AD-A247 198
Study of the Leading-Edge Vortex Dynamics in the Unsteady Flow Over an Airfoil.\*

\*ALGORITHMS

Development of the Aspect Graph
Representation for Use in R

version.\*

AD-A247 109
Global Minimum Solution of Engineering Design Problems.\*
AD-A247 498

AMINO ACIDS

Reprint: Domoic Acid Enhances
the K(+)-Evoked Release of
Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea
Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber
Synaptosomes.

\*ANIONS
Theoretical Studies of the
Electronic and Resonance Structure
of Atomic and Molecular Negative
Ions.\*
AD-A247 093

ASTRONOMY
Probing Cosmic Infrared Sources
A Computer Modeling Approach.\*
AD-A247 038

FATMOSPHERIC MOTION
Reprint: Mixing, Chaotic
Advection, and Turbulence..
AD-A247 275

\*ATTENTION

\*ATTENTION

Psychophysical Studies of Visual

Cortical Function.\*

AD-A246 962

I

\*AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SYSTEM
Annual Report for 1880:
Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program.\*
AD-A243 935 \*AXISYMMETRIC Annual Report for 1990: Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program.\* AD-A243 935

> SUBJECT INDEX-1 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

\*BARBITURATES

Reprint: Inhibition of Cell Division in Hepatoma Cell Cultures by Chlordecone and Carbon Tetrachloride Combination.

\*BEHAVIOR

Stress-Induced Enhancement of the Startle Reflex.\* AD-A247 096

\*BIOCHEMISTRY

Biochemical Mechanisms Controlling Bioreactivity of Adrenal Chromaffin Cells.\* AD-A247 160

\*BIOLOGICAL RHYTHMS

Study of SCN Neurochemistry Using in Vivo Microdialysis in the Conscious Brain: Correlation with Overt Circadian Rhythms.\*

BIOLOGY

Reprint: Comparison of Estimates of Effects of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organization.

AD-A247 217

\*BIOSYNTHESIS

Reprint: Biosynthesis and Biotransformation of Glutathione Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites. AD-A247 215

'n

Reprint: Inhibition of Rat Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Synthesis by Halogenated Cysteine S-Conjugates.

D-A247 357

\*BOUNDARY LAYER FLOW
Steady and Transient Analysis of
Flows Exhibiting Strong
Viscous/Inviscid Interaction
(Composite RNS Procedures).\*
AD-A247 171

REAIN

Measurement and Regulation of Central Noradrenergic

Neurotransmission.\* AD-A247 044 Locus Coeruleus, Vigilance and Stress: Brain Mechanism of Adaptive Behavioral Responsiveness.\* AD-A247 080

Stress-Induced Enhancement the Startle Reflex.\* AD-A247 096

ŏ

The Coordinated Noninvasive Studies (CNS) Project. Phase 1.\* AD-A247 159

\*BRAIN DAMAGE

Neuropsychological Components of Object Identification.\* AD-A247 049

\*CANCER

Reprint: Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenesis.

\*CARBON

Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements of the Reactions of CN with 0 and 02.

AD-A246 930

Fundamental Studies of Carbon,
NH, and Oxygen Rings and Other High
Energy Density Molecular Systems.\*
AD-A246 963
Reprint: A Shock Tube Study of

Reactions of C Atoms and CH with NO Including Product Channel Measurements.

AD-A248 978

Reprint: High Temperature Shock Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-Atoms with N2. AD-A247 076

Reprint: A Shock Tube Study of + HNCO Yields NH2 + CO. AD-A247 086

I

Reprint: A Shock Tube Study of .H + HNCO Yields NH2 + CO. AD-A247 088

\*CARCINGGENESIS

Reprint: Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenesis.

AD-A246 972

Reprint: Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Regulator Modulation of Extracellular, Intracellular and Intercellular Communication.

\*CARCINGGENS

Reprint: Inhibition of Rat Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Synthesis by Halogenated Cysteine S-Conjugates.

\*CAT IONS

AD-A247 357

Excited Negative Ions and Molecules and Negative Ion Production.\*

Theoretical/Experimental
Investigations of the Structure and
Dynamics of Highly Energetic
Dication Species.\*

\*CELL DIVISION

Reprint: Inhibition of Cell Division in Hepatoma Cell Cultures by Chlordecone and Carbon Tetrachloride Combination.

AD-A247 241

CELLS

Reprint: Effects of Specific Monooxygenase and Oxidase Inhibitors on the Activation of 2-A.inofluorene by Plant Cells.

\*CELLS(BIOLOGY)

Reprint: Chemical, Oncogene and

BAK-CE

T85004

SUBJECT INDEX-2

\*CARBON MONDXIDE

UNCLASSIFIED

Extracellular, Intracellular and Intercellular Communication. Growth Regulator Modulation of AD-A247 675

Mechanistic Studies of \*CERAMIC MATERIALS

Superplasticity of Structural Ceramics. \*

AD-A248 951

Failure Mechanism in Ceramics.\* Study of High Temperature AD-A247 018

\*CEREBELLUM

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Annual Report for 1990: AD-A243 935 Program. \*

\*CEREBRAL CORTEX

Investigation of Dynamic Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex.\* AD-A247 081

\*CHADS

Structures and Mixing in Admissible Mathematical Modeling of Solar Magneto-Dynamics.\* Lagrangian Turbulence: Model Flows. \* AD-A247 158 AD-A247 203

Excited Negative Ions and \*CHEMICAL DISSOCIATION

Molecules and Negative Ion Production. \* AD-A247 017

Simulations of Molecular Mixing Including Finite Rate Chemical Reprint: Lagrangian Model Reactions, in a Temporally Developing Shear Layer. AD-A246 767 \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS

Reprint: An Integral Method for Mixing, Chemical Reactions, and Extinction in Unsteady Strained

Diffusion Layers AD-A247 079

\*CHEMICALS

the Plant Activation of Chemicals The Mechanisms and Effects of in the Environment.\* AD-A247 110

A Biological Model of the Effects of Toxic Substances.\* AD-A247 138

Cholinergic Receptor Substrates of Neuronal Plasticity and \*CHOLINERGIC NERVES

Learning.\*

Organization of the Human Circadian System. \* \*CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS

\*CIRRUS CLOUDS

AD-A247 498

Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils.\* Modeling of Cloud/Radiation AD-A246 943

\*CLIMATOLOGY

Modeling and Observational Studies of Mesoscale Air-Mass Boundaries and Warm-Season Convective Precipitation.\* AD-A247 030

Modeling of Cloud/Radiation Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils.\* AD-A248 943 \*CLOUD COVER

Location and Characterization of Multiple Station VMF and Electric In-Cloud Lightning Currents by Field Measurements.\* \*CLOUD PHYSICS

Multiparameter Radar and Aircraft Based Studies of the Microphysical, Kinematic and

SUBJECT INDEX-3

Electrical Structure of Convective AD-A247 497 Clouds. \*

\*CLOUDS

Electrical Structure of Convective Aircraft Based Studies of the Microphysical, Kinematic and Multiparameter Radar and Clouds: \*

AD-A247 497

Psychophysical Analyses of Ferceptual Representations.\* AD-A246 945 COGNITION

Norms and the Perception of Events.\*

AD-A247 032

\*COLONIES (BIOLOGY)

Measure of Functional Response in Aquatic Ecosystems. Colonization Parameters as a Reprint: Use of Microbial AD-A247 220

Reprint: Lagrangian Simulation of the Early Stages of a Reacting \*COMBUSTION

Jet. AD-A246 971

Advanced Diagnostics for Solid Rocket Combustion Reacting Flows. \* Phenomena.\* AD-A247 059

AD-A248 008

Frequency Domain Design of Robust Controllers.\* \*COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN AD-A247 181

\*COMPUTER PROGRAMS

Rayleigh, Raman, LIF and LDV Data Fractal Image Compression of in Turbulent Reacting Flows.\* AD-A246 960

\*COMPUTER VISION

Development of the Aspect Graph Representation for Use in R Version. \*

\*CONTAMINANTS

AD-A247 109

The Mechanisms and Effects of the Plant Activation of Chemicals In the Environment. \* ND-A247 110

CONTROL

Control and Stabilization of Distributed Parameter Systems in Structural Dynamics.\* AD-A247 097

\*CONTROL SYSTEMS

Mixing in a Plane Shear Layer.\* AD-A246 948 Real-Time Adaptive Control

CONVECTION

Mathematical Modeling of Solar Magneto-Dynamics.\* AD-A247 158

Modeling and Observational Studies of Mesoscale Air-Mass Boundaries and Warm-Season Convective Precipitation. \* \*CONVECTION(ATMOSPHERIC) AD-A247 030

\*COSMIC DUST

Probing Cosmic Infrared Sources: A Computer Modeling Approach.\* AD-A247 038

failure Mechanism in Ceramics. \* \*CRACK PROPAGATION Study of High Temperature AD-A247 018

Failure Mechanism in Ceramics. \* Study of High Temperature AD-A247 018

Laser Cooling and Trapping of \*CRYDGENICS

Atoms and Particles.\* AD-A247 208

CYANDGEN

Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements of the Reactions of CN with 0 and

AD-A246 930

\*CYSTEINE

Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Synthesis by Halogenated Reprint: Inhibition of Rat Cysteine S-Conjugates. AD-A247 357

\*DATA COMPRESSION Fractal Image Compression of Rayleigh, Raman, LIF and LDV Data In Turbulent Reacting Flows.\* AD-A246 960

Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Synthesis by Halogenated \*DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS Reprint: Inhibition of Rat Cysteine S-Conjugates. AD-A247 357

\*DETOXIFICATION

Effects of Toxic Substances.\* A Biological Model of the AD-A247 138

\*DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT

Advanced Diagnostics for Reacting Flows.\* AD-A247 059

\*DIFFUSION

Reprint: Dynamics of a Lamellar System with Diffusion and Reaction: Scaling Analysis and Global Kinetics.

AD-A246 970

Discriminations and their Roles in Sensory Sensitivities and \*DISPLAY SYSTEMS Aviation.\*

SUBJECT INDEX-4 UNCLASSIFIED TB:

Measurements of the Fine Scale Structure of Sc>>1 Molecular Mixing Reprint: Direct, High Resolution, Four-Dimensional in Turbulent Flows. \*DISSIPATION AD-A248 975

\*DIURNAL VARIATIONS

Study of SCN Neurochemistry Using in Vivo Microdialysis in the Conscious Brain: Correlation with Overt Circadian Rhythms.\* AD-A247 172

The Effects of Hydrazines on Neuronal Excitability. \* AD-A247 103

\* ECOSYSTEMS

Ecosystems to Environmental Stress: Reprint: Response of Laboratory Effect of Phenol. AD-A247 221

EFFLUENTS

Reprint: Comparison of Estimates of Effects of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organization.

\*ELASTIC PROPERTIES

AD-A247 217

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Annual Report for 1990: AD-A243 935 Program. \*

\*ELECTRIC CURRENT

Proposal for a Workshop in the Physics and Application of Hollow Electrode Glow Switches.\* AD-A247 139

\*ELECTRIC DISCHARGES

Location and Characterization of In-Cloud Lightning Currents by Multiple Station VMF and Electric Field Measurements.\* AD-A247 051 CON-ELE

Location and Characterization of In-Cloud Lightning Currents by Multiple Station VMF and Electric Field Measurements. \* \*ELECTRIC FIELDS AD-A247 051

Subjected to Strong Space-Time Nonequilibrium Behavior of Carriers in Semiconductors Varying Fields.\* \*ELECTRON TRANSPORT AD-A246 961 The Effects of Hydrazines of Neuronal Excitability. \* AD-A247 142 FEMBOLISM

\* ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY

Experimental Venous Air Embolism.\* inspired Gas Composition Influences Recovery from AD-A247 004

ŏ Laser Cooling and Trapping of Vacuum Ultraviolet Studies Atoms and Particles.\* AD-A247 208 Molecular Dynamics.\* AD-A246 984 \*ENERGY TRANSFER

AFRAPT Program at Texas A and University Research for Advanced Aircraft Engine Structures.\* AD-A247 040 \* ENGINEERING

\* ENVIRONMENTS

the Plant Activation of Chemicals The Mechanisms and Effects of Effects of Toxic Substances.\* A Biological Model of the in the Environment.\* AD-A247 110 AD-A247 138 The Key Involvement of Poly(ADP-Ribosylation) in Defense Against

Inhibitors on the Activation of 2-**Toxic Agents in Molecular Biology** Reprint: Effects of Specific Trichloroethylene Oxidation by Aminofluorene by Plant Cells Monooxygenase and Oxidase The Mechanism of Studies.\* AD-A247 242 AD-A247 162

New Methodology for Fluorocarbon Synthesis. \* AD-A247 163 \*ESTERS

Toluene Dioxygenase: Implications

for Bioremediation. \*

AD-A247 757

The Effects of Hydrazines on Neuronal Excitability. \* AD-A247 103 \*EXCITATION

Aerodynamic Interference Between Attention, Discrimination, Cortical Mechanisms of \*EXTERNAL STORE SEPARATION AD-A247 207 \*EXTREMITIES Stores.\*

Motor Response to Somaesthetic Stimuli.\* AD-A247 228

A Biological Model of the Effects of Toxic Substances.\* AD-A247 138

Psychophysical Studies of Visual Cortical Function. \* \*EYE MOVEMENTS AD-A246 962

Quantitation of Rhodopsin in the Reprint: Spectrophotometric Human Retina. \*EYE PIGMENTS

**T85004** SUBJECT INDEX-5 UNCLASSIFIED

Study of High Temperature Failure Mechanism in Ceramics.\* \*FAILURE (MECHANICS) AD-A247 018

Distributed Parameter Systems in Control and Stabilization Structural Dynamics.\* AD-A247 097

\* FEEDBACK

Growth Rate of a Variable Density Spatially Developing Mixing Layer via External Modulation. Reprint: Manipulation of the \*FLOW CHARTING AD-A246 924

of Unsteady Shock-Induced Turbulent Separated Flows.\* Effects of Sweep on the Physics \*FLOW SEPARATION AD-A247 035

Reprint: Effect of Velocity Ration on Bluffbody Flow Dynamics: Steady and Transitional Regimes. Reprint: Mixing, Chaotic \*FLUID DYNAMICS AD-A247 072

Reprint: On the Dynamics of Near-Advection, and Turbulence. AD-A247 275

Study of the Leading-Edge Vortex Dynamics in the Unsteady Flow Over Wall Turbulence. an Airfoll.\* AD-A247 352 AD-A247 532 \*FLUID FLOW

Reprint: Diffusion and Reaction in a Lamellar System: Self Similarity with Finite Rates of \*FLUID MECHANICS AD-A247 085 Reaction.

New Methodology for Fluorocarbon \*FLUORINATED HYDROCARBONS

Synthesis.\* AD-A247 163 FLUORINE COMPOUNDS
New Methodology for Fluorocarbon
Synthesis.\*
AD-A247 163

FOOD CHAINS

The Mechanisms and Effects of the Plant Activation of Chemicals in the Environment.\*

FRACTALS

Fractal Image Compression of Rayleigh, Raman, LIF and LDV Data in Turbulent Reacting Flows.\* AD-A248 980

\*FRACTURE (MECHANICS)

Annual Report for 1990: Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program.\*

**GASES** 

Reprint: Manipulation of the Growth Rate of a Variable Density Spatially Developing Mixing Layer via External Modulation.

Reprint: Rapid Tuning CW Laser Technique for Measurements of Gas Velocity, Temperature, Pressure, Density, and Mass Flux Using NO, AD-A246 931

GLASS

Study of High Temperature Failure Mechanism in Ceramics.\* AD-A247 018

GLOW DISCHARGES

Proposal for a Workshop in the Physics and Application of Hollow Electrode Glow Switches.\*

\*GLUTATHIONE

Reprint: Biosynthesis and

Biotransformation of Glutathione S-Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites. AD-A247 215

\*GRANTS

AFRAPT Program at Texas A and M University Research for Advanced Aircraft Engine Structures.\* AD-A247 040

\*GRAPHS

Development of the Aspect Graph Representation for Use in R version.\*

\*GRAVITY WAVES

Measurements of Mesospheric
Winds and Waves.\*
AD-A247 181

\*HIPPOCAMPUS

Reprint: Domoic Acid Enhances the K(+)-Evoked Release of Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptosomes.

Synaptosomes. AD-A246 887

The Effects of Hydrazines of Neuronal Excitability.\* AD-A247 142

\*HOMEOSTASIS

Reprint: Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Regulator Modulation of Extracellular, Intracellular and Intercellular Communication.

\*HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUSES

Reprint: Inhibition of HIV-1
IIIb Replication in AA-2 and MT-2
Cells in Culture by Two Ligands of
Poly (ADP-Ribose) Polymerase: 8Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone and 5-Iodo-8Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone.

\*HYDRAZINES

The Effects of Hydrazines on Neuronal Excitability.\*

SUBJECT INDEX-8 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

AD-A247 103 The Effects of Hydrazines of Neuronal Excitability.\*

AD-A247 142

\*HYDROCARBONS
\*HYDROCARBONS
Reprint: A Shock Tube Study

Reactions of Atoms and CH with NO Including Product Channel
Measurements.

AD-A246 978

Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3 yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS and Excimer Photolysis of NO.

AD-A246 979
Reprint: High Temperature Shock
Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-

Atoms with N2. AD-A247 076

\*HYDROGEN

Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3 yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS and Excimer Photolysis of NO.

Reprint: A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCO Yields NH2 + CO.

AD-A247 086

\*HYDROXYL RADICALS

Reprint: Imaging and Characterization of OH Structures in a Turbulent Nonpremixed Flame.

\*I CE FORMATION

Modeling of Cloud/Radiation Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils.\*

\*IMAGE PROCESSING

Fractal Image Compression of Rayleigh, Raman, LIF and LDV Data in Turbulent Reacting Flows.\*

A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation.\* FLU-IMA

Human Image Understanding.\* AD-A247 048 \*IMAGE REGISTRATION

\* IMAGES

Reprint: Imaging and Characterization of OH Structures Reprint: Planar Laser-Induced in a Turbulent Nonpremixed Flame Fluorescence Imaging of Shock-Induced Ignition. AD-A246 769

\*INTIBITION

AD-A246 981

Reprint: Effects of Specific Monooxygenase and Oxidase Inhibitors on the Activation of 2-Aminofluorene by Plant Cells. AD-A247 242

\*INVISCID FLOW

Steady and Transient Analysis of Flows Exhibiting Strong Viscous/Inviscid Interaction (Composite RNS Procedures).\* AD-A247 171

\* TODIDES

New Methodology for Fluorocarbon Synthesis. \* AD-A247 163

\* ION SOURCES

Excited Negative Ions and Molecules and Negative Ion Production. \* AD-A247 017

\*IONIZED GASES

Annual Gaseous Electronics Conference (43rd).\* AD-A247 041

Investigations of the Structure and Dynamics of Highly Energetic Dication Species.\* Theoretical/Experimental

AD-A247 050

Reprint: A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCO Yields NH2 + CO. \*ISOCYANIC ACID AD-A247 086

\*JET FLOW

Reprint: Lagrangian Simulation of the Early Stages of a Reacting AD-A246 971

\*JET MIXING FLOW

Vortex Simulation of turbulent Combustion. \* AD-A247 999

\*LABYRINTH SEALS

\*\*RAPT Program at Texas A and University Research for Advanced Aircraft Engine Structures.\*\* AD-A247 040

\*LAMINAR FLOW

Reprint: An Experimental Study of the Molecular Mixing Process in an Axisymmetric Laminar Vortex

AD-A247 087

\*LAMINATES

System with Diffusion and Reaction: Reprint: Dynamics of a Lamellar Scaling Analysis and Global

AD-A246 970 Kinet

Reprint: Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence Imaging of Shock-\*LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE Induced Ignition.

AD-A246 769

\*LASERS

Reprint: Planar Laser-Induced Vacuum Ultraviolet Studies of Fluorescence Imaging of Shock-Molecular Dynamics.\* Induced Ignition. AD-A246 769

SUBJECT INDEX-7 UNCLASSIFIED T8

Self-Contained ArF Compact, AD-A246 964 lasers. \*

AD-A247 403

\*LEARNING

Activity-Driven CNS Changes Learning and Development.\* AD-A243 790

Cholinergic Receptor Substrates of Neuronal Plasticity and Learning. \*

AD-A248 947

Psychophysical Studies of Visual Cortical Function.\* AD-A246 962

\*LIGHT SCATTERING

Advanced Diagnostics for Reacting Flows.\* AD-A247 059

Σ

\*LIGHT TRANSMISSION

Reprint: Transmission of Thin Light Beams Through Turbulent Mixing Layers.

AD-A247 318

Location and Characterization of In-Cloud Lightning Currents by Multiple Station VHF and Elect.vic Field Measurements. \* \*LIGHTNING

AD-A247 051

Frequency Domain Design of Robust Controllers.\* \*LINEAR PROGRAMMING AD-A247 161

\*LINEAR SYSTEMS

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Annual Report for 1990: Program.\* AD-A243 935

Involvement of Lipid Metabolism in Chemical Transmission Processes at Mossy Fiber Synapses.\* AD-A247 198 IMA-LIP

\*LITHOSPHERE
An Integrated Geophysical and Geological Investigation of the Transition Zone between the Colorado Plateau, Rio Grande Rift and Basin and Range Provinces: Arizona and New Mexico.\*

3D-A247 094

\*LIVER
Reprint: Inhibition of Cell
Division in Hepatoma Cell Cultures
by Chlordecone and Carbon
Tetrachloride Combination.
AD-A247 241

\*MAGNETIC FIELDS
Annual Report for 1990:
Laboratory Graduate Fellowship
Program.\*
AD-A243 935

\*MANIPULATORS
Reprint: Effect of Plate
Manipulators on Coherent Structures
in a Turbulent Boundary Layer.
AD-A246 973

\*MASKING
Monaural and Binaural Processing
of Complex Waveforms.\*
AD-A247 199

\*MASS FLOW Fabric-Stress-Deformation Relations in Granular Materials.\* AD-A247 009

\*MATERIAL FORMING
Mechanistic Studies of
Superplasticity of Structura?
Ceramics.\*
AD-A246 951

\*MATERIALS

Development of Practical MO
techniques for Prediction of the
Properties and Behavior of
Materials.\*
AD-A247 218

\*MATHEMATICAL MODELS
Reprint: Structural Stability in
Two-Dimensional Model Flows:
Lagrangian and Eulerian Turbulence.
AD-A248 799
Theory and Application of Random
Fields.\*

\*MATHEMATICAL PROGRAMMAING Global Minimum Solut on of Engineering Presign Problems.\* AD-A247 498 \*MATHEMATICS
Control and Stabilization of
Distributed Parameter Systems in
Structural Dynamics \*
AD-A247 097

\*MECHANICAL PROPERTIES
Fabric-Stress-Deformation
Relations in Grarilar Materials.\*
AD-A247 009

\*MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY)
Cholinergic Receptor Substrates
of Neurone: Plasticity and
Learning.\*
AD-A248 947

\*MESOSPHERE

Measurements of Me: spheric
Winds and Waves.\*

AD-A247 181

\*METABOLITES
Reprint: Biosynthesis and
Biotransformation of Glutathione SConjugates to Toxic Metabolites.
AD-A247 215

\*METHODOLDGY
New Methodology for Fluorocarbon
Synthesis.\*
AD-A247 163

Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements
of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3
yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS

\*METHYL RADICALS

and Excimer Photolysis of NO AD-A248 979 \*MICROELECTRONICS
Proposal for a Workshop in the Physics and Application of Hollow Electrode Glow Switches.\*
AD-A247 139

\*MICROORGANISMS
Reprint: Use of Microbial
Colonization Parameters as a
Measure of Functional Response in
Aquatic Ecosystems.
AD-A247 220

\*MIXING
Real-Time Adaptive Control of
Mixing in a Plane Shear Layer.\*
AD-A248 948
Reprint: An Integral Method for
Mixing, Chemical Reactions, and
Extinction in Unsteady Strained
Diffusion Layers.
AD-A247 079

\*MOLECULAR IONS
Theoretical Studies of the
Electronic and Resonance Structure
of Atomic and Molecular Negative
Ions.\*

\*MOLECULAR ORBITALS

Development of Practical MO

Sechniques for Prediction of the
Properties and Behavior of
Materials.\*

AD-A247 218

\*MOTION SICKNESS

Annual Report for 1990:
Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program.\* AD-A243 935 \*MUTAGENS
The Mechanisms and Effects o

the Mechanisms and Effects of the Plant Activation of Chemicals in the Environment.\* AD-A247 110

SUBJECT INDEX-8

Aminofluorene by Plant Cells.
AD-A247 242
\*NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS

Reprint: Structural Stability in Two-Dimensional Model Flows: Lagrangian and Eulerian Turbulence. AD-A246 799

\*\*REOPLASMS
Reprint: Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenesis.

AD-A246 972

\*NERVE CELLS
Role of Protein Phosphorylation
in the Regulation of Neuronal
Sensitivity.\*
AD-A246 950
Stress: Brain Mechanism of Adaptive
Behavioral Responsiveness.\*
AD-A247 080

\*NEURAL NETS
Activity-Driven CNS Changes in
Learning and Development.\*
AD-A243 780
Perceptual Representations.\*
AD-A246 945
Cholinergic Receptor Substrates
of Neuronal Plasticity and

of Neuronal Plasticity and Learning.\*
AD-A248 947
An Evolutionary Approach to Designing Neural Networks.\*
AD-A247 003

Cortical Mechanisms of Attention, Discrimination, and Motor Response to Somaesthetic Stimuli:

CAIP Neural Network Workshop

Held in Piscataway, New Jersey in November 1990.\* AD-A247 571

\*NEUROPHYSIOLOGY
The Coordinated Noninvasive
Studies (CNS) Project. Phase 1.\*
AD-A247 159

\*NEUROTRANSMITTERS

Measurement and Regulation of
Central Noradrehergic
Neurotransmission.\*
AD-A247 044

\*NITROGEN
Reprint: High Temperature Shock
Tube Study of Reactions of CH and CAtoms with N2.
AD-A247 078

\*NITROGEN COMPOUNDS
Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements
of the Reactions of CN with 0 and
02.

AD-A246 930
Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3 yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS and Excimer Photolysis of NO.
AD-A246 979

\*NITROGEN OXIDES

\*NITROGEN OXIDES

Reprint: A Shock Tube Study of

Reactions of C Atoms and CH with NO

Including Product Channel

Measurements.

AD-A246 978

\*NONLINEAR SYSTEMS
Adaptive Control of Nonlinear
and Stochastic Systems.\*
AD-A247 204

\*OPTICAL DETECTION
Advanced Diagnostics for
Reacting Flows.\*
AD-A247 059

SUBJECT INDEX-9
UNCLASSIFIED T85004

Annual Report for 1990:

\*ORGANIC MATERIALS

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program.\* AD-A243 935

\*ORGGENY
A Seismic and Intergrated Geophysical Study of the Lithosphere of the Colorado Plateau.\*

AD-A247 091

\*OXIDATION

The Mechanism of Trichloroethylene Oxidation by Toluene Dioxygenase: Implications for Bioremediation.\*

\*OXYGEN
Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements
of the Reactions of CN with 0 and
02.
AD-A248 930

\*PARAMETERS
Development of Practical MO
techniques for Prediction of the
Properties and Behavior of
Materials.\*
AD-A247 218

Annual Gaseous Electronics
Conference (43rd).\*
AD-A247 041
\*PATTERN RECOGNITION
Investigation of Dynamic
Algorithms for Pattern Recogniti

\*PARTICLE COLLISIONS

Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex.\*
AD-A247 081
\*PERCEPTION
Perceptual Representations.\*
AD-A248 945

\*PERCEPTION(PSYCHOLOGY)
Norms and the Perception of
Events.\*
AD-A247 032

.

MUT-PER

Strategies to Sustain and Enhance Performance in Stressful \*PERFORMANCE (HUMAN) Environments.\* AD-A247 197

Reprint: Response of Laboratory Ecosystems to Environmental Stress: Effect of Phenol. AD-A247 221 \*PHENOLS

Vacuum Ultraviolet Studies of Molecular Dynamics.\* \*PHOTODISSOCIATION AD-A246 964

A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation.\* \*PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGES AD-A247 189

Enhance Performance in Stressful Environments.\* Strategies to Sustain and AD-A247 197 \*PILOTS

Nonlinear Normal and Axial Force Indictal Responses for a Two Dimensional Airfoil.\* AD-A247 198 \*PITCH(MOTION)

the Plant Activation of Chemicals in the Environment.\* AD-A247 110 The Mechanisms and Effects of PLANTS ( BOTANY )

101 Proposal for a Workshop Physics and Application of Electrode Glow Switches.\* \*PLASMA DEVICES AD-A247 139

Annual Gaseous Electronics Advanced Diagnostics for Conference (43rd).\* AD-A247 041 Reacting Flows.\* AD-A247 059 \*PLASMAS(PHYSICS)

A Seismic and Intergrated Lithosphere of the Colorado Geophysical Study of the Plateau.\* AD-A247 091 \*PLATEAUS

Simulations Held in Ann Arbor, Michigan on 25-27 September 1991.\* Workshop on Developing Potentials for Atomistic \*POTENTIAL THEORY AD-A247 170

Studies of Mesoscale Air-Mass Modeling and Observational Boundaries and Warm-Season Convective Precipitation.\* \*PRECIPITATION AD-A247 030

Development of Practical MO techniques for Prediction of the Properties and Behavior of Materials.\* AD-A247 218 \*PREDICTIONS

New Methodology for Fluorocarbon Synthesis.\* \*PREPARATION AD-A247 183

Real-Time Adaptive Control of Mixing in a Plane Shear Layer. \* \*PROPULSION SYSTEMS AD-A246 948

Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Synthesis by Halogenated Reprint: Inhibition of Rat Cysteine 5-Conjugates. \*PROTEIN METABOLISM

Implementation of Knowledge-Base Research into the Design and AD-A247 039 System.\* \*PROTOTYPES

Toluene Dioxygenase: Implications Trichloroethylene Oxidation by for Bioremediation.\* The Mechanism of \* PSEUDOMONAS 4D-A247 757

Psychophysical Studies of Visual Cortical Function.\* Psychophysical Analyses of Perceptual Representations \*PSYCHOPHYSIOLOGY AD-A246 945 AD-A246 962

Inspired Gas Composition Influences Recovery from Experimental Venous Air Embolism.\* \*PULMONARY ARTERIES AD-A247 004

Reprint: High Temperature Shock Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-Atoms with N2. AD-A247 078 \*PYROLYSIS

NH, and Oxygen Rings and Other High Energy Density Molecuiar Systems.\* AD-A248 963 Fundamental Studies of Carbon, \*QUANTUM CHEMISTRY

Measurements of Mesospheric Winds and Maves. \* \*RADAR REFLECTIONS AD-A247 181

Laser Cooling and Trapping of Atoms and Particles.\* AD-A247 208 RADIATION PRESSURE

SUBJECT INDEX-10 UNCLASSIFIED TRSC

Modeling of Cloud/Radiation Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils.\* \*RADIATIVE TRANSFER AD-A246 943

\* REACTANCE

Reprint: Diffusion and Reaction in a Lamellar System: Self Similarity with Finite Rates of AD-A247 095 Reaction.

\*REACTION KINETICS

Reprint: High Temperature Shock Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-Atoms with N2.

AD-A247 078

\*RECONNAISSANCE

A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation.\* AD-A247 169

REFLEXES

Stress-Induced Enhancement of the Startle Reflex.\* AD-A247 098

\*RESEARCH MANAGEMENT

Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, October-December 1891,\* Air Force Office of Scientific

Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, April-June Air Force Office of Scientific

AD-A247 010

Air Force Office of Scientific Quarterly Status Report, July-Research - Research Proposal August 1991,\*

AD-A247 386

Motor Response to Somaesthetic Attention, Discrimination, Cortical Mechanisms of \*RESPONSE (BIOLOGY)

AD-A247 228 Stimuli.\*

\*RETINA

Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex.\* Investigation of Dynamic AD-A247 081

\*RIBONUCLEIC ACIDS

Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Synthesis by Halogenated Cysteine S-Conjugates. Reprint: Inhibition of Rat

AD-A247 357

Solid Rocket Combustion Phenomena.\* AD-A248 006 \*ROCKETS

\*SAND

Relations in Granular Materials.\* Fabric-Stress-Deformation AD-A247 009

\*SEISMOLOGY

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship A Seismic and Intergrated Geophysical Study of the Lithosphere of the Colorado Annual Report for 1990: Program. \* AD-A243 935

\*SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES

AD-A247 091

Plateau.\*

Function of Scientific Instrumentation for Measuring the Numerical Simulation of the Speed of Electron Devices.\* AD-A247 006

\*SEMICONDUCTORS

Subjected to Strong Space-Time Nonequilibrium Behavior of Carriers in Semiconductors Varying Fields.\* AD-A246 961

SUBJECT INDEX-11 UNCLASSIFIED

\*SEROTONIN

Using in Vivo Microdialysis in the Conscious Brain: Correlation with Study of SCN Neurochemistry Overt Circadian Rhythms.\*

AD-A247 172

\*SEWAGE

Reprint: Comparison of Estimates of Effects of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organization.

AD-A247 217

\* SHAPE

Visual Processing in Texture Segregation. \* AD-A247 173

\*SHEAR PROPERTIES

Reprint: Lagrangian Simulation of the Early Stages of a Reacting

AD-A246 971

\*SHOCK. TUBES

Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements of the Reactions of CN with 0 and

AD-A246 930

Reactions of C Atoms and CH with NO Including Product Channel Measurements. AD-A246 978

of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3 Reprint: Shock Tube Measurements yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS and Excimer Photolysis of NO AD-A246 979

Reprint: A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCO Yields NH2 + CO. AD-A247 088

\*SHOCK WAVES

of Unsteady Shock-Included Turbulent Separated Flows.\* Effects of Sweep on the Physics AD-A247 035

SOFT X RAYS

RAD-SOF

Reprint: VLA Observations of the Coronal Plasma. AD-A247 190

\*SOIL CHEMISTRY Annual Report for 1990: Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program.\* AD-A243 935 \*SOIL MECHANICS Fabric-Stress-Deformation Relations in Gramular Materials.\* AD-A247 009

\*SOILS Calibration Chamber Testing.\* AD-A247 598

SOLAR CORONA

Reprint: Acceleration of Electrons Outside Flares: Coronal Manifestation and Possible Origin. AD-A246 974

\*SOLAR CYCLE Mathematical Modeling of Solar Magneto-Dynamics.\* AD-A247 158 \*SOLAR FLARES
Reprint: VLA Observations of the Coronal Plasma.
AD-A247 190

\*SOLID STATE PHYSICS

Workshop on Developing
Potentials for Atomistic
Simulations Held in Ann Arbor,
Michigan on 25-27 September 1991.\*

\*SPACE PERCEPTION Neuropsychological Components of Object Identification.\* AD-A247 049

\*SPECTROPHOTOMETRY
Reprint: Spectrophotometric
Quantitation of Rhodopsin in the
Human Retina.

AD-A246 768

\*STALLING
Pressure-Based High-Order TVD
methodology for Dynamic Stall
Control.\*
AD-A247 058

\*STATISTICAL PROCESSES
Theory and Application of Random Fields.\*
AD-A246 958

\*STIMULATION(PHYSIOLOGY)

Biochemical Mechanisms
Controlling Bioreactivity of
Adrenal Chromaffin Cells.\*
AD-A247 180

\*STIMULI Locus Coeruleus, Vigilance and Stress: Brain Mechanism of Adaptive Behavioral Responsiveness.\* AD-A247 080

\*STOCHASTIC CONTROL
Adaptive Control of Nonlinear
and Stochastic Systems.\*
AD-A247 204

\*STOCHASTIC PROCESSES
Theory and Application of Random Fields.\*
AD-A248 958

\*STRESSES
Strategies to Sustain and
Enhance Performance in Stressful
Environments.\*

\*STRIATIONS
Reprint: Diffusion and Reaction
in a Lamellar System: Self
Similarity with Finite Rates of
Reaction.
AD-A247 085

\*STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES
Control and Stabilization of
Distributed Parameter Systems in

Structural Dynamics.\* AD-A247 097 \*SUPERPLASTICITY
Mechanistic Studies of
Superplasticity of Structural
Ceramics.\*
AD-A248 951

\*SUPERSONIC FLOW

Reprint: Continuous Wave Laser
Absorption Techniques for
Gasdynamic Measurements in
Supersonic Flows.

AD-A247 077

\*SURFACE TENSION
Reprint: THe Linear and
Nonlinear Shear Instability of a
Fluid Sheet.
AD-A247 092

\*SYNAPSE
Activity-Driven CNS Changes in Learning and Development.\*
AD-A243 790
Biophysical and Biochemical Mechanisms in Synaptic Transmitter Release.\*
AD-A247 684

\*SYNAPSIS

Role of Protein Phosphorylation
in the Regulation of Neuronal
Sensitivity.\*
AD-A246 950

\*SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY)
New Methodology for Fluorocarbon
Synthesis.\*
AD-A247 163

\*SYSTEMS ANALYSIS
An Evolutionary Approach to
Designing Neural Networks.\*
AD-A247 003

\*SYSTEMS ENGINEERING
Research into the Design and
Implementation of Knowledge-Base
System.\*

SUBJECT INDEX:12 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

\*TECTONICS

Colorado Plateau, Rio Grande Rift An Integrated Geophysical and Geological Investigation of the Transition Zone between the and Basin and Range Provinces: Arizona and New Mexico. \* AD-A247 094

\*TOKAMAKS

Frequency Domain Design of Robust Controllers.\* AD-A247 161

\*TOXIC AGENTS

The Key Involvement of Poly(ADP-Ribosylation) in Defense Against Toxic Agents in Molecular Biology Studies. \*

AD-A247 182

\*TOXICITY

The Effects of Hydrazines on Neuronal Excitability.\* AD-A247 103

the Plant Activation of Chemicals The Mechanisms and Effects of in the Environment.\* AD-A247 110

Reprint: Biosynthesis and Biotransformation of Glutathione S-Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites. AD-A247 215

Reprint: Comparison of Estimates of Effects of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological

Organization. AD-A247 217

Measure of Functional Response in Aquatic Ecosystems. Colonization Parameters as a Reprint: Use of Microbial

Ecosystems to Environmental Stress: Reprint: Response of Laboratory 4D-A247 220

Effect of Phenol.

Division in Hepatoma Cell Cultures Reprint: Inhibition of Cell

Tetrachloride Combination. by Chlordecone and Carbon AD-A247 241

\*TURBULENCE

A Study of Compressible Turbulence. \* AD-A247 001

Studies in Turbulence and Turbulence Control.\* AD-A247 164

\*TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER

Manipulators on Coherent Structures in a Turbulent Boundary Layer Reprint: Effect of Plate AD-A246 973

Reprint: On the Dynamics of Near-Wall Turbulence. AD-A247 352

\*TURBULENT FLOW

Reprint: Structural Stability in Lagrangian and Eulerian Turbulence. AD-A248 799 Two-Dimensional Model Flows:

Rayleigh, Raman, LIF and LDV Data Fractal Image Compression of in Turbulent Reacting Flows.\*

AD-A246 960

Sc>>1 Molecular Mixing Resolution, Four-Dimensional Measurements of the Fine Scale Reprint: Direct, High in Turbulent Flows. Structure of

AD-A246 975

Reprint: Imaging and Characterization of OH Structures in a Turbulent Nonpremixed Flame AD-A246 981

Reprint: An Integral Method for Mixing, Chemical Reactions, and Extinction in Unsteady Strained Olffusion Layers.

of the Molecular Mixing Process in Reprint: An Experimental Study an Axisymmetric Laminar Vortex AD-A247 079

Reprint: On the Dynamics of Near-AD-A247 087

SUBJECT INDEX-13 UNCLASSIFIED

Wall Turbulence. AD-A247 352 TWO DIMENSIONAL

Reprint: Lagrangian Simulation of the Early Stages of a Reacting

AD-A246 971

Nonlinear Shear Instability of Reprint: THe Linear and \*TWO DIMENSIONAL FLOW Fluid Sheet. AD-A247 092

of Unsteady Shock-Induced Turbulent Effects of Sweep on the Physics Separated Flows.\* \*UNSTEADY FLOW AD-A247 035

\*VELOCITY

Technique for Measurements of Gas Reprint: Rapid Tuning CW Laser Velocity, Temperature, Pressure, Derisity, and Mass Flux Using NO, AD-A246 931

\*VISCOUS FLOW

Steady and Transfent Analysis of Flows Exhibiting Strong Viscous/Inviscid Interaction (Composite RNS Procedures),\*

\*VISION

AD-A247 171

Spatio-Temporal Masking: Hyperacuity and Local Adaptation.\* AD-A246 953

Discriminations and their Roles in Sensory Sensitivities and Aviation. \*

AD-A247 185

Psychophysical Studies of Visual Cortical Function.\* \*VISUAL CORTEX AD-A248 982

\*VISUAL PERCEPTION

Human Image Understanding.\*

TEC-VIS

#### UNCLASSIFIED

Neuropsychological Components of Object Identification.\* AD-A247 049 AD-A247 048

Locus Coeruleus, Vigilance and Stress: Brain Mechanism of Adaptive Behavioral Responsiveness.\*

Discriminations and their Roles in Sensory Sensitivities and Aviation. \* AD-A247 080

Visual Processing in Texture Segregation.\* AD-A247 173 AD-A247 185

\* VOLCANISM

An Integrated Geophysical and Geological Investigation of the Transition Zone between the Colorado Plateau, Rio Grande Rift and Basin and Range Provinces: Arizona and New Mexico.\* AD-A247 094

\*VORTICES

Reprint: Evolution of Hairpin Reprint: Effect of Damkohler Number on the Reactive Zone Structure in a Shear Layer. AD-A247 348 Vortices in a Shear Flow. AD-A247 349

\*WASTES

Reprint: Comparison of Estimates of Effects of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organization. AD-A247 217

\*WAVE FUNCTIONS

Theoretical/Experimental Investigations of the Structure and Dynamics of Highly Energetic Dication Species \* AD-A247 050

\*WEATHER

Modeling and Observational Studies of Mesoscale Air-Mass

Boundaries and Warm-Season Convective Precipitation.\* AD-A247 030 \* \* SRX

A Biological Model of the Effects of Toxic Substances.\* AD-AZ 17 138

\*ZINC

Reprint: Destabilization of Zn2+ Nitroso-1,2-Benzopyrone Coincidental With Inactivation of the Polymerase but not the DNA Coordination in ADP-Ribose Transferase (Polymerizing) by 6binding Function. AD-A246 946

T85004 SUBJECT INDEX-14 UNCLASSIFIED T85(

## PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX

### UNCLASSIFIED

### PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX

dienyl Sulfide

\* \* \*
Measurements of Mesospheric Winds and Waves.
AD-A247 181

SENE X

ADAMS,

\*ADLER, ROBERT J. PP

\* \* \*
Theory and Application

Theory and Application of Random Fields. AD-A246 958

Energy Density Molecular Systems
AD-A246 963
\*ALUKG, M \* \* \*
Laser Assisted CVD Growth of AIN
and Gan.

and GaN.

AD-A244 464

\*ANDERS, M. W \* \* \*

Biosynthesis and Biotransformation of Glutathione S-Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites,

AD-A247 215

Toxic Metabolites,
AD-A247 215
AMDERS, M. W. eeeee

Glutathions-Dependent Toxicity:
Biosynthesis and Bioactivation of
Cytotoxic S-Conjugates,
AD-A247 112

Cytotoxicity and Bioactivation Mechanism of Benzyl 2-Chloro-1,1,2trifluoroethyl Sulfide and Benzyl 1,2,3,4,4-Pentachlorobuta-1,3-

AD-A247 358
\*ADFES, M. W. eee
\*\*
Enzymatic Conjugation of Hexachloro1,3-Butadiene With Glutathione.
Formation of 1-(Glutathion-S-y1)1,2,3,4,4-pentachlorobuta-1,3-diene
and 1,4-bis(glutathion-S-y1)1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobuta-1,3-diene,
AD-A247 356

Inhibition of Rat Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Synthesis by Halogenated Cysteine S-Conjugates, D-A247 357

Mutagenicity of Benzyl S-Haloalkyl and S-Haloalkenyl Sulfides in the Ames-Test, AD-A247 351 Evaluation of Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy in the Treatment of Spinal Cord Injury Using the Rabbit Spinal Stroke Model.

\*ANDERSON, L. H

\*ANDERSON, PHILIP W.eeeee

\* \* \*
Theory of Superconductivity in
Oxides.
AD-A244 728

AD-A247 201

Numerical Simulation of the Function of Scientific

ANDREWS, G. A

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-1

UNCLASSIFIED

Instrumentation for Measuring the Speed of Electron Devices.
AD-A247 008

\*ANTONIADIS, DIMITRI®

Study of Quantum Mechanical Effects in Deep Submicron Grating-Gate Field Effect Transistors. AD-A244 642

\*ARAPOSTATHIS, ARISTOTLEGO \* \* \*

Adaptive Control of Nonlinear and Stochastic Systems.
AD-A247 204

Electro-Optic Generation and Detection of Femtosecond Electromagnetic Pulses AD-A244 278

\*AUSTON, DAVID H. C.

\*AYERS, RICHARD

\* \* \*
Comparison of Estimates of Effects
of a Complex Effluent at Differing
Levels of Biological Organization,
AD-A247 217

\*BADDELEY, A \* \* \* The Central Executive Component of Working Wemory.
AD-A244 916

\* \*BAJCSY, RUZENA

Computational and Neural Network Models for the Analysis of Visual AD-A243 717 Texture.

I.

\*BAKER,

A Seismic and Intergrated Geophysical Study of the Lithosphere of the Colorado AD-A247 091 Plateau.

BAKER, MARCIA

A Numerical Study of Thunderstorm Electrification: Initial Electrification and Thunderstorm \* \* Climatology. AD-A244 638

\*BANKI, KATALIN

Synthesis by Halogenated Cysteine S-Inhibition of Rat Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Conjugates, AD-A247 357

\*BARTLETT, RODNEY J. PPPPP

Properties with Many-Body Methods Molecular Interactions and \* \*

\*BAUER, GERHARD

Replication in AA-2 and MT-2 Cells in Culture by Two Ligands of Poly (ADP-Ribose) Polymerase: 6-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone and and 5-lodo-6-Inhibition of HIV-1 IIIb Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone, AD-A246 977 \* \*

\*BAUER, PAL I

Coordination in ADP-Ribose Destabilization of Zn2+

Nitroso-1,2-Benzopyrone Coincidental with Inactivation of Transferase (Polymerizing) by 6the Polymerase but not the DNA binding Function, AD-A246 948

Inhibitory Binding of Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase to the DNA Primer Site of Reverse Transcriptase Templates, \* \* \* AD-A247 281

\* \* \*BAUER, PAL I. POST

Replication in AA-2 and MT-2 Cells in Culture by Two Ligands of Poly (ADP-Ribose) Polymerase: 8-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone and and 5-Iodo-8-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone, Inhibition of HIV-1 IIIb

\* \* \*BECK, JACOBPPP

Visual Processing in Texture Segregation. AD-A247 173

\*BEDDIN, ROBERT A

Transport Processes in Beamed Energy Propulsion Systems. AD-A247 296 \* \*

\*BEEM, DONALD R. POP

Radiation, Microgravity, Trauma and Conference on Combined Effects: \* \* Other Factors. AD-A247 799

\*BERG, BRUCE G. PPOPP

Complex Auditory Signals AD-A244 167

\* \* \* \*BERGMAN, AVIVE

An Evolutionary Approach to Designing Neural Networks.

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-2

UNCLASSIFIED

AD-A247 003

\*BERNSTEIN, ELLIOT

Molecular Composites from High Temperature Polyquinolines. AD-A243 834

\*BERNSTEIN, LESLIE R

Monaural and Binaural Processing of Complex Waveforms. AD-A247 199

\*BERRY, G. C

Molecular Composites from High Temperature Polyquinolines.

AD-A243 634

\* \*

JOSEPH A \* \* \*BETTENCOURT,

Inspired Gas Composition Influences Recovery from Experimental Venous Air Embolism.

AD-A247 004

\*BIEDERMAN, IRVINGER

Perceptual Representations. Psychophysical Analyses of AD-A246 945

Human Image Understanding. AD-A247 048

\* \*

\*BIERBAUM, VERONICA M. P.

Molecule Collisions in a Flowing State-Resolved Dynamics of Ion-Afterglow. AD-A247 288

\*BIXBY, ROBERT E. P.

Polyhedral Methods for the Max-Cut AD-A244 641 Problem

DAVID M BLOOM, BAJ-BLO

Subpicosecond Electrooptic Sampling and Distributed Nonlinear Electronics. AD-A243 845

\*BOWERS, N. C.

to Environmental Stress: Effect of Response of Laboratory Ecosystems AD-A247 221 Pheno 1

C. T. \*BOWMAN.

High Temperature Shock Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-Atoms with \* \*

AD-A247 078

A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCD \*BOWMAN, CRAIG T. P. yields NH2 + CO, AD-A247 086

\*BOWMAN, CRAIG T.

A Shock Tube Study of Reactions of C Atoms and CH with NO Including Product Channel Measurements, Development of the Aspect Graph Representation for Use in R \*BOWYER, KEVIN AD-A246 978 version.

Methylenebis(2-Chloroaniline) and Its Oxidized Metabolites, Mutagenicity and Effect on Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication of 4,4'-CREEGE \*BRASELTON, W. E., AD-A247 109 AD-A246 797

Space Constancy on Video Display \*BRIDGEMAN, BRUCEPPP

Terminals. AD-A247 290

× \*BRILEY,

Instrumentation for Measuring the Numerical Simulation of the Speed of Electron Devices. Function of Scientific AD-A247

\* \* \*BRINGI, V. N. PROBOR

Based Studies of the Microphysical Kinematic and Electrical Structure Multiparameter Radar and Aircraft of Convective Clouds AD-A247 497

Large-Scale Structures and Molecular Mixing, \* \* \*BRDADWELL, JAMES E AD-A248 810

Measurements of Mesospheric Winds \*BROSNAHAN, JOHN W and Waves. AD-A247 181

Reaction Mechanisms and Kinetics Controlling Microstructural Development in Cement-Based \* \*BROWN, PAUL W. PERE Systems

AD-A244 639

Axisymmetric Laminar Vortex Ring, Molecular Mixing Process in an An Experimental Study of the \*BUCH, KENNETH A. PPP. AD-A247 087

Dimensional Measurements of the Direct, High Resolution, Four-Fine Scale Structure of Sc>>1 KENNETH A. P. \*BUCH,

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-3 UNCLASSIFIED

AD-A246 975 Flows

Molecular Mixing in Turbulent

GERSHON \*BUCHSBAUM, Multidimensional Signal Coding in the Visual System. AD-A244 281

\*BUKI, KALMAN G

Nitroso-1,2-Benzopyrone Coincidental with Inactivation of Transferase (Polymerizing) by 6the Polymerase but not the DNA Destabilization of Zn2+ Coordination in ADP-Ribose binding Function, AD-A246 946

Inhibitory Binding of Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase to the DNA Primer Site of Reverse Transcriptase Templates,

AD-A247 281

New Methodology for Fluorocarbon \* \* \*BURTON, DONALD J.® Synthes is. AD-A247 163

\* \*BURTON, NEIL A

Fundamental Studies of Carbon, NH. Energy Density Molecular Systems AD-A248 983 and Oxygen Rings and Other High

\*BURZYNSKI, RYSZARD

Sol-Gel Processed Multifunctional Organic Polymer-Inorganic Oxide Composites for Electronics and Photonics.

AD-A246 773

Organic Kerr-Liquid-Filled Hollow Fiber as a Novel Multiwavelength Laser Source for LIDAR Sensor

AD-B162 138L Systems

Applications of Approximation Theory in Antenna Design, Signal Processing and Filtering JAMES S. PE AD-A244 725 BYRNES,

JREGGE \* \* CAIRNS, JOHN,

to Environmental Stress: Effect of Response of Laboratory Ecosystems AD-A247 221

CAIRNS, JOHN,

of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organization, Comparison of Estimates of Effects AD-A247 217

Parameters as a Measure of Functional Response in Aquatic Use of Microbial Colonization \* \* CAIRNS, JOHN, Ecosystems,

\*CALICO, STEVER® AD-A247 220

High-Power Microwave Breakdown of Dielectric Interfaces \* \* \* AD-A243 861

Research in Stochastic Processes CAMBANIS, STAMATIS AD-A244 B01

Modeling and Observational Studies of Mesoscale Air-Mass Boundaries and Warm-Season Convective \* Precipitation.

TOBY N. 95

CARLSON,

Post-Doctoral Research Award SOAN K. AD-A243 549 \*CASSEDY,

CASSEDY, JOAN W.®

Carboxylesterases of the Testes: Role in Activation of Toxicants. AD-A243 379

\*CASSTEVENS, MARTIN K. P.P. \* \* \*

Sol-Gel Processed Multifunctional Organic Polymer-Inorganic Oxide Composites for Electronics and Photonics. AD-A246 773

\*CASSTEVENS, MARTIN K. \* \*

Organic Kerr-Liquid-Filled Hollow Fiber as a Novel Multiwavelength Laser Source for LIDAR Sensor Svstems.

AD-B162 138L

CHAN, KWAI S. P.

Study of High Temperature Failure Mechanism in Ceramics. AD-A247 018

\*CHANG, A. Y

Measurements in Supersonic Flows, Continuous Wave Laser Absorption Techniques for Gasdynamic \* \*

\* \* ALBERT Y \*CHANG,

Rapid Tuning CW Laser Technique for Temperature, Pressure, Density and Measurements of Gas Velocity, Mass Flux Usng NO. AD-A248 931

CHANG, C. C

Chemical, Oncogene and Growth \* \*

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-4 UNCLASSIFIED

Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenests, AD-A248 972

Relationship of Stem Cells to the Cell-to-Cell Communication: Carcinogenic Process, AD-A247 676

ပ ပ \*CHANG, Stem Cell Theory of Carcinogenesis, AD-A247 343

CHESTER H CHANG,

Molecular Mixing, Including Finite Temporally Developing Shear Layer, Lagrangian Model Simulations of Rate Chemical Reactions, in AD-A246 767

CHIA-CHENG · \*CHANG, \* \* \*

Potential Role of the Human Ha-ras Oncogene in the Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication,

AD-A247 344

\* \*

Extracellular, Intracellular and Intracellular Communication, Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Regulator Modulation of AD-A247 675

CHAPIN, JOHN K. 68

Discrimination, and Motor Response Cortical Mechanisms of Attention, to Somaesthetic Stimuli. AD-A247 228

\*CHAPMAN, DEAN R

Investigation of Burnett Equations for Two-Dimensional Hypersonic

Superplasticity of Structural Mechanistic Studies of \* \* CHEN, I-WEIP AD-A246 951 Ceramics.

C. H. 9969 \*CHIANG,

Fundamental Studies on Droplet Interactions in Dense Sprays. AD-A246 918

Coincident Pulse Techniques for Hybrid Electronic Optical Computer ۵ AD-A246 774 \*CHIARULLI. Systems.

A Study of Compressible Turbulence. \* \* \* Α. H AD-A247 001 \*CHILDS.

Analysis of Polarizing Optical Systems for Digital Optical Computing with Symmetric Self Electrooptic Devices. \*CHIPMAN, RUSSELL A AD-A244 002

High Temperature Interactions of Metallic Matrices with Ceramic \* \* Reinforcements. AD-A244 026

٦ د

ČHOU.

Elevated Temperature Behavior of Glass and Ceramic Matrix CHOU, TSU-WEI Composites.

Compact, Self-Contained ArF Lasers. CHRISTENSEN, AD-A244 035

Transient Internal Probe \*CHRISTIANSEN, WALTER H Diagnostic. Laser Cooling and Trapping of Atoms and Particles AD-A247 208

GERALD A

\*COLE,

\*CHU, STEVENGO

Replication in AA-2 and MT-2 Cells in Culture by Two Ligands of Poly (ADP-Ribose) Polymerase: 6-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone and and 5-Iodo-6-Inhibition of HIV-1 IIIb Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone, AD-A246 977 \* \*

Acoustic and Electromagnetic Waves The Inverse Scattering Problem for AD-A244 640

DAVID

\*COLTON,

Domote Acid Enhances the K(+)-Evoked Release of Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber \*CONNER-KERR, TERESA A \* \* \* Synaptosomes, AD-A246 887

State-Specific Energy Transfer in Distomic Radicals. \*COPELAND, RICHARD A AD-A243 628

High-Power Microwave Breakdown of Dielectric Interfaces. \* \* AD-A243 861

\*CRAWFORD, MARK

PERSUNAL AUTHOR INDEX-5 UNCLASSIFIED

\*CRISWELL, D.

\*CROSLEY, DAVID R

Cord Injury Using the Rabbit Spinal

Stroke Model.

AD-A244 028

Evaluation of Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy in the Treatment of Spinal

State-Specific Energy Transfer in Diatomic Radicals. AD-A243 628

\*CYNADER, MAX S. 88

Curvature Estimation in Orientation Selection. AD-A247 862

\*DAHM, WERNER J

Molecular Mixing, Including Finite Temporally Developing Shear Layer, Lagrangian Model Simulations of Rate Chemical Reactions, in AD-A248 767

Dimensional Measurements of the Fine Scale Structure of Sc>>1 Direct, High Resolution, Four-Molecular Mixing in Turbulent AD-A246 975 Flows

Molecular Mixing Process in an Axisymmetric Laminar Vortex Ring. An Experimental Study of the \* \* \* AD-A247 087

An Integral Method for Mixing, Chemical Reactions, and Extinction in Unsteady Strained Diffusion \*DAHM, WERNER J. BOB Layers.

Electroactive Oligomers and Development of Processible \* \* \*DALTON, LARRY R. @@ AD-A247 079 Polymers.

DANIELSON, T.

Structural Stability in Two-Dimensional Model Flows: Lagrangian and Eulerian Turbulence, AD-A246 799

\*DARRAH, RODNEY

Annual Report for 1990: Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program. AD-A243 935 \* \* \*

\* \*

United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Technical Report. Volume 3. AD-A244 022 \* \* \* United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Technical Report. Volume 2 AD-A244 023

\* \* \*
United States Air Force Graduate
Student Research Program for 1990.
Program Technical Report. Volume 1.
AD-A244 024

\* \* \* United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume

AD-A244 149

\* \* \*
United States Air Force High School
Apprenticeship Program. 1990
Program Management Report. Volume

AD-A244 150

\* \* \*
United States Air Force High School
Apprenticeship Program. 1990
Program Management Report. Volume

AD-A244 151

\* \* \* United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume

AD-A244 152

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990. AD-A244 228

\* \* \* Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990.

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990 Appendix C. AD-A244 231 \* \* \*

United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program. Program Technical Report. 1990. Volume 1. AD-A244 517 United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program. Program Technical Report. 1890. Volume 3.

\* \* \* United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program for 1990. Program Management Report. \* \* \* United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Management Report.

\*DAVIDSON, D. F

Shock Tube Measurements of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3 yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS and Excimer

Photolysis of NO AD-A246 979 Continuous Wave Laser Absorption Techniques for Gasdynamic Measurements in Supersonic Flows, AD-A247 077

\*DAVIDSON, DAVID F

\* \* Rapid Tuning CW Laser Technique for Measurements of Gas Velocity, Temperature, Pressure, Density and Mass Flux Usng NO,

DAVIS, MICHAEL

Stress-Induced Enhancement of the Startle Reflex. AD-A247 096

DAVY. . RANDALL D

\* \* \*

Fundamental Studies of Carbon, NH and Oxygen Rings and Other High Energy Density Molecular Systems.

\*DEAN, A. J

Shock Tube Measurements of the Reactions of CN with 0 and 02, AD-A246 930

\* \*

\* \* \* High Temperature Shock Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-Atoms with N2, AD-A247 076

\*DEAN, ANTHONY J

A Shock Tube Study of Reactions of C Atoms and CH with NO Including Product Channel Measurements, AD-A246 978

DEKANT, W

Mutagenicity of Benzyl S-Haloalkyl and S-Haloalkenyl Sulfides in the

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-6 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

DAN-DEK

Ames-Test, AD-A247 351 DEKANT, WOLFGANG

Bioactivation of Nephrotoxic Haloalkenes by Glutathione Conjugation: Formation of Toxic and Mutagenic Intermediates by Cysteine Conjugate Beta-Lyase,

Biosynthesis and Biotransformation of Glutathione S-Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites,

\* \* \*

Enzymatic Conjugation of Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene with Glutathione.
Formation of 1-(Glutathion-S-yl)-1,2,3,4,4-pentachlorobuta-1,3-diene and 1,4-bis(glutathion-S-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobuta-1,3-diene, AD-247,358

Cytotoxicity and Bioactivation
Mechanism of Benzyl 2-Chioro-1,1,2trifluoroethyl Sulfide and Benzyl
1,2,3,4,4-Pentachlorobuta-1,3dienyl Sulfide,

\*DELORENZO, ROBERT J. P.

The Effects of Hydrazines on Neuronal Excitability. AD-A247 103 \* \* \* The Effects of Hydrazines of Neuronal Excitability. AD-A247 142

\*DENNE, DOUG J

\* \* \* Environmental Containment Property Estimation Using QSARs in an Expert System. AD-A243 728

\*DETTERMAN, DOUGLAS K. PPP

Response Devices and Cognitive Tasks. AD-A243 903

\*DEWAR, MICHAEL J

Development of Practical MO techniques for Prediction of the Properties and Behavior of Materials.

\*DIMOTAKIS, PAUL E

Turbulent Free Shear Layer Mixing and Combustion, AD-A243 410

\*DIROSA, M. D

\* \*

Shock Tube Measurements of the Reactions of CN with 0 and 02, AD-A246 930 \* \* \* \*

Continuous Wave Laser Absorption Techniques for Gasdynamic Me>surements in Supersonic Flows, AD-A247 077

\*DIROSA, MICHAEL D

Rapid Tuning CW Laser Technique for Measurements of Gas Velocity, Temperature, Pressure, Density and Mass Flux Usng NO, AD-A246 931

\*DOHN, DAVID R. @@

\* \* \*
Biosynthesis and Biotransformation
of Glutathione S-Conjugates to
Toxic Metabolites,
AD-A247 215

\*DOLLING, DAVID S.

\* \* \* Effects of Sweep on the Physics of Unsteady Shock-Induced Turbulent Separated Flows AD-A247 035

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-7 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

Environments. AD-A247 197 \*DORMAN, ROBERT V.®

Involvement of Lipid Metabolism in Chemical Transmission Processes at Mossy Fiber Synapses. AD-A247 198

\*DOSER, D. I

A Seismic and Intergrated Geophysical Study of the Lithosphere of the Colorado Plateau. AD-A247 091

\*DOUCETTE, WILLIAM J

Environmental Containment Property Estimation Using QSARs in an Expert System.

\*DOUGHERTY, F. C. R.

Aerodynamic Interference Between Stores.

AD-A247 207

DUDEK, F. E

Intracellular Physiology of the Rat Suprachiasmatic Nucleus: Electrical Properties, Neurotransmission, and Effects of Neuromodulators. AD-A247 313

FDUNCAN, J

\* \* \*
The Central Executive Component of Working Memory.
AD-A244 916

\*DURLACH, NAT®®

DEK-DUR

Auditory Localization in Teleoperator and Virtual Environment Systems: Ideas, Issues, and Problems, AD-A248 800

\*ECKERT, E. R

Transfer: Airfoll Surfaces and End-Wall Cooling Effects. Studies of Gas Turbine Heat AD-A244 055

\*EDEN, J. G.

\* \*

Spectroscopic Applications. AD-A247 293 VUV and UV Sources and

\*EHRICH, MARION

Research in Toxicology Presented by and for Minorities AD-A244 168

DANIEL J \*EHRLICH, Laser Microchemical Processing Instrument.

\*EHRLICH, YIGAL H.

AD-8160 598L

Role of Protein Phosphorylation in the Regulation of Neuronal \* \* \* Sensitivity. AD-A246 950

\*ELFARRA, ADNAN A

Biosynthesis and Biotransformation of Glutathione S-Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites, AD-A247 215

\*ELGHOBASHI, S. E

Fundamental Studies on Droplet Interactions in Dense Sprays. \* \* AD-A248 918

MOHAMED H \*EL-FOULY,

Potential Role of the Human Ha-ras Oncogene in the Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication,

AD-A247 344

\*EMSLIE, H.

The Central Executive Component of \* \* Working Memory. AD-A244 916

\*ERMLER, WALTER C.®

Metal/Semiconductor/Hydrogen Theoretical Studies of the Electronic Structure of AD-A245 906 Systems

\*FANG, K. C.

Nonlinear Normal and Axial Force Indicial Responses for a Two Dimensional Airfoil. AD-A247 196

\*FEFFRIES, JAY B. DO

State-Specific Energy Transfer in Diatomic Radicals. AD-A243 628

\*FEINBERG, JACK

Stimulated Scattering and Phase Conjugation in Photorefractive Materials. AD-A246 903

\*FOSTER, JOHN C. P.

DURIP Instrumentation Support for High-Latitude Ionospheric Research and the Establishment of a Dual Radar/Dual Frequency Observational Capability at the Millstone Radar \* \* Facility.

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-8 UNCLASSIFIED

AD-A244 169

MARYE A. GOOG

techniques for Prediction of the Development of Practical MO Properties and Behavior of Materials.

AD-A247 218

WALTER J

\*FREEMAN,

Investigation of Dynamic Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex.

AD-A247 081

\* \*

Investigation of Dynamic Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex. AD-A247 860

\*FRENKLACH, MICHAELER

Development of Predictive Reaction Models of Soot Formation. AD-A246 804

\*FRITSCH, J. M

Modeling and Observational Studies of Mesoscale Air-Mass Boundaries and Warm-Season Convective \* \* Precipitation.

AD-A247 030

\*FRITTS, DAVID C. ®®

Parameterization of Gravity Wave Processes and Effects in the Numerical Modeling and Atmosphere.

\*FRYE, JOAN M

Laser Assisted CVD Growth of AIN AD-A244 464 and Gan

GABRIEL, MICHAELEGE

Cholinergic Receptor Substrates of

Neuronal Plasticity and Learning. AD-A248 947

ROBERT L. PEPP \* GANNON,

A Presynaptic Role for Protein Kinase C in Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptic Transmission, AD-A246 795

\* \* ROBERT L. \*GANNON,

Domoic Acid Enhances the K(+)-Evoked Release of Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptosomes, AD-A246 887

GARITO, A. F. PREPR

Processes in Organic and Polymeric Crystals and Films. Part 1 Molecular Optics Nonlinear Optical AD-A244 898

Processes in Organic and Polymeric Molecular Optics Nonlinear Optical Crystals and Films. Part 2. \* \* AD-A244 899

CENTILE, JAMES M

Effects of Specific Monooxygenase and Oxidase Inhibitors on the Activation of 2-Aminofluorene by \* \* Plant Cells, AD-A247 242

WILLIAM K \*GEORGE, Investigation of Unsteady Flow in an Annular Cascade AD-A244 033

CHONIEM, A. F.

Bluffbody Flow Dynamics: Steady and Effect of Velocity Ratio on Transitional Regimes,

Manipulation of the Growth Rate of a Variable Density, Spatially Developing Mixing Layer via External Modulation, \* \* A. F. PPD AD-A246 924 \*GHONIEM,

\*GHONIEM, AHMED F

Lagrangian Simulation of the Early Stages of a Reacting Jet, \* \* AD-A246 971

Reactive Zone Structure in a Shear Effect of Damkohler Number on the AD-A247 348 Laver.

\*GHONIEM, AHMED F.®

Vortex Simulation of turbulent Combustion. AD-A247 999

\*GILGENBACH, RONALD M. @@@

Intense Electron Beam Cyclotron Masers with Microsecond \* \* Pulse lengths. AD-A247 060

\*GILKEY, ROBERT H.®

Binaural Masking: An Analysis of AD-A244 392 Models.

DAVID J. COC \*GLASS,

Study of SCN Neurochemistry Using in Vivo Microdialysis in the Conscious Brain: Correlation with Overt Circadian Rhythms. \* \* \* AD-A247 172

\*GLEZER, A. POPP

Real-Time Adaptive Control of Mixing in a Plane Shear Layer AD-A246 948

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-9 UNCLASSIFIED

W. I. OOG \*GOLDBURG, Study of Turbulence by Photon Correlation Spectroscopy. AD-A243 726

GOLDLSTEIN, R.

Studies of Gas Turbine Heat Transfer: Airfoil Surfaces and End-Wall Cooling Effects. AD-A244 055

PHILIP® \*G00DE, Solar Activity Cycle AD-A247 212

\*GORDON, MATT

\* \* \*

Fundamental Processes in Partially Ionized Plasmas. AD-A244 054

\*GORDON, PETER C. P.

Perception and the Temporal Properties of Speech. AD-A243 979

\*GRAHAM, G. M

\* \*

Nonlinear Normal and Axial Force Indicial Responses for a Two Dimensional Airfoil. AD-A247 196

DAVID M \*GREEN,

Complex Auditory Signals \* \* AD-A244 167

#GRUBIN, H. L

Instrumentation for Measuring the Numerical Simulation of the Speed of Electron Devices. Function of Scientific AD-A247 008

\*GRUNBAUM, F. A. P.

GAN-GRU

\* \* \*
Mathematical Tools for Image
Reconstruction.
D-A243 838

\*GUENGERICH, F. P

Cytotoxicity and Bioactivation Mechanism of Benzyl 2-Chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethyl Sulfide and Benzyl 1,2,3,4,4-Pentachlorobuta-1,3-dienyl Sulfide,

ACUNDERSEN, MARTINGE

High Power Solid State Switches. AD-A243 980 \* \* \*

Proposal for a Workshop in the Physics and Application of Hollow Electrode Glow Switches. AD-A247 139

\*HAIDARI, A. H

\* \* \* On the Dynamics of Near-Wall Turbulence, AD-A247 352

\*HAKAM, ALAEDDIN

Destabilization of Zn2+
Coordination in ADP-Ribose
Transferase (Polymerizing) by 6Nitroso-1,2-Benzopyrone
Coincidental with Inactivation of
the Polymerase but not the DNA
binding Function,

\*HALPERN, JOSHUA B

Laser Assisted CVD Growth of AIN and GaN. AD-A244 464

\*HANSON, R. K

Shock Tube Measurements of the Reactions of CN with 0 and 02,

AD-A246 930

\* \*

Shock Tube Measurements of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3 yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS and Excimer Photolysis of NO, AD-A246 979

\* \* \* High Temperature Shock Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-Atoms with

AD-A247 078

\*HANSON, R. K. PERER

Advanced Diagnostics for Reacting Flows. AD-A247 059

D-A247 059 \* \* \* Continuous Wave Laser Abs

Continuous Wave Laser Absorption Techniques for Gasdynamic Measurements in Supersonic Flows, AD-A247 077

\*HANSON, R. K. P.

Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence Imaging of Shock-Induced Ignition. AD-A246 789

\*HANSON, RONALD K

\* \* \*

A Shock Tube Study of Reactions of
C Atoms and CH With NO Including
Product Channel Measurements,
AD-A246 978 \* \* \*

A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCO yields NH2 + CO, AD-A247 086

\*HANSON, RONALD K. PRPP

Imaging and Characterization of OH Structures in a Turbulent Nonpremixed Flame, AD-A246 981

\*HANSON, RONALD K.

Rapid Tuning CW Laser Technique for

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-10

UNCLASSIFIED

Measurements of Gas Velocity, Temperature, Pressure, Density and Mass Flux Usng NO, AD-A246 931

\*HARRIS, GARY

\* \* \*

Laser Assisted CVD Growth of AiN and GaN.
AD-A244 464

HARRIS, S. E. GOGGG

Research Studies on Extreme Ultraviolet and Soft X-Ray Lasers. AD-A247 309

\*HARRISON, C. M

\* \*

Evaluation of Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy in the Treatment of Spinal Cord Injury Using the Rabbit Spinal Stroke Model.

AD-A244 028

\*HARRISON, CHARLES M

Inspired Gas Composition Influences
Recovery from Experimental Venous
Air Embolism.

AD-A247 004

\*HARVEY, MICHELS H

Theoretical Studies of the Electronic and Resonance Structure of Atomic and Molecular Negative Ions.

AD-A247 093

\*MATFIELD, L

High-Power Microwave Breakdown of Dielectric Interfaces. AD-A243 861

\* \*

\*HE, GUANG S

0rganic Kerr-Liquid-Filled Hollow Fiber as a Novel Multiwavelength Laser Source for LIDAR Sensor GUE-HE

Systems. AD-B162 138L

\*HEIDARINEJAD, GHASSEMeeee

\* \* \*

Effect of Damkohler Number on the
Reactive Zone Structure in a Shear
Layer.
AD-A247 348

\*HELTON, WILLIAMEEEEE

\* \* \*
Frequency Domain Design of Robust
Controllers.
AD-A247 181

\*HENSCHLER, DIETRICH

\* \* \*
Enzymatic Conjugation of Hexachloro1,3-Butadiene With Glutathione.
Formation of 1-(Glutathion-S-yl)1,2,3,4,4-pentachlorobuta-1,3-diene
and 1,4-bis(glutathion-S-yl)1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobuta-1,3-diene,
AD-A247 356

\*HENSHAW, PHILIP D

\* \* \*
4-D Interconnect Experimental
Development.
AD-A247 287

\*HINDJOSA, J. H. PP

A Seismic and Intergrated Geophysical Study of the Lithosphere of the Colorado Plateau. AD-A247 091 Shift Operator Matrix (SOM) Method and Its Application to

JEFFREY L

\*HOCK,

Chemical/Physical System. AD-A244 166

PHILLIPRERE

\*HOLMES,

Studies in Global, Bifurcation and Symmetry.
AD-A243 882

\* \* \* Environmental Containment Property Estimation Using QSARs in an Expert System. AD-A243 728

\*HOLT, MARK S

\* \* \* Evolution of Hairpin Vortices in a Shear Flow, AD-A247 349

\*HON, T.-L

\*HOUSTIS, ELIAS N.®

\* \* \*
Parallel Methods and Systems for Solving Partial Differential Equations.

AD-A243 822

\*HOUSTON, PAUL L.PP \* \* \* Vacuum Ultraviolet Studies of Molecular Dynamics. AD-A246 964

\*HUANG, AN-BINGGGGG \* \* \* Calibration Chamber Testing AD-A247 598

\*ISLAM,

\* \* \*
Nonlinear Normal and Axial Force
Indicial Responses for a Two
Dimensional Airfoil.
AD-A247 198

\*JACKSON, BERNARD V. \*\*\*\*
Remote Sensing of Inner
Heliospheric Plasmas.

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-11

UNCLASSIFIED

**T85004** 

AD-A244 408

\* \* \* Fractal Image Compression of Rayleigh, Raman, LIF and LDV Data in Turbulent Reacting Flows. AD-A246 960

JECHIAL I. PROPOR

\*JAGODA,

\*JARBOE, THOMAS R \* \* \* . Transient Internal Probe Diagnostic. AD-A247 306 \* \* \* High Temperature Interactions of Metallic Matrices with Ceramic Reinforcements.

⋖

\* LOSHI,

\*KABULI, GUNTEKIN M. @@@@@ \* \* \* Adaptive and Nonlinear Control for Rapid Maneuvering of Flexible Structures. AD-A243 991

# \* \*
High-Speed, High-Density, Coherent
Time Domain Optical Memory.
AD-A244 845

\*KACHRU, R

Time Domain Optical Memory.

AD-A244 845
\*KAHNEMAN, DANIEL@@@@

\* \* \*

Norms and the Perception of Events
AD-A247 032

\* \* \*
X-Ray Absorption Studies of High
Transition Temperature
Superconductors.
AD-A244 413

\*KAO, YI-HAN®

\* \* \* \* Solid Rocket Combustion Phenomena AD-A248 008

\*KASSOY, DAVID R

HEA-KAS

\*KAUFFMAN, M. T

Subpicosecond Electrooptic Sampling and Distributed Nonlinear Electronics.

\*KAUFMAN, LLOYD

Attention, Imagery and Memory: A neuromagnetic Investigation.
AD-A243 859

KEEFE, L. R

A Study of Compressible Turbulence. AD-A247 001

# # #

KELLER, G. R

A Seismic and Intergrated Geophysical Study of the Lithosphere of the Colorado Plateau.

\*KELLER, JAMES

Aggregation Networks for Uncertainty Management. AD-A244 399

KERDRAON, A

Acceleration of Electrons Outside Flares: Coronal Manifestation and Possible Origin,

\*KHDSLA, PREM K. CO

Steady and Transient Analysis of Flows Exhibiting Strong Viscous/Inviscid Interaction (Composite RNS Procedures).

\*KIM, I

\* \* \* Fundamental Studies on Droplet Interactions in Dense Sprays.

AD-A246 918

\*KING, MERRILL K

Examination of Chemical Approaches to Stabilizing Composite Propellant Combustion.

AD-A244 462

\*KINGERY, W. D. PPR

International Interdisciplinary Conference (1st) on the Influence of Culture (Japanese/American) on Technological Innovation.

\*KIRSTEN, EVA

\* \*

Inhibition of HIV-1 IIIb
Replication in AA-2 and MT-2 Cells
in Culture by Two Ligands of Poly
(ADP-Ribose) Polymerase: 8-Amino1,2-Benzopyrone and and 5-lodo-6Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone,

\*KLAUNIG, J. E

\* \* \* Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenesis,

\*KLEIN, K. L

\* \* \*
Acceleration of Electrons Outside Flares: Coronal Manifestation and Possible Origin,

\*KLEIN, STANLEY A.

\* \* \* Spatio-Temporal Masking: Hyperacuity and Local Adaptation. AD-A246 953

\*KNIO, 0. M

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-12 Unclassified T85004

Manipulation of the Growth Rate of a Variable Density, Spatially Developing Mixing Layer via External Modulation,

AD-A246 924

KNIO, OMAR M. POR

Lagrangian Simulation of the Early Stages of a Reacting Jet, AD-A246 971

\*KOEPFLER, 9

A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation. AD-A247 189

\*KOHSE-HOEINGHAUS, KATHARINA

A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCO yie)ds NH2 + CO, ND-A247 086

KOSSLYN, STEPHEN M. & @ @ @ @

Neuropsychological Components of Object Identification. AD-A247 049

\*KOSUT, ROBERT L

Adaptive and Nonlinear Control for Rapid Maneuvering of Flexible Structures. AD-A243 991

KOTTAS, JAMES

Hybrid Optical Inference Machines AD-A243 985

KRAUSKOPF, JOHNEGGE

High Order Mechanism of Color Vision. AD-A244 720

\*KRESKOVSKY, J. P

KAU-KRE

Numerical Simulation of the Function of Scientific Instrumentation for Measuring the Speed of Electron Devices.

KRISHNAMURTI, T. N. PEPEP

\* \* \*
Prediction of Global Cloud Cover with a Very High Resolution Global Spectral Model.

\*KRISHNAPURAM, RAGHU \* \* \*

Aggregation Networks for Uncertainty Management. AD-A244 399

\*KRISTIANSEN, M

High-Power Microwave Breakdown of Dielectric Interfaces. AD-A243 861

\*KRUGER, C. H

\* \* \* Fundamental Processes in Partially Ionized Plasmas.

\*KUN, ERNESTORER \* \* \*

Destabilization of Zn2+
Coordination in ADP-Ribose
Transferase (Polymerizing) by B-Nitroso-1,2-Benzopyrone
Coincidental With Inactivation of
the Polymerase but not the DNA
binding Function,

\*KUN, ERNESTOPP

Evidence for the Participation of Histidine Residues Located in the 56 kDa C-Terminal Polypeptide Domain of ADP-Ribosyl Transferase in its Catalytic Activity.

The Interaction of Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase (ADPRT) with a Cruciform DNA, AD-A247 278 Molecular Toxicology of Chromatin. AD-A247 307

\*KUN, ERNEST®

Inhibitory Binding of Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase to the DNA Primer Site of Reverse Transcriptase Templates,

\*KUNHARDT, ERICH E

Nonequilibrium Behavior of Carriers in Semiconductors Subjected to Strong Space-Time Varying Fields. AD-A248 981

\*KUSLIKIS, B. I

\* \* \*

Mutagenicity and Effect on Gap -Junctional Intercellular Communication of 4,4'-Methylenebis(2-Chloroaniline) and Its Oxidized Metabolites,

\*LAGNESE, JOHN E. PP

Control and Stabilization of Distributed Parameter Systems in Structural Dynamics.
AD-A247 097

\*LAMM, PATRICIA A.P

Applications of Adaptive Finite Element Methods to Problems in Estimation and Control for Partial Differential Equations.

\*LANG, K. R. PPEG

\* \* \* \* Acceleration of Electrons Outside Flares: Coronal Manifestation and

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-13

UNCLASSIFIED

Possible Origin, AD-A246 974 LANG, KENNETH R. CO

VLA Observations of the Coronal Plasma.

AD-A247 190

\* \*

High-Resolution Microwave Observations of the Sun. AD-A247 869

\*LANKFORD, JAMES

Study of High Temperature Failure Mechanism in Ceramics. AD-A247 018

\* \*

\*LARSEN, M. F. BEBE

Wind Profiler Investigations of Low-Frequency Gravity-Inertia Waves Around the Jet Stream. AD-A244 383

\*LAUTER, JUDITH L.®

The Coordinated Noninvasive Studies (CNS) Project. Phase 1. AD-A247 159

\* \*

LAUX, CHRISTOPHER

Fundamental Processes in Partially Ionized Plasmas. AD-A244 054

\*LEADBETTER, M. R.

Research in Stochastic Processes. AD-A244 601

\*LEBOEUF, RICHARD L.

Investigation of Unsteady Flow in an Annular Cascade. AD-A244 033

\*LEE, J. L.

KRI-LEE

Modeling of Cloud/Radiation Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils.

FLEE, M. P

Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence Imaging of Shock-Induced Ignition. AD-A246 769

\*LEE, MIN-CHANGERER

Sources and Causes of Upper Atmospheric Disturbances. AD-A243 824

\*LEONE, STEPHEN R

\* \*

Theoretical/Experimental
Investigations of the Structure and
Dynamics of Highly Energetic
Dication Species.
AD-A247 050

\* \* \*
State-Resolved Dynamics of IonMolecule Collisions in a Flowing
Afterglow.

AD-A247 288

ALLENG

\*LETTON,

\* \* \*
Investigation of the Microstructural Mechanisms of Relaxation and Fracture Healing in Asphalt.
AD-A244 463

LEUNG, CHUN M. PPPP

Probing Cosmic Infrared Sources: A Computer Modeling Approach.
AD-A247 038

\*LEVITAN, S. P.

Coincident Puise Techniques for Hybrid Electronic Optical Computer Systems. AD-A246 774

.I, K. D

Subpicosecond Electivoptic Sampling and Distributed Nonlinear Electronics.

\*LINEBERGER, W. C

Theoretical/Experimental
Investigations of the Structure and
Dynamics of Highly Energetic
Dication Species.

\*LIOU, K. N

\* \* \*

Modeling of Cloud/Radiation Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils.

\*LIS, STEVEN A. P.

4-D Interconnect Experimental Development. AD-A247 287

\*LITTLE, DALLAS N

Investigation of the Microstructural Mechanisms of Relaxation and Fracture Healing in Asphalt.

\*LLINAS, RODOLFO R

Biophysical and Biochemical Mechanisms in Synaptic Transmitter Release. AD-A247 884

\*LOMBARD, CHARLESCOR

Accurate, Productive Aerodynamic Simulation on Patched Mesh Systems AD-A243 977

ONG, J. B

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-14 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

Evaluation of Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy in the Treatment of Spinal Cord Injury Using the Rabbit Spinal Stroke Model.

\*LONG, ROCHELLE M

Carboxylesterases of the Testes: Role in Activation of Toxicants. AD-A243 379

\*LYNCH, HARRY J

Strategies to Sustain and Enhance Performance in Stressful Environments.

AD-A247 197

\*MACCORMACK, R. W. PERE

\* \* \*

Investigation of Burnett Equations for Two-Dimensional Hypersonic

AD-A244 395

\* MADDOCKS, JOHN H. \* \* \*

Nonlinear Mechanics and Applied Analysis. AD-A243 978

\* MADHUKAAR, BURRA V

Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Regulator Modulation of Extracellular, Intracellular and Intracellular Communication, AD-A247 675

\*MADHUKAR, A. P.

\* \* \* Kinetic Aspects of Lattice Mismatch in Molecular Beam Epitaxial Growth on Planar and Patterned Substrates. AD-A244 291

\*MADHUKAR, B. V

Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional

Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenesis, AD-A246 972

\*MADHUKAR, B. V. POPP

Cell-to-Cell Communication: Relationship of Stem Cells to the Carcinogenic Process, AD-A247 676

\*MAMMONE, R. J. PPPP

CAIP Neural Network Workshop Held in Piscataway, New Jersey in November 1990. AD-A247 571

\*MARCUS, STEVEN I

Adaptive Control of Nonlinear and Stochastic Systems. AD-A247 204

MARTINS, L. F

\* \* \*

Effect of Velocity Ratio on Bluffbody Flow Dynamics: Steady and Transitional Regimes, AD-A247 072

\*MCAULAY, ALASTAIR D

Investigating Digital Optical Computing with Spatial Light Rebroadcasters.

\*MCKEE, SUZANNEPPP

Visual Processing of Object Velocity and Acceleration. AD-A244 858

\*MCLEAN, JOAN E. P.

Environmental Containment Property Estimation Using QSARs in an Expert System.
AD-A243 728

\*MCMILLIN, B. K

\* \* \*
Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence
Imaging of Shock-Induced Ignition.
AD-A248 789

\*MCQUISTAN, RICHMOND B

Shift Operator Matrix (SOM) Method and Its Application to Chemical/Physical System.
AD-A244 186

\*MEHENDALE, H. M

Inhibition of Cell Division in Hepatoma Cell Cultures by Chlordecone and Carbon Tetrachloride Combination, AD-A247 241

\*MEHM, WILLIAM J

Inspired Gas Composition Influences Recovery from Experimental Venous Air Embolism. AD-A247 004

\*MELHEM, R. G

Coincident Pulse Techniques for Hybrid Electronic Optical Computer Systems. AD-A246 774

\*MENDELEYEV, JERGME \* \* \*

Destabilization of Zn2+
Coordination in ADP-Ribose
Transferase (Polymerizing) by 6Nitroso-1,2-Benzopyrone
Coincidental with Inactivation of
the Polymerase but not the DNA
binding Function,

Inhibition of HIV-1 IIIb
Replication in AA-2 and MT-2 Cells in Culture by Two Ligands of Poly (ADP-Ribose) Polymerase: 6-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone and and 5-Iodo-6-

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-15 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone, AD-A246 977

\*MERTENS, JOHN D

A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCO yields NH2 + CO, AD-A247 086

\*MILLER, PAUL L. PPP

Mixing in High Schmidt Number Turbulent Jets. AD-A243 416

\*MITCHELL, J. B. P.

Hydrogenic Ion Recombination. AD-A246 886

\*MITCHELL, JODY

Comparison of Estimates of Effects of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organization, AD-A247 217

\*MONK, PETER®®

\* \* \*
The Inverse Scattering Problem for
Acoustic and Electromagnetic Waves
AD-A244 640

\*MOORE, JOHN W. &

Activity of Spinal Trigeminal Pars Oralis and Adjacent Reticular Formation Units during Differential Conditioning of the Rabbit Nictitating Membrane Response,

\*MOORE, ROBERT Y. CO

\* \* \* Organization of the Human Circadian System. AD-A247 498

\*MOREL, J. M

\* \* \* A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor MAD-MOR

Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation. AD-A247 169

\*MUELLER, MARK J. PP

Transport Processes in Beamed Energy Propulsion Systems. AD-A247 296

\*MUNGAL, M. G. PP

Large-Scale Structures and Molecular Mixing, AD-A248 810

\*MURDOCCA, MILESPEPP

A Compendium of Position Papers from the Workshop on Architectures for Free Space Digital Optical Computing Held in Vail, Colorado on 28-30 January 1991.

\*MUZZIO, F. J

Dynamics of a Lamellar System with Diffusion and Reaction: Scaling Analysis and Global Kinetics, AD-A246 970

Diffusion and Reaction in a Lamellar System: Self-Similarity with Finite Rates of Reaction, AD-A247 085

\*NAGIB, HASSAN M.PP

Effect of Plate Manipulators on Coherent Structures in a Turbulent Boundary Layer, AD-A246 973

\*NAGUIB, AHMED M

\* \* \*
Effect of Plate Manipulators on
Coherent Structures in a Turbulent
Boundary Layer,
AD-A246 973

\*NAKAYAMA, KEN® \* \* \* Psychophysical Studies of Visual Cortical Function. AD-A246 962

\*NEMAT-NASSER, S. D.

Fabric-Stress-Deformation Relations in Granular Materials. AD-A247 009

\*NEUMARK, DANIEL M

Spectroscopy of the Transition State Region in Chemical Reactions. AD-A244 174

\*NIEDERLEHNER, B. R

\* \* \*
Response of Laboratory Ecosystems
to Environmental Stress: Effect of
Phenol,
AD-A247 221

\*NIXON, D

\* \* \* A Study of Compressible Turbulence AD-A247 001

\*OH, SAW Y. PROP

\* \*

Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Regulator Modulation of Extracellular, Intracellular and Intracellular Communication,

\*OLIKER, VLADIMIRGGG

Development of the Theory and Algorithms for Synthesis of Reflector Antenna Systems. AD-A244 775

\*ONEIL, STEPHEN V

\* \* \*
Theoretical/Experimental
Investigations of the Structure and
Dynamics of Highly Energetic
Dication Species.

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-18 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

AD-A247 050

\*OSHER, S

A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation. AD-A247 169

\*OSMAN, M. A.®

Numerical Simulation of the Function of Scientific Instrumentation for Measuring the Speed of Electron Devices.

\*OTTINO, J. M. COCCO

Unity and Diversity in Mixing: Stretching, Diffusion, Breakup, and Aggregation in Chaotic Flows, AD-A246 798 Structural Stability in Two-Dimensional Model Flows: Lagrangian and Eulerian Turbulence, AD-A246 799

\*OTTINO, J. M. P.

Dynamics of a Lamellar System with Diffusion and Reaction: Scaling Analysis and Global Kinetics, AD-A246 970

Diffusion and Reaction in a Lamellar System: Self-Similarity with Finite Rates of Reaction.

DITING, JULIO M. C.

Lagrangian Turbulence: Structures and Mixing in Admissible Model Flows.

\* \* \*
Mixing, Chaotic Advection, and
Turbulence,
AD-A247 275

Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils. Modeling of Cloud/Radiation AD-A246 943

RICHARD A \*PAGE,

Study of High Temperature Failure Mechanism in Ceramics \* \* AD-A247 018

ے ∓ \*PARPIA. Physical and Technology for the Investigation of Properties of Ultra Small Systems AD-A246 772

AZARP \*PARVIZI-MAJIDI, Elevated Temperature Behavior of Glass and Ceramic Matrix Composites. AD-A244 035

s > \*PATANKAR,

Transfer: Airfoil Surfaces and End-Wall Cooling Effects. Studies of Gas Turbine Heat # # # AD-A244 055

\*PAUL, P. H

Imaging of Shock-Induced Ignition. AD-A246 769 Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence \* \* \*

PHILLIP H

Imaging and Characterization of OH Structures in a Turbulent \* \* \* Nonpremixed Flame AD-A246 981

\*PETERSON, JAMES R

Excited Negative Ions and Molecules and Negative Ion Production.

AD-A247 017

JOSEPH L.

\*PEZZANITI,

Analysis of Polarizing Optical Systems for Digital Optical Computing with Symmetric Self Electrooptic Devices. AD-A244 002

\*PLEMONS, THEODORE

\* \*

Inspired Gas Composition Influences Recovery from Experimental Venous Air Embolism. AD-A247 004

\*PLEWA, MICHAEL J. &

\* \* \*

Effects of Specific Monooxygenase Activation of 2-Aminofluorene by and Oxidase Inhibitors on the Plant Cells,

AD-A247 242

\*PLEWA, MICHAEL J.

The Mechanisms and Effects of the Plant Activation of Chemicals in \* \* the Environment.

AD-A247 110

\* \*

Activation of Promutagens by Plant The Biochemical Basis of the Cell Systems, AD-A247 347

\*POPE, S. 8.

Mapping Closures for Turbulent Mixing and Reaction, AD-A247 305 \* \*

\* \* \*PORTER, JOHN R.,

Axisymmetric Laminar Vortex Ring Molecular Mixing Process in an An Experimental Study of the AD-A247 087

\*PRADHAN, DHIRAJK

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-17 UNCLASSIFIED

Fault Tolerant Architectures for Multiprocessors and VLSI-Based Systems

AD-A244 034

\*PRAPNNACHARI,

Investigation of the Microstructural Mechanisms of Relaxation and Fracture Healing in AD-A244 463 Asphalt.

\*PRATT, J. R

\* \*

to Environmental Stress: Effect of Response of Laboratory Ecosystems AD-A247 221 Phenol

\* \* PRATT, JAMES R

of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organization, Comparison of Estimates of Effects AD-A247 217

Parameters as a Measure of Functional Response in Aquatic Use of Microbial Colonization Ecosystems, AD-A247 220

\* \* \*

\*PRIVETTE, THOMAS H

\* \*

Domotc Acid Enhances the K(+)-Evoked Release of Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptosomes,

AD-A246 887

\*PRZEKWAS, A. J. @@

Pressure-Based High-Order TVD methodology for Dynamic Stall AD-A247 058 Control

Œ \*RAFF, LIONEL

\* \* \* \* Theoretical Studies of Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Reactions in Silicon Systems.

\*RAMAPRAIN, B. R. PP

Study of the Leading-Edge Vortex Dynamics in the Unsteady Flow Over an Airfoil.

\*RAND, STEPHEN C. C.

Coherent Cooperative Radiation in Solids. AD-A244 056

\*RANGEL, R. H

The Linear and Nonlinear Shear Instability of a Fluid Sheet, AD-A247 092

\*RAULIN, J. P

Acceleration of Electrons Dutside Flares: Coronal Manifestation and Possible Origin,

\*RAY, S. D. P.

Inhibition of Cell Division in Hepatoma Cell Cultures by Chlordecone and Carbon Tetrachloride Combination, AD-A247 241

\*REDIKER, ROBERT H

Analog Processing of Optical Wavefront Using Integrated Guided-Wave Optics.

REGAN, D. PPPP

Sensory Sensitivities and Discriminations and their Roles in

Aviation. AD-A247 165 EO, NICHOLAS V. P.

Hepatic Metabolism of Perfluorinated Carboxylic Acids and Polychlorotrifluoroethylene: A nuclear Magnetic Resonance Investigation in Vivo.

\*RICCIARDI, THOMAS N \* \* \*

Activity of Spinal Trigeminal Pars Oralis and Adjacent Reticular Formation Units during Differential Conditioning of the Rabbit Nictitating Membrane Response,

\*RICHARDS, WILLIAM G

Activity of Spinal Trigeminal Pars Oralis and Adjacent Reticular Formation Units during Differential Conditioning of the Rabbit Nictitating Membrane Response,

\*RICHARDSON, R. C. PPPP

Physical and Technology for the Investigation of Properties of Ultra Small Systems.

AD-A246 772

\*RODMAN, L. C. PER

\* \* \* A Study of Compressible Turbulence. AD-A247 001

\*ROPER, ROBERT G. G.

\* \* \*
Measurements of Mesospheric Winds and Waves.
AD-A247 181

\*ROSEN, J. B

Global Minimum Solution of

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-18 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

Engineering Design Problems

\*ROSHKO, ANATOL

Transmission of Thin Light Beams Through Turbulent Mixing Layers, AD-A247 318

\* \*

\*ROSNER, DANIEL E.®

Transport Phenomena and Interfacial Kinetics in Multiphase Combustion extens

AD-A244 849

\*RUBIN, STANLEY G

Steady and Transient Analysis of Flows Exhibiting Strong Viscous/Inviscid Interaction (Composite RNS Procedures).

\*RUDIN, L

A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation. AD-A247 169

\*RUST, DAVID M. BGBGB \* \* \* Solar Vector Magnetic Field Research. AD-A244 403

\*SALTER-DUKE, BRIAN J. PEPPE

Fundamental Studies of Carbon, NH and Oxygen Rings and Other High Energy Density Molecular Systems. AD-A246 963

\*SAMUEL, ARTHUR G.P

\* \* \*
Signal- and Listener-Based Factors
in Complex Auditory Pattern
Perception.
AD-A243 716

RAM-SAM

\*SANKAR, S. G. PREFEE

\* \* \*
Low-Cost, High Torque-To-Weight
Ratio Permanent Magnet Motors,
Actuators and Sensors.

AD-B160 447L

\*SADUMA, VICTORegee \* \* \* Brittle Ductile Failure Mechanics of Mortar and Concrete. AD-A244 131

\*SARIKAYA, MEHMET

\* \* \*

Workshop on the Design and
Processing of Materials by
Biomimicking Held in Seattle,
Washington on 2-4 April 1991.
AD-A243 858

\*SCHAEFER, HENRY F., III

\* \* \*
Fundamental Studies of Carbon, NH,
and Oxygen Rings and Other High
Energy Density Molecular Systems.
AD-A246 863

\*SCHLEIFF, PATRICIA L

\* \* \*
Inspired Gas Composition Influences
Recovery from Experimental Venous
Air Embolism.
AD-A247 004

\*SCHNEIDER, ROBERT V. \*\*\*

An Integrated Geophysical and Geological Investigation of the Transition Zone between the Colorado Plateau, Rio Grande Rift and Basin and Range Provinces:

AD-A247 094

Numerical Treatment of Differential and Integral Equations by the P and H-P Versions of the Finite Element Method.

\*SCHWAB, CHRISTOPHERER

\*SEIFERT, A

AD-A247 202

\* \* \* \* On the Origin and Control of Large Coherent Structures in Turbulent Shear Flow.

\* \* \*
Imaging and Characterization of DH
Structures in a Turbulent
Nonpremixed Flame,
AD-A246 981

\*SEITZMAN, JERRY M

\*SENEKOWITSCH, JOERG

\*Theoretical/Exerimental
Investigations of the Structure and
Dynamics of Highly Energetic
Dication Species.
AD-A247 050

\*SHAW, ARNAB K.eeee

\* \* \*
New Algorithms for Broad-Band and
Narrowband Source Localization and
a Separable 2-D IIR Filter
Realization.
AD-A243 457

\*SHEN, X-A. \*\*\* \* \* \* High-Speed, High-Density, Coherent Time Domain Optical Memory. AD-A244 845

\*SHRAUGER, VERNON® \* \* \* Hybrid Optical Inference Machines. AD-A243 985 \*SIEGMAN, A. E. PROPO \* \* \* Laser Physics and Laser Techniques AD-A247 328

\*SIMON, T. W. PEP \* \* \* Studies of Gas Turbine Heat PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-19

UNCLASSIFIED

Transfer: Airfoil Surfaces and End-Wall Cooling Effects. AD-A244 055

\*SIRGNAND, W. A

\* \* \*
Fundamental Studies on Droplet
Interactions in Dense Sprays.
AD-A248 918

\* \* \* The Linear and Nonlinear Shear Instability of a Fluid Sheet, AD-A247 092

> .

\*SLAYTER,

\*SIRIGNAND, W. A. PORO

Evaluation of Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy in the Treatment of Spinal Cord Injury Using the Rabbit Spinal Stroke Model.

\* \* \* On the Dynamics of Near-Wall Turbulence, AD-A247 352

رن حد

\*SMITH,

\*SMITS, ALEXANDER J. DOGGO

Proceedings of the Princeton Workshop on New Approaches to Experimental Turbulence Research Held in Princeton, New Jersey on September 5 - 7, 1990 \* \* \* The Key Involvement of Poly(ADP-Ribosylation) in Defense Against Toxic Agents in Molecular Biology Studies. AD-A247 162

\*SMULSON, MARK E. CO

\* \* \* On the Dynamics of Near-Wall Turbulence,

\*SOBRUN, U.®

AD-A247 352

ROBERTOPER SOLOMON, A Numerical Study of Thunderstorm Electrification: Initial Electrification and Thunderstorm Climatology.

AD-A244 638

SONTAG, EDUARDO D

Analysis and Regulation of Nonlinear Systems. AD-A244 171

\*SOTERIOU, M. C.

Manipulation of the Growth Rate of a Variable Density, Spatially Developing Mixing Layer via External Modulation, \* \* AD-A246 924

SOUTHERLAND, KENNETH B

Direct, High Resolution, Four-Dimensional Measurements of the Fine Scale Structure of Sc>>1 Molecular Mixing in Turbulent \* \* \*

AD-A246 975 Flows,

SPANJERS, GREGORY G

Transient Internal Probe Diagnostic. AD-A247 306

EDWARD A \*SPIEGEL, Mathematical Modeling of Solar Magneto-Dynamics. AD-A247 158

SREENIVASAN,

Studies in Turbulence and Turbulence Control. AD-A247 184

Workshop on Developing Potentials for Atomistic Simulations Held in Ann Arbor, Michigan on 25-27 September 1991. \*SROLOVITZ, DAVID J. COCCO

\*STEINHARDT, ALLAN D. PROP

AD-A247 170

Hyperbolic Transforms in Array Processing. AD-A247 061

\* \*STILLE, J. K

Molecular Composites from High Temperature Polyquinolines. AD-A243 634

\*STONE, ERIC A. COCO

Measurement and Regulation of Central Noradrenergic **Neurotransmission** AD-A247 044

\*\* \*STRAHLE, WARREN C

Rayleigh, Rāman, LIF and LDV Data in Turbulent Reacting Flows. Fractal Image Compression of AD-A246 960

STURE, STEIN

Brittle Ductile Failure Mechanics of Mortar and Concrete. AD-A244 131

\*SURI, MANIL

\* \*

and Integral Equations by the P and H-P Versions of the Finite Element Numerical Treatment of Differential AD-A247 202

\*SUTHERLAND, KENNETH B

An Experimental Study of the

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-20 T85004 UNCLASSIFIED

Axisymmetric Laminar Vortex Ring, Molecular Mixing Process in an AD-A247 087

DI ANE M \*SZAFLARSKI, Theoretical/Experimental Investigations of the Structure and Dynamics of Highly Energetic Dication Species. 4D-A247 050

\*SZU, HAROLD®®®

Proceedings of the Organization of 1990 Meeting of International Neural Network Society Jointed with IEEE Held in Washington, DC on January 15 - 19, 1990. Volume 1. Theory Track Neural and cognitive Sciences Track. AD-A247 213

Neural Network Society Jointed with Proceedings of the Organization of 1990 Meeting of International IEEE Held in Washington, DC on January 15 - 19, 1990. Volume 2 Applications Track. \* \* \* AD-A247 214

\*TAKANO, Y. POPP

Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils. Modeling of Cloud/Radiation \* \* \*

AD-A246 943

\*TAULBEE, DALE B

Investigation or Unsteady Flow in an Annular Cascade. AD-A244 033

\*TERRIAN, DAVID M

Kinase C in Hippocampal Mc: sy Fiber Synaptic Transmission, A Presynaptic Role for Protein

SOL-TER

Domoic Acid Enhances the K(+)-Evoked Release of Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptosomes,

\*TERIAN, DAVID M. \*

Presynaptic Modulation of the Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synapse AD-A243 381

\*TESTA, RENE B

# # #

A Fundamental Understanding of the Interfacial Compatibility in Hybrid Material Systems.

\*THACKARA, J. T

\* \* \* Subpicosecond Electrooptic Sampling and Distributed Nonlinear Electronics.

AD-A243 845

\*THOMPSON, DONALD L

Theoretical Studies of Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Reactions in Silicon Systems.

AD-A244 384

\*THOMSON, EVEN M. PP

\* \* \*

Location and Characterization of In-Cloud Lightning Currents by Multiple Station VHF and Electric Field Measurements.

\*TIEN, JOHN K.

\*

A Fundamental Understanding of the Interfacial Compatibility in Hybrid Material Systems.

\*TILLEY, T. D. PREP

Early-Tr.nsition-Metal Silicon Compounds and Their Roles in the Synthesis of New Polymeric and Ceramic Materials.

\*TRAHIOTIS, CONSTANTINE

\* \* \* Monaural and Binaural Processing of Complex Waveforms. AD-A247 199

\*TRENARY, MICHAELPEPE

The Structure and Reactivity of Boron Surfaces. AD-A247 265

\*TROSKO, J. E

Mutagenicity and Effect on Gap -Junctional Intercellular Communication of 4,4'-Methylenebis(2-Chloroariline) and Its Oxidized Metabolites, Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenesis,

\* \* \* Stem Cell Theory of Carcinogenesis,

AD-A247 343

\* \* \* Cell-to-Cell Communication: Relationship of Stem Cells to the Carcinogenic Process, AD-A247 676

\*TROSKO, JAMES E

\* \*

Potential Role of the Human Ha-ras Oncogene in the Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication,

Chemical, Oncogene and Growth

\* \*

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-21 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

Regulator Modulation of Extracellular, Intracellular and Intracellular Communication, AD-A247 675

\*TROSKO, JAMES E. @@

Chemical Tumor Promoters, Oncogenes and Growth Factors: Modulators of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication,

AD-A248 788

Towards Understanding Carcinogenic Hazards: A Crisis in Paradigms, AD-A247 677

\* \*

\*TRYGGVASON, GETAR®®®

Lagrangian Model Simulations of Molecular Mixing, Including Finite Rate Chemical Reactions, in a Temporally Developing Shear Layer, AD-A246 767

\*TRYGGVASON, GRETAR

An Integral Method for Mixing, Chemical Reactions, and Extinction in Unsteady Strained Diffusion Lavers

AD-A247 079

\*TUCKETT, ROBERT P \* \* \*

A Biological Model of the Effects of Toxic Substances.
AD-A247 138

\*TYRRELL, DEBRA L.®

Air Force Office of Scientific Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, October-December 1991,

AD-A247 007

Air Force Office of Scientific Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, April-June

AD-A247 010

Air Force Office of Scientific Research - Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, July-August 1991,

\*UENGUET, AZIZ

\* \*

Imaging and Characterization of DH Structures in a Turbulent Nonpremixed Flame, AD-A248 981

\*UHLMANN, D. R

Molecular Composites from High Temperature Polyquinolines. AD-A243 834

\* \*

\*UHR, LEGNARD®®

\* \* \*
Behavior and Learning in Networks
with Differing Amounts of
Structure.
AD-A244 080

\*ULLMAN, JEFFREY D

Research into the Design and Implementation of Knowledge-Base System.

\*VAMVAKAS, S

Mutagenicity of Benzyl S-Haloalkyl and S-Haloalkenyl Sulfides in the Ames-Test, AD-A247 351

\*VAMVAKAS, SPYRIDON

Bioactivation of Nephrotoxic Haloalkenes by Glutathione Conjugation: Formation of Toxic and Mutagenic Intermediates by Cysteine Conjugate Beta-Lyase,

\* \* \*

Enzymatic Conjugation of Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene with Glutathione. Formation of 1-(Glutathion-S-yl)-1,2,3,4,4-pentachlorobuta-1,3-diene and 1,4-bis(glutathion-S-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobuta-1,3-diene,

\*VANCE, JOHN M. PREP

\* \*

AFRAPT Program at Texas A and M university Research for Advanced Aircraft Engine Structures. AD-A247 040

\*VAN KUIJK, FREDERIK J

Spectrophotometric quantitation of Rhodopsin in the Human Retina, AD-A248 788

\*VELTMAN, JAMES C

Cytotoxicity and Bioactivation
Mechanism of Benzyl 2-Chloro-1,1,2trifluoroethyl Sulfide and Benzyl
1,2,3,4,4-Pentachlorobuta-1,3dienyl Sulfide,
AD-A247 358

\*VERDEYEN, JOSEPH T. PROPER

\* \* \* Annual Gaseous Electronics Conference (43rd). AD-A247 041

\*VOGT, BRENT A. PORP

Receptor Subtype Alterations: Bases of Neuronal Plasticity and Learning.

\*VULLIET, PHILIP R

Biochemical Mechanisms Controlling Bioreactivity of Adrenal Chromaffin Cells.

\*WACKETT, LAWRENCE P. P. P.

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-22 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

The Mechanism of Trichloroethylene Oxidation by Toluene Dioxygenase: Implications for Bioremediation.

\*WADSWORTH, J. D.

High Temperature Interactions of Metallic Matrices with Ceramic Reinforcements.

AD-A244 028

R. H. 0000

\*WAESCHE,

Examination of Chemical Approaches to Stabilizing Composite Propellant Combustion.

\*WAGNER, ELIZABETH D

Effects of Specific Monooxygenase and Oxidase Inhibitors on the Activation of 2-Aminofluorene by Plant Cells,

\*WALKER, J. D

\* \* \* On the Dynamics of Near-Wall Turbulence, AD-A247 352

\*WALKER, J. D. POPPE

Evolution of Hairpin Vortices in Shear Flow, AD-A247 349

WANG, JUNGING

\*

Investigating Digital Optical Computing with Spatial Light Rebroadcasters.

\*WANG, MENG

Solid Rocket Combustion Phenomena AD-A248 008

\*WARE, CARDINAL \* \* \*

Hybrid Optical Inference Machines. AD-A243 985

WARK, CANDACE E

\* \* \*

Effect of Plate Manipulators on
Coherent Structures in a Turbulent
Boundary Layer,
AD-A246 973

\*WARNER, THOMAS T

\* \* \* Modeling and Observational Studies of Mesoscale Air-Mass Boundaries and Warm-Season Convective Precipitation.

\*WARREN, RICHARD M

AD-A24; 030

Mechanisms Mediating the Perception of Complex Acoustic Patterns. AD-A243 715

\*WARREN, STEPHEN T. PROPOR

Potential Role of the Human Ha-ras Oncogene in the Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication,

\*WAYS, D. K

A Presynaptic Role for Protein Kinase C in Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptic Transmission, AD-A246 795

\*WILLIAM, KASPAR J

Brittle Ductile Failure Mechanics of Mortar and Concrete.
AD-A244 131

\*WILLIAMSON, SAMUEL J.P.

Attention, Imagery and Memory: A neuromagnetic Investigation.

AD-A243 859

\*WILLSKY, ALAN S.®®

Analysis, Estimation and Control for Perturbed and Singular Systems and for Systems Subject to Discrete Events. AD-A243 959

\*WILLSON, R. F

\* \* \* Acceleration of Electrons Outside Flares: Coronal Manifestation and Possible Origin,

\*WISSLER, JOHN B

Transmission of Thin Light Beams Through Turbulent Mixing Layers, AD-A247 318

\*WITZMANN, FRANK A

The Molecular Anatomy of PFDA hepatotoxicity as Studied by Two-Dimensional Electrophoresis.

\*WOLPAW, JONATHAN R. PRESE

\* \* \*
Activity-Driven CNS. Changes in Learning and Development.
AD-A243 790

\*WRIGHT, BRADFORD L

Transient Internal Probe Diagnostic. AD-A247 308

\*WURDEN, GLEN A

Transfent Internal Probe Diagnostic. AD-A247 306

\*WURTMAN, RICHARD J

\* \* \* Strategies to Sustain and Enhance

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-23

UNCLASSIFIED

Performance in Stressful Environments.
AD-A247 197

\*WURTMAN, RICHARD J. POPP

Tyrosine, Tryptophan and Performance. AD-A246 954

\*WYGNA, 'SKI, I. P.

On the Origin and Control of Large Coherent Structures in Turbulent Shear Flow. AD-A243 727

XIX XIN

\* \*

Investigating Digital Optical Computing with Spatial Light Rebroadcasters.

\*YANG, H. Q

Pressure-Based High-Order TVD methodology for Fynamic Stall Control. AD-A247 056

ZAHN, JEAN-PAUL®

Mathematical Modeling of Solar Magneto-Dynamics. AD-A247 158

KZHAD, QING

Solid Rocket Combustion Phenomena AD-A248 008

\*ZIEHER, KLAUS W. ®®

\* \* \*
Investigation of a Plasma Edge
Cathode Under High Current Density
Electron Extraction.

ZUCKER, STEVEN W

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-24 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

UNCLASSIFIED

Curvature Estimation in Orientation Selection. AD-A247 862

# TITLE INDEX

Acceleration of Electrons Outside Flares: Coronal Manifestation and Possible Origin, AD-A246974

Accurate, Productive Aerodynamic Simulation on Patched Mesh Systems. AD-A243977 REPORT DATE: 18 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT AD-A243977 Activity of Spinal Trigeminal Pars Oralis and Adjacent Reticular Formation Units during Differential Conditioning of the Rabbit Nictitating Membrane Response.

AD-A246796 REPORT DATE: 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Activity-Driven CNS Changes in Learning and Development.
AD-A243780 FINAL REPORT DATE: 14 APR 91 FINAL REPORT

Adaptive and Nonlinear Control for Rapid Maneuvering of Flexible Structures. AD-A243991 REPORT DATE: 01 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Adaptive Control of Monlinear and Stochastic Systems AD-A247204 REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 92 FINAL

ANNUAL REPORT Advanced Diagnostics for Reacting Flows.
AD-A247059

FINAL REPORT Aerodynamic Interference Between Stores. AD-A247207 REPORT DATE: 30 JAN 92 AFRAPT Program at Texas A and M Seiversity Research for Advanced Aircraft Engine Structures. AD-A247040 REPORT DATE: 23 OCT 81 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Aggregation Natworks for Uncertainty Management AD-A244399 REPORT DATE: 25 NOV 91 Scientific Research - Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, July-August 1891, REPORT DATE: OCT 81 FINAL REPORT Air Force Office of AD-A247386

April-June 1991 Scientific Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, REPORT DATE: JUL 91 FINAL REPORT Air Force Office of AD-A247010 Scientific Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, October-December 1991, REPORT DATE: JAN 92 FINAL REPORT Air Force Office of AD-A247007

Analog Processing of Optical Wavefront Using Integrated Guided-Wave Optics. AD-A244421 REPORT

FINAL REPORT Analysis and Regulation of Nonlinear Systems AD-A244171 REPORT DATE: 31 JUL 91 Analysis of Polarizing Optical Systems for Digital Optical Computing with Symmetric Self Electrooptic Devices. AD-A244002 REPORT DATE: 04 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

TITLE INDEX

185004 UNCLASSIFIED

- ANA ACC

Mechanisms in Synaptic Transmitter Release. AD-A247 884

Biosynthesis and Biotransformation of Glutathione S-Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites, AD-A247 215

Brittle Ductile Failure Mechanics of Mortar and Concrete.
AD-A244 131

CAIP Neural Network Workshop Held in Piscataway, New Jersey in November 1990. AD-A247 571

Calibration Chamber Testing. AD-A247 596 Carboxylesterases of the Testes: Role in Activation of Toxicants. AD-A243 379 Cell-to-Cell Communication: Relationship of Stem Cells to the Carcinogenic Process, AD-A247 676

The Central Executive Component of Working Memory. AD-A244 916 Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenesis,

Chemical, Ducogene and Growth Regulator Modulation of Extracellular, Intracellular and Intracellular Communication, AD-A247 675 Chemical Tumor Promoters, Oncogenes and Growth Factors: Modulators of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication.

AD-A246 766

Cholinergic Receptor Substrates of Neuronal Plasticity and Learning. AD-A246 947

Coherent Cooperative Radiation in Solids. AD-A244 056 Coincident Pulse Techniques for Hybrid Electronic Optical Computer Systems. AD-A246 774

Compact, Self-Contained Arf Lasers. AD-A247 403

Comparison of Estimates of Effects of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organization, AD-A247 217 A Compendium of Position Papers from the Workshop on Architectures for Free Space Digital Optical Computing Held in Vail, Colorado on 28-30 January 1991.

Complex Auditory Signals AD-A244 167 Computational and Neural Network Models for the Analysis of Visual Texture. AD-A243 717 Conference on Combined Effects: Radiation, Microgravity, Trauma and Other Factors. AD-A247 799

Continuous Wave Laser Absorption Techniques for Gasdynamic Measurements in Supersonic Flows, AD-A247 077

Control and Stabilization of Distributed Parameter Systems in Structural Dynamics.

AD-A247 097

The Coordinated Noninvasive Studies (CNS) Project. Phase 1. AD-A247 159

Cortical Mechanisms of Attention,
Discrimination, and Motor Response
to Sommesthetic Stimuli.
AD-A247 228

Curvature Estimation in Orientation Selection.

AD-A247 862

Cytotoxicity and Bioactivation
Mechanism of Benzyl 2-Chloro-1,1,2trifluoroethyl Sulfide and Benzyl
1,2,3,4,4-Pentachlorobuta-1,3dienyl Sulfide,
AD-A247 358

Destabilization of Zn2+
Coordination in ADP-Ribose
Transferase (Polymerizing) by 6Nitroso-1,2-Benzopyrone
Coincidental with Inactivation of
the Polymerase but not the DNA
binding Function,

Development of Practical MO techniques for Prediction of the Properties and Behavior of Materials.

Development of Predictive Reservious Models of Soot Formation AD-A246 804

AD-A247 218

Development of Processible Electroactive Oligomers and Polymers. AD-A243 723 Development of the Aspect Graph Representation for Use in R version. AD-A247 109

> TITLE INDEX-2 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

Development of the Theory and Algorithms for Synthesis of Reflector Antenna Systems. AD-A244 775 Diagnostics for Research in Atomization and Turbulent Two-Phase Flows.

AD-A247 201

Diffusion and Reaction in a Lamellar System: Self-Similarity with Finite Rates of Reaction, AD-A247 085

Direct, High Resolution, Four-Dimensional Measurements of the Fine Scale Structure of Sc>>1 Molecular Mixing in Turbulent Flows,

AD-A248 975

Domoic Acid Enhances the K(+)-Evoked Release of Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptosomes, DURIP Instrumentation Support for High-Latitude Ionospheric Research and the Establishment of a Dual Radar/Dual Frequency Observational Capability at the Millstone Radar Facility.

Dynamics of a Lamellar System with Diffusion and Reaction: Scaling Analysis and Global Kinetics, AD-A246 970

Early-Transition-Metal Silicon Compounds and Their Roles in the Synthesis of New Polymeric and Ceramic Materials. Effect of Damkohler Number on the Reactive Zone Structure in a Shear laver.

AD-A247 348

Effect of Plate Manipulators on Coherent Structures in a Turbulent Boundary Layer, AD-A246 973 Effect of Velocity Ratio on Bluffbody Flow Dynamics: Steady and Transitional Regimes, AD-A247 072

The Effects of Hydrazines of Neuronal Excitability. AD-A247 142 The Effects of Hydrazines on Neuronal Excitability. AD-A247 103

Effects of Specific Monooxygenase and Oxidase Inhibitors on the Activation of 2-Aminofluorene by Plant Cells,

Effects of Sweep on the Physics of Unsteady Shock-Induced Turbulent Separated Flows. AD-A247 035

Electro-Optic Generation and Detection of Femtosecond Electromagnetic Pulses. AD-A244 276

Elevated Temperature Behavior of Glass and Ceramic Matrix Composites. AD-A244 035 Environmental Containment Property
Estimation Using QSARs in an Expert
System.
AD-A243 728

Enzymatic Conjugation of Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene with Glutathione. Formation of 1-(Glutathion-S-yi)-1,2,3,4,4-pentachlorobuta-1,3-diene and 1,4-bis(glutathion-S-yi)-

TITLE INDEX-3 UNCLASSIFIED T85004

1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobuta-1,3-diene, AD-A247 356 Evaluation of Hyperbaric Oxygen
Therapy in the Treatment of Spinal
Cord Injury Using the Rabbit Spinal
Stroke Model
AD-A244 028

Evidence for the Participation of Histidine Residues Located in the 56 kDa C-Terminal Polypeptide Domain of ADP-Ribosyl Transferase in its Catalytic Activity.

Evolution of Hairpin Vortices in a Shear Flow,

AD-A247 349

An Evolutionary Approach to Designing Neural Networks. AD-A247 003

Examination of Chemical Approaches to Stabilizing Composite Propellant Combustion. AD-A244 462

Excited Negative Ions and Molecules and Negative Ion Production. AD-A247 017

An Experimental Study of the Molecular Mixing Process in an Axisymmetric Laminar Vortex Rin AD-A247 087

Fabric-Stress-Deformation Relations in Granular Materials. AD-A247 009

Fault Tolerant Architectures for Multiprocessors and VLSI-Based Systems. AD-A244 034 Fractal Image Compression of Rayleigh, Raman, LIF and LDV Data in Turbulent Reacting Flows.
AD-A246 960

Fundamental Processes in Partially Ionized Plasmas. AD-A244 054

and Oxygen Rings and Other High Energy Density Molecular Systems AD-A246 963 Fundamental Studies of Carbon, NH

Interactions in Dense Sprays Fundamental Studies on Droplet AD-A246 918 A Fundamental Understanding of the Interfacial Compatibility in Hybrid Material Systems AD-A243 825

Global Minimum Solution of Engineering Design Problems AD-A247 496

Biosynthesis and Bioactivation of Glutathione-Dependent Toxicity: Cytotoxic S-Conjugates AD-A247 112

Perfluorinated Carboxylic Acids and Polychloretrifluoroethylene: A nuclear Magnetic Resonance Investigation in Vivo. AD-A247 289 Hepatic Metabolism of

High Order Mechanism of Color AD-A244 720 Vision

High-Power Microvave Breakdown of Dielectric Interfaces AD-A243 861

High Power Solid State Switches. AD-A243 980

Observations of the Sun

High-Resolution Microwave

AD-A247 869

High-Speed, High-Density, Coherent Time Domain Optical Memory AD-A244 845

Metallic Matrices with Ceramic High Temperature Interactions of Reinforcements. AD-A244 028 High Temperature Shock Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-Atoms with

AD-A247 078

Hybrid Optical Inference Machines AD-A243 985 Human Image Understanding AD-A247 048

Hydrogenic Ion Recombination AD-A246 886 Hyperbolic Transforms in Array Processing. AD-A247 061 Imaging and Characterization of OH Structures in a Turbulent Nonpremixed Flame AD-A246 981

Inhibition of Cell Division in Tetrachloride Combination Hepatoma Cell Cultures by Chlordecone and Carbon AD-A247 241

Replication in AA-2 and MT-2 Cells in Culture by Two Ligands of Poly (ADP-Ribose) Polymerase: 6-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone and and 5-Iodo-6-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone, Inhibition of HIV-1 IIIb

Synthesis by Halogenated Cysteine S-Inhibition of Rat Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein

Conjugates, AD-A247 357

Diphosphoribosyl Transferase to the DNA Primer Site of Reverse Inhibitory Binding of Adenosine Transcriptase Templates, AD-A247 281

Recovery from Experimental Venous Air Embolism. Inspired Gas Composition Influences

AD-A247 004

Chemical Reactions, and Extinction in Unsteady Strained Diffusion An Integral Method for Mixing, Lavers

AD-A247 079

Colorado Plateau, Río Grande Rift Geological Investigation of the Transition Zone between the and Basin and Range Provinces: An Integrated Geophysical and Arizona and New Mexico AD-A247 094

Intense Electron Beam Cyclotron Masers with Microsecond Pulselengths. AD-A247 060

Diphosphoribosyl Transferase (ADPRT) with a Cruciform DNA, The Interaction of Adenosine AD-A247 278

of Culture (Japanese/American) on Conference (1st) on the Influence International Interdisciplinary Technological Innovation AD-A243 782 Intracellular Physiology of the Rat Suprachiasmatic Nucleus: Electrical Properties, Neurotransmission, and Effects of Neuromodulators. AD-A247 313

The Inverse Scattering Problem for

**T85004** TITLE INDEX-4 UNCLASSIFIED T8:

Acoustic and Electromagnetic Waves. AD-A244 840

Investigating Digital Optical Computing with Spatial Light Rebroadcasters. AD-A244 486 Investigation of a Plasma Edge Cathode Under High Current Density Electron Extraction. AD-A244 290

Investigation of Burnett Equations for Two-Dimensional Hypersonic Flow. Investigation of Dynamic Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex. AD-A247 081 Investigation of Dynamic Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Corcex. AD-A247 880

Investigation of the Microstructural Mechanisms of Relaxation and Fracture Healing in Asphalt.

Investigation of Unsteady 1 74 i an Annular Cascade. AD-A244 033 Involvement of Lipid Metabolism in Chemical Transmission Processes at Mossy Fiber Synapses. AD-A247 198

The Key Involvement of Poly(ADP-Ribosylation) in Defense Against Toxic Agents in Molecular Biology Studies.

Kinetic Aspects of Lattice Mismatch in Molecular Beam Epitaxial Growth

on Planar and Patterned Substrates. AD-A244 291

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990 AD-A244 228 Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990. Appendix A. AD-A244 229

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990. Appendix B. AD-A244 230 Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990. Appendix C. AD-A244 231 Lagrangian Model Simulations of Molecular Mixing, Including Finite Rate Chemical Reactions, in a Temporally Developing Shear Layer, AD-A246 787

Lagrangian Simulation of the Early Stages of a Reacting Jet, AD-A248 971

Lagrangian Turbulence: Structures and Mixing in Admissible Model Flows.

Large-Scale Structures and Molecular Mixing, AD-A246 810

AD-A247 203

Laser Assisted CVD Growth of AiN and GaN.

AD-A244 484

Laser Cooling and Trapping of Atoms and Particles.
AD-A247 208

Laser Microchemical Processing Instrument.

T85004

UNCLASSIFIED

TITLE INDEX-5

AD-8160 598L

Laser Physics and Laser Techniques. AD-A247 326

The Linear and Nonlinear Shear Instability of a Fluid Sheet, AD-A247 092 Location and Characterization of In-Cloud Lightning Currents by Multiple Station VHF and Electric Field Measurements. Locus Coeruleus, Vigilance and Stress: Brain Mechanism of Adaptive Behavioral Responsiveness. AD-A247 080

Low-Cost, High Torque-To-Weight Ratio Permanent Magnet Motors, Actuators and Sensors. AD-8:60 447L Manipulation of the Growth Rate of a Variable Density, Spatially Developing Mixing Layer via External Modulation,

Mapping Closures for Turbulent Mixing and Reaction, AD-A247 305

Mathematical Modeling of Solar Magneto-Dynamics. AD-A247 158

Mathematical Tools for Image Reconstruction. AD-A243 838

Measurement and Regulation Central Noradrenergic Neurotransmission. AD-A247 044

4

Measurements of Mesospheric Winds and Waves.
AD-A247 181

The Mechanisms and Effects of the Plant Activation of Chemicals in the Environment.

AD-A247 110

Mechanisms Mediating the Perception of Complex Acoustic Patterns. AD-A243 715

Mechanistic Studies of Superplasticity of Structural Ceramics. AD-A246 951

Mixing, Chaotic Advection, and Turbulence, AD-A247 275

Mixing in High Schmidt Number Turbulent Jets. AD-A243 416 Modeling and Observational Studies of Mesoscale Air-Mass Boundaries and Warm-Season Convective Precipitation.

Modeling of Cloud/Radiation Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils. AD-A246 943 The Molecular Anatomy of PFDA hepatotoxicity as Studied by Two-Dimensional Electrophoresis. AD-A246 952

Molecular Composites from High Temperature Polyquinolines. Molecular Interactions and Properties with Many-Body Methods. AD-A247 052

Molecular Optics Nonlinear Optical Processes in Organic and Polymeric Crystals and Films. Part 1. AD-A244 898 Molecular Optics Nonlinear Optical Processes in Organic and Polymeric Crystals and Films. Part 2. AD-A244 899

Molecular Toxicology of Chromatin. AD-A247 307 Monaural and Binaural Processing of Complex Waveforms. AD-A247 199

Multidimersional Signal Coding in the Visual System. AD-A244 281 Multiparameter Radar and Aircraft Based Studies of the Microphysical, Kinematic and Electrical Structure of Convective Clouds. AD-A247 497

Mutagenicity and Effect on Gap Junctional Intercellular
Communication of 4,4'Methylenebis(2-Chioroaniline) and
Its Oxidized Metabolites,
AD-A248 787

Mutagenicity of Benzyl S-Haloalkyl and S-Haloalkenyl Sulfides in the Ames-Test, AD-A247 351

Neuropsychological Components of Object Identification. AD-A247 049 New Algorithms for Broad-Band and Narrowband Source Localization and a Separable 2-D IIR Filter Realization.
AD-A243 457

New Methodology for Fluorocarbon Synthesis.

**T85004** 

TITLE INDEX-6 UNCLASSIFIED T8

AD-A247 183

Nonequilibrium Behavior of Carriers in Semiconductors Subjected to Strong Space-Time Varying Fields. AD-A246 961

Nonlinear Mechanics and Applied Analysis. AD-A243 978 Nonlinear Normal and Axial Force Indicial Responses for a Two Dimensional Airfoil. AD-A247 196 Norms and the Perception of Events. AD-A247 032 Numerical Modeling and Parameterization of Gravity Wave Processes and Effects in the Atmosphere. Numerical Simulation of the Function of Scientific Instrumentation for Measuring the Speed of Electron Devices. AD-A247 006

A Numerical Study of Thunderstorm Electrification: Initial Electrification and Thunderstorm Climatology.

Numerical Treatment of Differential and Integral Equations by the P and H-P Versions of the Finite Element Method.

On the Dynamics of Near-Wall Turbulence, AD-A247 352 On the Origin and Control of Large Coherent Structures in Turbulent Shear Flow. THE -ON

Organization of the Human Circadian System. AD-A247 498

Parallel Methods and Systems for Solving Partial Differential Equations. AD-A243 822

Perception and the Temporal Properties of Speech. AD-A243 979 Physical and Technology for the Investigation of Properties of Ultra Small Systems. AD-A246 772 Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence Imaging of Shock-Induced Ignition. AD-A246 769

Polyhedral Methods for the Max-Cut Problem. AD-A244 641

Post-Doctoral Research Award. AD-A243 549 Potential Role of the Human Ha-ras Oncogene in the Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication, Prediction of Global Cloud Cover with a Very High Resolution Global Spectral Model. AD-A244 083

Pressure-Based High-Order TVD methodology for Dynamic Stall Control. AD-A247 056

Presynaptic Modulation of the Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synapse. AD-A243 381

A Presynaptic Role for Protein Kinase C in Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptic Transmission,

Probing Cosmic Infrared Sources: A Computer Modeling Approach.
AD-A247 038

Proceedings of the Organization of 1990 Meeting of International Neural Network Society Jointed with IEEE Held in Washington, DC on January 15 - 19, 1990. Volume 1. Theory Track Neural and cognitive Sciences Track.

Proceedings of the Organization of 1990 Meeting of International Neural Network Society Jointed With IEEE Held in Washington, DC on January 15 - 19, 1990. Volume 2. Applications Track.

Proceedings of the Princeton Workshop on New Approaches to Experimental Turbulence Research Held in Princeton, New Jersey on September 5 - 7, 1990. Proposal for a Workshop in the Physics and Application of Hollow Electrode Glow Switches. AD-A247 139

Psychophysical Analyses of Perceptual Representations. AD-A246 945

Psychophysical Studies of Visual Cortical Function. AD-A246 962 Rapid Tuning CW Laser Technique for

TITLE INDEX-7

UNCLASSIFIED

Measurements of Gas Velocity, Temperature, Pressure, Density and Mass Flux Usng NO, AD-A246 931

Reaction Mechanisms and Kinetics Controlling Microstructural Development in Cement-Based Systems.

Systems. AD-A244 639 Real-Time Adaptive Control of Mixing in a Piane Shear Layer AD-A246 948 A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation. AD-A247 169 Receptor Subtype Alterations: Bases of Neuronal Plasticity and Learning. AD-A244 408

Relaxation Dynamics of Highly Excited Halogens in Their Electronic Ground States. AD-A247 312

Remote Sensing of Inner Heliospheric Plasmas. AD-A244 408 Research in Stochastic Processes AD-A244 801 Research in Toxicology Presented by and for Minorities.
AD-A244 188

Research into the Design and Implementation of Knowledge-Base System.

Research Studies on Extreme Ultraviolet and Soft X-Ray Lasers. AD-A247 309

Response Devices and Cognitive

Response of Laboratory Ecosystems to Environmental Stress: Effect of Phenol, AD-A247 221

Role of Protein Phosphorylation in the Regulation of Neuronal Sensitivity. AD-A246 950

A Seismic and Intergrated Geophysical Study of the Lithosphere of the Colorado Plateau. AD-A247 091 Sensory Sensitivities and Discriminations and their Roles in Aviation.

Shift Operator Matrix (SDM) Method and Its Application to Chemical/Physical System. AD-A244 166 Shock Tube Measurements of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3 yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS and Excimer Photolysis of NO, AD-A246 979

Shock Tube Measurements of the Reactions of CN with 0 and 02, AD-A246 930

A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCO yields NH2 + CD, AD-A247 086

A Shock Tube Study of Reactions of C Atoms and CH with ND Including Product Channel Measurements, AD-A246 978

Signal - and Listener-Based Factors in Complex Auditory Pattern Perception.

AD-A243 716

Sol-Gel Processed Multifunctional Organic Polymer-Inorganic Oxide Composites for Electronics and Photonics.

AD-A246 773

Solar Activity Cycle. AD-A247 212 Solar Vector Magnetic Field Research. AD-A244 403 Solid Rocket Combustion Phenomena AD-A248 008

Sources and Causes of Upper Atmospheric Disturbances. AD-A243 824 Space Constancy on Video Display Terminals. AD-A247 290 Spatio-Temporal Masking: Hyperacuity and Local Adaptation. AD-A246 953

Spectrophotometric Quantitation of Rhodopsin in the Human Retina, AD-A248 788 Spectroscopy of the Transition State Region in Chemical Reactions. AD-A244 174

State-Resolved Dynamics of Ion-Molecule Collisions in a Flowing Afterglow.
AD-A247 288
State-Specific Energy Transfer in

State-Specific Energy Transfer in Diatomic Radicals. AD-A243 628

Steady and Transient Analysis of Flows Exhibiting Strong Viscous/Inviscid Interaction (Composite RNS Procedures).

TITLE INDEX-8

UNCLASSIFIED

AD-A247 171

Stem Cell Theory of Carcinogenesis AD-A247 343

Stimulated Scattering and Phase Conjugation in Photorefractive Materials.

AD-A246 903

Strategies to Sustain and Enhance Performance in Stressful Environments. Stress-Induced Enhancement of the Startle Reflex. AD-A247 096

Structural Stability in Two-Dimensional Model Flows: Lagrangian and Eulerian Turbulence, AD-A248 799

The Structure and Reactivity of Boron Surfaces.
AD-A247 265

Studies in Global, Bifurcation and Symmetry. AD-A243 862

Studies in Turbulence and Turbulence Control. A AD-A247 164

Studies of Gas Turbine Heat Transfer: Airfoil Surfaces and End-Wall Cooling Effects. AD-A244 055

A Study of Compressible Turbulence AD-A247 001

Study of High Temperature Failure Mechanism in Ceramics. AD-A247 018 Study of Quantum Mechanical Effects in Deep Submicron Grating-Gate Field Effect Transistors.

RES-STU

#### AD-A244 642

Study of SCN Neurochemistry Using in Vivo Microdialysis in the Conscious Brain: Correlation with Overt Circadian Rhythms. AD-A247 172 Study of the Leading-Edge Vortex Dynamics in the Unsteady Flow Over an Airfoil. AD-A247 532

Study of Turbulence by Photon Correlation Spectroscopy. AD-A243 728 Subpicosecond Electrooptic Sampling and Distributed Nonlinear Electronics.
AD-A243 845

Theoretical/Experimental
Investigations of the Structure and
Dynamics of Highly Energetic
Dication Species.
AD-A247 050

Theoretical Studies of Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Reactions in Silicon Systems.

Theoretical Studies of the Electronic and Resonance Structure of Atomic and Molecular Negative Ions.

Theoretical Studies of the Electronic Structure of Metal/Semiconductor/Hydrogen Systems.

Theory and Application of Random Fields. AD-A246 958

Theory of Superconductivity in Oxides.

### AD-A244 728

Towards Understanding Carcinogenic Hazards: A Crisis in Paradigms, AD-A247 677

Transient Internal Probe Diagnostic. AD-A247 306 Transmission of Thin Light Beams Through Turbulent Mixing Layers, AD-A247 318 Transport Phenomena and Interfacial Kinetics in Multiphase Combustion Systems.
AD-A244 849

Transport Processes in Beamed Energy Propulsion Systems. AD-A247 296 Turbulent Free Shear Layer Mixing and Combustion, AD-A243 410

Tyrosine, Tryptophan and Performance. AD-A246 954 United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Management Report. AD-A246 274 United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Technical Report. Volume 1. AD-A244 024

United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990 Program Technical Report. Volume : AD-A244 023 United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Technical Report. Volume 3 AD-A244 022

United States Air Force High School
Apprenticeship Program. 1990
Program Management Report. Volume

AD-A244 149

United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume 2.

AD-A244 150

United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume 3.

AD-A244 151

United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume 4.

AD-A244 152

United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program for 1990. Program Management Report. AD-A245 429 United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program. Program Technical Report. 1990. Volume 1. AD-A244 517 United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program. Program Technical Report. 1990. Volume 3. AD-A244 519 Unity and Diversity in Mixing: Stretching, Diffusion, Breakup, and Aggregation in Chaotic Flows, AD-A248 798

Use of Microbial Colonization
Parameters as a Measure of
Functional Response in Aquatic
Ecosystems,

AD-A247 220

Vacuum Ultraviolet Studies of

Molecular Dynamics. AD-A248 964

UNCLASSIFIED

Visual Processing in Texture Segregation.

Visual Processing of Object Velocity and Acceleration. AD-A244 658 VLA Observations of the Coronal Plasma. AD-A247 190

Vortex Simulation of turbulent Combustion. AD-A247 999

VUV and UV Sources and Spectroscopic Applications. AD-A247 293 Wind Profiler Investigations of Low-Frequency Gravity-Inertia Waves Around the Jet Stream. AD-A244 383 Workshop on Developing Potentials for Atomistic Simulations Held in Ann Arbor, Michigan on 25-27 September 1991. AD-A247 170

Workshop on the Design and Processing of Materials by Biomimicking Held in Seattle, Washington on 2-4 April 1991.

X-Ray Absorption Studies of High Transition Temperature Superconductors. AD-A244 413

# UNCLASSIFIED

#### TITLE INDEX

Acceleration of Electrons Outside Flares: Coronal Manifestation and Possible Origin, AD-A246974 REPORT DATE: 91 FINAL REPORT

Accurate, Productive Aerodynamic Simulation on Patched Mesh Systems. AD-A243877 REPORT DATE: 18 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Activity of Spinal Trigeminal Pars Oralis and Adjacent Reticular Formation Units during Differential Conditioning of the Rabbit Nictitating Membrane Response, AD-A246796 REPORT DATE: 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Activity-Driven CNS Changes in Learning and Development.
AD-A243790 REPORT DATE: 14 APR 91 FINAL REPORT

Adaptive and Nonlinear Control for Rapid Maneuvering of Flexible Structures. AD-A243991 REPORT DATE: 01 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Adaptive Control of Nonlinear and Stochastic Systems. AD-A247204 REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT Advanced Diagnostics for Reacting Flows. AD-A247059 REPORT DATE: 20 NOV 91

Aerodynamic Interference Between Stores. AD-A247207 REPORT DATE: 30 JAN 92

AFRAPT Program at Texas A and M University Research for Advanced Aircraft Engine Structures. AD-A247040

FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Aggregation Networks for Uncertainty Management AD-A244399 REPORT DATE: 25 NOV 91 Air Force Office of Scientific Research - Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, July-August 1991, AD-A247386 REPORT DATE: OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Air Force Office of Scientific Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, April-June 1991 AD-A247010 REPORT DATE: JUL 91 FINAL REPORT

Scientific Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, October-December 1991, REPORT DATE: JAN 92 FINAL REPORT Air Force Office of AD-A247007

Analog Processing of Optical Wavefront Using Integrated Guided-Wave Optics AD-A24421 REPORT DATE: 09 OCT 91 ANNUAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Analysis and Regulation of Nonlinear Systems. AD-A244171 REPORT DATE: 31 JUL 91 Analysis of Polarizing Optical Systems for Digital Optical Computing with Symmetric Self Electrooptic Devices AD-A244002 REPORT DATE: 04 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

TITLE INDEX

**T85004** UNCLASSIFIED

ACC - ANA

# UNCLASSIFIED

Analysis, Estimation and Control for Perturbed and Singular Systems and for Systems Subject to Discrete Events. AD-A243959 REPORT DATE: 18 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Annual Gaseous Electronics Conference (43rd). AD-A247041 REPORT DATE: 23 APR 91

Amnual Report for 1990: Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program. AD-A243935 REPORT DATE: 30 APR 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Applications of Adaptive Finite Element Methods to Problems in Estimation and Control for Partial Differential Equations. AD-A244052 REPORT DATE: 14 JUL 91 FINAL REPORT

Applications of Approximation Theory in Antenna Design, Signal Processing and Filtering AD-A244725

Architecture Studies and System Demonstrations of Optical Parallel Processor for AI and NI AD-A244170 REPORT DATE: SEP 91 FINAL REPORT

Attention, Imagery and Memory: A Neuromagnetic Investigation. AD-A243859 REPORT DATE: 14 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Auditory Localization in Teleoperator and Virtual Environment Systems: Ideas, Issues, and Problems, AD-A246800 REPORT DATE: 91 AMNUAL REPORT

Behavior and Learning in Networks with Differing Amounts of Structure. AD-A244080 REPORT DATE: 09 SEP 91 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Binaural Masking: An Analysis of Models. AD-A244392 REPORT DATE: 21 NOV 91 Bioactivation of Nephrotoxic Haloalkenes by Glutathione Conjugation: Formation of Toxic and Mutagenic Intermediates by Cysteine Conjugate Beta-Lyase,

AD-A246801 REPORT DATE: 89 ANNUAL REPORT

The Biochemical Basis of the Activation of Promutagens by Plant Cell Systems AD-A247347 REPORT DATE: 91 FINAL REPORT

Biochemical Mechanisms Controlling Bioreactivity of Adrenal Chromaffin Cells. AD-A247160 REPORT DATE: 31 DEC 90 FINAL REPORT

A Biological Model of the Effects of Toxic Substances. AD-A247138 REPORT DATE: 29 NOV 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Biophysical and Biochemica' Mechanisms in Synaptic Transmitter Release AD-A247684 REPORT NATE: 31 JAN 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Biosynthesis and Biotransformation of Glutathione S-Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites. AD-A247215

AD-A247215

TITLE INDEX

ANA - BIO

Brittle Ductile Failure Mechanics of Mortar and Concrete.
AD-A244131 FINAL REPORT DATE: 30 SEP 91 FINAL REPORT

CAIP Neural Network Workshop Held in Piscataway, New Jersey in November 1990. AD-A247571 REPORT DATE: 30 APR 91 FINAL REPORT

of the Testes: Role in Activation of Toxicants.

REPORT DATE: 30 NOV 90 ANNUAL REPORT FINAL REPORT Calibration Chamber Testing. AD-A247598 REPORT DATE: 30 JAN 92 Carboxy lesterases

AD-A243379

Cell-to-Cell Communication: Relationship of Stem Cells to the Carcinogenic Projess, AD-A247876 The Central Executive Component of Working Memory.

AD-A244916 ANNUAL REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 91 ANNUAL REPORT Chemical Tumor Promoters, Oncogenes and Growth Factors: Modulators of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication, AD-A246786

Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenesis, FINAL REPORT 8 REPORT DATE: AD-A248972

Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Regulator Modulation of Extracellular, Intracellular and Intracellular Communication. AD-4247675 REPORT DATE: 89 ANNUAL REPORT

Cholinergic Receptor Substrates of Neuronal Plasticity and Learning. AD-A246947 REPORT DATE: 29 JAN 92 ANNUAL REPORT

Coherent Cooperative Radiation in Solids. AD-A244056

Coincident Pulse Techniques for Hybrid Electronic Optical Computer Systems. AD-A248774 REPORT DATE: 31 AUG 91 ANNUAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Compact, Self-Contained ArF Lasers. AD-A247403 REPORT DATE: 20 JAN 92 Comparison of Estimates of Effects of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organization, AD-A247217 REPORT DATE: 89 FINAL REPORT

A Compendium of Position Papers from the Workshop on Architectures for Free Space Digital Optical Computing Held in Vail, Colorado on 28-30 January 1991.

AD-A243855 REPORT DATE: 24 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

Complex Auditory Signals.
AD-A244167 REPORT DATE: 01 OCT 81

FINAL REPORT

TITLE INDEX

BRI - COM

Computational and Neural Network Models for the Analysis of Visual Texture AD-A243717 REPORT DATE: 04 NOV 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Conference on Combined Effects: Radiation, Microgravity, Trauma and Other Factors AD-A247799 REPORT DATE: 31 MAY 92 FINAL REPORT

Continuous Wave Laser Absorption Techniques for Gasdynamic Measurements in Supersonic Flows. AD-A247077

Control and Stabilization of Distributed Parameter Systems in Structural Dynamics AD-A247097 REPORT DATE: 30 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

The Coordinated Noninvasive Studies (CNS) Project. Phase 1. AD-A247159 FINAL REPORT DATE: DEC 91 FINAL REPORT

Cortical Mechanisms of Attention, Discrimination, and Motor Response to Somaesthetic Stimuli. AD-A247228 REPORT DATE: 01 DEC 91 ANNUAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Curvature Estimation in Orientation Selection AD-A247862 REPORT DATE: 31 JAN 92 Cytotoxicity and Bioactivation Mechanism of Benzyl 2-Chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethyl Sulfide and Benzyl 1,2,3,4,4-Pentachlorobuta-1,3-dienyl Sulfide, AD-A247358 REPORT DATE: 88 FINAL REPORT

Destabilization of Zn2+ Coordination in ADP-Ribose Transferase (Polymerizing) by G-Nitroso-1,2-Benzopyrone Coincidental with Inactivation of the Polymerase but not the DNA Binding Function, AD-A246946 REPORT DATE: SEP 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Development of Practical MO Techniques for Prediction of the Properties and Behavior of Materials AD-A247218 REPORT DATE: 04 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT

Development of Predictive Reaction Models of Soot Formation. AD-A246804 REPORT DATE: 31 DEC 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Development of Processible Electroactive Oligomers and Polymers AD-A243723 REPORT DATE: OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Aspect Graph Representation for Use in R Version REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT Development of the AD-A247109 Development of the Theory and Algorithms for Synthesis of Reflector Antenna Systems. AD-A244775 REPORT DATE: 28 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

Diagnostics for Research in Atomization and Turbulent Two-Phase Flows AD-A247201

Diffusion and Reaction in a Lamellar System: Self-Similarity with Finite Rates of Reaction, AD-A247085

COM - DIF

### TITLE INDEX

Direct, High Resolution, Four-Dimensional Measurements of the Fine Scale Structure of Sc>>1 Molecular Mixing in Turbulent Flows.

FINAL REPORT MAY 91 REPORT DATE: AD-A246975

Domoic Acid Enhances the K(+)-Evoked Release of Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptosomes AD-A246887 REPORT DATE: 91 FINAL REPORT

a Dual Radar/Dual Frequency ð DURIP Instrumentation Support for High-Latitude Ionospheric Research and the Establishment Observational Capability at the Millstone Radar Facility.

AD-A244169 REPORT DATE: 28 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Dynamics of a Lamellar System with Diffusion and Reaction: Scaling Analysis and Global Kinetics AD-A246870 REPORT DATE: 15 DEC 89 FINAL REPORT

Early-Transition-Wetal Silicon Compounds and Their Roles in the Synthesis of New Polymeric and Ceramic Materials. AD-A243839 REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Number on the Reactive Zone Structure in a Shear Layer REPORT DATE: 91 FINAL REPORT Effect of Damkohler AD-A247348

Effect of Plate Manipulators on Coherent Structures in a Turbulent Boundary Layer AD-A246973 REPORT DATE: NOV 90 FINAL REPORT

Ratio on Bluffbody'Flow Dynamics: Steady and Transitional Regimes REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 91 ANNUAL REPORT Effect of Velocity AD-A247072

The Effects of Hydrazines of Neuronal Excitability.

BEDART HATE: 10 JAN 92 ANNUAL REPORT

The Effects of Hydrazines on Neuronal Excitability AD-A247103 REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 92 ANN

Effects of Specific Monooxygenase and Oxidase Inhibitors on the Activation of 2-Aminofluorene by Plant Cells AD-A247242 REPORT DATE: 89 FINAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT

Effects of Sweep on the Physics of Unsteady Shock-Induced Turbulent Separated Flows AD-A247035 REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

Electro-Optic Generation and Detection of Femtosecond Electromagnetic Pulses AD-A244276

Elevated Temperature Behavior of Glass and Ceramic Matrix Composites AD-A244035

Environmental Containment Property Estimation Using QSARs in an Expert System AD-A243728 REPORT DATE: 15 OCT 91 AD-A243728 Enzymatic Conjugation of Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene With Glutathione. Formation of 1-(Glutathion-S-yl)-1,2,3,4, 4-pentachlorobuta-1,3-diene and 1,4-bis(glutathion-S-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobuta-1,3-diene. AD-A247358 REPORT DATE: 88 FINAL REPORT

ĸ TITLE INDEX **T85004** UNCLASSIFIED

- ENZ OIR

### TITLE INDEX

Evaluation of Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy in the Treatment of Spinal Cord Injury Using the Rabbit Spinal Stroke Model. AD-A244028 REPORT DATE: 30 NOV 90 FINAL REPORT

Evidence for the Participation of Histidine Residues Located in the 56 kDa C-Terminal Polypeptide Domain of ADP-Ribosyl Transferase in its Catalytic Activity.

AD-A243714 REPORT DATE: OCT 90 ANNUAL REPORT

Evolution of Hairpin Vortices in a Shear Flow, AD-A247349 REPORT DATE: 91 FINAL REPORT An Evolutionary Approach to Designing Neural Networks. Ab-A247003 REPORT DATE: OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Examination of Chemical Approaches to Stabilizing Composite Propellant Combustion. AD-A244462 REPORT DATE: 15 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT AD-A244462

Excited Negative Ions and Molecules and Negative Ion Production.
AD-A247017 REPORT DATE: JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

An Experimental Study of the Molecular Mixing Process in an Axisymmetric Laminar Vortex Ring, AD-A247087 REPORT DATE: MAY 91 FINAL REPORT

Fabric-Stress-Deformation Relations in Granular Materials.
AD-A247009 REPORT DATE: 01 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT

Fault Tolerant Architectures for Multiprocessors and VLSI-Based Systems AD-A244034 REPORT DATE: 29 SEP 91 FINAL REPORT

LIF and LDV Data in Turbulent Reacting Flows. FINAL REPORT Fractal Image Compression of Rayleigh, Raman, AD-A246960 REPORT DATE: NOV 91

Frequency Domain Design of Robust Controllers. AD-A247161 REPORT DATE: 31 MAR 91 FINAL REPORT

Fundamental Processes in Partially Ionized Plasmas. AD-A244054 REPORT DATE: OCT 91 ANNUAL REPORT Fundamental Studies of Carbon, NH, and Oxygen Rings and Other High Energy Density Molecular Systems. AD-A246963 REPORT DATE: 30 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT

Fundamental Studies on Droplet Interactions in Dense Sprays. AD-A246918 REPORT DATE: 02 DEC 91 ANNUAL REPORT Compatibility in Hybrid Material Systems. FINAL REPORT A Fundamental Understanding of the Interfacial AD-A243825 REPORT DATE: OCT 91

Global Minimum Solution of Engineering Design Problems. AD-A247496 REPORT DATE: 31 AUG 91 FINAL REPORT Glutathione-Dependent Toxicity: Biosynthesis and Bioactivation of Cytotoxic S-Conjugates, AD-A247112

AD-A247112

Mepatic Metabolism of Perfluorinated Carboxylic Acids and Polychlorotrifluoroethylene: A Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Investigation in Vivo.

ANNUAL REPORT REPORT DATE: 24 JAN 92 AD-A247289

FINAL REPORT High Order Mechanism of Color Vision. AD-A244720 REPORT DATE: 15 NOV 91 High Power Solid State Switches. AD-A243980 REPORT DATE:

REPORT DATE: 07 NOV 91

High Temperature Interactions of Metallic Matrices with Ceramic Reinforcements. AD-A244026 REPORT DATE: 31 AUG 91 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT

High Temperature Shock Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-Atoms with N2 AD-A247076 REPORT DATE: 90 ANNUAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT High-Power Microwave Breakdown of Dielectric Interfaces. AD-A243861 FINAL REP

High-Resolution Microwave Observations of the Sun. AD-A247889 FINAL REPORT DATE: 28 FEB 92 FINAL REPORT

High-Speed, High-Density, Coherent Time Domain Optical Memory AD-A244845 REPORT DATE: NOV 91 ANNUAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT Human Image Understanding. AD-A247048 REPORT DATE: 18 DEC 91

FINAL REPORT Hybrid Optical Inference Machines. AD-A243985 REPORT DATE: 27 SEP 91

FINAL REPORT Hydrogenic Ion Recombination. AD-A246886 REPORT DATE: 31 DEC 91

FINAL REPORT Hyperbolic Transforms in Array Processing. AD-A247061 Imaging and Characterization of OH Structures in a Turbulent Nonpremixed Flame, AD-A246981 REPORT DATE: 90 FINAL REPORT

Inhibition of Cell Division in Hepatoma Cell Cultures by Chlordecone and Carbon Tetrachloride Combination, AD-A247241 REPORT DATE: 90 FINAL REPORT

Inhibition of HIV-1 IIIb Replication in AA-2 and MT-2 Cells in Culture by Two Ligands of Poly (ADP-Ribose) Polymerase: 6-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone and and 5-Iodo-6-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone, AD-A246977 REPORT DATE: 91 FINAL REPORT

TITLE INDEX

TNI - DUS

UNCLASSIFIED

T85004

- Inhibition of Rat Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Synthesis by Halogenated Cysteine S-Conjugates AD-A247357 REPORT DATE: 89 FINAL REPORT
- Inhibitory Binding of Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase to the DNA Primer Site of Reverse Transcriptase Templates. AD-A247281 REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 91 ANNUAL REPORT
- Inspired Gas Composition Influences Recovery from Experimental Venous Air Embolism AD-A247004 REPORT DATE: 30 JUN 91 ANNUAL REPORT
- An Integral Method for Mixing, Chemical Reactions, and Extinction in Unsteady Strained Diffusion Layers, AD-A247079 REPORT DATE: 91 ANNUAL REPORT
- An Integrated Geophysical and Geological Investigation of the Transition Zone between the Colorado Plateau, Rio Grande Rift and Basin and Range Provinces: Arizona and New Mexico.

  AD-A247094 REPORT DATE: DEC 90 ANNUAL REPORT
- Intense Electron Beam Cyclotron Masers with Microsecond Pulselengths AD-A247060 REPORT DATE: 20 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT
- Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase (ADPRT) with a Cruciform DNA REPORT DATE: The Interaction of
- International Interdisciplinary Conference (1st) on the Influence of Culture (Japanese/American) on Technological Innovation. AD-A243782

FINAL REPORT

REPORT DATE: 01 NOV 91

Intracellular Physiology of the Rat Suprachiasmatic Nucleus: Electrical Properties, Neurotransmission, and Effects ANNUAL REPORT REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 92 Neuromodulators AD-A247313

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  - Investigating Digital Optical Computing with Spatial Light Rebroadcasters AD-A244466
- Investigation of a Plasma Edge Cathode Under High Current Density Electron Extraction. AD-A244290 REPORT DATE: 05 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT
- Burnett Equations for Two-Dimensional Hypersonic flow REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT Investigation of AD-A244395
- Dynamic Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex REPORT DATE: 31 AUG 90 ANNUAL REPORT Investigation of AD-A247081
- Dynamic Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex REPORT DATE: 02 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT Investigation of AD-A247860
- of Relaxation and Fracture Healing in Asphalt. Investigation of the Microstructural Mechanisms AD-A244463 REPORT DATE: 30 OCT 81

TITLE INDEX

FINAL REPORT Investigation of Unsteady Flow in an Annular Cascade.
AD-A244033 REPORT DATE: 01 DCT 91 FINAL Involvement of Lipid Metabolism in Chemical Transmission Processes at Mossy Fiber Synapses AD-A247198

The Key Involvement of Poly(ADP-Ribosylation) in Defense Against Toxic Agents in Molecular Biology Studies. AD-A247162 REPORT DATE: 17 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT

Kinetic Aspects of Lattice Mismatch in Molecular Beam Epitaxial Growth on Planar and Patterned Substrates AD-A244291 REPORT DATE: 20 JUN 91 ANNUAL REPORT

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Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990. Appendix A. AD-A244229 REPORT DATE: 30 APR 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Report for 1990. Appendix B ANNUAL REPORT Fellowship Program Annual REPORT DATE: 30 APR 91 Laboratory Graduate AD-A244230

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FINAL REPORT REPORT DATE: 10 OCT 91 Laser Assisted CVD Growth of AIN and GaN. AD-A244464

FINAL REPORT Laser Cooling and Trapping of Atoms and Particles AD-A247208 REPORT DATE: 16 JAN 92 FII Laser Microchemical Processing Instrument. AD-8160598L REPORT DATE: 15 OCT 91

ANNUAL REPORT NO 91 Laser Physics and Laser Techniques. REPORT DATE: TITLE INDEX

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**T85004** UNCLASSIFIED TITLE INDEX

The Linear and Nonlinear Shear Instability of a Fluid Sheet, AD-A247092 REPORT DATE: 91 FINAL REPORT

Location and Characterization of In-Cloud Lightning Currents by Multiple Station VHF and Electric Field Measurements. AD-A247051 REPORT DATE: 14 DEC 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Locus Coeruleus, Vigilance and Stress: Brain Mechanism of Adaptive Behavioral Responsiveness AD-A247080 REPORT DATE: 14 DEC 90 ANNUAL REPORT

Low-Cost, High Torque-To-Weight Ratio Permanent Magnet Motors, Actuators and Sensors AD-8160447L REPORT DATE: 11 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

Manipulation of the Growth Rate of a Variable Density, Spatially Developing Mixing Layer via External Modulation, AD-A246924 REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Mapping Closures for Turbulent Mixing and Reaction, AD-A247305 REPORT DATE: 91 ANNUAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Mathematical Modeling of Solar Magneto-Dynamics. AD-A247158 REPORT DATE: JAN 92 F

FINAL REPORT Mathematical Tools for Image Reconstruction. AD-A243838 REPORT DATE: JUL 91 Measurement and Regulation of Central Noradrenergic Neurotransmission. AD-A247044 REPORT DATE: 30 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

Measurements of Mesospheric Winds and Waves. AD-A247181

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FINAL REPORT

The Mechanisms and Effects of the Plant Activation of Chemicals in the Environment AD-A247110 REPORT DATE: 02 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT Mechanisms Mediating the Perception of Complex Acoustic Patterns AD-A243715 REPORT DATE: 18 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

Mechanistic Studies of Superplasticity of Structural Ceramics AD-A246951 FINAL REPORT DATE: 01 FEB 92 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Mixing in High Schmidt Number Turbulent Jets. AD-A243416 REPORT DATE: 91

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5 TITLE INDEX

LIN - MOD

UNCLASSIFIED

**T85004** 

Modeling of Cloud/Radiation Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils. AD-A248943 REPORT DATE: 25 NOV 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Melecular Anatomy of PFDA Hepatotoxicity as Studied by Two-Dimensional Electrophoresis. AD-A246952

Molecular Composites from High Temperature Polyquinolines. AD-A243834 FINAL REPORT DATE: NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

Molecular Interactions and Properties with Many-Body Methods AD-A247052 ANNUAL REPORT

Molecular Optics Nonlinear Optical Processes in Organic and Polymeric Crystals and Films. Part 1. AD-A244898 REPORT DATE: NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

Molecular Optics Nonlinear Optical Processes in Organic and Polymeric Crystals and Films. Part 2 AD-A244899 REPORT DATE: NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT JAN 92 Molecular Toxicology of Chromatin. AD-A247307 REPORT DATE: Monaural and Binaural Processing of Complex Waveforms. AD-A247199 REPORT DATE: OS JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT Multidimensional Signal Coding in the Visual System AD-A244281 REPORT DATE: 30 NOV 91 ANNU. Multiparameter Radar and Aircraft Based Studies of the Microphysical, Kinematic and Electrical Structure of Convective Clouds.

ANNUAL REPORT

REPORT DATE: 14 JAN 92 AD-A247497

Mutagenicity and Effect on Gap - Junctional Intercellular Communication of 4,4'-Methylenebis(2-Chloroaniline) and Its

ANNUAL REPORT

9 Oxidized Metabolites, AD-A246797 REPORT DATE: Mutagenicity of Benzyl S-Haloalkyl and S-Haloalkenyl Sulfides in the Ames-Test, AD-A247351 REPORT DATE: 89

ANNUAL REPORT Neuropsychological Components of Object Identification. AD-A247049 REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 92 ANNUAL F

Broad-Band and Narrowband Source Localization and a Separable 2-D IIR Filter Realization. REPORT DATE: 30 SEP 91 FINAL REPORT

New Algorithms for AD-A243457

FINAL REPORT New Methodology for Fluorocarbon Synthesis. AD-A247163 REPORT DATE: DEC 91 Nonequilibrium Behavior of Carriers in Semiconductors Subjected to Strong Space-Time Varying Fields AD-A246961 REPORT DATE: DEC 91 FINAL REPORT

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**T85004** 

TITLE INDEX

FINAL REPORT Nonlinear Mechanics and Applied Analysis. AD-A243978 REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 91 and Axial Force Indicial Responses for a Two Dimensional Airfoil. REPORT DATE: 15 NOV 81 FINAL REPORT Nonlinear Normal AD-A247196

Norms and the Perception of Events. AD-A247032 REPORT DATE: 05 SEP 91

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Numerical Modeling and Parameterization of Gravity Wave Processes and Effects in the Atmosphere AD-A244175 REPORT DATE: 11 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

of the Function of Scientific Instrumentation for Measuring the Speed of Electron Devices. REPORT DATE: 13 FEB 92 FINAL REPORT Numerical Simulation AD-A247008

A Numerical Study of Thunderstorm Electrification: Initial Electrification and Thunderstorm Climatology AD-A244638 REPORT DATE: 15 NOV 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Numerical Treatment of Differential and Integral Equations by the P and H-P Versions of the Finite Element Method AD-A247202 REPORT DATE: JAN 92 FINAL REPORT AD-A247202

FINAL REPORT 6 Near-Wall Turbulence REPORT DATE: On the Dynamics of AD-A247352 On the Origin and Control of Large Coherent Structures in Turbulent Shear Flow. AD-A243727 REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Organic Kerr-Liquid-Filled Hollow Fiber as a Novel Multiwavelength Laser Source for LIDAR Sensor Systems AD-8162138L

ANNUAL REPORT Organization of the Human Circadian System AD-A247498

Parallel Methods and Systems for Solving Partial Differential Equations. AD-A243822 REPORT DATE: 30 APR 91 FINAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT Perception and the Temporal Properties of Speech AD-A243979 REPORT DATE: 06 NOV 91

Physical and Technology for the Investigation of Properties of Ultra Small Systems AD-A246772 REPORT DATE: 17 FEB 92 FINAL REPORT

Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence Imaging of Shock-Induced Ignition AD-A246769 FEPORT DATE: 90 FINAL REPORT AD-A246769

FINAL REPORT for the Max-Cut Problem REPORT DATE: 31 MAY 91 Polyhedral Methods

FINAL REPORT Post-Doctoral Research Award. AD-A243549 REPORT DATE: 01 DEC 88

7 TITLE INDEX **T85004** UNCLASSIFIED

NON - POS

Potential Role of the Human Ha-ras Oncogene in the Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication, AD-A247344 REPORT DATE: 89 FINAL REPORT

Prediction of Global Cloud Cover with a Very High Resolution Global Spectral Model AD-A244083 REPORT DATE: 14 NOV 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Pressure-Based High-Order TVD Methodology for Dynamic Stall Control AD-A247056 REPORT DATE: 31 JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

Presynaptic Modulation of the Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synapse AD-A243381 REPORT DATE: 07 OCT 91 ANNUAL REPORT

A Presynaptic Role for Protein Kinase C in Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptic Transmission, AD-A248795 REPORT DATE: JUN 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Probing Cosmic Infrared Sources: A Computer Modeling Approach.
AD-A247038 REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 91 ANNUAL REPORT

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Psychophysical Analyses of Perceptual Representations. AD-A248945 REPORT DATE: 03 DEC 91 ANNUAL

ANNUAL REPORT Psychophysical Studies of Visual Cortical Function. AD-A246962 REPORT DATE: 12 JAN 92 FINA Rapid Tuning CW Laser Technique for Measurements of Gas Velocity, Temperature, Pressure, Density and Mass Flux Usng NO, AD-A246931 REPORT DATE: 20 JUL 91 ANNUAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT

and Kinetics Controlling Microstructural Development in Cement-Based Systems. REPORT DATE: 14 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT Reaction Mechanisms AD-A244639

A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation AD-A247169 REPORT DATE: 30 JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

Real-Time Adaptive Control of Mixing in a Plane Shear Layer. AD-A246948 REPORT DATE: JAN 92 ANNUAL REPORT

5 TITLE INDEX **T85004** UNCLASSIFIED

- REA P0-1 Receptor Subtype Alterations: Bases of Neuronal Plasticity and Learning AD-A244408 REPORT DATE: 0. DEC 91 FINAL REPORT

in Their Electronic Ground States. FINAL REPORT Relaxation Dynamics of Highly Excited Halogens AD-A247312 REPORT DATE: 21 JAN 92

ANNUAL REPORT Remote Sensing of Inner Hellospheric Plasmas. AD-A244408 REPORT DATE: 14 NOV 91

Research in Stochastic Processes. AD-A244801 REPORT DATE: 31 AUG 91

FINAL REPORT  Research into the Design and Implementation of Knowledge-Base System. AD-A247039 REPORT DATE: 31 JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT

Research Studies on Extreme Ultraviolet and Soft X-Ray Lasers AD-A247309 REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT Response Devices and Cognitive Tasks. AD-A243903 REPORT DATE: 30 OCT 91 Response of Laboratory Ecosystems to Environmental Stress: Effect of Phenol, AD-A247221

AD-A247221

AD-A247221

Role of Protein Phosphorylation in the Regulatic, of Neuronal Sensitivity AD-A246950 REPORT DATE: OB JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

A Seismic and Intergrated Geophysical Study of t. 3 Lithosphere of the Colorado Plateau. AD-A247091 REPORT DATE: 30 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

Sensory Sensitivities and Discriminations and their Roles in Aviation AD-A247165 REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Shift Operator Matrix (SOM) Method and Its Application to Chemical/Physical System AD-A244168 REPORT DATE: 28 AUG 91 FINAL REPORT

Shock Tube Measurements of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3 yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS and Excimer Photolysis of ND, AD-A246879 REPORT DATE: 90 FINAL REPORT AD-A246979

Shock Tube Measurements of the Reactions of CN with 0 and 02 AD-A248830 REPORT DATE: 91 ANNUAL REPORT

A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCO Yields NH2 + CO, AD-A247086 REPORT DATE: 91 FINAL REPORT

A Shock Tube Study of Reactions of C Atoms and CH with NO Including Product Channel Measurements, AD-A246978 REPORT DATE: 91 FINAL REPORT

4 TITLE INDEX

REC - SHO

Signal - and Listener-Based Factors in Complex Auditory Pattern Perception AD-A243716

AD-A243716

Solar Activity Cycle. AD-A247212 R

JRT FINAL R 9 REPORT DATE: 31 OCT

Solar Vector Magnetic Field Research AD-A244403

ANNUAL REPORT REPORT DATE: 30 NOV 91

Solid Rocket Combustion Phenomena.

AD-A248006 REPORT DATE: 09 JAN 92

FINAL REPORT

Sol-Gel Processed Multifunctional Organic Polymer-Inorganic Oxide Composites for Electronics and Photonics. AD-A248773 REPORT DATE: 04 FEB 92 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Sources and Causes of Upper Atmospheric Disturbances. AD-A243824 REPORT DATE: 30 APR 91 FINAL I

Space Constancy on Video Display Terminals. AD-A247290 REPORT DATE: 31 DEC 91

ANNUAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT Spatio-Temporal Masking: Hyperacuity and Local Adaptation. AD-A248953 REPORT DATE: OF FEB 92 ANNUAL REPORT

Spectrophotometric Quantitation of Rhodopsin in the Human Retina AD-A246788 REPORT DATE: JUN 91 FINAL REPORT

Spectroscopy of the Transition State Region in Chemical Reactions AD-A244174 REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 90 FINAL REPORT

State-Resolved Dynamics of Ion-Molecule Collisions in a Flowing Afterglow. AD-A247288

FINAL REPORT State-Specific Energy Transfer in Diatomic Radicals.
AD-A243628 REPORT DATE: AUG 88 FINAL Steady and Transient Analysis of Flows Exhibiting Strong Viscous/Inviscid Interaction (Composite RNS Procedures). AD-A247171 REPORT DATE: 31 JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

Stem Cell Theory of Carcinogenesis, AD-A247343 REPORT DATE:

FINAL REPORT 68 Stimulated Scattering and Phase Conjugation in Photorefractive Materials. AD-A246803 REPORT DATE: 31 JAN 92 FINAL REPORT

Strategies to Sustain and Enhance Performance in Stressful Environments AD-A247197 REPORT DATE: 10 JAN 92 ANNUAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT Stress-Induced Enhancement of the Startle Reflex. AD-A247096

ā TITLE INDEX

SIG - STR

**T85004** UNCLASSIFIED

### TITLE INDEX

Structural Stability in Two-Dimensional Model Flows: Lagrangian and Eulerian Turbulence, AD-A246799

Reactivity of Boron Surface REPORT DATE: 28 NOV 91 The Structure and AD-A247265

FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Studies in Turbulence and Turbulence Control AD-A247164 REPORT DATE: 15 JAN 92 Studies in Global, Bifurcation and Symmetry AD-A243862 REPORT DATE: 31 MAY 91

Studies of Gas Turbine Heat Transfer: Airfoil Surfaces and End-Wall Cooling Effects.

FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT REPORT DATE: AD-A244055

FINAL REPORT A Study of Compressible Turbulence. AD-A247001 REPORT DATE: 31 JAN 92 in Ceramics. FINAL REPORT Study of High Temperature Failure Mechanism AD-A247018 REPORT DATE: JAN 92 Study of Quantum Mechanical Effects in Deep Submicron Grating-Gate Field Effect Transistors. AD-A244842 REPORT DATE: DEC 91 ANNUAL REPORT

Study of SCN Neurochemistry Using in Vivo Microdialysis in the Conscious Brain: Correlation with Overt Circadian Rhythms AD-A247172 REPORT DATE: 31 OCT 81 ANNUAL REPORT

Study of the Leading-Edge Vortex Dynamics in the Unsteady Flow Over an Airfoil AD-A247532 REPORT DATE: 27 FEB 92 FINAL REPORT

Study of Turbulence by Photon Correlation Spectroscopy. AD-A243726 REPORT DATE: 23 OCT 91 FINAL REPORT

Subpicosecond Electrooptic Sampling and Distributed Nonlinear Electronics AD-A243845 REPORT DATE: 30 OCT 91 ANNUAL REPORT

of Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Reactions in Silicon Systems. REPORT DATE: 19 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT Theoretical Studies AD-A244384 of the Electronic and Resonance Structure of Atomic and Molecular Negative Ions. REPORT DATE: JAN 92 FINAL REPORT Theoretical Studies AD-A247093

of the Electronic Structure of Metal/Semiconductor/Hydrogen Systems REPORT DATE: APR 91 FINAL REPORT Theoretical Studies AD-A245906 Theoretical/Experimental Investigations of the Structure and Dynamics of Highly Energetic Dication Species. AD-A247050 REPORT DATE: 09 NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Theory and Application of Random Fields.
AD-A246958 REPORT DATE: 09 JAN 92 TITLE INDEX

**T85004** UNCLASSIFIED

Theory of Superconductivity in Oxides.
AD-A244728 REPORT DATE: 15 NOV 91

Towards Understanding Carcinogenic Hazards: A Crisis in Paradigms AD-A247677 REPORT DATE: 89 ANNUAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT

Fransient Internal Probe Diagnostic. AD-A247308 REPORT DATE: 12 DEC 91

ANNUAL REPORT

Transmission of Thin Light Beams Through Turbulent Mixing Layers, AD-4247318 REPORT DATE: 09 JAN 92 ANNUAL REPORT

Transport Phenomena and Interfacial Kinetics in Multiphase Combustion Systems. AD-A244849 REPORT DATE: FEB 91 FINAL REF T

in Beamed Energy Propulsion Systems. REPORT DATE: NOV 91 FINAL REPORT Transport Processes AD-A247298

Turbulent Free Shear Layer Mixing and Combustion, AD-A243410 FINAL REPORT DATE: 29 JUL 91 FINAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT REPORT DATE: 22 JAN 92 Tyrosine, Tryptophan and Performance AD-A246954 United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Management Report. AD-A246274 REPORT DATE: 05 JUN 92 ANNUAL REPORT

United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Technical Report. Volume AD-A244024 REPORT DATE: 05 JUN 91 ANNUAL REPORT

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United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume AD-A244149 REPORT DATE: 18 APR 91 FINAL REPORT

Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume REPORT DATE: 18 APR 91 FINAL REPORT United States Air AD-A244150

United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume 3. AD-A244151 REPORT DATE: 18 APR 91 FINAL REPORT

United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume 4. AD-A244152 REPORT DATE: 18 APR 91 FINAL REPORT

United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program for 1990. Program Management Report AD-A245429 REPORT DATE: 05 JUN 91 ANNUAL REPORT

1 TITLE INDEX **T85004** UNCLASSIFIED

THE - UNI

### TITLE INDEX

United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program. Program Technical Report. 1990. Volume AD-A244517 REPORT DATE: 05 JUN 91 FINAL REPORT

United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program. Program Technical Report. 1990. Volume 3. AD-A244519 REPORT DATE: 05 JUN 91 FINAL REPORT

Unity and Diversity in Mixing: Stretching, Diffusion, Breakup, and Aggregation in Chaotic Flows, AD-A246798

Use of Microbial Colonization Parameters as a Measure of Functional Response in Aquatic Ecosystems AD-A247220 REPORT DATE: 89 ANNUAL REPORT

FINAL REPORT Vacuum Ultraviolet Studies of Molecular Dynamics AD-A246964 REPORT DATE: 15 JAN 92 F:

FINAL REPORT Visual Processing in Texture Segregation. AD-A247173 REPORT DATE: 17 DEC 91

FINAL REPORT \* Object Velocity and Acceleration REPORT DATE: 13 DEC 91 FINAL Visual Processing of AD-A244658

ANNUAL REPORT VLA Observations of the Coronal Plasma. AD-A247190 REPORT DATE:

ANNUAL REPORT Vortex Simulation of turbulent Combustion. AD-A247899 REPORT DATE: 27 SEP 81

FINAL REPORT VUV and UV Sources and Spectroscopic Applications AD-A247293 REPORT DATE: DEC 91 FII Wind Profiler Investigations of Low-Frequency Gravity-Inertia Waves Around the Jet Stream AD-A244383 REPORT DATE: 02 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT

Workshop on Developing Potentials for Atomistic Simulations Held in Ann Arbor, Michigan on 25-27 September 1991 AD-A247170 REPORT DATE: 20 DEC 91 FINAL REPORT

Workshop on the Design and Processing of Materials by Biomimicking Held in Seattle, Washington on 2-4 April 1891. AD-A243858 REPORT DATE: NOV 91 FINAL REPORT

X-Ray Absorption Studies of High Transition Temperature Superconductors
AD-A244413 REPORT DATE: 30 SEP 91 FINAL REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT 4-D Intercorrect Experimental Development. AD-A247287

8 TITLE INDEX

UNCLASSIFIED

**T85004** 

**ABSTRACTS** 

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-8162 138L

AD-B162 138L

LASER PHOTONICS TECHNOLOGY INC AMHERST NY

Multiwavelength Laser Source for LIDAR Sensor Systems. Organic Kerr-Liquid-Filled Hollow Fiber as a Novel 3

learning about and minimizing dynamic losses, (2) improving the uniformity of the broadened intensities, (3) further developments on the cell design so that it may be optimized for low weight, cost and size, and (4) optimize the system for use with lower power pump sources.

SCRIPTORS: (U) , CELLS, COSTS, DETECTORS, DYNAMICS. FIBERS, FREQUENCY, KERR MAGNETOOPTICAL EFFECT, LASER PUMPING, LEARNING, LIGHTWEIGHT, LIQUIDS, LOSSES, LOW COSTS, LOW POWER, OPTICAL RADAR, PULSE RATE, PUMPS, SOURCES, SPACE BASED, SPACE TECHNOLOGY, TEAMS(PERSONNEL).

DESCRIPTORS:

(DENTIFIERS: (U) PEB3218C, WUAFOSR180201, Kerr

magnetooptical effect, Optical radar.

Final rept. 1 Jun 91-31 Jan 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 92

ERSONAL AUTHORS: He, Guang S.; Burzynski, Ryszard; Casstevens, Martin K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

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5 TASK NO. MONITOR:

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phenomena and determining the operational characteristics of the present design. The research work involved the use of different Kerr liquid media, focusing arrangements, and fiber geometries. In addition, a major part of the work involved using different pump laser sources to explore the effect of different frequencies, pulse widths and spectral line-widths. The design is expected to be vastly improved with continued development. The specific Lesen-Pumped-Kerr-Liquid-Filled-Hollow-Fiber technique to generate a superbroad band multiwavelength coherent light source. This technique has been demonstrated to be effective at a range of wavelengths from the near IR to the near UV. The present design is conceptually simple, of low cost and is amenable to space based applications including Lidar. The Phase I effort has centered upon obtaining a more fundamental understanding of the This document includes the detailed endations from the research team include (1) AD-8162 138L

AD-8162 1381

UNCLASSIFIED

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> 8/3 AD-8160 598L

EHRLICH ASSOCIATES LEXINGTON MA

(U) Laser Microchemical Processing Instrument.

Final rept. 1 Jul-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Ehrlich, Daniel J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-90-C-0074 CONTRACT NO.

MONITOR:

TR-91-0974 AFOSR

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ESCRIPTORS: (U), ARGON LASERS, CHEMISTRY, COMPUTERS, CONTINUOUS WAVE LASERS, CONTROL, DEPOSITION, ETCHING, INSTRUMENTATION, IONS, LASERS, LENGTH, MICROANALYSIS, MODULATION, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, PROCESSING, PULSES, RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY, REFLECTANCE, RELIABILITY, SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES, SEMICONDUCTORS, SOURCES, STIMULATION(GENERAL), SUBSTRATES, THERMAL PROPERTIES, ULTRAVIOLET LASERS, DESCRIPTORS:

VACUUM APPARATUS, VISIBILITY.

20/3 AD-B160 447L

ADVANCED MATERIALS CORP PITTSBURGH PA

Low-Cost, High Torque-To-Weight Ratio Permanent Magnet Motors, Actuators and Sensors.

Final rept. 1 Jun 89-31 May 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

71P NOV 91 Sankar, S. G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-89-C-0065 CONTRACT NO.

1602 PROJECT NO.

Ξ TASK NO.

TR-91-0972, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT EXPORT CONTROL Distribution authorized to DoD only; Critical Technology; 28 Jan 88. Other requests shall be referred to AFOSR. Direcorate of Electronic and Material Sciences, Bldg. Bolling AFB, Washington, DC 20332-6448. This document contains export-controlled technical data.

However, unlike neodymium based magnets, their praseodymium counterparts exhibit significantly better magnetic properties at cryogenic temperature. Therefore, we proposed to focus our efforts in the development of Prfe-B-based magnets. Permanent magnets were fabricated following a routine powder metallurgical technique. Since larger size magnets are needed for the construction of devices, we had to improve our experimental facilities. A STRACT: (U) Very early in this project we fabricated several magnets of the composition Pri5Fe7986 of small sizes, typically 4 mm in diameter and 10 mm long. neodymium based magnets at room temperature and above. assembled. This was needed for the sintering and postlarge three-zone furnace together with a large sample chamber (approximately 5 inches in diameter) was Praseodymium-based magnets behave as well as the sintering treatments of the magnets. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ACTUATORS, CONSTRUCTION, CRYOGENICS, DETECTORS, MAGNETIC PROPERTIES, MAGNETS, NEODYMIUM, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-B160 447L

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-8160 447L

PERMANENT MAGNETS, POWDERS, PRASEODYMIUM, RESEARCH FACILITIES, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SINTERING, SIZES(DIMENSIONS) , TEMPERATURE.

EXPORT CONTROL, WUAFDSR1802F1. E IDENTIFIERS:

21/8 AD-A248 008 COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER CENTER FOR COMBUSTION RESEARCH

(U) Solid Rocket Combustion Phenomena.

5 Final rept. 1 Oct 88-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

100P 92 SAN Kassoy, David R.; Wang, Meng; Zhao, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

<u>o</u>

CCR-92-01 REPORT NO.

AF0SR-89-0023 CONTRACT NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0208, AFOSR MONITOR:

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completed research accomplishments and ongoing activities review of our work emphasizes the importance of studying the evolution of boundary driven acoustic disturbances, sidewall mass addition in semi-confined channels and tubes, (2) the role of strongly injected Stokes boundary primarily to gain an understanding of how small burning rate transients (modelled by unsteady wall injection) lead to large engine chamber responses observed in like that found in the chamber of a solid rocket engine. appear in a two-dimensional planar shear flow following the refraction of very simple, initially planar axial disturbances. Work in progress emphasizes; (1) the characteristics of acoustic disturbances driven by layers in providing a transition from the acoustic flow to the no-slip condition on the wall, and (3) The completed work (manuscripts in Appendices A and B) acoustic disturbances in a low Mach number shear flow mathematical methods required to deal with nonlinear processes within an acoustically disturbed flow. The that are focused on the evolution of boundary driven This Final Technical Report describes focuses on the relatively complex wave systems that unstable solid rockets.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMBUSTION, \*ROCKETS, ACOUSTICS, ADDITION, BOUNDARIES, BURNING RATE, CHAMBERS, CHANNELS. ENGINES, FLOW, GAIN, LAYERS, LEAD(METAL), MACH NUMBER, MASS, NUMBERS, RATES, REFRACTION, ROCKET ENGINES, SOLIDS. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A248 008

AD-8180 447L

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A248 OOG CONTINUED

AD-A247 999 .21/2

TRANSITIONS, TWO DIMENSIONAL, WALLS, WORK.

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

(U) Vortex Simulation of turbulent Combustion.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. Oct 90-Sep 91,

SEP 91 9

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ghoniem, Ahmed F.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-1491

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0138, AFQSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) During the second year of this effort, we focused on introducing the effect of combustion in the computation of the spatially, developing shear layer. and continued our analysis of the effect of density variation and upstream forcing on the growth of the mixing zone of the shear layer, We have developed a flame sheet model for the simulation of combustion at high Damkohler numbers where the application of the transport element method proves to be rather expensive, The model uses the instantaneous local strain rate as an input from the flow computations and, by integrating a one dimensional equation, computes the rate of burning within each flamelet within the domain. Numerical, Simulation, Turbulent, Combustion, Vortex, Methods.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*JET MIXING FLOW, COMBUSTION, COMPUTATIONS, DENSITY, FLAMES, FLOW, INPUT, LAYERS, MIXING, MODELS, NUMBERS, ONE DIMENSIONAL, RATES, REGIONS, SHEETS, SIMULATION, STRAIN RATE, TRANSPORT, VARIATIONS, VORTICES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2308A2, Damkohler rumber, \*Turbulent combustion.

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A247 869 3/1

TUFTS UNIV MEDFORD MA DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY

(U) High-Resolution Microwave Observations of the Sun.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 88-30 Apr 92,

FEB 92 15

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lang, Kenneth R.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0147

PROJECT NO. 2311

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0221, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

grant AFOSR-89-0147 entitled HIGH-RESOLUTION MICROWAVE GBSERVATIONS OF SOLAR ACTIVITY. This report covers the period from 01 November 1988 to 30 April 1992. It contains the abstracts for twenty four (24) presentations at professional meetings (Section II); and reprints of seventeen (17) papers (Section IV). The twenty four (24) professional presentations included meetings of the American Astronomical Society (AAS), the American Geophysical Union (AGU), the Committee on Space Research (SOSPAR), the International Astronomical Union (IAU), and the Union Radio Scientifique International (URSI). The Very Large Array (VLA) and the Arction Observatory are the world's largest radio telescopes, each operated at enormous expense by the National Science Foundation (NSF); the twenty one (21) successful proposals with these facilities, totaling fifty one (51) days, therefore represent an extremely efficient method of carrying out research by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR) that essentially funds salaries for Tufts scientists who use these facilities, analyze the data, and prediction of solar activity; Radio emission from coronal loops and filaments; Resolution of the pre-flare, impulsive and decay phises of solar flares; Solar Maximum

AD-A247 869 CONTINUED

solar detection; Yohkoh solar satellite; Max 91 VLA campaign.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ARRAYS, ASTRONOMY, BALLDONS, CORONAS, COSTS, DECAY, EFFICIENCY, ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION.
EMISSION, FILAMENTS, FLIGHT, GEOPHYSICS, HIGH RESOLUTION.
INTERNATIONAL, LOOPS, MICROWAVES, MISSIONS, MONEY, PHASE, PREDICTIONS, PULSES, RADIO TELESCOPES, RADIOFREQUENCY.
REPRINTS, RESOLUTION, SALARIES, SOLAR ACTIVITY, SOLAR FLARES, SOLAR SATELLITES, SUN, X RAYS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR2311A1, \*Solar activity, \*Solar astronomy, Radio telescope, Very large array, Arecibo telescope, Solar maximum mission, Coronal loops, Solar filaments.

AD-

Mission satellite; NASA balloon flights of high-energy

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A247 862 8/3

MCGILL RESEARCH CENTRE FOR INTELLIGENT MACHINES MONTREAL (QUEBEC) COMPUTER V ISION AND ROBOTICS LAB

(U) Curvature Estimation in Orientation Selection.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb 89-31 Jan 92,

JAN 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Zucker, Steven W.; Cynader, Max S.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0280

2313

PROJECT NO.

TASK NO. A8

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-82-0211, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

sstract: (U) To summarize, progress has been made on a family of related problems, including: A model of endstopped visual cortical neurons was extended to include complex components; An extensive simulation of the model was completed with regard to orientation of positional, spatial frequency, curvature, chevron, and end-line sensitivity; Orientation discontinuities were extended into the motion domain, and psychological and computational experiments were performed to confirm the hypothesis of multiple directions being represented at a point of discontinuity; A theory was developed to capture the non-linearities necessary for early measurement of orientation and curvature; A totally different theory has begun to take shape for functionally characterizing cytochrome oxidase blobs; and The mathematical foundations were laid for a theory of shape.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , COMPUTATIONS, CURVATURE, CYTOCHROME OXIDASE, DISCONTINUITIES, ESTIMATES, FREQUENCY, HYPOTHESES, MATHEMATICS, MEASUREMENT, MODELS, MOTION, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), POSITION(LOCATION), PSYCHOLOGY, SELECTION, SHAPE, SIMULATION, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, THEORY

AD-A247 860 6/5

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY

(U) Investigation of Dynamic Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 88-31 Aug 91,

DEC 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Freeman, Walter J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0268

PROJECT NO. 2305

TASK NO. B3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0112, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Patterns of 40 to 80 Hz oscillation have been observed by researchers of this laboratory in the large scale activity not only of olfactory cortex, but also visual neocortex, and shown to predict the olfactory and visual pattern recognition responses of a trained animal. Similar observations of 40 Hz oscillation in auditory and motor cortex, and in the retina and EMG have been reported. It thus appears that cortical computation in general may occur by dynamical interaction of resonant modes, as we have long thought to be the case in the olfactory system. The oscillation can serve a macroscopic clocking function and entrain or 'bind' the relevant microscopic activity of disparate cortical regions into a well defined phase coherent collective state of 'gestalt'. This can override irrelevant microscopic activity and produce coordinated motor output. We have further evidence that the oscillatory activity is roughly periodic, but actually appears to be chaotic (nonperiodic) when examined in detail.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ALGORITHMS, ANIMALS, CEREBRAL CORTEX. COHERENCE, DYNAMICS, HEARING, INTERACTIONS, MICROSCOPY, MOTORS, OSCILLATION, OUTPUT, PATTERN RECOGNITION, RESONANCE, RESPONSE, RETINA, SMELL, TRAINING, VISUAL PERCEPTION.

AD-A247 860

AD-A247 862

60

PAGE

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A247 860 CONTINUED

AMERICAN INST OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES WASHINGTON DC

5/5

AD-A247 799

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR230583.

(U) Conference on Combined Effects: Radiation, Microgravity, Trauma and Other Factors. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 90-31 May 91,

MAY 92

2

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Beem, Donald R.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0238

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0072, AFÖSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the information presented by the speakers was acknowledged by the attendees. COSPAR was established to continue the cooperative programs of rocket and satellite research successfully undertaken during the International Geophysical Year of 1957-58. The ISCU resolution creating COSPAR stated that the primary purpose of COSPAR was to provide the world scientific community with the means whereby it may exploit the possibilities of satellites and space probes of all kinds for scientific purposes, and exchange and resulting data on a cooperative basis. The objective of the AFOSR supported AIBS project was to provide for travel and subsistence support for a limited number of US speakers to attend Section MF. 4 Combined Effect: Radiation, Microgravity, Trauma and Other Factors at the XXVIIIth meeting of COSPAR held at The Hague, The Netherlands, 25 June - 7 July 1990.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), ARTIFICIAL SATELLITES, GLOBAL, NETHERLANDS, ROCKETS, SCIENTIFIC ORGANIZATIONS, SPACE PROBES, SYMPOSIA, TRAUMA.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

8/3 A3-A247 757 MINNESOTA UNIV NAVARRE GRAY FRESHWATER BIOLOGICAL INST

Toluene Dioxygenase: Implications for Bioremediation. The Mechanism of Trichloroethylene Oxidation by 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Jul 89-14 Jul 91,

7

Wackett, Lawrence P PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0457 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

ž TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-52-0081, AFOSR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

toluery dioxygenase genes oxidized TCE. The rate of TCE oxidation by the E. coli strain was slower than that of P. proteins, small molecules, DNA, RNA, and libid.
Aikylation of proteins, including toluene dioxygenase, caused metabolic poisoning and the loss of TCE-degrading ability. P'. putida was able to recover from TCE-mediated cytotoxicity. Toluene dioxygenase enzyme components were purified from recombinant E. coli strains by the use of conventional chromatographic methods. The major products alkylation of reduced pyridine dinucleotide (NADPH) by a dioxygenase catalyzed reaction. Experiments with 14C-TCE by toluene dioxygenase in vivo and in vitro has been investigated. In a previous study, the initial rate of TCE oxidation by Pseudomonas putida fi declined rapidly. This was shown in vivo, in the present study, to be due to toluene dioxygenase-dependent activation of TCE to showed that enzyme inactivation was due to non-specific The oxidation of trichloroethylene (TCE) intermediates. A recombinant E. coli expressing cloned been identified as formic acid and glyoxylic acid. An additional minor product was shown to result from the of TCE exidation by purified toluene diexygenase have produce reactive intermediates. Carbon-14 label from metabolism of radioactive TCE was incorporated into reactive TCE intermediate generated by the toluene alkylation of the proteins by diffusible reactive

CONTINUED AD-A247 757

the mechanism of toluene dioxygenase inactivation will be putida Fi but the rates were sustained for a longer time The use of recombinant strains or gratuitously induced P bioremediation. Furthermore, a greater understanding putida F1 could have important implications for crucial for developing optimum systems for TCE-

biotreatment. DESCRIPTORS:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ENZYMES, \*OXIDATION, \*PSEUDOMONA> ACIDS, ACTIVATION, ALKYLATION, CARBON, FORMIC ACID, GENES, GLYOXYLIC ACID, INACTIVATION, LABELS, LIPIDS, METABOLISM, MOLECULES, POISONING, PROTEINS, PYRIDINES, RATES, TIME. TOLUENES.

PEB1102F, WUAFSOR2312A4 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 757

AD-A247 757

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 684

NY DEPT OF PHYSIOLOGY AND NEW YORK UNIV MEDICAL CENTER BIOPHYSICS

Biophysical and Biochemical Mechanisms in Synaptic Transmitter Release. 9

Annual rept. 1 Feb 90-31 Jan 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

LAN 91

Llinas, Rodolfo R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0270 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-92-0218, AFDSR AFOSR, XF HONI TOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

background spontaneous release of transmitter, produces a reduction of transmitter released by direct depolarization of the presynaptic terminal. Furthermore the spontaneous release mimics the time course of the reduction of the evoked release such that the two can be easily correlated. The effect of CaM kinase II injection with the increase in evoked release without changing the time course of the miniatures. This indicated the probability of release was being enhanced both during spontaneous and evoked release, only increasing the likelihood of vesicular release. A similar type of calcium channel is also present for peptide secretion produces an increased miniature frequency in parallel STRACT: (U) The studies demonstrated that the injection of synapsin I, in addition to reducing the from the hypothalamus to the hyposphysis. ABSTRACT:

\*SYNAPSE, ADDITION, BACKGROUND, CALCIUM, CAMS, CHANNELS, DEPOLARIZATION, FREQUENCY, HYPOTHALAMUS, INJECTION, PEPTIDES, PHOSPHORUS TRANSFERASES, PROBABILITY, REDUCTION, RELEASE, SECRETION, TERMINALS, TIME, RANSMITTERS. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2312A2, PEB1102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 684

8/2 AD-A247 677

7/4

EAST LANSING MICHIGAN STATE UNIV Towards Understanding Carcinogenic Hazards: A Crisis in Paradigms, 3

83

Trosko, James E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0325 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-90-0899, AFUSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of the American College of Toxicology, v8 n8 p1121-1132 1989. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

Ever since our awareness of the biological/ deleterious health and environmental, as well as economic and esthetic consequences, if they are not used. To help subsequently, that much of this analysis has relevance to birth defects, cancers, reproductive dysfunction, neurotoxicities, and other acute and chronic diseases has having to make difficult decisions on the use of chemical exposure became heightened, a tremendous amount of human been produced, our understanding is far from complete. A dilemma has been created by the practical problem of aspects of scientific effort and societies' resources have been directed towards understanding the basic causes of the wide variety of diseases induced by these agents. While it is fair to say that much valuable information on the mechanisms by which radiation and chemicals can induce modern life, with incomplete knowledge. These decisions to produce and use or not to produce and use chemicals harrow this immense problem, this paper will focus on must include information pertaining not only to the potential deleterious health and environmental consequences of their use but also to the potential health hazards of increased radiation and chemical and radiation-generating technologies, in all cancer risks (although it should be apparent, E

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 677

will be to challenge the current paradigm shaping much of the scientific community's and, therefore, the birth defects and other chronic diseases). The objective government's regulatory units' view of carcinogenesis. ESCRIPTORS: (U), AWARENESS, BIOLOGY, BIRTH, CANCER, CARCINOGENESIS, CARCINOGENS, CHEMICALS, DEFECTS(MATERIALS), DISEASES, DYSFUNCTION, EXPOSURE(PHYSIOLOGY), HAZARDS, HEALTH, MODELS, RADIATION HAZARDS, REPRODUCTION(PHYSIOLOGY), RESOURCES, SOCIETIES, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

\*Health, \*Toxicology, Radiation exposure, Chemical exposure, Birth defects, Cancer, Reproductive dysfunction, Neurotoxicities, Paradigm, Mutagen, Bioassay test protocol, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5. \*Carcinogenesis, \*Toxic hazards 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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MICHIGAN CONTOUNDS CONTOUNDED

tionship of Stem Cells to the Carcinogenic Process, Cell-to-Cell Communication 3

20P 8 Trosko, J. E.; Chang, C. C.; Madhukar, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0325 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

A5 TASK NO.

TR-90-0910, AFUSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Mouse Liver Carcinogenesis: Mechanisms and Species comparisons, p259-278 1990. Available only to DTIC users only; No copies furnished by

should go without saying that understanding all the mechanisms related to multistep carcinogenesis is not an easy task. The known complex interactions of genetic, developmental, sex, dietary, and environmental factors in carcinogenesis in both laboratory animals and human systems to the uncontrolled human situation. While recent advances in modern molecular biology related to development of the concept of oncogenes, cancer Albert Szent-Gyorgyi was chosen to highlight this brief analysis of the problem of understanding the elements of a biologically based cancer risk-assessment model. It That rather self-serving quotation from challenge some of the basic assumptions related to the second messengers) have given us valuable information related to the cancer process, no clear picture or consensus view has emerged. For the sake of taking a different view of the information gathered, we will controlled in vitro and experimental animal bioassay suppressor genes, experimental initiation/promotion/ progression model systems, and basic studies on the beings precludes direct and easy extrapolation from control of cell growth (1.e., growth regulators and ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A247 676

AD-A247 677

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

### CONTINUED AD-A247 676

carcinogenesis have been done on the predominate cells of target organs the target cell for carcinogenesis (i.e., the early stem or progenitor cell) has not been used. current paradigm guiding the cancer research field, namely, 'carcinogenesis as mutagenesis'. Put succinctly, while the bulk of the molecular, biochemical, and cellular studies related to 'carcinogens' and

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , BIOASSAY, BLOOD CELLS, CANCER, CARCINDGENESIS, CARCINOGENS, CELLS, CELLS(BIOLOGY), CONTROL, ENVIRONMENTS, GENES, GENETICS, GROWTH SUBSTANCES, HEMATOPOIETIC CELLS, HUMANS, IN VITRO ANALYSIS, INTERACTIONS, LABORATORY ANIMALS, MEDICAL RESEARCH, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, MUTATIONS, ORGANS(ANATOMY), REGULATORS, SEX, SUPPRESSORS, TARGETS. DESCRIPTORS:

(U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Cancer, \*Carcinogens, Reprints. IDENTIFIEKS:

AD-A247 675

8/4

MICHIGAN STATE UNIV EAST LANSING

Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Regulator Modulation of Extracellular, Intracellular and Intracellular Communication, 3

23P 89 RSONAL AUTHORS: Trosko, James E.; Chang, Chia-Cheng; Madhukaar, Burra V.; Oh, Saw Y. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0325 CONTRACT NO.

2312

PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-90-0909, AFDSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Cell Intercommunication, Chapter 7, p111-131 1989. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

Reprint: Chemical, Uncogene and Growth Regulator Modulation of Extracellular, Intracellular and Intercellular Communication.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CARCINOGENESIS, \*HOMEOSTASIS, \*CELLS(BIOLOGY), GROWTH(PHYSIOLOGY), REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

SENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR2312A5, Cellular communications, \*Gap junctions, Contact inhibition, IDENTIFIERS: (U) Oncodene.

**T85004** 

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PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

2/1 AD-A247 598 CLARKSON UNIV POTSDAM NY

Calibration Chamber Testing

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 91-31 May 92,

413P

Huang, An-Bin PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0284 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

ວ TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MOVITOR:

TR-92-0083, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Calibration Chamber Testing has provided a forum for the exchange of concepts, information, and experiences related to the use of the calibration chamber. It was the first time such a conference was held on an international basis. The two-day Symposium brought together more than fifty researchers from Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Italy, Japan, Norway, U.K., and the U.S.. In addition to the traditional use of the chamber for calibrating in situ soil testing, topics related to pile testing in chambers and other forms of physical and numerical The First International Symposium on simulations of field testing techniques were also included. Soils testing, Soils, Calibration chamber ABSTRACT: testing.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SOILS, ADDITION, AUSTRALIA, BRAZIL, CALIBRATION, CANADA, CHAMBERS, DAY, EXCHANGE, FRANCE, INTERNATIONAL, ITALY, JAPAN, NORWAY, SYMPOSIA, TIME, REPRINTS. PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2302C1, Soil testing. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 571

RUTGERS - THE STATE UNIV PISCATAWAY NJ

(U) CAIP Neural Network Workshop Held in Piscataway, New Jersey in November 1990.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Rept. for 1 Nov 90-30 Apr 91

APR 91

ج ح Mammone, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0127 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0210, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in the field from the United States and abroad. The goal of the workshop was to assess the current state-of-the-art Neural Network architecture and algorithms and to consider the most promising directions for further research in this rapidly developing field. A book was printed as an outgrowth of the workshop and constitutes collection of some of the important papers presented and Rutgers University organized and hosted a workshop on Neural Networks. The workshop attracted over 120 leaders In November 1990, the CAIP Center of discussed

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*NEURAL NETS, ALGORITHMS, BOOKS, COLLECTION, NETWORKS, STATE OF THE ART, UNITED STATES, UNIVERSITIES, WORKSHOPS, RANDOM ACCESS COMPUTER STORAGE DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2305B3 Ê IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 596

AD-A247 571

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

AD-A247 532

CONTINUED AD-A247 532

WASHINGTON STATE UNIV PULLMAN

WUAFOSR2307CS, PEG1102F Ξ IDENTIFIERS:

(U) Study of the Leading-Edge Vortex Dynamics in the Unsteady Flow Over an Airfoil.

Final rept. 1 Jan 90-31 Dec 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

546 FEB 92

Ramaprain, B. R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-013 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

TR-82-0222, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) The two-year project to study the dynamics of the leading-edge vortex (LEV) over a pitching airfoil under conditions of dynamic stall, was started in January 1990. Several accomplishments have been made during these validating their numerical models. Unsteady Aerodynamics, two years. The most significant of these are (1) the construction of a special water channel suitable for the over a pitching airfeil. These data are being made available to other investigators for use as database in study of dynamic stall over a pitching airfoil, (2) the measurement of surface pressure distributions over the airfoil under several key operating conditions, and (3) development of the techniques of Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV) and its use in the measurement of instantaneous velocity and vorticity field in the two-dimensional flow around the airfoll. Some of these data understand the physics of unsteady vorticity dynamics Dynamic Stall, Supermaneuverability, Vortex Dynamics. which are the first of their kind have been used to ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AERODYNAMICS, \*AIRFOILS, \*FLUID FLOW, CHANNELS, CONSTRUCTION, DYNAMICS, EDGES, FLOW, IMAGES, LEADING EDGES, MEASUREMENT, MODELS, PARTICLES, PHYSICS, PRESSURE, SURFACES, TWO DIMENSIONAL, TWO DIMENSIONAL FLOW, VELOCITY, WATER

AD-A247 532

AD-A247 532

UNCLASSIFIED

5

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A247 498

COMPUTERS

ARCHITECTURE, BODIES, BUDGETS, CELLS, COMMERCE, COMPUTER CONSTRUCTION, COSTS, DISTRIBUTION, ENGINEERING, FIBERS, FINES, HUMANS, HYPOTHALAMUS, MATERIALS, MATHEMATICS, MECHANICAL ENGINEERING, NERVE CELLS, ORGANIZATIONS, PATTERNS, PHILOSOPHY, PLASTICS, POPULATION, ROBOTICS, ROBOTS, SCHOOLS, SYNAPSE, UNITED STATES, UNIVERSITIES, VELOCITY.

WUAFDSR2312CS, PEB1102F.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A247 498

PITTSBURGH UNIV PA DEPT OF PSYCHIATRY

(U) Organization of the Human Circadian System.

Annual rept. 1 Feb 91-31 Jan 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

Moore, Robert Y. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-91-0175 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

ន TASK NO.

TR-92-0219, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) As in the prior material, the largest population of neurons in the Human SCN contains NT. These are distributed throughout the nucleus and are accompanied by a dense axonal plexus which is probably distributed in a pattern that indicates the synapses are predominantly axodendritic. The second largest population of neurons is VP-containing. These also are widely distributed but perikarya are not present in the ventralmedial portion of the nucleus. The VP plexus is also containing neurons are found predominantly in the central part of the SCN. There is a dense, and quite coarse, plexus of varicosities and axons peripherally with many fever axons in the area of NPY cell bodies. The plexus includes a set of very fine fibers and varicosities that lateral geniculate. VIP perikarya are located very ventrally and medially in the nucleus. Axons project through the nucleus and out into the adjacent interior hypothalamus. The area innervated by these VIP fivers intrinsic. The NT plexus is uniformly dense throughout the SCN with rumerous, small varicosities. These are predominantly axodendritic synapse organization. NPYdense and the distribution of axons also indicates a presumably arise either from the SCN neurons or the appears much wider than in the rat and includes the paraventricular nucleus

\*CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, ACTUATORS DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A247 498

AD-A247 498

7 PAGE

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 497

COLORADO STATE UNIV FORT COLLINS DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING Multiparameter Radar and Aircraft Based Studies of the Microphysical, Kinematic and Electrical Structure of Convective Clouds.

Annual rept. 15 Jan 91-14 Jan 92, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

Bringi, V. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0141 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0220, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

installing the SUN workstations, disks, Exabyte tapereaders, etc., so as to be compatible for NCAR radar analysis software. We were also busy installing software to read the PMS data tapes from the Wyoming and NCAR King Airs. While the Wyoming aircraft data is on the NCAR mass store, the NCAR data is still in the process of transfer to mass store, we are still in the process of transfer to mass store. We are still to install software to read the T-28 aircraft tapes. We spent substantial time in validating and calibrating the CP-2 multiparameter radar data. Time series data from 24 August 1991 was evaluated in detail by myself and Ms. Li Liu a Ph.D. graduate student partially supported by this project. We chose handle on such data. We are pleased with the data quality from CP-2. We have chosen the cases from 26, 29 July and After returning from CaPE we were busy time series data for evaluation since we have better 5, 8, 9 August for in-depth analysis. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CLOUD PHYSICS, \*CLOUDS, AIRCRAFT, DEPTH, DISKS, GRADUATES, MASS, QUALITY, RADAR, STORES, STUDENTS, TIME, TRANSFER, CONVECTION(ATMOSPHERIC), SIGNAL PROCESSING, RAINFALL, THUNDERSTORMS, ICE, LIGHTNING. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2310CS, PEB1102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 497

AD-A247 498

12/4

MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

(U) Global Minimum Solution of Engineering Design Problems.

Final rept. 1 Feb 87-31 Aug 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

9

Rosen, J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0127 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

**A8** TASK NO.

TR-92-0218, AFOSR AFOSR, MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Two algorithms to solve non-ionvex geometrical programming problems have been developed and tested. Computational results have been obtained.

\*ALGORITHMS, \*MATHEMATICAL PROGRAMMING, COMPUTATIONS, GEOMETRY, ENGINEERING, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES. DESCRIPTORS: (U) PROBLEM SOLVING,

WUAF0SR2304A8, PEB1102F IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A247 496

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004

AD-A247 403 9/3

POTOMAC PHOTONICS INC LANHAM MD

(U) Compact, Self-Contained ArF Lasers.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun-30 Nov 91,

JAN 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Christensen, C. P.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-91-0040

PROJECT NO. 3005

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-82-0017, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Key development issues associated with compact argon fluoride waveguide lasers have been investigated in a Phase I SBIR study. Average laser power of 4 milliwatts and pulse energy of 16 microjoules have been produced. Feasibility of a compact gas supply suitable for steady-state operation of the laser at very low gas flow rates has been demonstrated. Formation of dioxygen fluoride radicals in the laser gas mixture following excitation has been observed, and optical absorption by these species has been found to limit laser energy at high pulse repetition rates. Oxygen sources in the laser gas supply have been investigated. Ultraviolet Lasers, Argon Fluoride.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*LASERS, ABSORPTION, ARGON, ENERGY, EXCITATION, FLOW, FLUORIDES, GAS FLOW, MIXTURES, OPERATION, OXYGEN, PHASE, POWER, PULSES, RATES, SOURCES, STEADY STATE, SUPPLIES, ULTRAVIOLET LASERS, WAVEGUIDES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR3005A1, PEG5502F, \*Argon fluoride lasers.

AD-A247 386 15/1

AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH BOLLING AFB DC

(U) Air Force Office of Scientific Research - Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, July-August 1991,

OCT 91 48P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Tyrrell, Debra L.

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0067, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report is published in March, June, September, and December by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR). It lists all the research proposals received by AFOSR in the previous six months along with the action taken (Initiated, Declined or Withdrawn) on each report. The report is divided into two parts. The Institution index lists proposals alphabetically by institution. This is followed by a more detailed listing by Directorate, and by Program Manager within the Directorate.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, \*RESEARCH MANAGEMENT, INDEXES, REPORTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Military research, AFOSR(Air Force Office of Scientific Research), Contractors.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

NY DEPT OF PHARMACOLOGY ROCHESTER UNIV MEDICAL CENTER Cytotoxicity and Bioactivation Mechanism of Benzyl 2-Chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethyl Sulfide and Benzyl 1,2,3,4,4-Pentachlorobuta-1,3-dienyl Sulfide,

88

Veltman, James C.; Dekant, Wolfgang; Guengerich, F. P.; Anders, M. W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0302 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO.

TR-90-0904, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Chemical Research in Toxicology, vint p35-40 1988. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

were cytotoxic in isolated rat hepatocytes. The cytotoxicity of 1 was greater in hepatocytes from phenobarbital-treated rats compared with control rats and in male than in female rats and was inhibited by carbon diphenylvalerate HC1 (SKF 525-A). Benzyl sulfides 1 and 2 studied as an alternative test of the hypothesis that the (pentachlorobutadienyl)-L-cysteine and S-(2-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethyl)-L-cysteine is associated with their metabolism to unstable thiols; the expectation was that This expectation was realized: 1 and 2 The metabolism and cytotoxicity of benzyl the benzyl sulfides 1 and 2 would undergo cytochrome P-450 dependent benzylic hydroxylation and that the microsomal fractions and by a purified, reconstituted cytochrome P-450PE-B system. Benzaldehyde was not 1,2,3,4,4-pentachlorobuta-1,3-dienyl sulfide (1) and benzyl 2-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethyl sulfide (2) were intermediate hemimercaptals would eliminate unstable, These results provide support for the were metabolized to benzaldehyde by rat hepatic monoxide and 2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethyl 2,2toxicity of the cysteine S-conjugates Scytotoxic thiols. 3 cytotoxic. ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED 4D-A247 358

corresponding cysteine S-conjugates yield unstable thiols which may give rise to acylating agents or to stable, but toxic, terminal products that are responsible for the cytotoxic effects of the benzyl sulfides and cysteine Shypothesis that benzyl sulfides 1 and 2 and the conjugates.

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , ALDEHYDES, BENZYL RADICALS, CELLS(BIOLOGY), CONTROL, CYTOTOXINS, FEMALES, HYPOTHESES, ISOLATION, LIVER, METABOLISM, RATS, TEST AND EVALUATION, THIOLS, TOXICITY. DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Toxicology. \*Cytotoxin, \*Bioactivation, \*Benzyl sulfide, \*Benzyl radicals, \*Cytotoxicity, Reprints, Cells, Cysteine S-conjugates, Thiols, Hallogenated hydrocarbons, Alkanes, IDENTIFIERS: Alkenes.

AD-A247 358

AD-A247 358

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

6/11 AD-A247 357 NY DEPT OF PHARMACOLOGN ROCHESTER UNIV MEDICAL CENTER

Protein Synthesis by Halogenated Cysteine S-Conjugates, RNA and Inhibition of Rat Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, Ê

80

Barki, Katalin; Anders, M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0302 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-80-0903, AFCSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Carcinogenesis, v10 n4 p767-772 1889. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by MIS. Reprint: Inhibition of Rat Kidney Mitochondrial DNA, RNA and Protein Synthesis by Halogenated Cysteine S-Conjugates. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*BIOSYNTHESIS, \*DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, \*RIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, \*PROTEIN METABOLISM, \*CYSTEINE, \*CARCINOGENS, INHIBITION, KIDNEYS, MITOCHONDRIA, CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS, BUTADIENES, ACETIC ACID, AMINO ACIDS, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) Cysteine/S-(1-2-3-4-4-PentaChloro-1-3-butadienyl)-L, PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 356

NY DEPT OF PHARMACOLOGY ROCHESTER UNIV MEDICAL CENTER

Glutathione, Formation of 1-(Glutathion-S-yl)-1,2,3,4,4-pentachlorobuta-1,3-diene and 1,4-bis(glutathion-S-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobuta-1,3-diene, Enzymatic Conjugation of Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene with 3

88

Vamvakas, Spyridon; RSONAL AUTHORS: Dekant, Wolfgang; Henschler, Dietrich; Anders, M. W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0302 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-90-0905, AFOSR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Drug Metabolism and Disposition, v16 n5 p701-706 1988. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

fractions from rat liver and kidney. HCBD was metabolized by hepatic glutathione S-transferases to (E) - and (Z)-1-(glutathion-S-y!)-pentachlorobuta-1,3-diene (GPCB) in a ratio of 20:1, which were identified by secondary ion MS and by GC-MS after acid hydrolysis. The formation of GPCB was dependent on time and on protein and glutathione concentrations. Microsomal glutathione S-transferases from rat liver catalyzed GPCB formation more efficiently and on protein, glutathione, and GPCB concentrations. Hepatic cytosol catalyzed BTCB formation more efficiently than did cytosolic glutathione S-transferases; very low rates of GPCB formation were observed in kidney subcellular fractions. GPCB is also a substrate for glutathione S-transferases and is metabolized to a diglutathione conjugate, which was identified by secondary ion MS and 13C NMR spectrometry as 1,4-bis(glutathion-S-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobuta-1,3-diene (BTCB). BTCB fromation from GPCB was dependent on time 5 the nephrotoxin and nephrocarcinogen hexachloro-1,3-butadiene (HCBD) was investigated in subcellular ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A247 356

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AD-A247 357

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

# AD-A247 356 CONTINUED

than did hepatic microsomes; significant amounts of BTCB were also formed in kidney cytosol. Hepatic formation of glutathlone S-conjugates, translocation of the S-conjugates to the kidney, and renal processing to form reactive intermediates may be the cause of HCBD-induced nephrotoxicity and, perhaps, nephrocarcinogenicity. The halogenated olefin HCBD is a selective nephrotoxin and a potent nephrocarcinogen. (Author)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACIDS, ENZYMES, GLUTATHIONE, HYDROLYSIS, IONS, KIDNEYS, LIVER, LOW RATE, MICROSOMES, PROCESSING, PROTEINS, RATS, SECONDARY, SPECTROMETRY, SUBSTRATES, TIME, TOXICITY, TRANSFERASES, TRANSLOCATION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Enzymes,
\*Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene(HCBD), \*Glutathione,
Nephrotoxins, Nephrocarcinogens, Halogenated hydrocarbons,
Toxicity, Reprints, Kidneys...

AD-A247 352 20/4

LEHIGH UNIV BETHLEHEM PA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AND MECHANICS

(U) On the Tynamics of Near-Wall Turbulence

91 46

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Smith, C. R.; Walker, J. D.; Haidari, A. H.; Sobrun, U.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0065

TASK NO. BS

2307

PROJECT NO.

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0064, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London, Series A, v336 p131-175 1991. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

Reprint: On the Dynamics of Near-Wall Turbulence.

DESCRIPTORS: (c) \*TURBULENT FLOW, \*TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER, \*FLUID DYNAMICS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, KINEMATICS, WALLS, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2307BS, \*Wall turbulence, Hairpin vortex, Shear flow.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/3 8/2 AD-A247 351

ROCHESTER UNIV NY

mutagen in the Ames-Test.

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AD-A247 351

Mutagenicity of Benzyl S-Haloalkyl and S-Haloalkenyl Sulfides in the Ames-Test, Ξ

SCRIPTORS: (U), ALDEHYDES, BENZYL RADICALS, HYPOTHESES, METABOLISM, MUTAGENS, THIOLS. DESCRIPTORS:

> Vamvakas, S.; Dekant, W.; Anders, M. W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Mutagens,
\*Benzyl S-Haloalkyl, \*S-Haloalkenyl sulfides, \*Ames test,
\*Halogenated hydrocarbons, \*Hydroxylation, Benzyl, IDENTIFIERS:

> AF0SR-86-0302 CONTRACT NO.

Reprints, Alkyl, Sulfides.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-80-0906, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Biochemical Pharmacology, v38 n8 p835-839 1989. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

mutagenicity of the corresponding S-conjugate S-(2-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethyl)-L-cysteine. Also, benzyl 2-chloroethyl sulfide, which, along with the corresponding S-conjugate S-(2-chloroethyl)-L-cysteine, does not observed with benzaldehyde and with the tert-butyl analogues, which cannot be metabolized to a hemimercaptal, indicate that the formation of unstable thiols is responsible for the mutagenic effects of the benzyl metabolism to unstable thiols. Under conditions enabling cytochrome P-450-dependent benzylic hydroxylation of BPBS and BDVS, both benzyl sulfides were mutagenic. Thus results in combination with the lack of mutagenicity undergoes benzylic hydroxylation, was negative in the Ames-Test; this is in agreement with the observed lack of Benzyl 2-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethyl sulfide, which also preincubation assay to investigate the hypothesis that sulfides and the corresponding cysteine S-conjugates. STRACT: (U) The mutagenicity of benzyl 1,2,3,4,4-pentachlorobutadienyl sulfide (BPBS) and benzyl 1.2-dichlorovinyl sulfide (BDVS) was studied in the Ames the mutagenic effect of the cysteine S-conjugates S-(pentachlorobutadienyl)-L-cysteine and S-(1,2-dichlorovinyl)-L-cysteine is associated with their require bloactivation, was a potent, direct-acting ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A247 351

AD-A247 35

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

LEHIGH UNIV BETHLEHEM PA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 20/4 AD-A247 349

(U) Evolution of Hairpin Vortices in a Shear Flow, AND MECHANICS

9

Ö Hon, T.-L.; Walker, J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-85-C-0033 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0003, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Computers Fluids, v20 n3 p343-358 1991. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*VORTICES, SHEAR PROPERTIES, BOUNDARY LAYER FLOW, WALLS, UNSTEADY FLOW, REPRINTS.

Reprint: Evolution of Hairpin Vortices in a Shear Flow.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2307BS, Shear flow, Hairpin vortices.

20/4 AD-A247 348 MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

Effect of Damkohler Number on the Reactive Zone Structure in a Shear Layer.

Rept. for Oct 90-Sep 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

17P

Ghoniem, Ahmed F.; Heidarinejad, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Ghassem

AF0SR-89-1491 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

**A**2 TASK NO. AF0SR, XF TR-92-0045, AF0SR

MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Combustion and Flame, v83 p1-16 1991. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

Reprint: Effect of Damkohler Number on the Reactive Zone Structure in a Shear Layer.

LSCRIPTORS: (U) \*VORTICES, SHEAR PROPERTIES, DIGITAL SIMULATION, MASS TRANSFER, UNSTEADY FLOW, REYNOLDS NUMBER, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A2, Damkohler 3 IDENTIFIERS: number.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

8/8 6/1 AD-A247 347

ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA

The Biochemical Basis of the Activation of Promutagens by Plant Cell Systems, 3

6

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Plews, Michael J.

AF0SR-88-0338 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO.

TR-92-0085, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Plants for Toxicity Assessment, v2, ASTM STP 1115, p287-298 1991. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

accumulation of environmental exembiotics. With the Widespread use of agricultural chemicals on crop plants and with the global exposure of plants to pollutants, the promutagenic agents are activated into mutagens by plant systems. Many promutagens are activated by plants as well as by the familiar mammalian microsomal monooxygenase possibility that plant-activated agents may be introduced activation system and the genetic system can be independently studied. In addition, the viability of the plant cells and the microbial cells can be independently Environmentally relevant agents should be evaluated with system and bacteria or yeast cells as the genetic indicator organism. After a treatment time, the microbes are plated on selective medium. In this way the plant assays. The plant cell/microbe coincubation assay uses cultured plant cell suspensions as the activating Plant activation is the process by which determined so that the toxicity of a test agent can be evaluated. We have employed cultured tobacco, cotton, lants have become a reservoir for the deposition and systems. However, several environmentally important agents are preferentially activated by plant cells. carrot, maize, and tradescentia cells to study the into the human food chain is a cause of concern. 3

CONTINUED AD-A247 347 activation of test agents and complex environmental aixtures. ACCUMULATION, ACTIVATION, AGRICULTURE BACTERIA, CELLS, CELLS(BIOLOGY), CHEMICALS, CORN, COTTON, DEPOSITION, ENVIRONMENTS, EXPOSURE(GENERAL), FOOD CHAINS, GENETICS, GLOBAL, HUMANS, MAMMALS, MICRORGANISMS, MICROSOMES, MIXTURES, MUTAGENS, OXIDOREDUCTASES, PLANTS(BOTANY), PLATING, POLLUTANTS, TEST AND EVALUATION, DESCRIPTORS:

TIME, TOBACCO PLANTS, TOXICITY, YEASTS.

activation, \*Promutagen, Antimutagen, Salmonella Assay, Cultured Plant Cells, \*Peroxidation, 2-Aminofluorene, M-Phenylenediamine, Acetaminophen, Diethyldithiocar-bamate, Reprints, Toxicity, Food Chains, Xenobiotics. PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A4, \*Plant 3 IDENTIFIERS:

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 344

EAST LANSING DEPT OF PEDIATRICS/ MICHIGAN STATE UNIV HUMAN DEVELOPMENT Potential Role of the Human Ha-ras Oncogene in the Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Potential Role of Communication, Ξ

9 83 RSONAL AUTHORS: El-Fouly, Mohamed H.; Trosko, James E.; Chang, Chia-Cheng; Warren, Stephen T. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0325 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFDSR, XF TR-80-0908, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Molecular Carcinogenesis, v2 p131-135 1989. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

characterized. We tested the effects of the expression of the human c-Ha-ras-1 oncogene, derived from the EJ/T4 bladder carcinoma cell line, on the ability of the Chinese hamster V78 cells to conduct gap junctional junctional function. Assuming that reversible inhibition of intercellular communication plays a role during tumor intercellular communication (GUIC) plays an important role during tumor promotion. Several tumor-promoting agents are known to inhibit this form of cellular coupling. In addition, tumor cells and cells expressing expression fo p21 ras protein and the inhibition of gap communication. The junctional competence was studied by different tissues. Its p21 product is a membrane-bound polypeptide, the function of which is not fully two different methods, the scrape-loading/dye transfer certain oncogenic products have been shown to exhibit technique and the metabolic cooperation assay. The inhibited or reduced GUIC. The Ha-ras oncogene is expressed in a wide variety of human tumors from results indicate a strong correlation between the The modulation of gap junctional 3 ABSTRACT:

CONTINUES AD-A247 344

oncogenes might work by different biochemical mechanisms, progression phase of carcinogenesis, our data suggest that, while chemical tumor promoters and the ras they both affect a critical cellular function; namely promotion and stable inhibition during the tumor

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ASSAYING, BIOCHEMISTRY, CANCER, CARCINGGENESIS, CELLS, CELLS(BIOLOGY), CHEMICALS, COMMUNICATION AND RADIO SYSTEMS, COOPERATION, COUPLING(INTERACTION), CYTOLOGY, GENETICS, HUMANS, INHIBITION, METABOLISM, MODULATION, NEOPLASMS, PROMOTION(ADVANCEMENT), PROTEINS, REVERSIBLE, STABILITY. DESCRIPTORS:

SENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Gap junctions,
\*Cell-cell communication, \*Ha-ras oncogene, Reprints,
\*Tumors, \*GuIC(Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication) , \*Carcinogenesis. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A247 344

UNCLASSIFIED

T85004 23

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTINUED

AD-A247 343

6/1 8/4 AD-A247 343 SHORT RANGE(TIME), SUPPRESSORS, TEST AND EVALUATION TOXICOLOGY. EAST LANSING DEPT OF PEDIATRICS, MICHIGAN STATE UNIV

(U) Stem Cell Theory of Carcinogenesis HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

JENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Stem cell theory, \*Carcinogenesis, \*Mutagens, Toxicity, Oncogenes. Genotoxicity, Cancer, Reprints.

IDENTIFIERS:

ပ Trosko, J. E.; Chang, C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

13P

83

AF0SR-89-0325 CONTRACT NO.

2312

PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-90-0907, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Toxicology Letters, v49 p283-295 1989. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

model of the multistage nature of carcinogenesis. Current carcinogenic process, involving complex interactions of genetic, developmental, sex, dietary and environmental factors during the multistage initiation/promotion/progression process of carcinogenesis, would lead us to reject simplistic non-biologically based risk assessment models. This understanding, plus recent results of the National Toxicology Bioassay program and of the studies of short-term tests for genotoxicity, has challenged the primary paradigm of 'carcinogens as mutagens' which governs our current risk assessment models. The concepts of the stem cell theory of cancer, of oncogenes/tumor suppressor genes, of gap junctional intercellular communication, and of mutagenic and epi-genetic mechanisms must be integrated into a biologically-based understanding of the Complex interactions during this process prevents us from believing that a simple and accurate, biologically-based risk assessment model Will Our present understanding of the be developed soon. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , BIOASSAY, CANCER, CARCINOGENESIS, CARCINOGENS, DIET, ENVIRONMENTS, GENES, GENETICS, INTERACTIONS, MODELS, MUTAGENS, NEOPLASMS, RISK, SEX,

AD-A247 343

AD-A247 343

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PAGE

24

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 328

STANFORD UNIV CA EDWARD L GINZTON LAB OF PHYSICS

(U) Laser Physics and Laser Techniques.

Annual technical rept. 15 Mar 90-15 Mar DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

816 16 AON Siegman, A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F496201-89-K-0004 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0008, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

resonators and laser resonator and optical beam software; Progress in research on laser physics and new techniques for laser beam characterization and laser beam quality measurement; the generation of ultrashort laser techniques is summarized, including work on laser fundamental excess quantum noise effect in ultrastable optical pulses in the infrared; and measurement of a laser oscillators. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , BEAMS(RADIATION), COMPUTER PROGRAMS, LASER BEAMS, LASER COMPONENTS, LASERS, LIGHT PULSES, MEASUREMENT, NOISE(ELECTRICAL AND ELECTROMAGNETIC), OPTICS, OSCILLATORS, PHYSICS, QUANTUM ELECTRONICS, RESONATORS, SHORT PULSES, STABILITY.

resonatos, Subpicosecond optical measurements, Subpicosecond photodetector spontaneous emission, Laser oscillator, Diffraction limited diode lasers, Laser beam PEG1102F, \*Laser components, \*Cavity DENTIFIERS:

20/8 AD-A247 318 CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENA GRADUATE AERONAUTICAL LABS

Transmission of Thin Light Beams Through Turbulent Mixing Layers, E

SAN

Wissler, John B.; Roshko, Anatol PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0552 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0058, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Aerospace Sciences Meeting and Exhibit (30th), 8-9 Jan 92. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NIIS.

Reprint: Transmission of Thin Light Beams Through Turbulent Mixing Layers. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*LIGHT TRANSMISSION, TURBULENCE, TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER, LASER BEAMS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, REPRINTS

DESCRIPTORS:

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2307BS, PE61102F, Turbulent mixing layer, Aerooptics.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

6/1 AD-A247 313 CALIFORNIA UNIV LOS ANGELES MENTAL RETARDATION RESEARCH CENTER Intracellular Physiology of the Rat Suprachiasmatic Nucleus: Electrical Properties, Neurotransmission, and Effects of Neuromodulators. 3

Annual rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

Dudek, F. E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0058 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO AFDSR, XF TR-92-0070, AFDSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

all, of the fast synaptic potentials in virtually all SCN neurons. Preliminary experiments, however, suggest that a circadian rhythm of electrical activity persists after electrophysiological properties, amino-acid-mediated synaptic transmission, and neuromodulation. We have continued to study the role of excitatory and inhibitory amino acids (i.e., glutamate and GABA) in fast synaptic transmission in the SCN. Our work has provided strong evidence that these transmitters mediate all, or nearly neurons, with a focus on the interplay between intrinsic clamp studies are being undertaken on intrinsic membrane properties, which we have found to be heterogeneous across the SCN. Particularly interesting is our recent observation that synchronous bursts of action potentials and the preoptic area of the hypothalamus, thus allowing transmitter systems. Intracellular and whole-cell patchblocked with low-calcium solutions and amino-acid-transmitter antagonists. Finally, we have continued several lines of experimentation partially supported by this grant on the supraoptic and paraventricular nuclei can occur in the SCN after chemical synapses have been Our primary aim has been to study the electrophysiology of suprachiasmatic nucleus (SCN) post-synaptic pharmacological blockade of these

CONTINUED AD-A247 313

continue to be aimed at providing a rigorous understanding of how transmitters and neuromodulators interact with intrinsic membrane properties to regulate the electrical activity of neurons in the SCN and other regulatory areas of the hypothalamus. Our experiments a direct comparison between the SCN and other major areas of the hypothalamus. ESCRIPTORS: (U), AMINO ACIDS, CELLS(BIOLOGY), CHEMICALS, CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, COMPARISON, ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES, GLUTAMIC ACID, HYPOTHALAMUS, INHIBITION, NERVE CELLS, NEUROCHEMISTRY, NEUROTRANSMITTERS, NUCLEI, PHYSIOLOGY, SALTS, SYNAPSE, TRANSMITTANCE, TRANSMITTERS. DESCRIPTORS:

\*Electrophysiology, \*Neurotransmitters, \*Neurons \*Suprachiasmatic rucleus, Neuromodulation. PE81102F, WUAFOSR2312A3 Ξ IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 313

AD-A247 313

**3**8 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/5 AD-A247 312

EMORY UNIV ATLANTA GA

Relaxation Dynamics of Highly Excited Halogens in Their Electronic Ground States.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug 89-15 Oct 91,

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR230381, \*Chemical lasers, \*Metastable states, \*Energy transfer, Halogens, Excimer lasers:

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

POPULATION(MATHEMATICS), RADIOACTIVE DECAY, RATES, RELAXATION, SOLIDS, SOLVATION, SPECTRAL ENERGY DISTRIBUTION, SPECTROSCOPY, VIBRATION.

CONTINUED

AD-A247 312

Z Z

Heaven, Michael PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0249 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO.

TR-92-0161, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

cryogenic solids, and to determine the A and A' state radiative decay rates. Large matrix shifts were observed, caused by solvation of the excited state dipole. It is probable that an optically pumped laser, operating on the D'-A' transition of Ar matrix isolated I2, could be of population distributions from spectral intensity data. Constants for the systems were obtained from rotationally resolved spectra for jet cooled, metastable I2. Studies of matrix isolated I2 and IBr were undertaken in order to vibronically excited levels can be sensitively monitored valance to ion-pair transitions. However, accurate spectroscopic constants are required for the extraction examine their electronic relaxation dynamics in simple ground state lodine, and all levels of the metastable state, are involved in processes leading to the dissociation of 12 in the chemical oxygen lodine laser (COIL). Populations in these vibrationally and by exciting laser induced fluorescence (LIF) from the Highly excited vibrational levels of constructed. ESCRIPTORS: (U), ACCURACY, CHEMICAL LASERS, CONSTANTS, CRYOGENICS, DISSOCIATION, DYNAMICS, ELECTRONIC STATES, ELECTRONS, EXTRACTION, GROUND STATE, HALOGENS, IODINE, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, LASER PUMPING, METASTABLE STATE, OPTICAL PUMPING, OXYGEN, POPULATION, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 312

AD-A247 312

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27

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

6/3 AD-A247 309 STANFORD UNIV CA EDWARD L GINZTON LAB OF PHYSICS

Research Studies on Extreme Ultraviolet and Soft X-Ray Lasers. 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 88-31 Jan 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Harris, S. E.

F49620-88-C-0120 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO. HONITOR:

AFDSR, XF TR-82-0014, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

operation of a traveling wave X-ray pump H2 118 nm laser; the development of a new type of depletion spectroscopy This report describes studies concerned with the physics of short wavelength lasers and with without inversion and related concepts applicable to for core-excited states; and the proposal of lasers applications of a new type of quantum mechanical interference. Highlights of this work include the nonlinear optics. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U), DEPLETION, INTERFERENCE, LASERS, NONLINEAR OPTICS, PHYSICS, QUANTUM THEORY, RANGE (EXTREMES), SHORT WAVELENGTHS, SOFT X RAYS, SPECTROSCOPY, ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION, X RAY LASERS.

ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2301A1, \*Ultraviolet lasers, Pumping(Electronics), Picosecond time, Auger lasers, Far ultraviolet radiation. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

6/1 AD-A247 307 SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIV TIBURON CA TIBURON CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

(U) Molecular Toxicology of Chromatin.

Final rept. 1 Jan 89-31 Dec 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**94P** JAN 92 Kun, Ernest PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0231 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-92-0092, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

specificity towards the enzyme protein or its polypeptide components, among the polypeptides only the 29 kDa terminal basic polypeptide associated with the histone affinity matrices in a DNA unlimited dependent manner. The binding properties of spermine-, polylysine- and polyarginine- Sepharose 48 affinity matrices were also determined. The spermine matrix exhibited similarities to catalytic significance of histone-enzyme associations was obtained by digestion with plasmin, to histone-Sepharose 48 matrices was determined by a centrifugation technique. Both the intact enzyme protein and the 29 kDa terminal The binding of the ADP unlimited ribosyl the histone affinity matrix, except binding was considerably weaker, whereas affinity matrices of synthetic polyamino acids showed individual variations but did not replace histones as affinity ligands. The tested by determining the effects of the polypeptide strictly DNA-dependent manner. Whereas the nature of polypeptide bound to histone affinity matrices in a components on the enzymatic ADP-ribosyl transferase transferase protein and its polypeptide components, covalently matrix-bound histones had no apparent octadeoxyribonucleotide duplex as coenzyme reaction in the presence of a synthetic

, CENTRIFUGE SEPARATION, CHROMATIN, 3 **DESCRIPTORS**:

AD-A247 307

AD-A247 309

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004

AD-A247 307 CONTINUED

COENZYMES, DATA PROCESSING, DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, ENZYMES, HISTONES, MOLECULES, PEPTIDES, PLASMIN, POLYMERS, PROTEINS, TOXICOLOGY, TRANSFERASES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR2312A5,
 \*Deoxyribonucleic acid, \*Enzymes, \*Toxicity, \*Protein,
 \*Peptides.

AD-A247 306 20/9

WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE AEROSPACE AND ENERGETICS RESEARCH PROGRAM

(U) Transient Internal Probe Diagnostic.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. no. 1, 15 Sep 90-14 Oct 91.

DEC 91 44P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Jarboe, Thomas R.; Spanjers, Gregory G.; Christiansen, Walter H.; Wurden, Glen A.; Wright, Bradford L.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0345

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. A8

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF . TR-92-0101, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DIIC and NTIS reproductions will be in black and white.

diagnostic is a novel method for probing the interior of hot magnetic is a novel method for probing the interior of hot magnetic fusion plasmas that are inaccessible with ordinary stationary probes, by limiting the time that the probe is in the plasma, and by encasing the probe in a diamond cladding. In the TIP scheme, a probe is fired through a hot plasma at velocities in excess of 2.5 km/s, and makes direct, local measurements of the internal magnetic field structure. These measurements are relayed to the laboratory optical detection system, using an incident laser that is retroreflected through a Faraday rotator crystal payload that act as a magneto-optic sensor. The individual tasks associated with the TIP development, construction a two-stage light gas gun, optical detection system and probe projectile, are currently being completed. Integration of these tasks is currently underway. It is expected that the integrated system will be functional in the first six months of 1992. A diamond ablation study has also been performed to measure the ablative effects of a hot plasma in contact

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 306 with a diamond pellet. Studies are currently underway to develop a sabot stripping system, and to develop a vacuum interface between the TIP diagnostic and the plasma experiments' vacuum chamber. ESCRIPTORS: (U) , ABLATION, CLADDING, CONTROLLED NUCLEAR FUSION, CRYSTALS, DETECTORS, DIAMONDS, FARADAY EFFECT, HIGH TEMPERATURE, INTEGRATED SYSTEMS, INTERFACES, INTERNAL, LABORATORIES, LASERS, LIGHT GAS GUNS, MAGNETIC FIELDS, MAGNETOCOPTICS, MEASUREMENT, OPTICAL DETECTION, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, PAYLOAD, PELLETS, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), PROBES, PROJECTILES, ROTATION, STAGING, STATIONARY, TRANSIENTS, VACUUM, VACUUM CHAMBERS, VELOCITY. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

\*Probes(Electromagnetic), \*Plasma devices, Magnetic fusion plasmas, TIP(Transient Internal Probes). PES1102F, WUAFUSR2301A8, IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A247 305

20/4

SIBLEY SCHOOL OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING ITHACA NY (U) 'Mapping Closures for Turbulent Mixing and Reaction,

Pope, S. B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0052 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

88 LASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0032, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

fundamental shortcomings: none has a sound physical basis; and none yields satisfactory results for the basic test case of a decaying inert scalar field in isotropic of an inert scalar in homogeneous turbulence is explained and developed. It is shown that the pdf's calculated from is then extended to many reactive scalars. In a turbulent reactive flow, the fluid composition at a point changes with time due to three processes: convection, reaction, and molecular diffusion. In probability density function models have different attributes, but they all share two The mapping closure for the one point pdf (pdf) methods (Pope, 1985, 1991) the first two of these the closure are in excellent agreement with those obtained from direct numerical simulations. The closure processes are treated exactly, but the effects of molecular diffusion have to be modeled. These different turbulence. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CLOSURES, CONVECTION, DIFFUSION, FLOW. HOWOGENEITY, INERT MATERIALS, ISOTROPISM, MAPPING, MIXING, MOLECULES, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PROBABILITY DENSITY FUNCTIONS, REACTION KINETICS, REACTIVITIES, SCALAR FUNCTIONS, TEST AND EVALUATION, TURBULENCE, TURBULENT

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308BS, Reprints. E IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 305

# DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A247 296 21/3

ILLINOIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

 Transport Processes in Beamed Energy Propulsion Systems.

PLANAR STRUCTURES, PLASMA WAVES, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), POWER, POWER LEVELS, PROFILES, PROPAGATION, PROPULSION SYSTEMS, RECTANGULAR BODIES, SOURCES, TEMPERATURE, TRANSIENTS, TRANSPORT PROPERTIES, TRANSVERSE, VELOCITY, WAVE

CONTINUED

AD-A247 298

PROPAGATION, WAVEGUIDES.

Radiofrequency power.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

\*Plasma engines, \*Waveguides

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Sep 89-30 Sep

NOV 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Beddin, Robert A; Mueller, Mark J.

REPORT NO. UILUENG-81-0511, AAE-91-11

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0308

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0160, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) A model of a microwave-induced plasma propulsion system has been developed in one dimension for a transverse electric mode (TE sub 10) of operation in a rectangular waveguide. Available experimental data are compared to the computational results for the case of a planar propagating plasma wave and, using a TE sub 10 mode-shape approximation, for a wave propagating in a waveguide. Temperature profiles, plasma propagation velocities, velocity profiles, and absorbed power histories are obtained for flow of helium from .5 to 1 atmosphere pressure and 500 to 3000 watts input power at a frequency of 2.45 GHz. The computational results show the observed jumping of the plasma towards the microwave source. Peak plasma temperatures range from 8000 to 9000 K over the input power range. For an input power of 1081. 7 W the calculated percent for the planar case and 40 percent for the waveguide case. Comparisons with experimental data indicate other mechanisms (not involving transfent processes), most likely associated with the nonequilibrium behavior of the plasma, are responsible for the disagreement between the model results and the observed plasma propagation velocities.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , BEHAVIOR, COMPUTATIONS, ELECTRIC POWER, ENERGY, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, FLOW, HELIUM, INPUT, MICROWAVES, MODELS, NONEQUILIBRIUM FLOW, PEAK VALUES,

AD-A247 296

AD-A247 298

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/5 20/12 8/1 20/5 AD-A247 293

ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER

ENGINEERING

Final technical rept. 1 Nov 89-31 Oct (U) VUV and UV Sources and Spectroscopic Applications. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

CONTINUED ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION. AD-A247 293

JENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2301A1, \*Laser applications, \*Ultraviolet spectroscopy, \*Energy storage, \*Semiconductors, \*Thin films, Epitaxial growth, Excitation, \*Photochemical reactions, Holography, \*Semiconducting films, Laser diodes, Diodes, Vapor deposition, Gallium arsenides, Short wavelengths, Dimers IDENTIFIERS:

> 145P DEC 91

Eden, J. G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-89-0038 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

۲ TASK NO.

TR-82-0114, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

been grown epitaxially at temperatures as low as 450 C by illuminating the surface with ArF (183nm) radiation. Also, polycrystalline GaN (preferentially oriented (100)) has been grown on GaAs and sapphire at temperatures as low as 700 C and at growth rates exceeding 2 microns/hour. conducted. Laser spectroscopy of the rare gas dimers and Group IIB dimers have yielded structural constants for a significant number of previously unobserved states. Also, determined. The growth of GaAs and GaN by photo-assisted Fano 'windows' have been observed in Ne2 in the energy region lying between v(+) = 0 and v(+) = 3 of the Ne2(+) ground state X sq. Epsilon. Bound free emission studies of Cd2 and Zn2 have been carried out and the structural MOCVD has also been demonstrated. Gallium arsenide has Extensive experimental studies of small constants for the (1) Epsilon upper states have been molecules as potential 'hosts' for short wavelength (lambda < 200 mm) energy-storage lasers have been ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , CONSTANTS, DIMERS, EMISSION, ENERGY, ENERGY STORAGE, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, GROWTH(GENERAL), LASERS, MOLECULES, RARE GASES, RATES, REGIONS, SAPPHIRE, SHORT WAVELENGTHS, SOURCES, SPECTROSCOPY, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, TEMPERATURE, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 293

AD-A247 293

UNCLASSIFIED

32 PAGE

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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AD-A247 290

4/9 AD-A247 290

CALIFORNIA UNIV SANTA CRUZ DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY AND **PSYCHOBIOLOGY** 

(U) Space Constancy on Video Display Terminals.

DESTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313CS, Flicker, Distortion, \*Visual Perception, \*Eye Movements, Space Perception, \*Reading, Motion, Saccadic movement,

IDENTIFIERS:

Thresholds (Physiology).

Annual rept. 1 Jan-31 Dec 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

210 DEC 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bridgeman, Bruce

AFDSR-90-0095 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0142, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

progressed in four projects. The first, a report of distorted space processing in flickering fields, concerns empirical work completed. The second project extended this work to high-speed flicker, at 480 adn 960 Hz. No evidence was found that these high flicker rates have any issues were resolved. The third project examined reading resulted in reading that was on average 0.6 msec faster, a difference that is neither statistically reliable nor of practical consequence. Technical problems in that automatized screen refresh procedure. Initial results showed a small advantage in reading speed at the higher frequency for 4 to 8 subjects, and an overall advantage of 5 words/min at 500 Hz. Data collection is continuing rates on CRT screens at 80 and 500 Hz. The faster rate reading material, with eye movement monitoring and an study were addressed in the fourth study, using more subjects and a larger and more difficult sample of advantages over slower rates, though some technical in this project. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , CATHODE RAY TUBE SCREENS, COMMUNICATION TERMINALS, DATA ACQUISITION, EYE MOVEMENTS, FLICKER, FREQUENCY, HIGH RATE, MATERIALS, MONITORING, RATES, READING, TELEVISION DISPLAY SYSTEMS, VELOCITY, VIDEO NETWORKS. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 290

AD-A247 290

UNCLASSIFIED

33

PAGE

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A247 289 6/4 6/1

WRIGHT STATE UNIV DAYTON OH MAGNETIC RESONANCE LAB

(U) Hepatic Metabolism of Perfluorinated Carboxylic Acids and Polychlorotrifluoroethylene: A Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Investigation in Vivo.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Feb-14 Dec 91,

JAN 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Reo, Nicholas V.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0148

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0133, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

astract: (U) This report describes recent results of studies designed to investigate the metabolic effects of perfluoro-carboxylic acids on liver carbohydrate and high-energy phosphorous metabolism. Carbon-13 nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectroscopy was used in conjunction with 13 C isotope labeling to monitor the dynamic conversion of glucose to glycogen for at liver in vivo. The results show that perfluoro-decanoic acid (PFDA) causes a marked inhibition in hepatic glycogen synthesis in rats at 3 days post dose (n=5). Hepatic glucose and blood glucose inhibition at 5 days post dose (n=5). Hepatic glucose and blood glucose following a glucose load in PFDA rats versus controls (p<0.05). Preliminary data reveal that glycogen synthesis from alanine via glucose load in PFDA rats versus controls (p<0.05). Preliminary data reveal the transport of glucose into hepatocytes and/or its phosphorylation by glucose into hepatocytes and/or its phosphorylation by glucose into hepatocytes and/or its phosphorylation by glucokinase. Further studies are in progress which investigate this hypothesis. In studies of the high-energy phosphorous metabolism in PFDA-treated rats. P31 NMR reveals normal ATP levels and an anomalous signal in the phosphomonoester region of the last not yet been identified and is the focus of ongoing research efforts.

AD-A247 289 CONTINUED

These studies are providing new information about the metabolic effects of perfluorocarboxylic acids and advancing the development of NMR techniques in the field of toxicology.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACIDS, ALANINES, ANOMALIES, BIOSYNTHESIS, BLOOD CHEMISTRY, BLOOD VOLUME, CARBOHYDRATES, CARBOXYLIC ACIDS, CELLS(BIOLOGY), CONVERSION, DOSAGE, DYNAMICS, FLUORINATION, GLUCOSE, GLYCOGEN, HIGH ENERGY, HYPOTHESSS, IN VIVO ANALYSIS, IMHIBITION, LIVER, METABOLISM, METABOLITES, PHOSPHORUS, PHOSPHORYLATION, RATS, REGENERATION(PHYSIOLOGY), SIGNALS, SPECTRA, SPECTROSCOPY, SYNTHESIS, TOXICOLOGY, TRANSPORT.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR231345, \*Metabolism,
\*Liver, \*Carbohydrate, \*Perfluorocarboxylic acids.

AD-A247 289

AD-A247 289

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34 T850

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 288

JOINT INST FOR LAB ASTROPHYSICS BOULDER CO

State-Resolved Dynamics of Ion-Molecule Collisions in a Flowing Afterglow

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 91

336

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Leone, Stephen R.; Bierbaum, Veronica M.

AFDSR-89-00783 C MTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

<u>.</u> TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0151, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

reagent collision energy is increased. Rotationally stateof CD+; moreover, in contrast to results for atomic systems, the parallel and perpendicular temperatures have been determined to be nearly identical. Preliminary studies of the rotational alignment of the 1,3.5argon buffer gases have been determined and compared with helium have been observed for different rotational states fluorescence was observed. Product vibrational excitation a function of enhanced collision energy; in contrast to results for neutral systems, the fraction of total energy theoretical predictions. Ion mobilities and parallel and for the proton transfer reaction 0- + HF was measured as entering vibration was found to increase slightly as the velocity distributions of Ba+ drifted in both helium and resolved product state distributions have been obtained processes have been explored in flowing afterglow-drift and single collision instruments using laser-induced fluorescence and Doppler resolved laser probing. The trifluorobenzene cation have been carried out; in some perpendicular temperatures have been measured as a function of field strength; in addition, the first experimental determination of skewness parameters has been made for Ba+ in argon. Small but definitive differences in the mobility and temperature of CO+ in spectral regions, substantial polarized laser-induced The dynamics of ion-molecule collision 3

CONTINUED AD-A247 288

cooled N2 reagent; substantial bimodal character was observed, implicating two dynamically distinct pathways for the charge transfer reaction Ar+ + N2 using jet for conversion of reactants to products. TSCRIPTORS: (U) , ALIGNMENT, ARGON, BUFFERS, CHARGE TRANSFER, CHEMICAL AGENTS, COLLISIONS, CONTRAST, DISTRIBUTION, DUAL MODE, DYNAMICS, ENERGY, EXCITATION, FIELD INTENSITY, GASES, HELIUM, INSTRUMENTATION, IONS, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, LASERS, MOBILITY, MOLECULES, NEUTRAL, PARALLEL ORIENTATION, PARAMETERS, POLARIZATION, PP-DICTIONS, PROTON REACTIONS, PROTONS, RESPONSE, RITHAL ANGLES, ROTATION, SKEWNESS, SPECTRA, TEMPERATURE, T CORY, VELOCITY, VIBRATION. DESCRIPTORS:

 ${\bf I}_{c,0}$  molecule interactions, \*Laser induced fluorescence, Ion mobility, Barium, Carbon monoxide, Trifluorobenzene PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, \*Afterglow, Ξ IDENTIFIE S:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY 8/1 AD-A247 281

9// 1/3 STATE UNIV TIBURON CA TIBURON CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES SAN FRANCISCO

Inhibitory Binding of Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase to the DNA Primer Site of Reverse Transcriptase Templates, 3

Annual technical rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Sep

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

(U) 4-D Interconnect Experimental Development.

LEXINGTON MA

SPARTA INC

**6** 

AD-A247 287

Henshaw, Philip D.; Lis, Steven A.

F49620-91-C-0002, FQ8671-90-1600

3005

PROJECT NO.

CONTRACT NO.

LTR91-018

REPORT NO.

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

386

DEC 91

9

Buki, Kalman G.; Bauer, Pa! I.; Kun, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Ernest

AF0SR-89-0231 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-92-0024, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS. Availability: Pub. in Biochemical and Biophysical Research communications, v180 n2 p498-503, 31 Oct 91

during the first year of a two year program aimed at demonstrating the feasibility of constructing a 4-dimensional neural network based on the unique properties

of spectral hole burning (SHB) materials. The work is progressing as originally planned with the basic optical system nearly complete and tested. The necessary SHB materials have been synthesized and excellent quality

This report summarizes the work performed

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UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

TR-82-0005, AFDSR

AFOSR, XF

MONITOR: TASK NO.

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transferase protein binds to RNA-DNA hybrid templates of reverse transcriptase at the DNA primer site and inhibits RT activity of HIV and MMu RTs. This action is prevented by auto-poly-ADP-ribosylation of the transferase but is reinduced by inhibitory ligands of the enzyme. ADPRT is a highly abundant non-histone nuclear protein of higher eukaryotes and there is convincing evidence that the poly(ADP-ribose) synthesizing function of this protein represents only a few percent of its molecular activity in intact cells. This is in agreement with the magnitude of the DNA-independent rates of oligo (ADP-ribose) synthesis which can be readily determined even in the 58 kDs polypeptide fragment of ADPRT that has no DNA Purified adenosine diphosphoribose Ê ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , ADENOSINE, DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS. INHIBITION, MOLECULES, PRIMERS, PROTEINS, RECOGNITION, SITES, SYNTHESIS, TRANSFERASES. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Enzyme 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 281

recognition sites.

initial tests which are aimed at verifying the basic operational capabilities of the system. Teh next phase of complete system integration and testing will soon begin.

ANGLES, CROSSTALK, HOLOGRAMS, MULTIPLEXING, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT,

INTEGRATED SYSTEMS,

DESCRIPTORS:

holograms have been recorded and retrieved. Both wavelength and angle multiplexing have been demonstrated with no apparent crosstalk. The system design has been precisely defined and all key components have been selected. A discussion is presented describing a set of

AD-A247 287

computing, Holographic storage, \*Optical interconnect.

IDENTIFIERS:

QUALITY.

PESSSO2F, \*Neural network, Optical

PAGE

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T85004 38

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A247 281

\*ADPRI(Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase), DNA(Deoxyribonucleic Acids), Ligands, Reprints, HIV, ADP Ribase, Polymers, RNA-DNA Hybrids. inhibitors, \*Adenosine phosphates, \*Transferases, \*DNA Primer site, \*Reverse transcriptase templates,

8/1 9// AD-A247 278 SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIV TIBURON CA ROMBERG TIBURON CENTERS

The Interaction of Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase (ADPRT) with a Cruciform DNA, 3

7

Kun, Ernest PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0231 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-90-0911, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, v167 n2 p842-847 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

and closing activity of topoisomerase I. We have also demonstrated that ADPRT binds to a 209 bp EcoRI-PstI fragment of SV40 DNA. ADPRT was shown to selectively bind the internal regions of the 209 bp EcoRI-PstI SV40 DNA fragment but not the internal regions of other linear activity of ADPRI. In the absence of NAD+, the enzyme can STRACT: (U) Adenosine diphosphoribosyl transferase is a DNA binding eucaryotic nuclear protein that catalyses the polymerization of ADP-ribose, which is derived from (oxidized nicotinamide adeninedinucleotide) NAD+. These homopolymers are covalently bound to ADPRT and certain other nuclear proteins such as histones, topolsomerases. RNA and DNA polymerases. This post-translational modification process has been implicated in various biological processes including repair and replication of DNA (1-3). DNA is absolutely required for the enzymatic that ADPRT binds to relaxed closed circular SV40 DNA and induces superhelicity, as assayed employing the nicking bind to DNA. An understanding of the DNA-binding mechanisms of ADPRT is considered critical for the elucidation of its cellular role. We showed previously ABSTRACT:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A247 278

ISCRIPTORS: (U) , ADENOSINE, BIOLOGY, CELLS, DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, ENZYMES, HISTONES, INTERACTIONS, INTERNAL, POLYMERS, REGIONS, REPAIR, TRANSFERASES. DESCRIPTORS:

\*\*SENTIFIERS: (U) \*Polymers, \*Adenosine Phosphates, \*Transferases, \*Cruciform, \*Deoxyribonucleic Acids, DNA, Adenosine Diphosphoribosyl Transferase(ADPRI), Reprints, Homopolymers, Enzyme Chemistry. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 275

20/4

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Mixing, Chaotic Advection, and Turbulence.

Ottino, Julio M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0251 CONTRACT NO.

TR-92-0050, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Annual Review Fluid Mechanics, v22 p207-253 1990. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DIIC and NTIS reproductions will be in black and white.

Reprint: Mixing, Chaotic Advection, and Turbulence

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ADVECTION, \*FLUID DYNAMICS, `
\*ATMOSPHERIC MOTION, CHAOS, TURBULENCE, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MIXING, REPRINTS.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2307BS. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

1/4 7/2 21/2 AD-A247 285

CONTINUED AD-A247 265

Surface reaction

CHICAGO UNIV IL DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) The Structure and Reactivity of Boron Surfaces.

Final rept. 1 Jan 88-31 Aug 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 91 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Trenary, Michael

AF0SR-88-0111 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0073, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

subsequent reactions involved in desorbing B203 from the boron surface. We find that the reactivity with 02 is low throughout the temperature range of 300-1300 K. We find that the net uptake of 0 by the surface is at a maximum in the temperature range of 800-1100 K but that at most only submonolayers of 8203 are formed. When B203 is directly deposited on the surface, it reacts with the substrate in the temperature range of 1100 to 1300 K to modern surface science to address issues loosely related to the combustion of boron particles. Boron particles have potential application as a fuel. Our experiments focused on the reaction of 02 with the (11) surface of Beta-rhombohedral boron to produce B203 and the project designed to apply the experimental techniques of This is the final technical report on a produce 8202. In separate experiments, we have used scanning tunneling microscopy to obtain atomically resolved images of the LaBG (100) surface. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , BORON, COMBUSTION, DEPOSITION, ELECTRON MICROSCOPY, ELECTRONIC SCANNERS, FUELS, PARTICLES, RANGE(EXTREMES), REACTIVITIES, SUBSTRATES, SURFACES, TEMPERATURE, TEST METHODS, TUNNELING(ELECTRONICS).

AD-A247 265

IDENTIFIERS:

\*Combustion, \*Particles, \*Fuels, Oxygen boron oxides,

PEG1102F, WUAFSOR2303A2, \*Boron

AD-A247 285

UNCLASSIFIED

T85004

39

PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

1/3 6/3 6/1 AD-A247 242

CONTINUED AD-A247 242

ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA

\*INHIBITION, \*MUTATIONS, INDICATORS, INHIBITORS, POTASSIUM, VIABILITY, REPRINTS, OXIDOREDUCTASES, MUTAGENS

Effects of Specific Monooxygenase and Oxidase Inhibitors on the Activation of 2-Aminofluorene by Plant Cells, 3

\*2-Aminofluorene, \*Monooxygenase, TX1 3 Cells, Plants. IDENTIFIERS:

> **18**P 68

Wagner, Elizabeth D.; Gentile, James M.; Pleva, Michael J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0336 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

TR-90-0902, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Mutation Research, v216 p163-178 1989. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

were simultaneously assayed from the same reaction tube. We investigated six inhibitors of monoxygenases and oxidases (diethyldithiocarbamate, methimazole, metyrapone, (+)-catechin, 7,8-benzoflavone and potassium cyanide). The activation of 2-aniinofluorene by TXI cells was mediated by an enzyme system(s) that was inhibited by uM amounts of diethyldithiocarbamate or 7,8-benzoflavone. (+) biochemical mechanisms of plant activation. The biological endpoints of mutation induction, inhibition of mutagenicity and viability of the plant-activating system -Catechin (at low concentrations) or methimazole enhanced activation of 2-aminofluorene is via a cytochrome P-448-STRACT: (U) Using specific inhibitors, a plant cell/ microbe coincubation assay was employed to investigate as well as viability of the microbiological indicator concentrations of (+)-catechin were inhibitory. These that a significant pathway of the plant type N-hydroxylase. The presence of a FAD-dependent 2-aminofluorene while higher monooxygenase was not detected. the activation of data indicate ABSTRACT:

\*ACTIVATION, \*CELLS, \*ENZYMES, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 242

AD-A247 242

UNCLASSIFIED

ç PAGE

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A247 241 6/11 8/15

MISSISSIPPI UNIV MEDICAL CENTER JACKSON

(U) Inhibition of Cell Division in Hepstoma Cell Cultures by Chlordecone and Carbon Tetrachloride Combination,

99

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Mehendale, H. M.; Ray, S. D.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0009

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0368, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Toxic. in Vitro, v4 n3 p179-183 1990. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) The propensity of chlordecone (CD) to potentiate the hepatotoxic and lethal effects of CC14 is well established. Mirex (M), a close structural analogue of CD, or phenobarbital (PB), both powerful inducers of hepatic microsomal drug metabolizing enzymes, are much weaker potentiators of CC14 toxicity. Considerable evidence has accumulated to suggest that this increase in CC14 toxicity caused by CD is due to the failure of the hepatocellular regeneration, tissue repair and hepatocellular respontation mechanisms. This interaction occurs at concentrations of CD and CC14 that are individually non-toxic and do not interfere with hepatoma cellular division. To test this unique interaction at cellular level, we employed a rapidly dividing Reuber hepatoma cell line in vitro. Cells were pretreated with a non-toxic dose of either CD, M or PB and exposed to a single addition of CC14 in the concentration range 5 to 40 mm i6 days later. The results indicate that CD + CC14 combination of cell division occurred at individually non-toxic concentrations of CD and CC14. M + CC1, or PB + CC14 falled to manifest similar effects. At higher concentrations, these combinations caused cellular toxicity, resulting in cell death. Suppression of cell

AD-A247 241 CONTINUED

division might play an important role in the progression of chemical-induced toxicities in the liver. This unique observation opens up new avenues to investigate blochemical molecular mechanisms underlying the interference with hepatocellular division.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CELL DIVISION, \*LIVER, \*TOXICITY, \*BARBITURATES, ADDITION, CHEMICALS, DEATH, DIVISION, DRUGS, ENZYMES, FAILURE, INHIBITION, INTERACTIONS. INTERFERENCE, OBSERVATION, REPAIR, SUPPRESSION, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Hepatomas, \*Chlordecone, Phenobarbital,

AD-A247 241

PAGE 41 T

# DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

CONTINUED

AD-A247 228

AD-A247 228 8/4

HAMNEMANN MEDICAL COLL AND HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA PA DEPT OF PHYSIOLOGY AND BI OPHYSICS

U) Cortical Mechanisms of Attention, Discrimination, and

\*SCRIPTORS: (U) \*EXTREMITIES, \*NEURAL NETS, \*RESPONSE(BIOLOGY), ANIMALS, ATTENTION, CEREBRAL CORTEX, DISCRIMINATION, ELECTRODES, FUNCTIONS, NERVE CELLS, RATS, RESPONSE, STIMULI, TRAINING.

(U) \*Somatosensory stimuli, Motor cortex,

WUAFDSR3484A4, PEB1103D.

IDENTIFIERS:

(U) Cortical Mechanisms of Attention, Discrimination, an Motor Response to Sommesthetic Stimuli.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Apr 90-31 Mar 91,

DEC 91 7

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Chapin, John K.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-80-0288

PROJECT NO. 3484

TASK NO. A4

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-82-0108, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The overall aim of this research is to investigate the neural circuit mechanisms of attentional and discriminative processing of somatosensory stimuliandich are cues for limb movement. These issues are being addressed mainly through use of multi-single neuron recording techniques, which we have recently developed. In the past granting period this approach has been used to record from ensembles of single neurons through microwire electrode arrays chronically implanted in the forepaw/forelimb areas of the somatosensory (SI) and motor (MI) cortices in awake behaving rats. These animals are trained to place their forepaw on a bar and move it up or down immediately upon detecting a vibratory stimulus imposed on the bar. Initially, only neurons in the SI responded to the sensory cue. After the rat learned to perform to criterion in the task, however, neurons in the MI cortex also responded at relatively short latency to the sensory cue. This suggests that transmission through a trans-cortical sensorimotor loop can be anhanced through training. Additional progress has been made on several other projects which provide necessary background information for this investigation. Selective attention, discrimination, motor response.

AD-A247 228

UNCLASSIFIED

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AD-A247 228

PAGE 42 T850

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 221

CONTINUED AD-A247 221

were not affected DESCRIPTORS: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ECOSYSTEMS, \*PHENOLS, \*TOXICITY, CHEMICALS, CHLOROPHYLLS, KENTUCKY, LABORATORIES, OXYGEM, PONDS, RESERVOIRS, SUBSTRATES, VIRGINIA, PROTOZOA,

PEB1102F, WUAFGSR2312A5, Microcosm

3

IDENTIFIERS:

Blomass.

REPRINTS

VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INST AND STATE UNIV BLACKSBURG UI CENTER FOR ENVIRON- MENTAL/HAZARDOUS MATERIALS STUDIES

Response of Laboratory Ecosystems to Environmental Stress: Effect of Phenol,

Ξ

Pratt, J. R.; Bowers, N. J.; Niederlehmer, B. R.; Cairns, John, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-88-0263 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-90-0992, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Toxicity Assessment: An International Unl., v4 p181-174, 1989. Availability to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by DTIC.

field simulated ecosystems (microcosms and mesocosms) are playing increasing roles in fate and effect testing of chemicals and mixtures. Controlled ecosystems allow evaluation of toxicant effects on collective and emergent ecosystem properties. Information is needed to evaluate the validity of test system responses, interpretability tests. We developed replicate microcosms using periphyton on polyurethane artificial substrates. Source communities were obtained from two ecosystems-a reservoir in Kentucky and a softwater pond in Virginia-and tested for effects of continuous inputs of phenol (up to 30 mg/L) over 21 of results, and cost effectiveness of simulated ecosystem 10 mg/L) phenol concentrations. Protozoan species numbers ecosystems was inhibited at phenol concentrations >10 mg/ estimators, net oxygen production, and protozoan species richness. Communities were generally insensitive to phenol input. Primary production in microcosms from both affected or were stimulated at lower (equal or less than days. System responses measured included several biomass Other biomass estimators (protein, hexosamine) were not L and chlorophyll a concentrations were also depressed. Ecologically realistic laboratory and ABSTRACT:

AD-A247 221

43 PAGE

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 220

VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INST AND STATE UNIV BLACKSBURG UN CENTER FOR ENVIRON- MENTAL/HAZARDOUS MATERIALS STUDIES

Use of Microbial Colonization Parameters as a Measure of Functional Response in Aquatic Ecosystems, €

8

ż PERSONAL AUTHORS: Pratt, James R.; Cairns, John,

AF0SR-88-0263 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-90-0990, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in American Society for Testing and Materials Special Technical Publication, n988 p55-87, 1989. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by MTIS

microcosm systems receiving continuous toxic input, we found adverse effects of chlorine on species dispersal at substrates introduced into aquatic ecosystems is affected is at least as sensitive a technique as long-term single-species testing and has allowed controlled measurement of complex community responses to disturbance. It is possible to model the nonlinear colonization process and by the relative levels of nutrients and toxicants. The productivity of microbial biota integrates several factors affecting organism survival and is expressed in relative rates of propagule production and colonization. Colonized artificial substrate species sources can be used in the laboratory to measure nutrient and toxicant effects. Studies have shown that microbial colonization concentrations of < 1 ug Cd/L and 18 ug Cu/L, although low levels of copper enhanced the species numbers. In numbers, and biomass production in test systems. The authors found adverse effects on species dispersal in Microbial colonization of artificial to compare colonization rates, equilibrium species 2 ug/L; however, net production was elevated at static test systems for cadmium and copper at ĵ ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A247 220

Stimulation of the species number and production may be a Microbial colonization, Microbial communities, Artificial substrates, Microcosms, Toxicity, Microbial production, production were stimulated at low levels (3 to 30 ug/L). natural community dynamics in evaluating the effects of herbicide atrazine, the number of species and the net result of effects on control mechanisms and not the result of a subsidy to the community. The study of toxic materials provides evidence of effects on the emergent properties of systems. Hazard evaluation concentrations up to 100 ug/L. In tests with the Protozoa, Heavy metals.

\*\*SCRIPTORS: (U) \*TOXICITY, \*MICROORGANISMS, \*\*COLONIES(BIOLOGY), CADMIUM, CHLORINE, COMMUNITIES, COPPER, DYNAMICS, ECOSYSTEMS, EFFLUENTS, HAZARDS, HEAVY METALS, HERBICIDES, LABORATORIES, MEASUREMENT, METALS, NUTRIENTS, PROTOZOA, STATIC TESTS, STATICS, SUBSTRATES, NUTRIENTS, PROTOZOA, STATIC AQUATIC ORGANISMS, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 220

AD-A247 220

7 PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 218

20/5

CONTINUED AD-A247 218

TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

MATCHING, MERCURY, NUMBERS, POLARIZATION, SCALE, SULFUR TIN, TRANSITIONS, VALENCE.

(U) Development of Practical MO Techniques for Prediction of the Properties and Behavior of Materials.

CHON, AM1 Parameters, DEWARPI, Computer

programs, \*Techniques, \*Properties, \*Reactions.

IDENTIFIERS:

Final rept. 1 Nov 88-30 Apr 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 91

Dewar, Michael J.: Fox, Marye A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0179 CONTRACT NO.

TR-92-0115, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

procedure in which geometries are found by minimizing the parametrization for the organic elements (CHON) is now in progress. Computer programs were written for treating biradicals in procedures for correlation between the unpaired electrons. Proportionality factors were found by program at QCPE (AMPAC2.1)for a very effective method for finding transition states. AMI Parameters, AMI only as polarization functions, but attempts to extend this approach to elements with spd valence shells all failed. We had no experience of ab initio programming so we wrote a general program from scratch. Full scale valence shells and main ( oup elements where d AOs serve matching the singlet-triplet separations in carbene and singlet-triplet separations were then calculated for Calculations, Germanium, Aluminum, DEWARPI, PPM3 Method, mechanisms. We succeeded for the elements which have sp theoretical procedures that could serve as practical adjuncts to experiment in studies of chemical problems, Our object was to provide chemists with total energy. We developed a new version of the AMPAC large numbers of other carbenes. AM1 parameters were optimized for aluminum, sulfur, germanium, tin, and mercury. We developed a new version of the DEWARPI in particular studies of reactions and reaction Tin, Ab Initio, Molecular Orbital

\*PREDICTIONS, \*MATERIALS, ALUMINUM, APPROACH, CARBENES, CHEMICALS, CHEMISTS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, COMPUTERS, CORRELATION, LECTRONS, ENERGY, FUNCTIONS, GERMANIUM, \*MOLECULAR ORBITALS, \*PARAMETERS DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 218

AD-A247 218

45

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

8/11 6/3

VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INST AND STATE UNIV BLACKSBURG UNIV CENTER FOR ENVIRON- MENTAL/HAZARDOUS MATERIALS STUDIES

Comparison of Estimates of Effects of a Complex Effluent at Differing Levels of Biological Organizatie, E

100 8 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Pratt, James R.; Mitchell, Jody; Ayers, Richard; Cairns, John, Jr

AF0SR-88-0263 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

ş

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-90-0991, AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

1989. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished Materials Special Technical Publication, n1007 p174-188. Availability: Pub. in American Society for Testing and by NTIS

promelas. Effluent concentrations of 70% were acutely toxic in median effective concentrations) to D. pulex. Estimates of the no-observable-effect concentration (NDEC) were 10 and 7.5% for C. dubia and P. promelas, respectively. Responses in the microcosm systems were conducted using Ceriodaphnia dubia and larval Pimephales effluent containing textile dyes was evaluated using standard acute and chronic single-species tests and a microcosm test using indigenous microbiota from the receiving stream. Estimated effect levels were compared with the calculated in-stream waste concentration and measured impacts on stream microbiota and macrobenthos. Acute tests examined effluent effects on Daphnia pulex, stream water below the effluent outfall showed a slight depression of reproduction in C. dubia and recovery to and short-term chronic effluent dilution tests were nonlinear and showed significant subsidy of both structure and function at concentrations of 30% and toxicity at concentrations >30%. Tests of receiving Impact of a toxic municipal sewage 3 ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A247 217 upstream levels for water sampled from farther downstream indicated recovery if km downstream. Microcosm tests were generally less sensitive than single-species tests in detecting toxicity of the effluent. The sensitivity of the tests may have been improved by improving the test Artificial substrates, Sewage effluent, Effluent toxicity conditions, including continuous replacement of effluent as was done in larval P. promelas tests. To be effective in predicting in-stream effects, the design of intensive toxicity surveys should make every effort to mimic local conditions. Ceriodaphnia, Pimephales promelas, Microcosm Surveys of in-stream microbiota and macrobenthos confirmed adverse impacts below the discharge and

\*BIOLOGY, COMMUNITIES, DAPHNIA, DILUTION, DYES, ESTIMATES, FUNCTIONS, IMPACT, LABORATORIES, LABORATORY TESTS, OXYGEN, PULEX, RECOVERY, REPLACEMENT, REPRODUCTION, SENSITIVITY, STANDARDS, STATIONS, STŘEAMS, STRUCTURES, SUBSTRATES, \*SEWAGE, \*TOXICITY, SURVEYS, TEXTILES, WATER, REPRINTS. \*EFFLUENTS, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 217

AD-A247 217

8 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

6/1 AD-A247 215 ROCHESTER UNIV NY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY

Biosynthesis and Biotransformation of Glutathione S-Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites, 3

RSONAL AUTHORS: Anders, M. W.; Dekant, Wolfgang; Elfarra, Adnan A.; Dohn, David R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0302 CONTRACT NO.

2312

PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-80-0900, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in CRC Critical Reviews in Toxicology, v18 n4 p311-341, 1988. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

Reprint: Biosynthesis and Biotransformation of Glutathione S-Conjugates to Toxic Metabolites.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*GLUTATHIONE, \*BIOSYNTHESIS, \*TOXICITY \*METABOLITES, CYSTEINE, MUTAGENS, CARCINOGENS, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, S. Conjugates, IDENTIFIERS: (U) Bioactivation.

4/8 5/8 AD-A247 214 INTERNATIONAL NEURAL NETWORK SOCIETY WASHINGTON DC

Proceedings of the Organization of 1990 Meeting of International Neural Network Society Jointed with IEEE Held in Washington, DC on January 15 - 19, 1990. Volume 2. Applications Track. 3

Final rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Nov 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

77 1P 06 AON

Szu, Harold PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0106 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO.

TR-92-0150-VOL-2, AFOSR AFOSR. XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 1, AD-A247 213 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Theorem: Learning 'Semantotopic Maps' from Context; Neural Networks; Pattern Recognition in Primate Temporal Cortex; The Emergent Self: A Phylogenetic and Ontogenetic Evolution of Biological Networks; On the Behavior and Neural Networks A Method to Establish an Autonomous Self Topics in this conference report includes: Information; Adjoint-Operator Algorithms for Learning in Associative Memory; Maximum Entropy Prediction in Neural Networks; Neural Dynamics of Motion Segmentation: Algorithm for Annealing Schedules in Boltzmann Machines; the Sigmoid Perceptron; Recognition of Spatio-temporal Patterns with a Hierarchical Neural Network; Clustering On the Learning Power of Networks with a Bounded Fan-In Layer; LEARNING THEORY; Neural Representation of Recognition and Analysis of Network Dynamics; Why Two Hidden Layers Are Better Than Une; On the Optimality of Optimal Preprocessing Networks and a Data Processing Projection Type of Associative Memory; An Efficient Direction Fields, Apertures, and Resonant Grouping; Taxonomic Data with Neural Networks; An Orthogonal Significance of Random Neuronal Networks; Pattern Neural and Cognitive Sciences; Multidirectional ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A247 214

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. TESSO4 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 214 Organizing Feature Map; Expectation Driven Leaning with an Associative Memory; The Real-Time Classification of Temporal Sequences with an Adaptive Resonance Circuit; A Neural Model of Interpolation or Interpolation with Blobs and MRIII; A Robust Algorithm for Training Analog Neural Wetworks. ESCRIPTORS: (U) , ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, ALGORITHMS, ANALOG SYSTEMS, ASSOCIATIVE PROCESSING, BIOLOGY, BOLTZMAN'I EQUATION, CIRCUITS, CLASSIFICATION, CLUSTERING, COGNITION, DATA PROCESSING, DIRECTIONAL, DYNAMICS, EFFICIENCY, ENTROPY, INTERPOLATION, LEARNING, MACHINES, MAPS, MODELS, MOTION, NERVE CELLS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, NETWORKS, NEURAL NETS, OPTIMIZATION, ORTHOGONALITY, PATTERN RECOGNITION, POWER, PREDICTIONS, PREPROCESSING, REAL TIME, RESONANCE, SELF OPERATION, SELF ORGANIZING SYSTEMS, TAXONOMY, THEOREMS, TRAINING. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR230583, PE81102F, \*Neural nets, \*Conferences, \*Symposia, \*Psychology, \*Biochemistry. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

5/8 AD-A247 213 INTERNATIONAL NEURAL NETWORK SOCIETY WASHINGTON DC

Proceedings of the Organization of 1990 Meeting of International Neural Network Society Jointed with IEEE Held in Washington, DC on January 15 - 12, 1990. Volume 1. Theory Track Neural and cognitive Sciences Track 9

Final rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Nov 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

797P NOV 90

Szu, Harold PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0106 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

83 LASK NO.

TR-92-0150, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 2, AD-A247 214 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Networks; Neural Dynamics of Motion Segmentation: Direction Fields, Apertures, and Resonant Grouping; About the Geometry Intrinsic to Neural Nets; Optimal This report includes the following topics: Associative Memory; Maximum Entropy Prediction in Neural Preprocessing Networks and a Data Processing Theorem; Learning 'Semantotopic Maps'; Analysis of EEG Changes Between Frontal and Occipital Area in Speaking Process; High-Order Bidirectional Associative Memory and Its Application to Frequency Classification; A Neura' Net clitor with Biological Applications; Using Class' ier Systems to Implement Distributed Representations; Short-Term Memory Capacity Limitations in Recurrent Speech Production and Perception Networks; Implications from Structural Evolution: Semantic Adaptation and Modularity of Neural Network Architecture. Neural and Cognitive Sciences; Multidirectional ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ADAPTATION, ASSOCIATIVE PROCESSING, CAPACITY(QUANTITY), CLASSIFICATION, COGNITION, COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE, DATA PROCESSING, DIRECTIONAL, DISTRIBUTION, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 213

AD-A247 2:4

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A247 213 CONTINUED

DYNAMICS, ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY, ENTROPY, EVOLUTION(GENERAL), FREQUENCY, LEARNING, LIMITATIONS, MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY), MODULAR CONSTRUCTION, MOTION, NERVOUS SYSTEM, NETWORKS, NEURAL NETS, OPTIMIZATION, PERCEPTION, PREDICTIONS, PREPROCESSING, PRODUCTION, RESONANCE, SEGMENTED, SEMANTICS, SHORT RANGE(TIME), SPEECH, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, THEOREMS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR230583, PEG1102F, \*Pattern
 recognition, \*Learning theory, \*Neural nets, \*Cognition,
 \*Psychology, \*Biochemistry, Symposium.

AD-A247 212 3/2

NEW JERSEY INST OF TECH NEWARK DEPT OF PHYSICS

(U) Solar Activity Cycle.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 91,

OCT 91 3P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Goode, Philip

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0048

PROJECT NO. 2311

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0078, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

absTRACT: (U) Mork focussed on describing the solar activity cycle's clock as a torsional oscillator, and describing the origin of the 5 minute oscillations, which are used as a seismic probe. It has been discovered that the sun's rotation does not vary near the base of the convection zone but may vary deeper down. The full equations for the torsional oscillator have been developed and have been solved for certain situations. It has been shown that the 5 minute oscillations are driven by granular size explosive events. In observational work, the observing set-up has been designed to capture the whole solar disk. Data is now able to be collected in a production mode. Data reduction programs also are in full operation. The basic behavior of 5 minute oscillations has been clearly seen. A search is underway for the cells exist.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CLOCKS, CONVECTION, CYCLES, DATA REDUCTION, EQUATIONS, EXPLOSIONS, GLOBAL, GRAIN SIZE, OPERATION, ORGANIZATIONS, OSCILLATION, OSCILLATORS, PROBES, PRODUCTION, SEISMOLOGY, SOLAR ACTIVITY, SOLAR CYCLE, TORSION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2311AS, PE61102F, Five minute oscillations, \*Solar cycle, \*Solar activity, Torsional oscillators.

AD-A247 212

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/5 AD-A247 208 CA DEPT OF PHYSICS STANFORD UNIV (U) Laser Cooling and Trapping of Atoms and Particles.

Final rept. 1 Sep 88-31 Aug 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

7

Chu, Steven PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0349 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO

TR-92-0093, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

light to manipulate atoms And other particles, particularly the cooling and trapping of atoms, the manipulation of biological molecules, and the creations The program was to explore the use of of new devices based on these techniques. 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*RADIATION PRESSURE, \*ENERGY TRANSFER, \*CRYOGENICS, ATOMS, COOLING, LIGHT, MOLECULES, PARTICLES. DESCRIPTORS:

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Laser cooling, Laser traps, Polarization gradient cooling, Atomic interferometers, WUAFOSR2301DS, PE61102F.

7 AD-A247 207

COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING SCIENCES

(U) Aerodynamic Interference Between Stores

Final rept. 1 Feb 89-30 Jun 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

190 JAN 92 ن Dougherty, F. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0235 CONTRACT NO.

TR-92-0086, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

experimental results and with other computational results. Unsteady time-accurate inviscid results showed the feasibility of using the Chimera scheme to simulate store separation. Free-fall calculations were made, the store from the aerodynamic forces and moments on the store after its release from the aircraft. CHIMERA SCHEME VISCOUS INTERACTIONS, AIRCRAFT STORES. demonstrating the ability to compute the new position of Both viscous and inviscid calculations were made. Steady Five tasks were initiated to study the aerodynamic interference between stores and aircraft state interference calculations matched well with 3 ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*EXTERNAL STORE SEPARATION, AERODYNAMIC FORCES, AERODYNAMICS, AIRCRAFT, INTERACTIONS, INTERFERENCE, MOMENTS, RELEASE, STEADY STATE, TIME.

MAF0SR2307CS, PEB1102F IDENTIFIERS: (U)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 12/3 AD-A247 204

TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING (U) Adaptive Control of Nonlinear and Stochastic Systems.

Final rept. 15 Nov 90-14 Nov 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

4 **JAN 92**  Marcus, Steven I.; Arapostathis, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

**Aristotle** 

AF0SR-91-0033 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0118, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Significant progress was made in a number state Markov chain was solved, and significant progress nonlinear observers and linearizable dynamics. Finally, hierarchical control of flexible manufacturing systems important problem in the adaptive control of a finite and significant results were obtained. In the area of deterministic nonlinear systems the work continued on some important problems in the area of discrete event was made along more general directions. A controlled switching diffusion model was developed to study the of aspects of nonlinear and stochastic systems. An systems were solved. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, \*ADAPTIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS, \*STOCHASTIC CONTROL, CHAINS, CONTROL, DIFFUSION, DYNAMICS, MANUFACTURING, MODELS, NUMBERS, OBSERVERS, PROBABILITY, SWITCHING, WORK. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2304A1, PEB1102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

20/4 AD-A247 203 MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Lagrangian Turbulence: Structures and Mixing in Admissible Model Flows. Final technical rept. 1 Jan 89-1 Jun 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

9

Ottino, Julio M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0251 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

BS TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0080, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

gap between modern ideas from dynamical systems and chaos and more traditional approaches to turbulence. In order to reach this objective we conducted theoretical and computational work on two systems: (1) a perturbed-Kelvin cat eyes flow, and (2) prototype solutions of the Navier-The goal of our research was to bridge the vorticity, and (b) we have been able to construct flowfields, based on solutions of the Navier-Stokes equations, which are capable of displaying both Eulerian and Lagrangian turbulence. These results exemplify typical mechanisms of mixing enhancement in transitional obtained are two-fold: (a) we have been able to produce Stokes equations near solid walls. The main results flows capable of producing complex distributions of flows. Fluid mechanics, Chaos, Mixing, Turbulence ABSTRACT:

\*CHADS, AUGMENTATION, EQUATIONS, FLOW, MIXING, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS. PROTOTYPES, TURBULENCE, WALLS SCRIPTORS: (U) FLUID MECHANICS, DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2307BS, PEG1102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 202

AD-A247 202

12/1

CONTINUED

MARYLAND UNIV BALTIMORE COUNTY CATONSVILLE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

DENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2304A3, PE61102F, \*Differential equations, \*Finite element analysis. IDENTIFIERS:

> Numerical Treatment of Differential and Integral Equations by the P and H-P Versions of the Finite Element Method. 3

Final rept. 1 Jan 89-31 Dec 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

130 92 Ą Suri, Manil; Schwab, Christoph PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0252 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0155, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

singular surface integrals in the boundary element method, and the calculation of optimal shear correction factors includes optimal approximation results for the p version of the boundary element method in three dimensions, an been extensively investigated. A general theoretical framework to analyze this phenomenon has been developed, and the locking and robustness of different finite element schemes for various problems has been characterized. Work on the p and h-p versions of the finite element method has continued. Progress here elasticity and hydro dynamics equations in domains with , which arises in the approximation of parameters dependent problems has analysis of a p version mixed method for quasilinear problems, and investigation of quadrature schemes and related errors. Additional work has been conducted on singularities of solutions for the three dimensional edges and vertices, on the numerical evaluation of The problem of locking for plate models. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , BOUNDARIES, CORRECTIONS, DYNAMICS, EDGES, EQUATIONS, ERRORS, INTEGRALS, MODELS, PARAMETERS, PLATES, SURFACES, THREE DIMENSIONAL, WORK.

AD-A247 202

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 201

AEROMETRICS INC SUNNYVALE CA

Diagnostics for Research in Atomization and Turbulent Two-Phase Flows. 9

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul 86-31 Jan 91

DESCRIPTORS: (U) ARRAYS, ATOMIZATION, DETECTORS, DOPPLER SYSTEMS, HETERODYNING, ILLUMINATION, IMAGES, INTENSITY, INTERFEROMETRY, LAGRANGIAN FUNCTIONS, LASERS, LIGHT, LIGHT SCATTERING, MORPHOLOGY, NONUNIFORM, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), PARTICLE TRAJECTORIES, PARTICLES, PHYSICS, POWER, SHEETS, SPRAYS, STATISTICAL SAMPLES, TRACKING, TURBULENT FLOW, TWO PHASE FLOW, UNCERTAINTY

\*Atomization, \*Two phase flow, \*Sprays

DENTIFIERS: (U) \*Atomi: WUAFOSR2308CS, PEB1102F.

IDENTIFIERS:

indicated that it would not offer significant advantages

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AD-A247 201

DEC 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bachalo, William D.

F49620-86-C-0078 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

ន TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0034, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

sprays in reacting turbulent flow. Four methods were investigated: the phase Dopp)er method, ratiometric light direction. The uncertainty due to the particle trajectory light sheet produced a series of images of an individual particle on an array detector, from which the particles; position and velocity were obtained. This method is feasible given sufficient laser power and/or a large enough particle. Scattered light heterodyne analyzer, and scattered light heterodyne interferometry. For the phase Doppier technique, the physics of the dual beam light scattering phenomena, the effects of particle morphology on the light scattering, the effects of the noruniform illumination of the particle, and the consequences of the random particle trajectories were deconvolution approach. A Lagrangian method for tracking to size irregular shaped and inhomogeneous particles using the scattered light intensity in the near forward The ratiometric light scatter detection method was used individual particles was investigated. A rapidly swept investigated. Sampling statistics were also considered scatter detection, Lagrangian frame particle dynamics atomization and two-phase turbulent flows including interferometry posed significant limitations which This investigation focussed on the development of instrumentation for the study of through the beams was removed using an optical

AD-A247 201

AD-A247 201

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

53

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/1 AD-A247 199 CONNECTICUT UNIV HEALTH CENTER FARMINGTON

(U) Monaural and Binaural Processing of Complex Maveforms.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 91,

**JAN 92** 

Trahiotis, Constantine; Bernstein, PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lesite R.

AF0SR-89-0030 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

å TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0116, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the continuation of efforts to image model of binaural hearing, attempts to extend the Stern-Colbum position-variable model to account for many progress was made consistent with the objectives process difference paradigm could be degraded by the presence of a spectrally remote interfering tone. (3) In collaboration with Dr. Richard Stem, theoretical efforts continuously. Binaural investigations revealed that the detectability of a tonal target in a masking level information in complex sounds. SubStan outlined in the original proposal in three areas: (1) New electronic equipment, including a NeXT computer was purchased, included the explication and evaluation of a weightedinstalled and interfaced with the existing laboratory. crucial lateralization and localization data gathered over the past 50 years and the continuation of efforts which the monaural and binaural auditory systems tial stimuli depends upon the patterns of neural activity Our research concerned the manners by successively and is reduced or non-existent when the Software was developed for generating the necessary complex digital stimuli and for running behavioral experiments utilizing those stimuli. (2) Monaural experiments showed that the CMR is not obtained incorporate into a general model notions that lateralization and localization of spectrally-rich flanking bands are pulsed rather than presented

CONTINUED AD-A247 199

centrality, CMR, cross-correlation, generation of complex digital stimuli, interference, masking, M.D. offwithin a plane defined by frequency and interaural delay frequency cuing, straightness.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*MASKING, \*ACOUSTIC SIGNALS, COMPUTERS, CORRELATION, CROSS CORRELATION, DELAY, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, ELECTRONICS, FREQUENCY, HEARING, IMAGES, INTERFERENCE, LABORATORIES, MODELS, STIMULI, TARGETS, DESCRIPTORS: VARIABLES.

processing, Binaural processing, Centrality, Complex digital stimuli, Cross correlation, Auditory systems. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 199

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A2, \*Mossy fiber synapses, Arichidonic acid, Glutamate, Chemical transmission, Lipid metabolism.

CONTINUED

· IDENTIFIERS: AD-A247 198

AD-A247 198

KENT STATE UNIV OH DEPT OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

Involvement of Lipid Metabolism in Chemical Transmission Processes at Mossy Fiber Synapses.

Annual rept. 1 Jan-31 Dec 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

B

Dorman, Robert V PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0245 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

\$ TASK NO.

TR-82-0139, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the reurotransmitter glutamate. In particular, we observed that the phospholipase A2-dependent release of arachidonic acid from mossy fiber membrane phospholipids may modulate transmitter secretion through interactions with protein kinase c (PKC). The activation of PKC may explain the previously observed facilitation of PKC may explain the previously observed facilitation of PKC may explain the previously observed facilitation of PKC may release induced by exogenous arachidonate. These facilitory effects may be related to the induction of long-term synaptic potentiation, which is an accepted correlate of learning and memory. In addition, we obtained evidence that presynaptic receptor activation stimulates the synthesis of arachidonate-derived prostaglandins. Thus, the metabolism, of arachidonic acid may play a central role in presynaptic plasticity. In 1991 we continued our investigations on the involvement of membrane lipid metabolism in the presynaptic processes related to the evoked release of ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*LIPIDS, ACCUMULATION, ACIDS, ACTIVATION, ADDITION, FIBERS, INTERACTIONS, LEARNING, LIPID METABOLISM, MEMBRANES, METABOLISM, NEUROTRANSMITTERS, PHOSPHOLIPIDS, PHOSPHORUS TRANSFERASES, PLASTIC PROPERTIES, PROTEINS, RECREATION, RELEASE, SECRETION, SYNTHESIS, TRANSMITTERS. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 198

AD-A247 198

UNCLASSIFIED

5 PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTINUED

AD-A247 197 5/8 AD-A247 197

TESTS MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF BRAIN AND COGNITIVE SCIENCES

IDENTIFIERS: Tyrosine. Strategies to Sustain and Enhance Performance in Stressful Environments.

3

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR3212A2, \*Melatonin, \*L-

3

Annual technical rept. 15 Dec 90-14 Dec DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

Murtman, Richard J.; Lynch, Harry J.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Dollins, Andrew B.

AFDSR-90-0125 CONTRACT NO.

3212 PROJECT NO.

AFOSR, XF TR-82-0141, AFOSR MONITOR: TASK NO

Š

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

elaboration of this investigation. L-Tyrosine, Melatonin, Stress, Performance, Pilots, Light Sleep Deprivation, behavioral variables of exogenous melatonin administered during the day. The data have been collected for all three studies, involving 14, 24, and 21 human volunteers respectively, and analysis is in progress. Preliminary Three lines of study were outlined in the catecholamine precursor L-Tyrosine in reducing pilot performance deficits caused by sleep deprivation, 2) to assess the role of endogenous melatonin on various performance and behavioral indices through photic modulation of nocturnal melatonin secretion and 3) to hypotheses upon which the studies were predicated and provide a basis for a more fruitful continuation and previous report: (1) to test the efficacy of the examine the effects on the same performance and analysis of the results are consistent with the ABSTRACT:

\*PILOTS, \*STRESSES, \*PERFORMANCE(HUMAN), CATECHOLAMINES, DAY, DEPRIVATION, HUMANS, HYPOTHESES, LIGHT, MCDULATION, PRECURSORS, SECRETION, SLEEP, SLEEP DEPRIVATION, TYROSINE, VARIABLES, VOLUNTEERS, PERFORMANCE DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A247 197

AD-A247 197

UNCLASSIFIED

**T85004** 

8

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 196

OHIO UNIV ATHENS DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Nonlinear Normal and Axial Force Indicial Responses for a Two Dimensional Airfoil. 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,

**79P** 

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Graham, G. M.; Islam, M.; Fang, K. C.

AF0SR-89-0502 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0077, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

angle of attack prior to the step onset was held constant. In the second order study, the airfoil and was ramped up at constant rate to the onset angle. Step onset angles in the range 0 < alpha < 60 deg were considered. The step responses have been integrated numerically to compute the for a 2-D NACA 0015 airfoil undergoing small step changes in angle of attack have been measured in a tow tank. The airfoil was pitched about the quarter chord and the Reynolds number, as 85,000. First order and it second order tests were conducted. In the first order tests, the loading during a ramp-up motion. The integrated results are compared with baseline load data taken with the same airfoil. Nonlinear Aerodynamics, Indicial Responses.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIRFOILS, \*PITCH(MOTION), AERODYNAMICS, ANGLE OF ATTACK, CONSTANTS, MOTION, NUMBERS, RAMPS, RATES, REYNOLDS NUMBER.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2307CS, IVACA-0015, 3 IDENTIFIERS:

3/5 AD-A247 190 TUFTS UNIV MEDFORD MA DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY

(U) VLA Observations of the Coronal Plasma

Annual rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Lang, Kenneth R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0147 CONTRACT NO.

2311 PROJECT NO.

٤ TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-9-0128, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Basic Plasma Processes on the Sun. p501-507 1990. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

temperature, electron density and magnetic field strength. Such comparisons also indicate coronal loops can be specify the brightness temperature and magnetic structure of plasma constrained within coronal loops in solar thermal emission of a hot transition sheath enveloping cooler, underlying H-alpha filament seen in absorption. The 20 cm VLA observations indicate that the precursor, remaining invisible in the other spectral domain, and that the dominant radiation mechanisms can be thermal bremsstrahlung or thermal gyroresonance radiation. VLA observations at the longer 90 cm wavelength reveal the originate in spatially separated and resolved sources detected at either radio or X-ray wavelengths while VLA observations at 20 cm wavelength impulsive and postflare components of solar flares measurements of physical parameters like electron active regions. Comparisons with simultaneous SMM observations at soft X-ray wavelengths lead to Sun- corona, Sun - radio radiation. 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*SOFT X RAYS, \*SOLAR FLARES, RADIATION ABSORPTION, BREMSSTRAHLUNG, BRIGHTNESS, CORONAS, ELECTRONS, ELECTRON DENSITY, EMISSION, FILAMENTS, FLARES, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 190

# DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A247 190 CONTINUED

LEAD(METAL), LOOPS, MAGNETIC FIELDS, PARAMETERS, PRECURSORS, RADIATION, REGIONS, SOURCES, STRUCTURES, SUN, TEMPERATURE, TRANSITIONS, X RAYS, SOLAR ACTIVITY, REPRINTS, PLASMA SHEATHS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2311A1NA, Solar maximum mission.

AD-A247 181 4/2 17/9

UTAH STATE UNIV LOGAN CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC AND SPACE Sciences

4/1

(U) Measurements of Mesospheric Winds and Waves.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Dec 88-Jan 92,

JAN 92 105P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Adams, Gene W.; Brosnahan, John W.;

Roper, Robert G.

CASS-GR-013

REPORT NO.

CONTRACT NO. F49820-89-C-0022

PROJECT NO. 2310

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-82-0019, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) An imaging Doppler interferometer (IDI) radar was operated to analyze the characteristics of radar scattering in terms of a number of discrete scattering points, also referred to as multiple scattering centers, IDI/MSC for short. For each of these points the three-dimensional location, radial velocity, and amplitude and phase are determined, similar to the output of meteor radars. The conventional Groves' meteor wind radar analysis was applied to the scattering points to produce the mean apparent motions over the height range from 70 to 110 km. The mean apparent motion of the scattering centers is the quantity that would correspond to the neutral atmosphere wind or bulk motion if the scattering points are physical entities (such as turbulent eddies) whose motions are determined solely by advection. This is the quantity which is treated as the 'wind measurements as deduced from the other methods employed during this campaign. Extreme care must be used in interpreting the velocities measured by partial reflection radars as winds.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*RADAR REFLECTIONS, \*GRAVITY WAVES,

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 181 \*MESOSPHERE, ADVECTION, AMPLITUDE, ATMOSPHERICS, CIRCULATION, CURRENTS, DAY, HEIGHT, INTERVALS, MEAN, MEASUREMENT, MOTION, NEUTRAL, NUMBERS, OUTPUT, PHASE, PREDICTIONS, DOCUMENTS, QUANTITY, RADAR, RADIAL VELOCITY, SCATTERING, SOUND, SUPPORTS, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TIDES, VALUE, VELOCITY, WIND, DIURNAL VARIATIONS.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2310A2 E IDENTIFIERS:

5/8 AD-A247 173 OREGON UNIV EUGENE DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Visual Processing in Texture Segregation.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 88-30 Sep 91,

DEC 91

Beck, Jacob PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0323 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0075, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

filters that operate on intensity values and as a result of the grouping of discrete elements through edge alignment and lightness similarity. Texture segregation based on these properties occurs preattentively. A second focussing of attention. Attention acts to trigger texture segregation. Attention is required to see a 2D figure as three-dimensional. The 3D interpretation is propagated in parallel or rapidly to the other figures in the pattern figures. A necessary condition for texture segregation is Preattentive texture segregation has been shown to occur interpretation of projected shapes appears to require a Two types of texture segregation occurs the rapid processing of stimulus differences. Texture segregation does not occur if discrimination of the relevant stimulus differences requires sequential differences in the perceived orientations off the 3D attentional processing. Vision, Texture segregation. as a result of differences in the outputs of Gabor type of texture segregation appears to depend on attention. Texture segregation based on the 3D and texture segregation occurs in terms of the

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SHAPE, \*PERCEPTION(PSYCHOLOGY),
\*VISUAL PERCEPTION, ALIGNMENT, ATTENTION, DISCRIMINATION.
EDGES, FILTERS, INTENSITY, PATTERNS, PROCESSING, TEXTURE,
THREE DIMENSIONAL, VISION. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 173

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004

AD-A247 173 CONTINUED

JEWISH HOSPITAL OF BROOKLYN NY

8/4

AD-A247 172

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A9, \*Texture segregation, Gabor filter.

(U) Study of SCN Neurochemistry Using in Vivo Microdialysis in the Conscious Brain: Correlation with Overt Circadian Rhythms.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 91

OCT 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Glass, David J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0047

PROJECT NO. 2312

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

Ą

TASK NO.

TR-92-0104, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

dight-entrained activity in the SCN and its temporal relationship to wheel-running behavior under lightentrained (LD 14:10) and free-running behavior under lightentrained (LD 14:10) and free-running (DD) conditions. First, under LD there was a marked diurnal rhythm in serotonergic activity with peak levels coccurring at lightoff during the animals' initial bout of wheel-running activity. Thereafter, serotonergic activity decreased to daytime levels by the next morning, despite robusts bouts of nocturnal wheel running behavior. Also, daytime periods of activity exhibited by some individuals was not associated with increased serotonergic activity. From these results, it is hypothesized that serotonin in the SCN does not acutely trigger motor activity. Instead it appears that serotonin is involved in coordinating light-entrained activity rhythms with the LD cycle, which is consistent with the findings of other researches using lesions or pharmacological approaches. Our second original finding is that the diurnal rhythm is serotonergic activity is lost, or greatly diminished, in free-running hamsters held under DD for 3 wks. Thus, the rhythm in serotonergic activity seen under LD probably is not circadian in nature, but is passively driven by an external influence, i.e. the light-dark cycle.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A247 172

(U) \*DIURNAL VARIATIONS, \*SEROTONIN, RHYTHMS, BEHAVIOR, HAMSTERS, LESIONS, LIGHT, IN VIVO ANALYSIS. \*BIOLOGICAL DESCRIPTORS:

VARIATIONS.

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2312A3, Motor activity. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

20/14 AD-A247 171 CINCINNATI UNIV OH DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING AND ENGINEERING MECHANICS Steady and Transient Analysis of Flows Exhibiting Strong Viscous/Inviscid Interaction (Composite RNS Procedures). 3

Final rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Jan 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

50P JAN 92 Rubin, Stanley G.; Khosla, Prem K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0096 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0164, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DIIC and NIIS reproductions will be in black and white. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

has been demonstrated that for laminar flows there exists a critical Reynolds number above which the solution exhibits a breakdown. This behavior, which occurs in the three dimensional flows over cone-cylinder flare, afterbody and channel configurations. The solution technique allows for shock-boundary layer interaction and viscosity is introduced. The pressure-split RNS procedure is a special form of flux-vector splitting that has very boundary layer interaction. A sparse matrix direct solver significant upstream or 'elliptic' effects has been applied for transient flows in inlets and steady two and transition location, is grid dependent and can be missed procedure has been applied for both two dimensional transient flows, and for three dimensional steady flows. A domain decomposition multigrid procedure has further formulation for viscous-inviscid interacting flows with region of recirculation and can be correlated with the for regions of axial and secondary flow recirculation. favorable properties for sharp shock-shock and shockwith insufficiently refined grids or when artificial The Reduced Navier-Stokes (RNS) 3 ABSTRACT:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A247 171

significant grid stretching is required in discrete flow Separation, Multigrid, Transient, Viscous - Interaction, regions. Reduced Navier Stokes, Three-Dimensional developed for viscous interacting flows, where Interaction, Domain Decomposition. LSCRIPTORS: (U) \*BOUNDARY LAYER FLOW, \*INVISCID FLOW, CHANNELS, COUNTINGUES, BEHAVIOR, BOUNDARIES, CHANNELS, CONFIGURATIONS, DECOMPOSITION, FORMULATIONS, CRIDS, INLETS, INTERACTIONS, LAYERS, NUMBERS, PRESSURE, RECIRCULATION, REGIONS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SECONDARY FLOW, ILOW SEPARATION, SHOCK, SPARSE MATRIX, SPLITTING, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TRANSIENTS, TRANSITIONS, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VISCOSITY, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS. DESCRIPTORS:

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2307AS, Viscous inviscid interactions.

20/12 AD-A247 170

MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

Workshop on Developing Potentials for Atomistic Simulations Held in Ann Arbor, Michigan on 25-27 September 1991. 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: ' Final rept. 1 Mar-31 Oct 91

DEC 91

Srolovitz, David J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0142 CONTRACT NO.

F TASK NO.

PROJECT NO.

AFOSR, MONITOR:

TR-92-0152, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SSTRACT: (U) A small group of researchers met recently to review the new and rapidly growing field of many-atom potential for solids. The workshop was held on September 25-27, 1991, iii Ann Arbor, MI. and was commissioned by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research. Some classes Combinations of materials including more than one type of bond seem clearly beyond our present capabilities. The potentials, while others are just now being considered. systematics of many-atom potential development are in of materials are being well treated by many-atom their infancy, and progress appears to be rapid. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SOLID STATE PHYSICS, \*POTENTIAL THEORY, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, ATOMS, MATERIALS, WORKSHOPS.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A1. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

14/4 12/9 AD-A247 189

SANTA MONICA CA COGNITECH INC

A Real Time System for Multi-Sensor Image Analysis through Pyramidal Segmentation.

Final rept. 1 Jun-30 Nov 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

Rudin, L.; Osher, S.; Koepfler, G.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

PE65502F, WUAFOSR3005A1, Mumford Shah

3

IDENTIFIERS:

mode?

SEGMENTED.

\*PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGES

\*RECONNAISSANCE,

DESCRIPTORS:

CONTINUED

AD-A247 169

\*IMAGE PROCESSING, ACCURACY, ALGORITHMS, CHANNELS, CLUTTER, DISCRIMINATION, ERRORS, GRAY SCALE, MODELS, PHOTOGRAPHY, POLYNOMIALS, REDUCTION, REMOVAL, STATE OF THE ART, TEXTURE, THEORY, TOOLS, TWO DIMENSIONAL,

Morel, J. M.

F49620-91-C-0038 CONTRACT NO.

3005 PROJECT NO.

٤ TASK NO.

TR-92-0021, AFDSR AFOSR, XF

MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

discrimination, and multi-scale singular feature channels. The accuracy of the pyramidal segmentation algorithm has been experimentally compared to the accuracy of two other modern segmentation algorithms. The performance of the experiments with reconnaissance photography, multi-sensor satellite imagery, medical CT and MRI multi-band data have shown a great practical potential of this novel technique. Preliminary experimentation in clutter removal solutions. Namely, a piecewise polynomial segmentation is natural to the pyramidal multi-channel framework. The piecewise affine segmentation has been implemented and tested. Application specific channels include: gray scale information, two-dimensional wavelet channels for texture model of Mumford-Shah. This algorithm has a multi-channel capability, as well as a much more general class of multi-scale and multi-channel segmentation tool has been computational theory of the 2-normal segmentations. A fast multi-scale pyramidal algorithm has been designed and applied to the theoretical variational segmentation via multi-channel segmentation points to a totally new class of feature preserving decluttering algorithms. A state of the art, fully functional, pyramidal algorithm has shown an average four-fold reduction in error measurements. Computational developed. It is based on the recently developed

AD-A247 169

UNCLASSIFIED

T85004

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

23/2 AD-A247 185

YORK UNIV NORTH YORK (ONTARIO)

Sensory Sensitivities and Discriminations and their Roles in Aviation.

motion and contrast sensitivity tests in patients with ocular hypertension, amblyopia and multi sclerosis. Vision; Visual flying skills; intersubject differences; Visual navigation; perception of motion and self-motion;

stereo; neuromagnetic recording; models of visual &

auditor processing; multisensory convergence.

DESCRIPTORS:

flying safety. Also, it detects damage hidden to acuity

CONTINUED

AD-A247 165

Annual rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

910

Regan, D. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0080 CONTRACT NO.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*VISION, \*DISPLAY SYSTEMS, \*VISUAL PERCEPTION, ACUITY, BRAIN, CATARACTS, COLLISIONS, CONTRAST, CONVERGENCE, DAMAGE, DETECTION, DISCRIMINATION, GLARE, HELICOPTERS, HUMANS, HYPERTENSION, LUMINANCE, MAGNETIC FIELDS, MODELS, MOTION, NAVIGATION, PATIENTS, PERCEPTION, PROCESSING, RATES, RECOGNITION, REMOVAL, SAFETY, SENSITIVITY, SHAPE, SKILLS, TEXTURE, TIME,

WUAFOSR2313AS, PEB1102F

3

IDENTIFIERS:

VISIBILITY.

2313 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-92-0107 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

(1) Evidence that intersubject differences

ABSTRACT:

in the ability to process MD shape are not predicted by the ability to process luminance-defined (LD) shape, that motion is processed in a hierarchical manner. (A)

Reducing presentation duration or dot lifetime from 1.0 to 0.1 sec progressively reduced the visibility of a MD bar, but did not reduce orientation discrimination for

the bar when visibility was held constant. (B) Detection and/or recognition of MD letters can be degraded by

low contrast acuity or sensitivity to motion. (2) Human subjects have excellent ability to process camouflaged MD shapes. (3) The human visual pathway is directly removal of brain tissue underlying prestriate cortex Without affecting contrast sensitivity, Snellen acuity,

developed a trchnique for measuring intersubject differences in susceptibility to glare, and are using it magnetic field of the brain we have identified an audiodiscrimination of time to contact. (4) By recording the object. We have modelled this processing, and report a method for measuring intersubject differences in sensitive to the time to collision with an approaching visual integration area in the brain. (5) We have

motion-defined letter test is now freely available, and

we are using it in a prospective study of helicopter

AD-A247 165

quantifies visual status in catanact patients. (8) Our in prospective study of flying safety. Also, the test

AD-A247 165

8 PAGE

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**T85004** 

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/4 AD-A247 184

CONTINUED AD-A247 164

YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT

Mechanics), Fluid Control, Reports, Combustion Stability, Wake, Vortices.

(U) Studies in Turbulence and Turbulence Control.

Final technical rept. 15 Nov 88-14 Dec DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

7

ď Sreenivasan, K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0118 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-92-0145 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

(1) Flow Control, (2) Chaos and universality in wakes behind circular cylinders, (3) Absolute instability and the dynamics of variable density jets, (4) Kinematics and dynamics of turbulent vorticity fluctuations in work. Reprints of some of the important papers are attached. The report also contains a section on the impact of the research. A list of Ph.D. students funded at least partly from the grant is given. Turbulence, Turbulence Control, chaos, universality, vorticity, LEBU, Combustion instability, variable density jets, Fractals, and multifractals in fluid flows. The report lists the Ph are summarized. They concern the following aspects, and are believed to be of interest for both applications and laboratory and atmospheric turbulence, and (5) Fractals fundamentals of fluid mechanics and aerospace sciences: Projects studied under this AFOSR grant D. theses and principal publications arising from the Multifractals ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*TURBULENCE, ATMOSPHERIC MOTION, ATMOSPHERICS, CHADS, CIRCULAR, COMBUSTION, CONTROL, DENSITY, DOCUMENTS, DYNAMICS, FLOW, FLUID MECHANICS, FLUIDS, FRACTALS, IMPACT, INSTABILITY, KINEMATICS, MECHANICS, THESES, VARIABLES. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2307BS, PE61102F, Eddles(Fluid 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 184

AD-A247 164

UNCLASSIFIED

185004 88

PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 183

IOWA UNIV IOWA CITY DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) New Methodology for Fluorocarbon Synthesis.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Nov 88-14 Nov 91, 416

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Burton, Donald J.

AFDSR-89-0134 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

AFOSR HONITOR:

82

TASK NO.

TR-92-0162

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Novel, general methods for the preparation reagents were developed. F-vinyl indides were prepared as precursors to F-vinyl organometallics. A variety of polyfluorinated alkyl, aryl, and allyl groups. SET chemistry was developed for the regiospecific addition of iodofluoroacetates and iodofluoromethylphosphonates to acetamides. Alkylation reactions and acylation reactions polyfluorinated cadmium, zinc, and copper reagents were developed as synthetic reagents for the introduction of of -fluorocarboxy phosphorus ylides were developed as a hydrolyzed to -fluoro ester and -fluoro- -keto esters. functionalized alkenes, and to accomplish a useful of thermally stable perfluorinated organometallic preparation of ally sulfony idifiuoroacetates and useful entry to precursors which could be easily

\*SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), \*NETHODOLOGY, ACETAMIDES, ACYLATION, ADDITION, ALKENES, ALKYLATION, CADMIUM, CHEMISTRY, COPPER, PRECURSORS, ZINC, ORGANOMETALLIC \*PREPARATION COMPOUNDS SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ESTERS, \*IODIDES, \*FLUORINE \*FLUORINATED HYDROCARBONS, \*FLUORINE DESCRIPTORS: COMPOUNDS

SET(Single Electron Transfer), 3 Methodology.

AD-A247 163

6/1

AD-A247 182

GEORGETOWN UNIV WASHINGTON DC SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

(U) The Key Involvement of Poly(ADP-Ribosylation) in Defense Against Toxic Agents in Molecular Biology Studies.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Oct 88-14 Oct 91,

DEC 91

Smulson, Mark E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0053 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

A3 FASK NO.

TR-92-0091 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

during the past granting period, should allow us to learn considerably more about the mechanism and role of this enzyme in cells exposed to stressful environments. In AIM well as site-directed mutants were to be constructed into orientations. This would allow us to either inhibit (1.e. reconstructed cells obtained in AIMS I AND II. poly(ADPbreaks in DNA. Use of molecular techniques and the complete amino acid sequence of the enzyme, established for activity, and the catalytic activity of this enzyme is directly coordinated to the number of DNA strand verified that both the engineered mRNAs and appropriate Poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase requires DNA inhibitor's can be favorably used in cells. Once it was peptides were expressed in in vivo procedures in AIM HI cells. A complementary approach was proposed in AIM ii where various functional domains of the polymerase as inducible expression vectors to test whether selective we proposed to extend our preliminary data on the insertion of full-length polymerase cDNA into various translation of polymerase in a variety of eukaryotic we proposed to test for cytotoxicity and DNA repair through antisense mRNA expression) or intensify the Inducible and non-inducible expression vectors and potential and mutagenesis repair of the various retroviral vectors in both sense and antisense for activity, ABSTRACT:

AD-A247 162

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 162 ribose) polymerase, Toxic agents.

12/9 AD-A247 161

18/1

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ENZYMES, \*TOXIC AGENTS, ACIDS, AMINO ACIDS, CELLS, PEPTIDES, REPAIR, SEQUENCES, STRANDS, DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, INHIBITORS, DETOXIFICATION.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 88-31 Mar 91,

(U) Frequency Domain Design of Robust Controllers.

SENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2312A3, PE61102F, \*Polymerase, Catalytic activity, Eulcaryotic cells. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

MAR 91

Helton, William PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0153 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

A

TASK NO.

AFDSR TR-92-0158

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

grant over 25 research articles were written. This work has included research on an H(-) Infinity Theory nonlinear systems, and Riccati partial differential equations associated with invariant distributions and During the period covered by the subject minimal factorization of systems. SCRIPTORS: (U) \*LINEAR PROGRAMMING, \*COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN, \*TOKAMAKS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, EQUATIONS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, THEORY. DESCRIPTORS:

Infinity theory, Factorization IDENTIFIERS: (U)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 180

CALIFORNIA UNIV DAVIS SCHOOL OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

Biochemical Mechanisms Controlling Bioreactivity of Adrenal Chromaffin Cells. 3

Final rept. 1 Aug 88-31 Dec 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

WUAFOSR2312A2, PEB1102F, Synapsin,

Bioreactivity, Adrenal chromaffin cells.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

CHLORIDE

GLANDS, INSULIN, NEUROTRANSMITTERS, PHOSPHORUS TRANSFERASES, PHOSPHORYLATION, PROTEINS, RATS, REACTIVITIES, RESPONSE, SITES, TYROSINE, POTASSIUM

CONTINUED

AD-A247 160

DEC 90

Vulliet, Philip R PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0214 CONTRACT NO.

2312

PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO. AF0SR TR-92-0085 MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

spent investigating the biochemical mechanisms that may be responsible for this change in bioreactivity. Since the most important biochemical mechanism controlling cellular function is protein phosphorylation, we focussed on this method of control. We have identified a novel protein kinase activity that phosphorylates both tyrosine hydroxylase and synapsin at a unique site. Most recent catecholamine neurotransmitters. This past year has been alternation in adrenal reactivity appears to be directly structural proteins by this proline-directed protein kinase. In addition, we have examined the role protein kinase C in regulating the response of PCI2 cells to a STRACT: (U) This project investigated the cellular, molecular and biochemical mechanisms that control the tissue will change following specific treatments including chronic treatment of rats with insulin and acute depolarization of the cells with KCl. The stimulation. We found that the responsivity of this response of the rat adrenal gland to physiological research has involved the phosphorylation of other correlated with the cellular concentrations of variety of growth factors in culture. ABSTRACT:

\*STIMULATION(PHYSIGLOGY), \*BIOCHEMISTRY, CATECHOLAMINES, CELLS, CONTROL, CULTURE, DEPOLARIZATION, FUNCTIONS, \*ADRENAL GLANDS, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 160

**T85004** 8

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

CONSISTENCY, DYSFUNCTION, FUNCTIONS, HISTORY, HUMANS, LEARNING, MONITORING, PATTERNS, PHASE, PHYSIOLOGY, STANDARDS, STRUCTURES, VARIABLES, PERFORMANCE(HUMAN).

CONTINUED

AD-A247 159

WUAFDSR2313AB, PEB1102F, Evoked

e

IDENTIFIERS: potentials.

5/8 AD-A247 159

ARIZONA UNIV TUCSON

(U) The Coordinated Noninvasive Studies (CNS) Project. Phase 1.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 8 Sep 88-7 Sep 91,

DEC 91

Lauter, Judith L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0352 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-92-0148

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

according to conventional standards were tested with dichotic listening (2 measures), NM (2 measures), evoked potentials (2 measures), and qEEG (4 measures). One subject was also tested under similar conditions with PET. Results indicated: (1) Each individual had a distinct sidedness bias articulated in terms of a combination of evidence of a variety of subtle neuropathologies, such as stuttering, mild learning disorder, central auditory dysfunction, or a history of hyperactivity and/or substance abuse, brain imaging, human neuroscience, brain asymmetries, evoked potentials, qEEG, MRI, PET. physiology, cortical anatomy and cortical physiology, (4) In others, departures from such consistency signalled correlates of behavioral ear advantages for two sets of noninvasive methods for monitoring brain structure and function in a test battery. Phase One (1988-1991) complex sounds. Fifteen subjects neurologically normal anatomical and physiological variables, (2) These individual patterns cut across conventional categories subjects, these CNS profiles comprised internally consistent patterns of asymmetries linking subcortical focussed on meuroanatomical and meurophysiological such as gender and handedness, (3) In some of the The CNS Project combines several ABSTRACT:

\*BRAIN, \*NEUROPHYSIOLOGY, ANATOMY, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 159

AD-A247 159

69

PAGE

UNCLASSIFIED

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

DYNAMICS, INTENSITY, LAYERS, MODELS, SUNSPOTS, THEORY, THERMOCLINES, TURBULENCE, REGIONS, MAGNETOHYDRODYNAMICS

CONTINUED

AD-A247 158

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2311A1, PE61102F, Tachycline, Bifurcation theory, Magnetofluid dynamics, \*Solar

convection.

AD-A247 158 3/2

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK COLUMBIA ASTROPHYSICS LAB

(U) Mathematical Modeling of Solar Magneto-Dynamics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 91,

JAN 92 14P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Spiegel, Edward A.; Zahn, Jean-Paul

REPORT NO. CAL-1955

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0012

PROJECT NO. 2311

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-92-0119

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

promising mechanism for the formation of sunspots that is dynamical process whose intensity varies cyclically in a time of about eleven years. Its arrhythmias reveal it to be a chaotic process that has intermissions every few hundred years. Our aim in this project is to capture the linked to the processes of vortex formation in geophysical fluid dynamics. Sunspot Intermittency, Solar the probable seat of the solar cycle in the shear layer recently detected by helioseismology just below the convection zone. We call this layer the solar tachyline have studied the mathematical form such models may take and to describe it in a mathematically simple model. We because of certain analogies to the oceanic thermocline Using the methods of bifurcation theory to describe the diagram characterizing the sunspot cycle. And, finally, we have uncovered in the turbulence of the tachycline, machanisms underlying this behavior and seen the causes of intermittency. We have isolated nonlinear dynamics of this layer, we have uncovered a spatio-temporal behavior like that of the butterfly The solar cycle is a magneto-fluidcycle, Tachycline, Dynamo Chaos. essential physical

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHAOS, \*CONVECTION, \*SOLAR CYCLE, ANALOGIES, CYCLES, DIAGRAMS. DYNAMICS, FLUIDS, FLUID

AD-A247 158

AD-A247 158

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 70 TBE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

6/1 8/4 AD-A247 142 MEDICAL COLL OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND DEPT OF NEUROLOGY

(U) The Effects of Hydrazines of Neuronal Excitability.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 May 89-31 May 90,

DeLorenzo, Robert J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0235 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0111, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

have numerous industrial applications including their use as missile propellants in advanced aircraft such as the F-16 and space vehicles. The extremely high toxicity of HZs this AMP reduction by MZs increases the rate of sustained repetitive firing in these neurons, and may be one mechanism contributing to MZ convulsant actions., The overall objective of this study is to describe and spontaneous and evoked epileptiform activity in mammalian hippocampus, recorded in vitro. In cultured hippocampal neurons, we have found that HZs decrease the postburst afterhyperpolarization, a primary postsynaptic mechanism utilized by many types of neurons to terminate bursts. eventual respiratory collapse. Acute HZ exposure produces repeated tonic-clonic seizures in animals and man due to the strong convulsant properties of these compounds. In Hydrazines (HZ) are toxic compounds which order to develop effective therapies for HZ toxicity, It is important to determine the mechanisms by which HZs and the recurrent accidental exposure due to routine storage, use, and disposal of these compounds have created a significant health hazard among aerospace and defense industry personnel. HZ exposure can result in and maintain a check on hyperexcitability. As expected, studies in our laboratory of the electrophysiological effects of HZs have shown that HZ exposure induces lethal complications involving repeated seizures and produce their neuronal excitatory effects. Initial

CONTINUED AD-A247 142

actions in hippocampus, and to examine the effects of HZs on ion conductances in mammalian hippocampal neurons, in order to provide insight into the mechanisms of HZ toxicity which may underlie the excitatory and epileptogenic properties of these compounds. pharmacologically characterize HZ-induced epileptiform

\*ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY, ANIMALS, COLLAPSE, HAZARDS, HEALTH, IONS, LABORATORIES, NERVE CELLS, PERSONNEL, PROPELLANTS, SPACECRAFT, TOXICITY, RESPIRATORY SYSTEM. \*HIPPOCAMPUS, \*HYDRAZINES € DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, Epileptiform Hippocampal pyramidal neurons, Neuronal excitability. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 142

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/3 20/8 1/6 AD-A247 139

DEPT UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND ELECTROPHYSICS (U) Proposal for a Workshop in the Physics and Application of Hollow Electrode Glow Switches.

Final rept. 1 May 89-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

26P DEC 91

Gundersen, Martin PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0342 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0149, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

including the pseudospark and back-lighted thyratron (BLT). New applications inc. de highly emissive cathodes for microwave devices, acce wrators and free electron lasers. in order to understand the underlying physical mechanisms, and to develop ideas and insight into future applications, and foster coherent research in this area. This meeting high power tubes, electron and ion-beams, microlithography, accelerators, and other plasma devices. Recent research has produced this new generation of gasphase plasma switches that are characterized by very high current emission and conduction while operating in a glow mode. The cathode properties are especially remarkable about 2 orders of magnitude larger emission than existing thermionic cathodes. Part of the meeting was devoted to understanding these properties, and exploiting develop applications for and an improved understanding of the physics for high current emission and conduction applications of this cathode. These results deserve study applications of these devices under consideration. These was also motivated by the fact that there are many new The purpose of the 1989 NATO ARW was to technology, accelerators, other plasma loaded devices include new n and electron beams for microelectronic observed in hollow cathode-hollow anode switches ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A247 139 accelerators, applications requiring very high cathode emission such as cathodes for pulsed accelerators and microwave sources. DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*MICROELECTRONICS, \*PLASMA DEVICES, \*ELECTRIC CURRENT, \*GLOW DISCHARGES, ANODES, CATHODES, ELECTRON BEAMS, ELECTRONS, EMISSION, ENERGY, ENGINEERING, ENGINEERS, FREE ELECTRONS, HIGH ENERGY, HIGH POWER, ION BEAMS, IONS, LASERS, LENSES, MICROWAVES, NATO, PHASE, PHYSICISTS, PHYSICS, PLASMA ACCELERATORS, POWER, SCIENTISTS, SOURCES, SWITCHES, TUBES, FREE ELECTRON LASERS, THYRATRONS.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2301A7 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A247 139

plasma lenses for high energy physics, plasma

AD-A247 139

72

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/3 24/7 AD-A247 138

CONTINUED AD-A247 138

DESCRIPTORS:

\*DETOXIFICATION

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AIR FORCE, \*CHEMICALS, \*DETOXIFICATION \*ENVIRONMENTS, \*EYE, \*WORK, AIR, AIR FORCE PERSONNEL, ANIMALS, BENEFITS, BIOASSAY, CELLS, COLLECTION, CULTURE, DELIVERY, LOW LEVEL, MILITARY OPERATIONS, NERVE CELLS, NERVES, NUMBERS, PERSONNEL, RABBITS, RESPONSE, STIMULI, TISSUE CULTURE.

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE85502F, WUAFOSR3005A1, Draize rabbit eye test, Topical testing, Environmental toxins.

IDENTIFIERS:

SALT LAKE CITY UT TOPICAL TESTING INC

(U) A Biological Model of the Effects of Toxic Substances.

Annual technical rept. no. 1, 1 Nov 90-DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: 31 Oct 91

NOV 91

Tuckett, Robert P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49820-91-C-0012 CONTRACT NO.

3005 PROJECT NO.

Ä TASK NO. AFOSR. XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0004, AFUSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

scientific benefit. Progress by Topical Testing during the past year has been on a number of technical fronts including the development of data collection software and a method for delivery of microquantities of toxic personnel to be exposed to toxic chemicals in their work environment, either as a protracted low-level exposure or as a high-level, acute exposure. The Draize rabbit eye test for acute irritancy has come under severe criticism by the animal rights movement and has undergone culture and thus make it a viable commercial system. In and their response to a variety of chemical stimuli has legislative restrictions. Therefore, the tissue culture test being developed is likely to commercial as well as summary, Topical Testing has made substantial gains in the development of a commercial assay system, and next year will focus on testing the system's response to different classes of toxic chemicals. Bloassay, Environmental toxins, Detoxification, Tissue Culture. chemicals to individual nerve cells in tissue culture. The neuronal cultures are now viable and reproducible, viable for a number of months. A number of strategies epithelial cultures have been have been explored to expand the corneal epithelial operations, it is sometimes necessary for Air Force Due to the basic nature of military been recorded. Corneal

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

ROCHESTER UNIV NY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY

Glutathione-Dependent Toxicity: Biosynthesis and Bioactivation of Cytotoxic S-Conjugates, 3

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Anders, M. W.

AF0SR-86-0302 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. MOŇITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-90-0898, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

bloactivation mechanism that may be responsible for the nephrotoxicity and rephrocarcinogenicity of certain halogenated hydrocarbons. Two types of toxic S conjugates have been identified: The glutathione S-transferase—catalyzed reaction of glutathione with 1,2-dihaloalkanes may lead to glutathione based sulfur mustards, which are direct-acting alkylating agents. The transferase—catalyzed reaction of glutathione with halogenated alkanes may yield S-(haloalkyl or S-(haloalkyl) glutathione conjugates, which, after transport to the kidney and metabolism to the corresponding cysteine S-conjugates, may undergo bioactivation by renal cysteine conjugates beta-lyase. The beta-lyase-catalyzed beta-elimination reaction yields unstable thiols, which give rise to acylating agents and haloalkanoic acids; both the Glutathione conjugation reactions, which acrylating agents and the haloalkanoic acids may contribute to the observed cellular and mitochondrial may detoxify xenobiotics through mercapturic acid formation, have been identified as an important damage

SCRIPTORS: (U), ACIDS, ALKANES, BIOSYNTHESIS, CELLS, DAMAGE, GLUTATHIONE, HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS, HALOGENATION, KIDNEYS, METABOLISM, MITOCHONDRIA, MUSTARD AGENTS, SULFUR COMPOUNDS, TOXICITY, TRANSPORT, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2312AS DENTIFIERS: (U)

40-A247 112

8/1 8/3 AD-A247 110

ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA

(U) The Mechanisms and Effects of the Plant Activation of Chemicals in the Environment. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 15 Sep 88-30 Sep

25P DEC 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Plews, Michael J.

AF0SR-88-0338 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

TR-92-0074, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

foundation for new experimental designs. The model has seven components. They are, (1) the aromatic smine (R-NH2) microbial cells can be independently determined so that the toxicity of a test agent can be evaluated. Using cytochrome P-450 monooxygenase, and peroxidase inhibitors we are studying the biochemical mechanisms of plant activation of environmental contaminants especially and bacteria or yeast cells as the genetic indicator organism. After a treatment time, the microbes are plated ISTRACT: (U) Plant activation is the process by which promutagenic agents are activated into mutagens by plant systems. With the widespread use of agricultural chemicals on crop plants and with the global exposure of plants to pollutants, the possibility exists that plant-activated agents may be introduced into the human food chain. The plant cell/microbe coincubation assay uses cultured plant cell suspensions as the activating system is transported into the plant (TX1) ceil, (2) TX1 intracellular peroxidase oxidizes the molecule (R-NHOH), on selective medium. In this way the activation system and the genetic system can be independently studied. In addition the viability of the plant cells and the integrates our the TX1-cell data into a mechanistic framework and serves as a aromatic amines. We developed a model of activation of aromatic amines. The model ABSTRACT: (U)

4D-A247 110

7 PAGE

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### CONTINUED AD-A247 110

NHOH-conjugate), (4) the amine-conjugate is secreted into the extracellular medium, (5) the conjugate is absorbed by the bacterial tester strain (TA98), (8) the molecule may be deconjugated and is acetylated (R-NHO-COCH3) and deacetylated by the bacterial acetyl-Co A: Nhydroxyarylainine O-acetyltransferase, and (7) the deacetylation results in a highly reactive nitrenium ion (3) the metabolite is conjugated to a macromolecule (R-(R-K+).

\*SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ACTIVATION, \*CHEMICALS, \*CONTAMINANTS, \*FOOD CHAINS, \*MUTAGENS, \*TOXICITY, \*PLANTS(BOTANY), \*ENVIRONMENTS, ADDITION, AMINES, BACTERIA, CELLS, CHAINS, FOOD, GENETICS, GLOBAL, HUMANS, INDICATORS, INHIBITORS, METABOLITES, MODELS, MOLECULES, PEROXIDASES, POLLUTANTS, TIME, VIABILITY, YEASTS. DESCRIPTORS:

PES61102F, WUAFOSR2312A4, \*Mechanisms, Ê IDENTI: IERS:

AD-A247 109

12/5 12/9

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA TAMPA COLL OF ENGINEERING

Development of the Aspect Graph Representation for Use in R Version. 3

Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OCT 91

Bowyer, Kevin PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0036 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO.

TR-92-0071, AFDSR AFOSR. MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

viewpoint, the projected image and the object shape. This means that the aspect graph may include details that an observe could never see in practice. This paper reviews a complete implementation of an algorithm to compute the notion of introducing scale into the qualitative aspect graph framework, this providing a mechanism for selecting a level of detail that is large enough to merit explicit the scale space aspect graph are examined in response to researchers have presented algorithms for computing the the theoretical standpoint of perfect resolution in the surface objects. However, currently it is computer from exact aspect graph of solids of revolution under the perspective projection in 3D space. The we explore the representation. Several alternative interpretations of aspect graph representation for polyhedra and curved-Over the past few years, a number of the results produced for an example object by the Implemented system. 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTOKS: (U) \*ALGORITHMS, \*GRAPHS, \*COMPUTER VISION, COMPUTERS, IMAGES, NUMBERS, PAPER, RESOLUTION, RESPONSE, SCALE, SHAPE, SOLIDS, SURFACES. DESCRIPTORS:

PE81102F, WUAFOSR2304A7 3 IDENTIFIERS:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185001 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

6/11

7/2

MEDICAL COLL OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND DEPT OF NEUROLOGY

(U) The Effects of Hydrazines on Neuronal Excitability.

Annual rept. 1 May 88-31 May 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DeLorenzo, Robert J PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0235 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

Š

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0110, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

molecular mechanism by which hydrazines may produce their neuronal excitatory effects. We have continued and expanded our investigation of the effects of hydrazine on system. Studies have also been initiated to elucidate the have expanded these studies to investigate the effects of repetitive firing. It has been shown that hydrazines increase the rate of sustained repetitive firing in this Hydrazines are toxic compounds which have neurons in the invertebrate Hermissenda Crassicornis and in status epilepticus and eventual respiratory collapse. numerous military and industrial applications including their use in missile propellants and advanced aircraft serospace field. Toxic exposure to hydrazine can result specific electrophysiological properties on identified disposal of these compounds, understanding their toxic effects on the nervous system is important in the establishing the technical capability of investigating the effects of hydrazines on the rate of sustained Acute hydrazines exposure can produce repeated tonichydrazine on isolated neurons in culture. Our studies clonic seizures in animals and man. This project has continued to direct its effort in understanding the such as the F-18 and space vehicles. Because of the have documented that hydrazin. Increase neuronal excitability in the LP-1 neuron of this mudibranch recurrent exposure due to routine storage use and mollusc. Studies have been directed at further

CONTINUED AD-A247 103 molecular mechánism mediating the effects of hydrazine on increased neuronal firing in isolated neurons. Initial studies indicate that hydrazines have selective effects on calcium currents studies under voltage clamp techniques.

\*TOXICITY, AIRCRAFT, ANIMALS, ANTICONVULSANTS, BENEFITS, BLOCKING, CALCIUM, CLAMPS, COLLAPSE, CULTURE, CURRENTS, DISPOSAL, INVERTEBRATES, NERVE CELLS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, PROPELLANTS, RATES, SPACECRAT, STORAGE, VEHICLES, \*DRUGS, \*HYDRAZINES, \*EXCITATION, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

\*Neuronal excitability, P361102F IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2312A5.

AD-A247 103

AD-A247 103

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

78

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/1 AD-A247 097

GEORGETOWN UNIV WASHINGTON DO

Control and Stabilization of Distributed Parameter Systems in Structural Dynamics.

Final rept. 1 Sep 88-30 Nov 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 91

Lagnese, John E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0337 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A TASK NO

TR-92-0079, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Substantial progress has been made for models of multiple-link constructions that are composed of elastic beams, plates., shells or combinations of such elastic elements. of control laws for feedback stabilization and for controllability of the transient behavior of flexible structures based on distributed parameter models of such structures. This work has entailed deriving accurate develop a rigorous mathematical framework for the design understanding the implications of the various models for distributed parameter models for elastic structures and The main purpose of this research is to the controllability and stabilizability of structures. robot arms, solar panels, antennae, deformable mirrors, Such structures are representative of trusses, frames, etc., currently in use.

PROPERTIES, \*MATHEMATICS, BEHAVIOR, FLEXIBLE STRUCTURES, FRAMES, MIRRORS, MODELS, PANELS, PARAMETERS, PLATES, ROBOTS, SOLAR PANELS, STABILIZATION, STRUCTURES, \*FEEDBACK, \*STRUCTURAL TRANSIENTS, TRUSSES, WORK, THERMOELASTICITY. \*CONTROL. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A1, Disturbed parameter systems.

AD-A247 097

8/4 8/1 AD-A247 096

YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

(U) Stress-Induced Enhancement of the Startle Reflex

Annual rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Davis, Michael PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0035 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0109, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

blocked by a CRF antagonist or by lesions of the amygdala a brain structure known to be involved in fear and stress stress. Many effects produced by fear or stress are mimicked by infusion of the peptide corticotropin releasing factor (CRF) directly into the brain. This year of fear and anxiety. Previous research has found that the acoustic startle reflex is sensitive to both fear and The present data indicate that the amygdala is part of the neural circuitry required for CRF to elevate startle. CRF acts to produce its behavioral effects. Startle, Fear we have found that infusion of CRF into the brain causes a pronounced, dose-dependent enhancement of the acoustic startle reflex in rats. This excitatory effect was neural systems involved in the production and inhibition assay to analyze the neural systems upon which exogenous pathway, CRF-enhanced startle is a useful behavioral The goals of the research are to study Because startle is mediated by a vell-defined neural Stress, Amygdala, Corticotropin releasing fact ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*BRAIN, \*ADRENDCORTICOTROPIC HORMONE. \*REFLEXES, \*BEHAVIOR, ACOUSTICS, ANXIETY, AUGMENTATION, FEAR, INFUSIONS, INHIBITION, LESIONS, PEPTIDES, PRODUCTION, RATS, STRESSES, STRUCTURES, NERVES DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A2, Corticotropic releasing factor, Amygdala. E IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

AD-A247 094

AD-A247 093

12/5

UNITED TECHNOLOGIES RESEARCH CENTER EAST HARTFORD CT

Theoretical Studies of the Electronic and Resonance

3

Structure of Atomic and Molecular Negative Ions.

TEXAS UNIV AT EL PASO

An Integrated Geophysical and Geological Investigation of the Transition Zone between the Colorado Plateau, Rio Grande Rift and Basin and Range Provinces: Arizona and New Mexico. ξ

Doctoral thesis, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

219P DEC 90 Schneider, Robert V. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0009, AFUSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) The area comprising southwestern New Mexico and southeastern Arizona has experienced a complex tectonic history. In particular, the period of time from the late Cretaceous to the present has brought varying result of this tectonism are the Colorado Plateau, Basin and Range and Rio Grande Rift. The Colorado Plateau is a region which is uplifted and relatively undeformed with respect to surrounding provinces. It is characterized by gently dipping strata that have undergone minor folding Colorado Plateau is bounded by the Basin and Range and degrees of compression, magmatic activity, uplift and extension. Three major provinces that developed as a and warping, Volcanism, and epeirogenic uplift during Cenozoic time. To the west, south and southeast, the Rio Grande Rift extensional provinces. They have undergone extensive deformation and volcanic activity during the past 40 Ma, with signs of active tectonism continuing to the present.

ARIZONA, COLORADO, COMPRESSION, DEFORMATION, FOLDING, HISTORY, MEXICO, NEW MEXICO, PLATEAUS, REGIONS, TIME, EARTH CRUST, FOLDS(GEOLOGY), HEAT TRANSFER, GEOLOGIC MODELS, SEISMIC DATA, REFRACTION, BOUGUER GRAVITY ANOMALIES, GRAVITY, RAY TRACING, UTAH, BASINS(GEOGRAPHIC), GEOPHYSICS, FAULTS(GEOLOGY). \*VOLCANISM, \*LITHOSPHERE \*TECTONICS, Ξ DESCRIPTORS:

Colorado Plateau, \*Epeirogeny, Mogollon Plateau, Rio Grande Rift. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 094

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Harvey, Michels H. JAN 92

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 15 Nov 88-15 Nov

F49620-89-C-0019 CONTRACT NO.

R92-928101

REPORT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

A<sub>7</sub> TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0018, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

and collisional processes describing their formation and/ or destruction. This study is directed toward elucidating the structure of both thermodynamically stable cations and anions, and resonance or metastable excited states in species, including light element alkalis, alkaline earths attachment processes in negative ion systems and ion-pair of this program will furnish fundamental data and provide production in Rydberg atom collisions. The goals of this research program are to develop accurate computational techniques which are applicable to studies of the such systems. In addition, this study will include an analysis of the effects of both static E-fields and time and the noble gases. It is anticipated that the results structure of atomic and molecular ions and of radiative a better understanding of several detailed experimental electronic structure and radiative properties of small STRACT: (U) This technical program constitutes a theoretical research investigation of the electronic studies that are currently in progress in this area, atomic and molecular ions and to carry out detailed calculations of the structure of several prototype stimulated autodetachment and radiative electron dependent laser fields on resonance excitation, ABSTRACT: (U)

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A247 093 CONTINUED

including work at SRI and ORNL. Areas of application of this research work include thermonuclear reactor programs, neutral and negative ion particle beam source development, high current switching devices and discharge plasma devices.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ANIONS, \*MOLECULAR IONS, ATOMS,
ATTACHMENT, CATIONS, COLLISIONS, CURRENTS, DESTRUCTION,
DISSOCIATION, ELECTRONS, ELECTRONICS, ENERGY, EXCITATION,
GASES, LASERS, LIGHT, NEUTRAL, PAIR PRODUCTION, PARTICLES,
PARTICLE BEAMS, PLASMA DEVICES, POTENTIAL ENERGY,
PRODUCTION, PROTOTYPES, RESONANCE, STATICS, SURFACES,
SWITCHING, TIME, HYDROGEN, LITHIUM.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2301A7, Rycberg states, Ion pair production.

AD-A247 092 20/4

CALIFORNIA UNIV IRVINE DEPT OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

(U) The Linear and Nonlinear Shear Instability of a Fluid Sheet,

91 10P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Rangel, R. H.; Sirignano, W. A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0016

PROJECT NO. 2308

A2

TASK NO.

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0041, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

instability of a two-dimensional fluid sheet is presented thickness, including the effect of surface tension and the density difference between the fluid in the sheet and the surrounding fluid. Previous linear-theory results are the density ratio. At low density ratios, the growth rate of 1. Simuous modes may result in ligaments interspaced by half of a wavelength. Dilational modes grow monotonically and may result in ligaments interspaced by one wavelength. Atomization, Liquid Surface Instability. extended to include the complete range of density ratios and thickness-to wavelength ratios. It is shown that all ¥ oscillating modes when the density ratio is of the order thickness is less than a critical value that depends on study considers the temporal dilational (symmetric) and of the sinuous waves is larger than that of the dilational waves, in agreement with previous results. In igher density ratios, it is shown that the dilational sinuous waves are stable when the dimensionless sheet Both linear and nonlinear analyses are performed. The waves have a higher growth rate. The nonlinear calculations indicate the existence of sinuous investigation of the inviscid Kelvin-Helmholtz A theoretical and computational Kelvin-Helmholtz Instability. 3 ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SURFACE TENSION, \*TWO DIMENSIONAL FLOW,

AD-A247 092

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A247 092 CONTINUED

ATOMIZATION, DENSITY, FLUIDS, INSTABILITY, LIGAMENTS, LIQUIDS, LOW DENSITY, RATES, RATIOS, SHEETS, SURFACES, THEORY, THICKNESS, VALUE, WAVES, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR2308A2, Kelvin Helmholtz instability, Sheet flow.

AD-A247 091 8/7 8/12

TEXAS UNIV AT EL PASO DEPT OF GEOLOGICAL SCIENCES

(U) A Seismic and Intergrated Geophysical Study of the Lithosphere of the Colorado Plateau.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 89-30 Sep 91,

NOV 91 102P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Keller, G. R.; Baker, M. R.; Doser, D. I.; Hinojosa, J. H.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-89-C-0078

PROJECT NO. 2309

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-82-0009, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

data collection, data processing, and interpretation for the PACE (Pacific to Arizona Crustal Experiment) seismic experiment. This major cooperative study involved the University of Texas at El Paso, the Air Force Geophysical Lab, the U.S. and Canadian Geological Surveys, Stanford University, the University of Saskatchewan and the University of Arizona. The massive data set gathered during this experiment have been analyzed by a variety of techniques. The results show a gradual thickening of the crust from about 30 km in the Basin and Range to about 40 km along the southwestern margin of the Colorado Plateau. Lateral variations along the transition zone were found to be small. Work along a long profile extending from the Nevada Test Site to White Sands Missile Range included collection of new data, waveform modeling of data from the Albuquerque, NM digital seismograph station and a crustal structure study of western New Mexico. These results document thin (approximately 35 km) crust beneath the central portion of the Rio Grande rift, extension of the lithospheric anomaly associated with this rift well east of the physiographic rift valley a broad transitional zone to thick crust on the western margin of the rift, and delineation of a batholithic mass in the upper crust of western New Mexico. Colorado plateau,

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A247 091 CONTINUED

Seismic Profiling, Lithospheric Structure

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PLATEAUS, \*OROGENY, \*SEISMOLOGY, AIR FORCE, ANOMALIES, ARIZONA, COLLECTION, COLORADO, DATA PROCESSING, GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS, MASS, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, PROCESSING, PROFILES, SEISMOGRAPHS, SITES, STATIONS, STRUCTURES, SURVEYS, TRANSITIONS, UNIVERSITIES, VALLEYS, VARIATIONS, WAVEFORMS, REGIONS, EARTH CRUST.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2309A2, Colorado Plateau, Rio Grande Rift, Pace(Pacific to Arizona Crustal Experiment).

AD-A247 087 20/4

MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

(U) An Experimental Study of the Molecular Mixing Process in an Axisymmetric Laminar Vortex Ring,

MAY 91 9P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sutherland, Kenneth b.; Porter, John R., III; Dahm, Werner J.; Buch, Kenneth A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0541

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0047, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Physics of fluids A, v3 p1385-1392 1991. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furhished by NTIS.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DIIC and NIS reproductions will be in black and white.

study of the molecular mixing of a dynamically passive conserved scalar quantity in an axisymmetric laminar vortex ring. The experiments are based on highly resolved laser-induced fluorescence imaging measurements of the scalar field (x,t) in the diametral plane of the ring, from which the evolution of the molecular mixing rate field (x,t) can be directly examined. In particular, the structure and dynamics of the, mixing process are addressed during the three characteristic stages in the ring evolution, namely, (1) the ring generation stage, (2) the ring pinch-off stage, and (3) the asymptotic stage of the ring. Results show a layering of the mixing process in which the diffusional cancellation term plays a major role in setting the overall mixing rate achieved. The scalar field measurements are also used to extract detailed information about the underlying velocity field in the ring. Turbulent flows, Reacting flows, fine scale structure, Mixing.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A247 087

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*TURBULENT FLOW, \*LAMINAR FLOW,
AXISYMMETRIC, CANCELLATION, DYNAMICS, FINES, FLUORESCENCE,
LASERS, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, MIXING, QUANTITY,
RATES, RINGS, SCALE, STRUCTURES, VELOCITY, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308BS, \*Molecular mixing, \*Reacting flows, Fine scale structure, Laminar IDENTIFIERS: (U)

7/2 AD-A247 086

14/2

A Shock Tube Study of H + HNCO Yields NH2 + CO. CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING STANFORD UNIV

5

3

Mertens, John D.; Kohse-Hoeinghaus, Katharina; Hanson, Ronald K.; Bowman, Craig T. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

Ę TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-82-0043, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in International Unl. of Chemical Kinetics, v23 p655-668 1991. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furhished by NTIS.

time-histories were measured using infrared emission from the fundamental U2-band of HNCO near 5 Am. The secondlower and upper uncertainty limits, respectively. An upper limit on the rate coefficient of (5) NH, + HNCD - NH3 + NCD was determined to be:  $k5 < 5.0 \times 10$  cm3 mol-is-iT = 2340-2880 K. Shock tube, Hydrogen, Isocyanic acid, isocyanic acid (HNCO) to produce the amidogen radical (NH2) and carbon monoxide, (2(a)) H + HNCO - NH2 + CO hasorder rate coefficient of reaction (2(a)) was determined to be:  $K2a=2.1\times10$  exp(-8500/T,K) (f=0.5,F=1.75) T = 2340-3270 K, cm3 mol-1 s -1, where f and F define the been studied in shock-heated mixtures of HNCO dilute in argon. Time-histories of the ground-state NH2 radical were measured behind reflected shock waves using cw. narrow-linewidth laser absorption at 597 nm, and HNCO The reaction of atomic hydrogen with 3 Reaction.

MIXTURES, RATES, SHOCK, SHOCK WAVES, TIME, UNCERTAINTY, \*ISDCYANIC ACID, \*CARBON, \*HYDROGEN, \*SHOCK TUBES, \*ISDCYANIC ACID, \*CARBON MONOXIDE, ABSORPTION, ACIDS. ARGON, COEFFICIENTS, EMISSION, GROUND STATE, LASERS, WAVES, REPRINTS

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 086

20/4 4D-A247 085

> Amidogen radical.  $\widehat{\Xi}$ IDENTIFIERS:

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Diffusion and Reaction in a Lamellar System: Self-Similarity with Finite Rates of Reaction,

13P NOV 90 Muzzio, F. J.; Ottino, J. M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0251 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

BS TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0048, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub in Physical Review A, v42 n10 p5873-5884, 15 Nov 90. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

alternate striations, diffuse and undergo a reaction A +B-2P with intrinsic rate r=k,(CACB)a Simulations, scaling For a < 2.5 diffusion takes control of the dynamics for moderate to large times, and the kinetic parameters become irrelevant. Under these conditions, critical selforganization determines the behavior of the system, and the spatial structure evolves into a self-similar form that is independent of both k, and initial conditions. En SYSTEM-mimicked in terms of a distribution of lamellae-is studied. Two reactants A and B, initially placed in any order, depending on controlling parameters. A combination of both short- and long-time regimes gives an efficient prediction for the avera concentration of analysis, and space-averaged (fractal) kinetics are used to study the evolution of the system for different values of a and k. For a st 1 and short times, a model based on route to scaling, the system undergoes two independent transitions: (1) from intrinsic chemical kinetics control infinite neighbors predicts the overall rate of reaction. to diffusion control, and (2) from a system with several characteristic lengths to a system with only one characteristic length; these transitions might occur in the dynamics of reaction for a single lamella with

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A247 085 CONTINUED

reactants for all times. Mixing, Diffusion, Reaction.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*STRIATIONS, \*FLUID MECHANICS, \*REACTANCE, BEHAVIOR, CHEMICALS, CONTROL, DIFFUSION, DISTRIBUTION, DYNAMICS, KINETICS, LENGTH, MIXING, MODELS, ORGANIZATIONS, PARAMETERS, PREDICTIONS, RATES, STRUCTURES, TIME, TRANSITIONS, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2307BS, \*Lamellae.

AD-A247 081 6/5

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY DEPT OF MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

(U) Investigation of Dynamic Algorithms for Pattern Recognition Identified in Cerebral Cortex.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept 1 Sep 89-31 Aug 90,

AUG 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Freeman, Walter J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0268

PROJECT NO. 2305

TASK NO. B3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0137, AFÖSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

trained animal. Similar observations of 40 Hz oscillation in auditory and motor cortex, and in the retina and EMG microscopic activity and produce coordinated motor output. We have further evidence that the oscillatory activity is chaotic dynamics. It is our expectation that nature makes computation in general may occur by dynamical interaction of resonant modes; as we have long thought to be the case in the olfactory system. The oscillation can serve a good use of this dynamical complexity, and our intent has the diverse sensory, motor, and cognitive operations now studied in static networks. It must then be shown how those functions can be accomplished with oscillatory and olfactory and visual pattern recognition responses of a Patterns of 40 to 80 Hz oscillation have roughly periodic, but actually appears to be chaotic (nonperiodic) when examined in detail. If this view is been observed by researchers of this laboratory in the large scale activity not only of olfactory cortex, but also\* visual neocortex, and shown to predict the chaotic activity form the actual cortical substrate of macroscopic clocking function and entrain or bind the relevant microscopic activity of disparate cortical regions into a well defined phase coherent collective state of gestalt. This can overide irrelevant correct, then networks with oscillatory and possibly have been reported. It thus appears that cortical · ABSTRACT: (U)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 081 been to search here for novel design principles that may underly the superior performance of biological systems in pattern recognition. These may then be applied in artificial systems to engineering problems.

\*RETINA, ANIMALS, COMPUTATIONS, DYNAMICS, ENGINEERING, FUNCTIONS, INTERACTIONS, LABORATORIES, MOTORS, NETWORKS, OSCILLATION, OUTPUT, PATTERNS, PHASE, RECOGNITION, REGIONS, RETINA, SCALE, STATICS, SUBSTRATES. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2305B3. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A247 080

8/4

HAPINEMANN UNIV PHILADELPHIA PA DEPT OF MENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES (U) Locus Coeruleus, Vigilance and Stress: Brain Mechanism of Adaptive Behavioral Responsiveness.

6 Annual rept. 15 Dec 89-14 Dec DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 90

Aston-Jones, Gary PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0147 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

BS TASK NO.

TR-92-0102, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

methods for data acquisition and analysis (on a separate machine) during this task. Results indicated that most LC neurons are activated selectively for target stimuli ecord from over 100 LC neurons per animal. Recordings of locus coeruleus (LC) neurons in behaving monkeys using a microwire electrode holder allowing easy electrode Methods were developed for recording from h. Methods were also developed for computer presentation of stimuli and task control in an oddball visual discrimination task. Other development included computer during this task; they are not activated appreciably by nontarget stimuli. In addition, preliminary results suggest that tonic LC activity varies closely with the animal's attentiveness to the task. These results indicate that very small changes in the tonic discharge rate of LC neurons may produce marked changes in attentiveness, and that focused, attentive behavior may demand an intermediate level of LC discharge combined individual neurons are stable for periods of 30 min to repositioning in vivo. These techniques have vastly improved our data collection, so that we now routinely with robust phasic responses to meaningful sensory stimuli.

\*NERVE CELLS, \*STIMULI, \*VISUAL 9 DESCRIPTORS:

DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A247 080 CONTINUED

PERCEPTION, \*BRAIN, ACQUISITION, ANIMALS, BEHAVIOR, COMPUTERS, CONTROL, DATA ACQUISITION, DISCRIMINATION, ELECTRODE HOLDERS, ELECTRODES, MONKEYS, RECORDS, ATTENTION, ACTIVATION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR23128S, Visual discrimination, \*Locus coeruleus.

AD-A247 079 20/4 7/3

MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR

(U) An Integral Method for Mixing, Chemical Reactions, and Extinction in Unsteady Strained Diffusion Layers,

91 15P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Tryggvason, Gretar; Dahm, Werner J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0541

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0039, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability; Pub. in Combustion and Flame, v£3 p207-220 1981. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

determining the evolution of molecular mixing, finite rate chemical reactions, and local extinction in diffusion layers under the effect of an unsteady strain rate. The partial differential equations governing the reactant, product, and temperature profiles are used to derive ordinary differential equations governing the evolution of moments for the product and temperature profiles and for the reactant gradient profiles. The actual profiles enter these equations only through integral moments resulting from the reaction rate terms (referred to as reaction integrals). As a consequence, it is possible to accurately track the evolution of the profile moments, and thereby determine global properties of the layer such as burning rates and extinction conditions, using remarkably simple representations for the actual profiles to evaluate the reaction integrals. Here these profile shapes are specified as self-similar families of curves parameterized by just a few degrees of freedom, which then evolve from the moment equations. Results for combustion in isolated strained diffusion layers, as well as for consumption of a burning fuel strip, are generally within a few percent of the results from finite difference solutions of the full equations.

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004

AD-A247 079 CONTINUED

AD-A247 07

Turbulent flows, Reacting flows, Fine scale structure, Mixing.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS, \*MIXING, \*TURBULENT FLOW, COMBUSTION, CHEMICALS, CONSUMPTION, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, DIFFUSION, EQUATIONS, EXTINCTION, FINES, FUELS, GLOBAL, GRADIENTS, INTEGRALS, LAYERS, MOMENTS, PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, PROFILES, RATES, REACTION KINETICS, SCALE, STRAIN RATE, STRIPES, STRUCTURES, TEMPERATURE, TRACKS, REPRINTS. IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFSR2308BS, \*Reacting flows, \*Fine scale structures, Molecular mixing.

AD-A247 077 14/2 17/5

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Continuous Wave Laser Absorption Techniques for Gasdynamic Measurements in Supersonic Flows.

JUN 91 12P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Davidson, D. F.; Chang, A. Y.; DiRosa, M. D.; Hanson, R. K.

. CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0067

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0031, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Applied Optics v30 ni8 p2598-22608, 20 Jun 91. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) Line-of-sight measurements of velocity, temperature, pressure, density, and mass flux were performed in a transient shock tube flow using three laser absorption schemes. All methods employed an intracavity-doubled ring dye laser tuned to an OH transition in the AZ Sigma+ - XZ pi (O,0) band at 306 nm. In the first scheme, the gas was labeled by 193.3-nm excimer photolysis of HZO, and the passage of the generated OH was detected downstream. In the second method, the laser was tuned at a rate of 3kHz over the RI(T) and RI(II) line pair, and absorption was simultaneously monitored at 90 and 80 deg with respect to the flow. Velocity was determined from the Doppler shift of the profiles and the temperature from the intensity ratio of the lines. Pressure was determined from both the magnitude of absorption and the collisional broadening. In the third method, the laser wavelength was fixed at a single frequency, and a continuous measurement of velocity and pressure was obtained using the signals from the two beam paths. All methods gave results which compare favorably to calculated values. Velocimetry, Flow. Temperature, Mass Flux, Shock Tube, Laser.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 077

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SUPERSONIC FLOW, RADIATION ABSORPTION, DENSITY, DYES, DYE LASERS, EXCIMERS, INTENSITY, LINE OF SIGHT, MASS, MEASUREMENT, PATHS, PHOTOLYSIS, PRESSURE, PROFILES, RATES, RATIOS, RINGS, SHOCK, SHOCK TUBES, SIGNALS, TEMPERATURE, TRANSIENTS, TRANSITIONS, VELOCITY, DESCRIPTORS: REPRINTS

WUAFDSR2308A3, PE61102F, Laser IDENTIFIERS: (U) diagnostics.

7/4 AD-A247 078 CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING STANFORD UNIV (U) High Temperature Shock Tube Study of Reactions of CH and C-Atoms with N2,

8 8 Dean, A. J.; Hanson, R. K.; Bowman, C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0028, AFØSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Twenty-Third Symposium (International) on Combustion/The Combustion Inst., p259-265. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by

excess N2 resulted in rapid C-atom removal due to C(3P)+N2-CN+N, (1) leading to  $K_1=6.3\times1013$  exp(-23160 K/T (+ or 30%) cm3 mol-1 s-1 over the temperature range 2860 to 4880 K and pressure range 0.5 tg 1 atm. In order to determine the rate coefficient of CH(X2)+N, - HCN+technique, the CH profile resulting from pyrolysis of CH4 or C2H8 dilute in argon was perturbed by the addition of highly dilute mixtures of CH. or C2H4 (<30 ppm) in argon. N. A detailed analysis of the CH profiles led to a rate coefficient,  $k2=4.4\times1012~exp(-11060~K/T)(+~or~-~50\%)$ atomic resonance absorption (ARAS) at 158.1 nm and 119.9 Massurements of CH, C-atom and N-atom concentration of A31.131 nm. C-atoms and N-atoms detected using STRACT: (U) 'Me reactions of CH and C-atoms with N2, which are believed to be initial steps in the prompt-N0 mechanism. were studied at high temperature behind nm, respectively. Pyrolysis of C302 in the presence of N, (2) a perturbation technique was employed. In this reflected shocks. CH was formed from the pyrolysis of ABSTRACT: (U)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### CONTINUED AD-A247 078

cm3 mol-1 s-1 over the temperature range 2500 to 3800 K and pressure range 0.8 to 1 atm. N-atom measurements provided an independent verification of k, and the products of reaction 2. Shock Tube, Reactions, Laser Absorption, Reactions.

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PYROLYSIS, \*HYDROCARBONS, \*CARBON, \*NITROGEN, \*REACTION KINETICS, ADSORPTION, ADDITION, ARGON, ATOMS, COEFFICIENTS, HIGH TEMPERATURE, LASERS, MIXTURES, PERT, PRESSURE, PROFILES, RATES, REMOVAL, RESONANCE, SHOCK, SHOCK TUBES, TEMPERATURE, VERIFICATION, GAS DYNAMICS, REPRINTS.

WUAFOSR2308A3, PEB1102F IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A247 072

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

Effect of Velocity Ratio on Bluffbody Flow Dynamics: Steady and Transitional Regimes, 3

4 P JAN 91

Ghoniem, A. F.; Martins, L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFOSR-89-1491 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0033, AF0SR

## UNCLAŠSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in AIAA Aerospace Sciences Meeting (29th), 7-10 Jan 91. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

dynamics is investigated using results of vortex simulations at high Reynolds number. The shear layer between the recirculation zone and the annular flow exhibits low amplitude oscillations characteristic of Kelvin-Helmholtz instability. On the average, two counterrotating eddies and two stag, ation point are found on the inside the recirculation zone. Both forms of unsteadiness The effect of the velocity ratio across an arise due to intrinsic shear flow instabilities triggered axisymmetric. thick bluffbody separating an inner let from an outer annular confined stream on the f low by random perturbations in the flow field. Bluffbody Velocity Ratio, Vortex Simulation. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*FLUID DYNAMICS, AMPLITUDE, ANNULAR FLOW, AXISYMMETRIC, COUNTERS, DYNAMICS, FLOW, FLOW FIELDS, INSTABILITY, LAYERS, RATIOS, RECIRCULATION, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SIMULATION, STAGNATION, STAGNATION POINT, STREAMS, VELOCITY, REPRINTS, VORTICES, BLUNT BODJES. DESCRIPTORS:

\*Velocity ratio, \*Bluffbody, Shear IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Velocity ratio, \*Bluffbody, Shear
layer, Kelvin Helmholtz instability, WUAFOSR2308A2, PE61102F

AD-A247 072

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 081

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Hyperbolic Transforms in Array Processing.

Final rept. 1 Mar 89-28 Feb 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 FEB 91 Steinhardt, Allan O. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0267 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0117, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

products by means of orthogonal, or for complex data unitary, transforms in the usual case where a sum of outer products arise. (Typical transforms that have been found to be particularly useful are Givens, Jacobi, and Householder transforms). The idea is to transform the and estimation employing an array of sensors. Of particular concern is efficient and numerically reliable research concerns generalizing this 'trick' to the case of a difference of outer products by means of hyperbolic array processing problems lead to a differencing of matrix outer products. This leads to potential ill-conditioning when implemented explicitly. The avoidance The subject of the research is detection statistics (usually the sample covariance matrix). This detection/estimation procedures. A number of important of outer products, at t .. expense of extra operations, data into sparse form while preserving its pertinent analysis community (Golub). One can do without outer computational strategies for implementing prevalent has long been a crusade of sorts in the numerical rather than orthogonal transforms. 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ARRAYS, AVOIDANCE, COMMUNITIES, COMPUTATIONS, COSTS, COVARIANCE, DETECTION, DETECTORS, ESTIMATES, EXTERNAL, MATRICES(MATHEMATICS), NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PROCESSING, RELIABILITY, STRATEGY. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 060

6/3

MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR INTENSE ENERGY BEAM INTERACTION

(U) Intense Electron Beam Cyclotron Masers with Microsecond Pulselengths. Final rept. 1 Aug 88-30 Nov 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

87P DEC 91 Gilgenbach, Ronald M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0276 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

84 TASK NO.

TR-92-0084, AFOSR AFOSR, XF . MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

experiments on the Michigan Electron Long Beam Accelerator, (MELBA) at electron beam parameters of 0.6-0.9 MV, 0.52-2 kA, and 0.5-5 microsec: (1) The gyrotron backward-wave-oscillator, (gyro-BWO) produced the optimal combination of high power (1-8 MW) and long pulse (0.5-1. were investigated with high quality, low current electron beams for high frequency microwave generation. These peak power up to 15-25 MW. High peak microwave power (MW) 2 microsec) microwave generation. Due to these promising results, this gyro-BWO device was investigated most intensively during the final phase of this research cavity resonators of unslotted and slotted types generated microwave spikes (20-40 ns) in the X-band with devices generated hundreds of kW for hundreds of ns. but program. (2) Bragg resonator cyclotron resonance masers harmonic generation on absolute instabilities. (3) Open research program with the goal of generating high power microwaves over long-pulselengths. Three types of cyclotron maser devices were developed and utilized in it was found that microwaves originated from cyclotron was also generated in the K-band, most likely from the Results are reported for a three year second cyclotron harmonic. ABSTRACT:

, CAVITY RESONATORS, CYCLOTRONS DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A247 080

AD-A247 081

UNCLASSIFIED

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO, T85004

AD-A247 060 CONTINUED

ELECTRON BEAMS, HARMONIC GENERATORS, HIGH FREQUENCY, HIGH POWER, MASERS, MICHIGAN, MICROWAVES, PARAMETERS, PEAK POWER, PULSES, RADIOFREQUENCY POWER, SPIKES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Magers, \*Backward wave oscillators, Bragg resonators, Cyclotron harmonic generation, K Band, MELBA Device.

AD-A247 059 14/2 17/5

STANFORD UNIV CA HIGH TEMPERATURE GASDYNAMICS LAB

(U) Advanced Diagnostics for Reacting Flows.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Oct 90-31 Oct 91,

16 VON

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Hanson, R. K.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0067

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0123, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DIIC and NTIS reproductions (1) be in black and white.

an interdisciplingly program aimed at establishing advanced optical diagnostic techniques applicable to combustion gases and clasmas, with some emphasis on high speed flows. The primary flowfield parameters of interest (excimer-pumped dye and narrow-linewidth excimer). The cwlasers are spectrally narrow, allowing study of a new class of techniques based on spectral lineshapes and flow rate (from the product of density and velocity). The shifts, while the pulsed lasers provide intense bursts of optical measurement of mass flux in high speed air flows; the first applications of tunable semiconductor diode particularly laser absorption and laser-induced fluorescence, with the latter capable of providing both single-point and multi-point (2-d and 3-d) measurements. Progress is reported for the past year of photons needed for techniques based on light-scattering temperature, mass density, pressure, and velocity, and quantities derivable from these parameters such as mass techniques under study are based on laser spectroscopy, Laser sources include tunable cw lasers (ring dye and phenomena. Accomplishments of note include: the first semiconductor diode lasers) and tunable pulsed lasers lasers to absorption and fluorescence measurements in are species concentrations (including electrons), ABSTRACT: (U)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 059

elementary combustion reactions. Laser, Imaging, Combustion, Velocity, Pressure, Temperature, Fluorescence measurement of water vapor in high temperature combu ior gases; the first application of the planar laser-induced fluorescence (PLIF) technique to nonequilibrium shock tunnel flows; and further advances in the development of shock tube diagnostics for rate constant measurements of high temperature plasmas and supersonic flows, and t Reacting, Flow, Plasma. \*DIGHT SCATTERING, \*COMBUSTION, \*LIGHT SCATTERING, \*DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT, \*OPTICAL DETECTION, \*PLASMAS(PHYSICS), ABSORPTION, AIR, CONSTANTS, DENSITY, DIODES, DYES, FLOW, FLUORESCENCE, GASES, HIGH TEMPERATURE, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, LASERS, LIGHT, MASS, MASS FLOW, MEASUREMENT, PARAMETERS, PHOTONS, PRESSURE, PULSED LASERS, RATES, SEMICONDUCTOR DIODES, SEMICONDUCTORS, SHOCK, SHOCK TUBES, SHOCK TUNNELS, SOURCES, SPECTROSCOPY, TEMPERATURE, VAPORS, VELOCITY, WATER, WATER VAPOR. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A3, Laser diagnostics. IDENTIFIERS:

7 20/4 AD-A247 056 CFD RESEARCH CORP HUNTSVILLE AL

(U) Pressure-Based High-Order TVD Methodology for Dynamic Stall Control.

Final rept. 1 Jun-30 Nov 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

152P JAN 92 Yang, H. Q.; Przekwas, A. J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-91-C-0042 CONTRACT NO.

3005 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0015, AFÖSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

stall, is of crucial importance. This six-month SBIR Phase I study has developed several new pressure-based methodologies for solving 3D Navier-Stokes equations in both stationary and moving (body-comforting) coordinates. The present pressure-based algorithm is equally efficient for low speed incompressible flows and high speed proposed methodologies were implemented in an existing CFD code, REFLEQS. The modified code was used to simulate effect and flow physics are discussed. D-D Dynamic Stall, terms by the presently developed high-order IVD schemes requires no artificial dissipation and can properly resolve the concentrated vortices in the wing-body with minimum numerical diffusion. It is demonstrated that the proposed Newton's iteration technique not only increases the convergence rate but also strongly couples the iteration between pressure and velocities. The proposed dimensional wing-body configurations. Three-dimensional dynamics of separating unsteady flows, such as dynamic hyperbolization of the pressure correction equation is shown to increase the solver's efficiency. The above compressible flows. The discretization of convective The quantitative prediction of the both static and dynamic stalls on two- and three-**TVD Methodology** ABSTRACT:

\*STALLING, ALGORITHMS, CONFIGURATIONS, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 058

AD-A247 059

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A247 058

DISSIPATION, DYNAMICS, EFFICIENCY, EQUATIONS, FLOW, ITERATIONS, METHODOLOGY, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, PHASE, PREDICTIONS, PRESSURE, RATES, STATICS, STATIONARY, THREE DIMENSIONAL, VELOCITY, VORTICES, WING BODY CONFIGURATIONS, DIFFUSION CORRECTIONS, COORDINATES, CONVERGENCE

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFDSR3005A1, NACA 0015 Airfolls.

AD-A247 052

7/4 20/5 GAINESVILLE QUANTUM THEORY PROJECT FLORIDA UNIV (U) Molecular Interactions and Properties with Many-Body Methods. Annual technical rept. 1 Dec 90-30 Nov DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

Bartlett, Rodney J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0079 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO.

TR-92-0126, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

molecular reactions is the potential energy surfaces (PES) that serve to describe the attractions among the atoms we have The crucial component nee\_ed to understand vibrational spectra, and a wealth of other quantities, is high level ab initio solutions of the Schrodinger obtaining accurate potential surfaces for molecules, and methods, the simultaneous development of new methods can increase computational capability by further orders of magnitude. In this regard, many-body perturbation theory (MBPT) and its infinite-order extensions termed coupledequation. However, more so than in most other areas, the ability to provide reliable quantum mechanical results most accurate available, and have developed very efficient and generally applicable computer programs to perform CC/MBsT calculations. Also, we have employed and molecules. However, such information is not easy to obtain. In many cases, the most direct approach to improved method development. Whereas supercomputers can for increasingly large molecules depends critically on interaction approaches lack. Under AFOSR support, we hestablished these CC/MBPT theories as being among the enable us to make much larger computations with old cluster (CC) methods offer a number of attractive features that the more traditional configuration detailed information about their excited states, ABSTRACT:

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A247 052 CONTINUED

these methods for the first time in large-scale ab initio calculations of potential energy surfaces. The successes of our original work in this effort have been substantial (see previous AFOSR reports).

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACCURACY, ATOMS, COMPUTATIONS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, CONFIGURATIONS, INTERACTIONS, MOLECULE INTERACTIONS, MOLECULES, N BODY PROBLEW, PERTURBATION THEORY, POTENTIAL ENERGY, QUANTUM THEORY, REACTION KINETICS, RELIABILITY, SCHRODINGER EQUATION, SUPERCOMPUTERS, SURFACES, VIBRATIONAL SPECTRA.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFDSR2301DS, \*Wolecular properties, \*N Body problem, Potential energy, Schrodinger equation, Quantum theory, Computer programs, Coupled Cluster, \*Many body perturbation theory, Theoretical calculations.

DERAFRI SEARCH CONTROL NO. 18

AD-A247 051 4/2

FLORIDA UNIV GAINESVILLE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Location and Characterization of In-Cloud Lightning Currents by Multiple Station VHF and Electric Field Measurements. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. 15 Nov 90-14 Oct

:

DEC 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Thomson, Ewen M.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0093

PROJECT NO. 2310

TASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0125, AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) A network has been established that measures and records electric fields in a 800 Hz to 3.5 MHz 3dB bandwidth at five stations at Kennedy Space Center. Signals were recorded at the central station with a 20 MS/s digitizing system that operating on a 24 hour per day basis. Data has been obtained from both lightning and small discharges that do not fit the commonly accepted definition of lightning. These small discharges frequently precede the first cloud-to-ground flash in a storm and are the most significant finding in the research so far. They have considerable importance in the field of thunderstorm electrification in that they predominantly occur below the freezing level, at a mean height of about 3-4 km.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ELECTRIC FIELDS, \*LIGHTNING, \*ELECTRIC DISCHARGES, \*CLOUD PHYSICS, BANDWIDTH, DAY, FREEZING, HEIGHT, MEAN, RECORDS, SIGNALS, STATIONS, STORMS, THUNDERSTORMS, CLOUDS, TRAVEL TIME.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2310CS

AD-A247 052

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 050

COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF CHEMISTRY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Structure and Dynamics of Highly Energetic Dication Theoretical/Experimental Investigations of the Species. Ξ

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 91,

NOV 91

RSONAL AUTHORS: Lineberger, W. C.; Leone, Stephen R.; ONeil, Stephen V.; Senekowitsch, Joerg; Szaflarski, Diane PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0074 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-92-0153, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

(MR-CI) wavefunctions have established the electronic structures and stabilities of species such as CF2+, F22+, rotational constants, tunneling lifetimes, and transition crossed beam arrangement on CO2+, NO2+, and HC with rare gases, and hydrogen. Selective product channels are of the hydride, fluoride, and oxide dication species. Highly accurate multireference configuration interaction structures and bonding configurations. They display high wavefunctions have been carried out to characterize many mass. This program combines a parallel experimental and theoretical approach to the study of gaseous molecular dication species. This includes spectroscopy, kinetics and reactions, and high level electronic structure energy releases and thus may serve as prototypes for molecular systems which have enormous energy per unit observed and cross sections obtained. High resolution strengths are obtained, providing to the experimental calculations. Broad survey calculations with complete active space self-consistent field (CAS-SCF) studies. Reactive studies have been carried out in a MS2+, NF2 2+, N2 2+, C2 2+, and PH. Vibrational and Dications possess unusual electronic ê ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A247 050

rotational constants are obtained. Ions, Dications, Aaser laser spectroscopy of the 3 pi sub u - 3 pi sub g transition in N2 2+ has been obtained in a coaxial laser/beam apparatus by monitoring the threshold appearance of predissociated fragments. Detailed vibrational and Ab initio, Theoretical.

APPROACH, BONDING, CHANNELS, CONFIGURATIONS, CONSTANTS, CROSS SECTIONS, ENERGY, FLUORIDES, FRAGMENTS, GASES, HIGH ENERGY, HIGH RESOLUTION, HYDRIDES, HYDROGEN, KINETICS, LASER BEAMS, MASS, MONITORING, PROTOTYPES, RARE GASES, RESOLUTION, SPECTROSCOPY, STRUCTURES, TUNNELING, HIGH \*IONS, \*CATIONS, \*WAVE FUNCTIONS. DESCRIPTORS:

Vibrational constants, Rotutional constant, Transition (U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR230381, \*Dications, IDENTIFIERS: strengths.

AD-A247 050

93

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A247 049

4/9 AD-A247 049

WASHINGTON DC HOWARD UNIV (U) Neuropsychologica: Components of Object Identification.

\*SPACE PERCEPTION, AIR, AIR FORCE, BRAIN, CASE STUDIES, EDGES, CODING, MODELS, PASTES, PATIENTS, PILOTS, PROCESSING, ROTATION, SHAPE, SIMULATION, SUPPORTS, VISION, COGNITION, IMAGE REGISTRATION, IDENTIFICATION, NEUROPHYSIOLOGY, COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION.

WUAF0SR2313BS, PE61102F

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

Annual technical rept. 1 Dec 90-31 Dec DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

Kasslyn, Stephen M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0100 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0136, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

that curved edges are processed separately from straight edges, that location information sometimes can be used to encode some characteristics of shape, and that a decrease in overall activation level can selectively impair performance on some tasks. Second, we administered a set of 27 tasks to a group of 17 brain-damaged patients; specific subsystems. We have preliminary evidence that most (88%) of the subsystems double dissociate-suggesting compute two distinct kinds of spatial relations. Finally, some of the tasks we had developed to study deficits in structure of high-level visual processing were conducted during the past year. First, we carried out case studies of individual brain-damaged patients, finding evidence brain-damaged patients were used to study the visual-spatial abilities of air force pilots; we found that pilots are particularly good at mental rotation and encoding metric distance information. Neuropsychology, properties of the high-level visual system, and found support for the distinction between subsystems that that these subsystems are in fact distinct. Third, we these tasks were designed to assess the efficacy of Four kinds of investigations of the constructed computer simulation models to explore Vision, Computational models.

\*BRAIN DAMAGE, \*VISUAL PERCEPTION, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 049

AD-A247 049

UNCLASSIFIED

185004 96

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A247 048 6/4 5/8
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Human Image Understanding.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual progress rept. 1 Jun 89-22 Dec

DEC 91 2:

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Biederman, Irving

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0231

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0135, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

efficiency when the image is projected onto the retina at another position, size, or orientation in depth from when other subserving motor interaction. The experiments suggest that it may be possible to assess the functioning This report summarizes the major research experiments assessing the visual priming of briefly presented images indicate that the visual representation neither the image edges or vertices nor an overall model extrastriate visual systems, one for recognition and the cortex horizontally, through a comparison of performance on naming and episodic memory tasks. We have developed a suggests a computational basis for the evolution of two recognition performance. The model takes a line drawing of the object but an arrangement of simple volumes (or geons) corresponding to the object's parts. This representation can be activated with no loss in captures the essential characteristics of human object neural network model (Hummel and Biederman, 1992) that originally viewed. Consideration of these invariances that mediates real-time object recognition specifies accomplishments performed under AFOSR Grant 99-0231, HUMAN IMAGE UNDERSTANDING. An extensive series of of these systems behaviorally, that is, to split the of an object as input and generates a structural

AD-A247 048 CONTINUED

The model's capacity for structural description derives from its solution to the dynamic binding problem of neural networks: Independent units representing an object's parts (in terms of their shape attributes and interrelations) are bound temporarily when those attributes occur in conjunction in the systems input.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*IMAGE REGISTRATION, \*VISUAL PERCEPTION.
ATTENTION, CLASSIFICATION, COMPARISON, CORRELATION, DEPTH, EDGES, EFFICIENCY, GRANTS, IMAGES, INPUT, INTERACTIONS.
LOSSES, NETWORKS, PARTS, PHASE, REAL TIME, RECOGNITION, REPORTS, RETINA, SHAPE, THEORY, TIME, RESPONSE(BIOLOGY), OPTICAL CHARACTER RECOGNITION, PERFORMANCE(HUMAN), NEURAL NETS, MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY), COGNITION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313AS

description which is then used for object classification

AD-A247 048

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 97

T85004

DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A247 044 6/4 6/1

NEW YORK UNIV NY DEPT OF PSYCHIATRY

(U) Measurement and Regulation of Central Noradrenergic Neurotransmission.

PE81102F, WUAFOSR2312A2, \*Noradrenergic

systems, Immediate early gene.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

CELLS, DRUGS, GENES, INDOLE ALKALOIDS, RESPONSE, NERVE CELLS, RECEPTOR SITES(PHYSIOLOGY).

CONTINUED

AD-A247 044

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 91,

NOV 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Stone, Eric A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0208

2312

PROJECT NO.

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0113, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Over the period of the AFOSR grant we have made significant progress in clarifying the relationship between the noradrenergic system and IEG expression in the brain. A series of studies has been performed in which the effects of activation of the noradrenergic system by drugs or stress on activation of the IEG response was examined. Results strongly suggest that the noradrenergic system is involved in the activation of IEGs caused by physiological as well as pharmacological agents. Whether this is the only neuronal system involved is not yet clear as stress, yohimbine and propranolol are known to affect other neurotransmitters and their receptors in the brain. This problem will be addressed in future research. In conjunction with our biochemical events occur so as to facilitate studies of long term changes caused by stress. We have made substantial progress in this area and have obtained evidence that there are 2 separate target cells, a gilal cell in which cyclic AMP is synthesized in response to beta receptor activation and a neuronal cell in which the immediate early genes are produced again in response to beta receptor activation.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*BRAIN, \*NEUROTRANSMITTERS, ACTIVATION,

AD-A247 044

AD-A247 044

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/2 20/3 AD-A247 041

ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING

Final rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Apr 91, (U) Annual Gaseous Electronics Conference (43rd). DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

216 <u>.</u> APR Verdeyen, Joseph T. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0007 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

A8 MONITOR: TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0094, AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) The Forty-Third Annual Gaseous Electronics Conference was held as planned and was a great success. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PLASMAS(PHYSICS), \*IONIZED GASES, \*PARTICLE COLLISIONS, ELECTRONICS, GASEOUS ELECTRONICS, ELECTRIC DISCHARGES, GAS LASERS, ION SOURCES, BREAKDOWN(ELECTRONIC THRESHOLD), ELECTRONIC SWITCHING, ATMOSPHERIC CHEMISTRY, SURFACE PROPERTIES, LOW ENERGY.

WUAFOSR2301A8, PEB1102F, High energy electrons, High particle radiation. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 040

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11/1

TEXAS A AND M UNIV COLLEGE STATION DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

(U) AFRAPT Program at Texas A and M University Research for Advanced Aircraft Engine Structures.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Sep 86-Aug 91,

Vance, John M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0297 CONTRACT NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0163, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

and aerospace engineering were students in mechanical and aerospace engineering were supported on this grant, producing four M.S. graduates and three Ph.D. graduates during the grant period. Eight students are still pursuing research and studies toward their degree. Two students failed the Ph.D. qualifying examination and left Texas A and M. Six of the program participants are now employed by companies in the aircraft or aerospace propulsion field. ABSTRACT: (U)

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ENGINEERING, \*GRANTS, \*AIRCRAFT ENGINES, \*LABYRINTH SEALS, AIRCRAFT, GRADUATES, STUDENTS, MECHANICAL ENGINEERING, SHROUDED PROPELLERS. DESCRIPTORS:

Aerospace engineering, Texas A and M IDENTIFIERS: (U) University

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/5 AD-A247 039

AD-A247 038

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INST TROY NY DEPT OF PHYSICS

Research into the Design and Implementation of Knowledge-Base System. Final technical rept. 1 Dec 90-30 Nov

Annual rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Approach.

(U) Probing Cosmic Infrared Sources: A Computer Modeling

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OCT 91

Leung, Chun M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

> Ullman, Jeffrey D. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

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92

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AF0SR-89-0104 CONTRACT NO.

> AF0SR-91-0088 2304 CONTRACT NO. PROJECT NO.

۲ TASK NO.

PROJECT NO.

TR-92-0108, AFÖSR AFOSR, XF

MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

TR-92-0157, AFOSR

AFOSR, XF

MONITOR: TASK NO.

ISTRACT: (U) A working prototype of the NAIL system was implemented. This system extends SQL, providing a general purpose computing capability. The two elements of NAIL consist of GLUE, a logical rule formulation of SQL, and NAIL, a declarative language which generates GLUE code. Applications have been demonstrated that implement a building construction schedule and a VLSI CAD logic simulator. Various query optimization algorithms have been studied and implemented in NAIL. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*PROTOTYPES, \*SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, ALGORITHMS, BUILDINGS, CONSTRUCTION, FORMULATIONS, ADHESIVES, LANGUAGE, LOGIC, OPTIMIZATION, SIMULATORS, VERY LARGE SCALE INTEGRATION, KNOWLEDGE BASED SYSTEMS.

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2304A2 € IDENTIFIERS:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

developed of the physical conditions in the circumstellar envelopes of evolved stars. The chemistry of two dense inter-stellar clouds is being studied. The effect of temperature dependent opacity on the emergent spectra of interstellar clouds heated externally by the interstellar radiation field were studied. A detailed study has begun modeled several classes of infrared source sand modified and generalized existing computer codes. The effects of temperature fluctuations due to small grains on the on the grain formation problem in stellar outflows. The The research in infrared astronomy has effects of fractal dust grains on the spectrum of infrared sources has been studied. Models are being energy spectrum and infrared surface brightness of infrared sources is being investigated. ABSTRACT: (U)

CHEMISTRY, CLOUDS, COMPUTERS, ENERGY, FRACTALS, MODELS, CHEMISTRY, CLOUDS, COMPUTERS, ENERGY, FRACTALS, MODELS, SPECTRA, STARS, SURFACES, TEMPERATURE. DESCRIPTORS:

\*Infrared astronomy, Infrared sources(Astronomy). E IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 038

AD-A247 039

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

**T85004** 8

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 035

TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING AND ENGINEERING MECHANICS

Effects of Sweep on the Physics of Unsteady Shock-Induced Turbulent Separated Flows.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 89-30 Jun 91,

92 ₹ Dolling, David S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0112 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

TR-92-0154, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

unsteady separation in Mach 5 compression ramp interactions, fluctuating wall pressure measurements have been made upstream of the corner line in interactions generated by unswept, and 10, 20, 25, 30, 40, and 50 deg. swept models. The streamwise ramp angle was 28 deg. in all cases. The data were analyzed Lising standard time symmetric. Rms levels decrease globally with increasing sweep as does the maximum rms generated by the translating separation shock. (2) The length of the intermittent region, over which the separation shock foot flows. In a given interaction, shock frequencies decrease sparwise. (4) Separation shock dynamics defined in terms To examine the effects of sweepback on the separation shock foot histories, increase from about 0.3-0.5 kHz for unswept flow to about 2-7 kHz in highly swept translates, decreases with increasing sweep. In a given interaction, the length of the intermittent region grows sparwise. (3) Dominant separation shock frequencies, deg.), the rms distributions of pressure fluctuations as well as the mean distributions fre quasi-conically Interactions (1.e., corner line sweeps greater than 25 algorithms. The results show that: (1) In highly swept series analysis techniques and condition all sampling observed in both surface pressure fluctuations and of the shock foot history and its statistics are

CONTINUED AD-A247 035 essentially the same in all interactions. The separation shock foot position is rormally distributed, and the mean Interaction, Unsteady Flow, Separated Turbulent Boundary separation shock moves. Higher frequencies are a direct result of the decrease in the length scale of the difference is in the length of the region in which the separation shock motion. Shock Wave Boundary Layer shock velocities are essentially equal. Tile only Layers. \*SCRIPTORS: (U) \*SHOCK WAVES, \*UNSTEADY FLOW,
\*AERDDYNAMICS, \*FLOW SEPARATION, ALGORITHMS, ANGLES,
BOUNDARIES, BOUNDARY LAYER, COMPRESSION, DYNAMICS, FLOW,
INTERACTIONS, LAYERS, LENGTH, MEAN, MODELS, MOTION,
PRESSURE, RAMPS, REGIONS, SAMPLING, SCALE, SEPARATION,
SHOCK, STATISTICS, SURFACES, TILES, TIME SERIES ANALYSIS,
FATIGUE(MECHANICS), PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION, DYNAMIC LOADS. DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2307A1, Fluctuating pressure loads, High heating rates, Sweep, \*Separation shock, Root mean square, \*Shock dynamics, Turbulent separated flows IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 035

T85004

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PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

5/8 AD-A247 032

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Norms and the Perception of Events.

Annual rept. 15 Jun 90-5 Sep 91,

SEP 91

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Kahneman, Daniel PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0208 CONTRACT NO.

6912 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-82-0103, AFOSR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

NSTRACT: (U) The major effort of the research reported here has been directed to understanding multiple representations in thinking and processes of comparison in different domains. Five distinct projects address issues of interpersonal versus intrapersonal comparisons, mental contamination, anchoring effects, topic and referent in perceptual comparison, and reference effects In choice. Social cognition, Multiple representations, Comparison processes, Reference effects. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*COGNITION, \*PERCEPTION(PSYCHOLOGY), SELECTION, COMPARISON, CONTAMINATION. DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR69120R, Interpersonal relations, \*Behavior, Social psychology. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 030

8/3 4/2 PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK DEPT OF METEOROLOGY Modeling and Observational Studies of Mesoscale Air-.Mass Boundaries and Marm-Season Convective Precipitation.

Final rept. 1 Dec 87-31 May 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAY 91

Warner, Thomas T.; Fritsch, J. M.; Carlson, Toby N. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0050 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

A TASK NO.

TR-92-0082, AFOSR AFOSR, XF

MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

soil moisture can be modeled. The synoptic climatology of the elevated mixed layer and lid in the southwestern U.S. Diagnostic and modeling studies have been entrainment and detrainment on convective cloud heating and moistening profiles, The effects of mesoscale water bodies and ocean currents on the large scale environment ABSTRACT: (U) Diagnostic and modeling studies have been performed to improve our understanding of, and skill at forecasting, mesoscale weather systems and circulations, The life cycle of the lid in the southwestern U.S., and the skill associated with cloud forecasts from the Penn layer evaporative cooling and changes in radiatively produced surface fluxes on low-level circulations, How and transient weather systems, The effect of subcloud-In particular, we have investigated: The effects of State/NCAR mesoscale model.

ANALYSIS, \*PRECIPITATION, \*CONVECTION(ATMOSPHERIC),
BODIES, COOLING, CURRENTS, CYCLES, ENTRAINMENT,
FORECASTING, HEATING, LAYERS, LOW LEVEL, MOISTURE, OCEAN
CURRENTS, PROFILES, SCALE, SKILLS, WATER, CLOUDS, WEATHER
FORECASTING, ATMOSPHERE MODELS, OBSERVATION. \*CLIMATOLOGY, \*WEATHER, \*AIR MASS DESCRIPTORS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A247 030

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2310A1, \*Mesoscale DENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2310A1, \*Mesoscale Weather systems, Detrainment, Warm season convective precipitation. IDENTIFIERS:

11/2 AD-A247 018 SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INST SAN ANTONIO TX

(U) Study of High Temperature Failure Mechanism in Ceramics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Dec 89-5ep 91,

JAN 92

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Page, Richard A.; Lankford, James; Chan, Kwai S.

SWRI-2253/3 REPORT NO. F49620-88-C-0081 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0012, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

developing a damage mechanism-based life prediction model. processes of creep cracks in a pyroceram glass-ceramic were studied under tensile loading at elevated temperatures. The results of these studies indicated that cavities and microcracks. Sintering of cavities led to the existence of a growth threshold below which the creep This final report documents the results of a basic research program aimed at (1) studying the high temperature failure mechanisms in ceramics, (2) establishing relationships between cavitation mechanisms crack would open, blunt, but not propagate. Measurements of the total accumulated creep strain near the crack-tip strain criterion. Relationships between cavitation mechanisms and creep crack growth characteristics of the revealed that creep crack extension followed a critical with the damage processes manifested as the nucleation growth, and coalescence of inhomogeneously distributed creep crack growth in the pyroceram glass-ceramic occurred both in continuous and discontinuous manners, The growth rate, near-tip creep responses, and damage and creep crack growth characteristics, and (3) glass-ceramic are discussed

\*FAILURE(MECHANICS), \*CRÉEP, \*CRACK PROPAGATION, CAVITATION, CAVITIES, COALESCENCE, CRACKS, CREEF, JAMAGE, DOCUMENTS, FAILURE, HIGH TEMPERATURE, MODELS, NUCLEATION, \*GLASS, \*CERAMIC MATERIALS DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A247 018

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A247 018 CONTINUED

PREDICTIONS RATES, SINTERING, TEMPERATURE, DEFECTS(MATERIALS), DAMAGE ASSESSMENT.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Crack tips.

AD-A247 017 7/4

SRI INTERNATIONAL MENLO PARK CA

(U) Excited Negative Ions and Molecules and Negative Ion Production.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Nov 88-14 Nov 91,

JAN 92 63

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Peterson, James R.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-89-K-0002

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. A7

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF . TR-92-0011, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Research has been performed to determine fundamental properties of negative ions; decay mechanisms and products of molecular Rydberg states; and mechanisms affecting H- production in ion source discharges. Experiments were performed on both stable and metastable states of Ca-, Cs-, He 2-, and WO3-; on the dissociative CH, and O2; on the product states of dissociative recombination of Ar2 and Kr2; and on the vibrational distribution of O2+ resulting from the reaction O+ + CO; yields O2+ + CO. Negative Ions, Molecular Rydberg States, Predissociation.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ION SOURCES, \*CHEMICAL DISSOCIATION. \*CATIONS, DECAY SCHEMES, DISTRIBL'TION, IONS, PRODUCTION, TUNGSTEN OXIDES, CALCIUM, CESIUM, HYDROGEN, HELIUM.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) LPN-SPI-PHY-8952, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2301A7, Rydberg State.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

5/9 15/1 AD-A247 010 AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH BOLLING AFB DC

Proposal Quarterly Status Report, April-June 1991, Air Force Office of Scientific Research: Research 3

6

Tyrrell, Debra L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0069, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Document partially illegible.

The report is divided into two parts. The Institution index lists proposals alphabetically by institution. This Report is published in March, June, September, and December by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR). It lists all the research proposals received by AFOSR in the previous six months along with the action taken (Initiated, Declined or Withdrawn) on each report. is followed by a more detailed listing by Directorate, The Research Proposal Quarterly Status and by Program Manager within the Directorate. ABSTRACT: (U)

\*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, \*RESEARCH DESCRIPTORS: (U) MANAGEMENT, . Air Force Office of Scientic Research, \*Military research, \*Contractors, Research proposals. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

8/10 AD-A247 009 CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA

Fabric-Stress-Deformation Relations in Granular Materials.

Final rept. 1 Oct 86-30 Jun 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

206P 9 

Nemat-Nasser, S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0079 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

ວ TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0120, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

have been to study the mechanical properties and constitutive relations of granular materials that support the applied loads through interparticular frictional contacts, and to relate these to the granular fabric, both stress-induced and inherent. To this end a coordinated experimental and theoretical program was followed in order to identify: (1) effective parameters material; (3) parameters which measure the evolution of fabric in the course of a given overall load or deformation history; (4) the relation between fabric and the overall stress and deformation, and (5) constitutive relations which directly involve fabric measures and the nohlinear material response. Fabric, Stress, Deformation fundamental n-microstructural events which give rise to and the measure of their evolution, and hence, are based on the The basic aims of this research program influence of each on the constitutive response of the that measure the fabric of granular masses; (2) the difference between inherent and induced fabric, and Granular, Materials. 3 ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) \*MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, \*SAND, \*SOIL MECHANICS, \*MASS FLOW, DEFORMATION, MATERIALS, PARAMETERS, RESPONSE, STRESSES, SUPPORTS, STRESS ANALYSIS, SHEAR STRESSES, MOISTURE CONTENT, MICROSTRUCTURE, PLASTIC FLOW, STRAIN RATE, DENSITY, SATURATED SOILS, FAILURE(MECHANICS), DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 009

AD-A247 010

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONT INUED AD-A247 009

5/8 15/1 AD-A247 007

> CYCLIC LOADS, ANISOTROPY, FRICTION, SLIDING VIBRATION, FRICTION.

AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH BOLLING AFB DC

JENIIFIERS: (U) Granular materials, Micromechanics, \*Fabric, Liquifaction, Diagenesis, \*Cohesionless soils, Densification. IDENTIFIERS:

Air Force Office of Scientific Research: Research Proposal Quarterly Status Report, October-December 1991, E

86P JAN 92 Tyrrell, Debra L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TR-92-0068, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Document partially illegible.

Report is published in March, June, September, and December by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR). It lists all the research proposals received by AFOSR in the previous six months along with the action taken (Initiated, Declined or Withdrawn) on each report. The report is divided into two parts. The Institution index lists proposals alphabetically by institution. This is followed by a more detailed listing by Directorate, The Research Proposal Quarterly Status and by Program Manager within the Directorate. ŝ ABSTRACT:

\*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, \*RESEARCH 3 MANAGEMENT, DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) Air Force Office of Scientific Research, \*Military research, \*Contractors, Research proposals. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A247 006

9/1 AD-A247 008

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH ASSOCIATES INC GLASTONBURY CT

Numerical Simulation of the Function of Scientific Instrumentation for Measuring the Speed of Electron Devices.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 88-28 Feb 91,

Moment equation, Monte Carlo equation,

\*Electron devices, PEB1102F

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

MOBILITY, ENERGY, EQUATIONS, FREQUENCY, HIGH FREQUENCY, INSTRUMENTATION, LIOUVILLE EQUATION, MEASUREMENT, MOBILITY, OPERATION, RELAXATION, RELAXATION TIME, SIMULATION, VELOCITY, ELECTRONIC SWITCHING, TIME, TWO DIMENSIONAL, WAVES, TRANSISTORS, MONTE CARLO METHOD.

1139 FEB 92 RSONAL AUTHORS: Grubin, H. L.; Kreskovsky, J. P.; Briley, W. R.; Andrews, G. A.; Osman, M. A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

SRA-R92-910028F REPORT NO. F49620-88-C-0113 CONTRACT NO.

3005 PROJECT NO.

٤ TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0020, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

to form within the two dimensional electron gas. Large signal operation of the PHEMT indicated that the switching time of the device was governed by the longest relaxation effect, the energy relaxation time, estimated to be longer than two picoseconds. A simple two terminal device configuration was examined. It was determined that device behavior, and provide the first direct measurement of nonequilibrium effects in 'semiconductor' devices. Transient instrumentation, Simulation, Speed, Two-Liouville equation algorithms, were used in a program to determine the high speed and high frequency operation of submicron electron devices. For a psuedomorphic high electron mobility transistor, high frequency, small signal, subpicosecond charge density waves were observed differences in the key relaxation times governing III-V STRACT: (U) Implementation of three algorithms, (1) moment equation, (2) Monte Carlo, and (3) quantum measurements of its transient behavior, would expose dimensional pseudomorphic HEMT, Picosecond.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES, ALGORITHMS, BEHAVIOR, CHARGE DENSITY, DENSITY, ELECTRON GAS, ELECTRON DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 008

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

107

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 004

ARMED FORCES INST OF PATHOLOGY WASHINGTON DC

Inspired Gas Composition Influences Recovery from Experimental Venous Air Embolism. 3

Annual Rept. 1 Jul 90-30 Jun 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

22P 16 NS

RSONAL ALTHORS: Bettencourt, Joseph A.; Harrison, Charles M.; Plemons, Theodore; Schleiff, Patricia L.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0317 CONTRACT NO.

Mehm, William J.

2312 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-92-0134, AFUSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

study, recovery from VAE on 100% oxygen, as determined by Treatment consists of identifying and controlling the source, and hyperventilation on 100% oxygen. Hemodynamic support is given as required. A canine model of VAE was used to evaluate the effect of different inspired gas mixtures on the recovery from continuous venous air infusion. Sulfur hexafluoride (SF8), a non-hyperoxic, nitrogen free inspired gas was tested to determine if it Venous air embolism (VAE) is a potentially oxygen tension (PaO2) all demonstrated a greater ability to tolerate the nitrous oxide challenge in subjects response to nitrous oxide, was demonstrated to be significantly superior to either room air or SFG. ETCO2, pulmonary artery disstolic pressure (PAD) and arterial fatal occurrence frequently encountered in neurosurgical procedures performed in the sitting position. The efforts at early detection and prevention. Clinically, would be a preferable alternative to recovery on 100% oxygen. Residual air effect was identified after the recovery period by a nitrous oxide challenge. In this morbidity of this event has been reduced primarily by VAE is accompanied by hypoxia, hypercarbia, and an increase in dead space, manifested initially by a precipitous fall in end tidal carbon dioxide (ETCO2). ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A247 004 recovered with 100% oxygen. Embolism, Air, Nitrous oxide.

End tidal CO2, Hyperoxia.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*EMBOLISM, \*PULMONARY ARTERIES, AIR, HYPEROXIA, HYPERVENTILATION, HYPOXIA, INFUSIONS, MORBIDITY, NITROGEN, NITROUS OXIDE, OXYGEN, RECOVERY, DESCRIPTORS: SULFUR

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312AB 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A247 004

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AD-A247 004

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A247 003

SRI INTERNATIONAL MENLO PARK CA ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

OPERATION, POPULATION, REPRODUCTION, SELECTION, WEIGHT, WORK, OPERATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS.

CONTINUED

AD-A247 003

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2305B3

CENTER

IDENTIFIERS: (U) (U) An Evolutionary Approach to Designing Neural Networks.

Final rept. 15 Jul 89-14 Jul 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

536 OCT 91 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bergman, Aviv

F49620-89-K-0005 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-02-0010, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

behavior by being trained on examples. Established learning algorithms which typically work by minimizing error through backpropagation in weight space, tend to get stuck in local optima—a tendency typical of gradient-descent methods applied to nonconvex objectives functions. Therefore, for problems of nontrivial complexity these systems must be handcrafted to a significant degree, but, the distributed nature of neural network representations make this handcrafting difficult. We are investigating an evolutionary approach to learning that will avoid this problem. This approach simulates a variable population of operation, e.g., recombination and mutatio was also studied. We use a Connection Machine to exploit the inherent parallelism in these simulations. Population Dynamics, Evolution and Coevolution, Unsupervised learning, Adaptation, Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithm. One of the most interesting properties of combination, selection, and differential reproduction, converges to a group of networks well suited to solving the task at hand. The role of the different genetic neural networks is their ability to learn appropriate networks which, through processes of mutation,

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*NEURAL NETS, \*SYSTEMS ANALYSIS, ADAPTATION, ALGORITHMS, APPROACH, BEHAVIOR, DESCENT, DYNAMICS, FUNCTIONS, LEARNING, MUTATIONS, NETWORKS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A247 003

AD-A247 003

185004

109

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A247 001

AD-A247 001

NIELSEN ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH INC MOUNTAIN VIEW CA

(U) A Study of Compressible Turbulence

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*TURBULENCE, ENERGY, FLOW, KINETIC ENERGY, LAYERS, MACH NUMBER, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MIXING, MODELS, PREDICTIONS, SHEAR STRESSES, SIMULATION, VELOCITY STATISTICS, TRANSFER, VORTICES, WORK.

DESCRIPTORS:

simulation, Compressible turbulence, Mixing layer

PE81102F, WUAFDSR3005A1, \*Flow

IDENTIFIERS:

Final rept. 1 Jun-30 Nov 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

38P JAN 92 Nixon, D.; Childs, R. E.; Keefe, L. R.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Rochman, L. C.

NEAR-TR-443 REPORT NO.

F49620-91-C-0037 CONTRACT NO.

3005 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0022, AF0SR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

characteristics about high speed turbulence have been identified. Shocks are generally rare and weak, even at a convective Mach number of 2.5, because the flow normal to the swept vortices is subcritical. The turbulence kinetic on swept vortices makes predictions about the sweep angle of these vortices from spanwise at low speeds to This work involves theoretical analyses of Mach number approaches infinity. A conceptual model based energy is dominated by streamwise fluctuations, while the from the streamwise fluctuations to the other components of energy, and they strongly suppress the shear stress. These statistics are, in general, compatible with the swept vortex structure of turbulence at nigh Mach number turbulence in high speed flow and large eddy simulation results for the mixing layer. Analysis indicates that turbulence is dominated by streamwise vortices as the validate these structural predictions. Some interesting other energy components are much smaller. The pressure shear layers, started from random initial disturbances velocity correlations promote weak transfer of energy Compressible turbulence, Flow simulation mathematical streamwise at high speeds, and about the reduced spreading rate at high speeds. Simulations of planar 3

AD-A247 001

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# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004

AD-A246 981 12/4

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Imaging and Characterization of OH Structures in a Turbulent Nonpremixed Flame,

σ.

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Seitzman, Jerry M.; Uenguet, Aziz; Paul, Phillip H.; Hanson, Ronald K.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0087

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

TR-92-0034, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Proceedings of Symposium (International) on Combustion (23rd), p837-844 1980. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) Planar laser-induced fluorescence imaging of the hydroxyl radical (OH) is used to investigate spatial structures in a number of highly turbulent (ReD - 2300 to 50,000) nonpremixed hydrogen jet flames burning in air. Hydroxyl marks the flame zone and is also expected to mark large vortical structures in the flame. At each experimental condition, more than 80 OH images are recorded within 8 seconds, permitting the compilation of statistical measurements at more than 120,000 spatial locations. Several image analysis techniques are presented. Each technique is applied to individual images within a data set, and then statistics are compiled for the compilete set. Two-dimensional fourier transform techniques are used to calculate spatial autocorrelation lengths are determined for each image. The correlation lengths are determined for each image. The correlation lengths are determined for each image. The correlation autocorrelation technique also produces a clear, mathematically-defined lame angle. The measured flame angles indicate increased angular fluctuation of the jet at high Reynolds number. The dependence of lift-off

AD-A246 981 CONTINUED

height on jet velocity is also measured. The lift-Off results agree well with previous measurements based on flame emission and schlieren photographs. With the OH measurements producing slightly lower lift-off heights.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*IMAGES, \*HYDROXYL RADICALS, \*TURBULENT FLOW, AIR, ANGLES, AUTOCORRELATION, COMBUSTION, CORRELATION, CORRELATION, CORRELATION, EMISSION, FLAMES, FLUORESCENCE, HEIGHT, HYDROGEN, INVARIANCE, JET FLAMES, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, LENGTH, LIFT, PHOTOGRAPHS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SCALE, STATISTICS, STRUCTURES, TURBULENCE, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VELOCITY, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2308A3

AD-A246 981

D-A248 981

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 111

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

1/4 14/2 7/2 AD-A248 979

CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING STANFORD UNIV

Shock Tube Measurements of the Rate Coefficient for N + CH3 yields H2CN + H Using N-Atom ARAS and Excimer Photolysis of NO. E

S

Davidson, D. F.; Hanson, R. K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

TASK NO.

TR-92-0037, AFUSR AFOSR, XF

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Proceedings of Symposium (International) on Combustion (23rd), p267-273 1990. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

Reactions, Resonance Absorption, N-Atoms, Methyl Radicals absorption spectroscopy (ARAS) permitted determination of the rate coefficient for the reaction N + CH3- H2CN + H (1) over the temperature range of 1600 to 2000 K, with the result:  $-k1 = 7.1 \times 10$  to the 13th power (+/- 35%) CM3 mol-1 s-1. No significant temperature dependence was Mixtures of NO and C2H6 in Ar were shockis the first Natom/hydrocarbon radical rate coefficient to be measured at high temperatures. Shock Tube, heated and then photolyzed with an ArF excimer laser. Measurements of N-atom profiles using atomic resonance observed. This reaction plays an important role in the formation of HCN in rich flames. To our knowledge, this

\*SHOCK ATOMS, SCRIPTORS: (U) \*HYDROCARBONS, \*METHYL RADICALS, TUBES, \*NITROGEN COMPOUNDS, \*HYDROGEN, ABSORPTION, EXCIMERS, FLAMES, MIXTURES, RESONANCE ABSORPTION, TEMPERATURE, REPRINTS, SPECTROSCOPY. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308A3 3 I DENTIFIERS:

AD-A246 979

7/2 AD-A246 978

7/4

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

A Shock Tube Study of Reactions of C Atoms and CH with No Including Product Channel Measurements,

91

Dean, Anthony J.; Hanson, Ronald K.; PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bowman, Craig T.

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

TR-92-0027, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Jnl. of Physical Chemistry, v95 n8 p3180-3189 1991. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

C302 in argon or by pyrolysis of dilute mixtures of CH4 in argon. CH was formed from the pyrolysis of dilute mixtures of CH4 or C2H8 (<30 ppm) in argon. C atoms were detected by use of atomic resonance-absorption (ARAS) at 158.1 rm. CH was detected by CW, narrow-line-width laser absorption at 431.131 rm. In the presence of excess NO, C was employed. In this technique, the CH concentration profile resulting from pyrolysis of CH4 or C2H-diluted in argon was perturbed by the addition of NO. A detailed  $k_2 = 1.0 \times 10$  to the 14th power (+ or - 50%) CM3 mol-1 satoms formed by pyrolysis or photolysis rapidly were removed by C(3p) + NO - products (1). A first-order kinetic analysis led to a rate coefficient  $k1 = 4.8 \times 10$  to the 13th power (+ or - k45%) cm3 mol-1 S-1 over the temperature range 1550-4050 K and pressure range 0.5-1 analysis of the CH profiles led to the rate coefficient which are believed to be initial steps in the NO reburning reaction mechanism, were studied at high temperature behind reflected shock waves. C atoms were formed by pyrolysis or photolysis of dilute mixtures Of The reactions of C atoms and CH with NO. CH(X2II) + NO - products (2), a perturbation technique atm. In order to determine the rate coefficient of 3 ABSTRACT:

AD-A246 978

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### CONTINUED AD-A246 978

1 over the temperature range 2570-3790 K and pressure range 0.6-1.1 atm. The product channels of reactions 1 and 2 were studied by measuring the formation of product species, CN, N atoms 0 atoms, 0H, and 0H, using laser absorption or ARAS. The branching ratios of the product channels of reaction 1, C(3P) + NO - CN + O (la) and C(3P) + NO - CN + O (la) and C(3P) + NO - CO + N (lb), are K1b/K1 = 40% and K1b/K1 = 60%. Independent of temperature from 2430 to 4040 K.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*SHOCK TUBES, \*CARBON, \*HYDROCARBONS, \*NITROGEN OXIDES, ABSORPTION, ADDITION, ARGON, ATOMS, CHANNELS, HIGH TEMPERATURE, MIXTURES, PHOTOLYSIS, PRESSURE, PYROLYSIS, RATIUS, RESONANCE, SHOCK WAVES, TEMPERATURE, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A3, \*C-Atoms, \*CH, \*NO, \*Reburning reaction mechanism. IDENTIFIERS:

8/2 AD-A246 977 SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIV TIBURON CA TIBURON CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES Inhibition of HIV-1 IIIb Replication in AA-2 and MT-2 Cells in Culture by Two Ligands of Poly (ADP-Ribose) Polymerase: 6-Amino-1,2-Benzopyrone and and 5-Iodo-6-Amino-1, 2-Benzopyrone, Ξ

9

RSONAL AUTHORS: Cole, Gerald A.; Bauer, Gerhard; Kirsten, Eva; Mendeleyev, Jerome; Bauer, Pal I. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0231 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-92-0026, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Research Communications, v180 n2 p504-514. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS. Availability: Pub. in Biochemical and Biophysical

diphosphoribose transferase (ADPRI) enzyme inhibitory ligands, 6-amino-1,2-benzopyrone and its Siodo-derivative were determined in AA-2 and MT-2 cell cultures on the depressed simultaneously, whereas in MT-2 cells only syncytium formation was inhibited by the drugs, and the p24 production, which remained unchanged during viral growth, was unaffected. Both drugs only moderately depressed the growth tate of the AA-2 and MT-2 cells and there was no detectable cellular toxicity. Results suggest the feasibility of the development of a new line test for the HIV protein p24, and syncytium formation, characteristic of HIV-infected cells. Intracellular concentrations of both drugs were sufficient to inhibit poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase activity within the intact cell. Both drugs inhibited Hiv replication parallel to their inhibitory potency on ADPRI, but distinct differences were ascertained between the two cell lines. replication of HIV-1 IIIb, assayed by an immunochemical In AA-2 cells both p24 and syncytium formation were The effects of two adenosine ABSTRACT:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONT INUED AD-A246 977

of ADPRI ligand anti-HIV drugs that fundamentally differ in their mode of action from currently used chemotherapeutics.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*HUMAN IMMUNDDEFICIENCY VIRUSES, ADENOSINE, CELLS, DRUGS, LIGANDS, POTENCY, PRODUCTION, TOXICITY.

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2312A5. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

20/4 AD-A246 975 MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

Direct, High Resolution, Four-Dimensional Measurements of the Fine Scale Structure of Sc>>1 Molecular Mixing in Turbulent Flows, 3

MAY 91

Dahm, Werner J.; Southerland, Kenneth B. ; Buch, Kenneth A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0541 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

8 LASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0040, AFÖSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Physics of Fluids A, v3 n5 p1115-1127 May 91. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

instantaneous dissipation field logc V V (x,t) in several spatially adjacent data planes within an individual three temporally successive data planes from a sequence of such diffusion scale in the flow, allowing all three components of the instantaneous scalar gradient vector field V (x,t) and their time evolution at every point in three-dimensional data volumes. The degree of anisotropy of spherical orientation angles. The probability density of true scalar energy dissipation rates is presented and and the associated scalar energy dissipation rate field in a turbulent flow are presented. The resolution achieved in all three spatial dimensions and in time of in the underlying scalar gradient field is characterized in terms of the joint distribution B(V,p) compared with the distributions that would result from dimensional spatial data volume, as well as in several STRACT: (U) Results from highly resolved, four-dimensional measurements of the fine structure of the fully space- and time-varying Sc>> 1 conserved scalar the data space to be directly evaluated. Results are presented in the form of fine structure maps of the reaches down to the local strain-limited molecular ABSTRACT: (U) field

AD-A246 975

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### CONTINUED AD-A246 975

dissipation field is directly quantified by determining the true fraction of the total dissipation that occurs any given volume fraction of the flow. Turbulent flows, Reacting flows, Fine scale structure, Mixing. lower-dimensional measurements of the scalar gradient vector. From this the spottiness of the scalar

ANGLES, DENSITY, DIFFUSION, DISTRIBUTION, ENERGY, FLOW, FOUR DIMENSIONAL, GRADIENTS, JOINTS, MIXING, PROBABILITY, RATES, RESOLUTION, SCALE, SEQUENCES, STRUCTURES, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TIME, VOLUME, REPRINTS, MAPPING(TRANSFORMATIONS). \*DISSIPATION, \*TUPRULENT FLOW, Ê DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2308BS. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

4 AD-A246 974

TUFTS UNIV MEDFORD MA DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY

Acceleration of Electrons Outside Flares: Coronal Manifestation and Possible Origin, 3

<del>o</del> 9 ERSONAL AUTHORS: Raulin, J. P.; Willson, R. F.; Kerdraon, A.; Klein, K. L.; Lang, K. R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0147 CONTRACT NO.

2311 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO.

TR-92-0083, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITUR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Astronomy and Astrophysics, v251 p298-306 1991. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

short-lasting noise storm and the associated changes in the underlying active region plasma. It is shown that a new source appears in the active region in close temporal and spatial coincidence with the onset of the noise storm region source, but originate either from a nonthermal population in this source or from acceleration at higher altitudes, in the structures which give rise to the noise storm. The new source in the active region underneath the noise storm undergoes a systematic slow movement with a significant component perpendicular to the magnetic field expansion being initiated by the appearance of the new 21 cm source in the low atmosphere. The derived velocity of expansion is about 80 to 150 km/sec. It is shown that the Radiation Imaging observations at decimetric and metric wavelengths of the solar corona are used to investigate a electrons emitting the noise storm cannot be provided by the high-energy tail of the Maxwellian in the new active in the middle corona. The onset of the-noise storm is electrons in a system of expanding coronal loops, the delayed at longer wavelengths. At a given wavelength, lines above the active region. The observations are tentatively attributed to the emission of nonthermal Sun-corona, Sun-flares, Sun Radio 3

AD-A246 974

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 **OTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY** 

> CONTINUED AD-A246 974

noise storm is then considered as triggering the expansion of the overlying loop system in which the noise storm is emitted

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SOLAR CORONA, ACCELERATION, ELECTRONS, EMISSION, FLARES, HIGH ENERGY, LOOPS, MAGNETIC FIELDS, SOLAR RADIATION, SOURCES, STRUCTURES, SUN, VELOCITY, REPRINTS

Solar storms, \*Solar E IDENTIFIERS:

20/11 AD-A246 973

ILLINDIS INST OF TECH CHICAGO

(U) Effect of Plate Manipulators on Coherent Structures in a Turbulent Boundary Layer,

**₽** NOV 90 Wark, Candace E.; Naguib, Ahmed M.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Nagib, Hassan M.

F49620-86-C-0133 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0002, AFGSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in AIAA Jnl., v28 n11 p1877-1884 Nov 90. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

suggest that the larger (outer) structures of boundary layers play only a partial role in the wall process and that this production process can be incipiently generated associated with Reynolds-stress producing events detected at the wall over the Reynolds number range 3400 < Re. < 5200. The effect of manipulators on the ejection STRACT: (U) An experimental investigation was carried out to examine the effects of manipulator blades on the Reynolds-stress production process in the log layer of a turbulent boundary layer. A three-dimensional sampling frequency for 3000 < Re. < 10,000 was found to be small. Furthermore, a reduction of the three-dimensional structure was observed only for the larger scales associated with the production process, and a return to thicknesses downstream of the manipulators. The results grid was used to investigate the efract of manipulators conditions equivalent to a regular boundary layer was and self sustained. Turbulent Boundary Layer Control pseudoinstantaneous distributions of the structures documented over approximately 100 boundary-layer on the ensemble-averaged velocities and Reynolds Stress ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A248 973

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A246 973

LAYER, BLADES, BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL, EJECTION, GRIDS, LAYERS, RECREATION, PRODUCTION, REDUCTION, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SHEAR STRESSES, SAMPLING, STRUCTURES, THREE DIMENSIONAL FLOW, REPRINTS. \*MANIPULATORS, \*TURBULENT BOUNDARY DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1103D, WUAFOSR3484A1 3 IDENTIFIERS:

8/2 AD-A246 972

MICHIGAN STATE UNIV EAST LANSING DEPT OF PEDIATRICS/ HUMAN DEVELOPMENT Chemical, Oncogene and Growth Factor Inhibition of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication: An Integrative Hypothesis of Carcinogenesis,

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Trosko, J. E.; Chang, C. C.; Madhukar, B. V.; Klaunfg, J. E.

AF0SR-89-0325 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0058, AFOSR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS. Availability: Pub. in Pathobiology, v58 p265-278 1990

Several oncogenes are associated with down-regulation of gap junction function and several hormone and growth regulators, known to be tumor promoters, are also able to down-regulate gap junction function. On the other hand, regulation of gap junctions. Based on these observations, it is hypothesized that, if a progenitor cell is unable to perform gap junctional intercellular communication, normal growth control and cell differentiation would not be possible, thereby favoring the development of STRACT: (U) Most, if not all, cancer cells have some dysfunction in gap-junction-mediated intercellular communication, either because of defects in cell adhesion some tumor suppressor genes have been linked to the upjunction function, while some antitumor-promoting chemicals can up-regulate gap junctional communication. or inability to have functional gap junctional communication. In addition, most, if not all, tumor-promoting chemicals and conditions down-regulate gap malignant neoplasia.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CANCER, \*NEOPLASMS, \*CARCINOGENESIS, ADDITION, ADHESION, CELLS, CHEMICALS, CONTROL, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A246 972 DYSFUNCTION, GENES, GROWTH SUBSTANTES, HORMONES, JUNCTIONS, REGULATIONS, REGULATORS, SUPPRESSORS, CELLS(BIOLOGY), GENES, HOMEOSTASIS, THERAPY, PREVENTIVE MEDICINE, INHIBITION, REPRINTS.

uentifiers: (U) \*Gap junctional intercellular communication, Uncercellular communication, Oncogenes progenitor cells, Malignant neoplasia, PEB1102F, WUAFGSR2312AS. IDENTIFIERS:

20/4 AD-A246 971 MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Lagrangian Simulation of the Early Stages of Reacting Jet, 3

8 8 Ghoniem, Ahmed F.; Knio, Omar M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFOSR-89-1491 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0048, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Proceedings of Symposium (International) on Combustion (23rd), p699-705 1990. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NT

energy deposition produces volumetric expansion and baroclinic vorticity while shear flow instability induces entrainment and a strong strain field. The numerical scheme is a Lagrangian, grid-free field method in which computations are confined to the vorticity, reacting zone. Solutions are obtained for a two-dimensional flow with a reacting jet at high Reynolds number. We use an unsteady, low-Mach number model of combustion in which exothermic STRACT: (U) Reacting Jets, Lagrangian Simulation Vortex simulation. Using the transport element method is used to study shear flow combustion interactions in a single step Arrhenius kinetics. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*COMBUSTION, \*TWO DIMENS!ONAL, \*JET FLOW, \*SHEAR PROPERTIES, COMPUTATIONS, DEPOSITION, ENERGY ENTRAINMENT, EXPANSION, FLOW, FREE FIELD, GRIDS, INSTABILITY, INTERACTIONS, KINETICS, MACH NUMBER, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SIMULATION, TRANSPORT, TWO DIMENSIONAL DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A248 971

AD-A246 972

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A246 970

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Dynamics of a Lamellar System with Diffusion and Reaction: Scaling Analysis and Global Kinetics, 3

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Muzzio, F. J.; Ottino, J.

AF0SR-89-0251 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0051, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Physical Review A, v40 n12 p7182-7182, 15 Dec 89. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NT IS.

are eaten by thicker neighbors resulting in a modification of the striation thickness distribution (STD) is studied by means of simulations, scaling analysis, and space-averaged kinetics. An infinitely fast, diffusion-controlled reaction A + B --- 2P occurs at the interfaces between striations. As time increases, thin striations Scaling analysis suggests that the STD evolves into a universal form and that the behavior of the system at short and long times is characterized by two different kinetic regimes. These predictions are confirmed by means of reactive lamellae with distributed striation thickness The evolution of a one-dimensional array of a novel numerical algorithm. Mixing, diffusion, e reaction ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*DIFFUSION, \*LAMINATES, STRIATIONS, MIXING, SURFACE TENSION, VISCOSITY, KINETICS, REPRINTS.

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2307BS, Lamellae. Ξ IDENTIFIERS:

10/1 AD-A248 964 CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Vacuum Ultraviolet Studies of Molecular Dynamics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1988-1991,

JAN 92

Houston, Paul L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0162 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-92-0098, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ultraviolet radiation generated by four-wave mixing to probe collisional energy transfer, reactive encounters, and photodissociations. Translation-to-vibration/rotation energy transfer was examined in the H + CD system to distribution of the product. The quenching of S(1D) by N2 was studied to learn the branching ratio for quenching to each of the 3PO, 3p1 and 3P2 components as well as to determine the rates of equilibration among these components. Photodissociations of DCS, CO2, and C302 at 157 nm were studied to learn the distribution of energy in the S, O, and CO products and to investigate vector correlations and velocity distributions of these products. learn how the extent of transfer depends on the collision processes and of the interaction of high energy photons with small molecules likely to be found in the upper This research grant used tunable vacuum energy and to determine the vibrational and rotational This integrated program of molecular dynamics studies using vacuum ultraviolet radiation has enhanced our knowledge both of the chemical physics of these basic atmosphere. Molecular dynamics, Lasers, Vacuum

PHOTONS, PHYSICS, PROBES, QUENCHING, RADIATION, RATES \*SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ENERGY TRANSFER, \*LASERS, \*PHOTODISSOCIATION, DISTRIBUTION, DYNAMICS, ENERGY, GRANTS, HIGH ENERGY, INTERACTIONS, MIXING, MOLECULES DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A248 964

AD-A246 870

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A246 964

ROTATION, TRANSFER, TRANSLATIONS, ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION, UPPER ATMOSPHERE, VACUUM, VACUUM ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION, VELOCITY, VIBRATION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR230381.

7/2 AD-A248 963

7/4

20/11

GEORGIA UNIV RESEARCH FOUNDATION INC ATHENS

(U) Fundamental Studies of Carbon, NH, and Oxygen Rings and Other High Energy Density Molecular Systems.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Apr 88-31 Oct

DEC 91

17P

ERSONAL AUTHORS: Schaefer, Henry F., III; Alberts, Ian L.; Burton, Neil A.; Davy, Randall D.; Salter-Duke, Brian PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0167 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO. AFDSR, XF TR-92-0097, AFDSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

characterize the molecular structures, energetics, spectroscopic properties, and elementary chemical reactions of the oxygen ring molecules 04 through 012 and related species including (NH)n and Cn. The approach used will exploit recent developments in ab initio molecular quantum mechanics. Ab initio, computational chemistry, quantum chemistry, Theoretical chemistry, Propellants. The object of this research is to

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, \*CARBON, APPROACH, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CHEMISTRY, MOLECULES, OXYGEN, PROPELLANTS, HYDROGEN, NITROGEN, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE.

DENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B3, \*Oxygen rings, HEDM(High Energy Density Molecules), Computational chemistry, \*High energy density molecules, Theoretical chemistry, Abinitio computations. IDENTIFIERS:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

5/8 AD-A246 962 HARVARD UNIV CAMBRIDGE MA

Final technical rept. 1 Sep 88-31 Aug DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

(U) Psychophysical Studies of Visual Cortical Function.

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A4, WUAFOSR2313A5, Psychophysical analysis, Visual attention, Visual search.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

DEPLOYMENT, DEPTH, DYNAMICS, EYE, FILLING, LEAD(METAL), PERCEPTION, SAMPLING.

CONTINUED

AD-A246 962

JAN 92

Nakayama, Ken PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0330 CONTRACT NO.

2313, 2313 PROJECT NO.

A4. A5 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0096, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

image sampling, a hypothesis which provides a geometric tool to understand visual surface learning. We also have investigated the perception of depth from unpaired points sustained process. We also provided evidence for the role of attention in saccadic eye movements by showing rapid In Visual surface representation, we outlined the role of surface encoding (border ownership, modal and amodal completion, transparency) in many Visual tasks. From search, we found a particular situation where increasing have explored spatial-temporal dynamics and have created distractor number led to decreasing reaction times, suggesting a different role for attention in such tasks. particular, we examined visual attention, visual search (Davinci stereopsis), showing that such points lead to depth and subjective contours. In color filling in, we visual surface representation and color filling in. In deployment of attention in the gap paradigm. In visual cortical function using psychophysical techniques. In Our goal has been to understand visual these studies we postulated the principle of generic visual attention, we found evidence to suggest two components of focal attention, a transient and a

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ATTENTION, \*EYE MOVEMENTS, \*LEARNING, \*PSYCHOPHYSIOLOGY, \*VISUAL CORTEX, CONTOURS, REDUCTION, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A246 962

AD-A246 962

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A246 961 9/1

POLYTECHNIC UNIV FARMINGDALE NY WEBER RESEARCH INST

(U) Nonequilibrium Behavior of Carriers in Semiconductors Subjected to Strong Space-Time Varying Fields.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Nov

DEC 91 83

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kunhardt, Erich E.

ROUMAL AUTHURS: NUMBERT, EFICH E.

AF0SR-90-0089

CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. A7

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0095, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

MASTRACT: (U) During this funding period, the macrokinetic theory for electron transport (developed for semiconductors during the previous funding period) has been implemented for multivalley semiconductor. The model has been applied to GaAs subjected to rapidly varying (in time) fields. The set of material parameters used has been obtained by minimizing the error between calculated and measured transport parameters over the range of values of applied field for which experimental results are available. An experimental facility for investigating the transient dynamics of high power semiconducting switches has been established.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*SEMICONDUCTORS, \*ELECTRON TRANSPORT, DYNAMICS, FACILITIES, HIGH POWER, PARAMETERS, POWER, SWITCHES, THEORY, TRANSPORT.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2301A7, \*Macrokinetic theory, Gallium arsenide.

AD-A246 960 20/4 12/5

GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA SCHOOL OF AEROSPACE

GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA SCHOOL OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

U) Fractal Image Compression of Rayleigh, Raman, LIF and LDV Data in Turbulent Reacting Flows.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 30 Sep 90-29 Sep 91,

NOV 91 32P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Strahle, Warren C.; Jagoda, Jechial I.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0247

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0088, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Experiments and analysis were completed concerning a diagnostic program on a two dimensional subsonic windtunnel with a backward facing step and combustion. Combustibles were introduced as a hydrogenargon mixture from a porous floor beining the step. Completed were LDV and Raman spectroscopy for mean and rms velocity (two components) and temperature. Analysis used a two equation turbulence model which predicted the gross features of the flow but somewhat underpredicted reattachment length. Two dimensional and three developed for reduction of noise to signal ratio in the complex turbulent flow. New methods of fractal analysis of time series were developed. Fractals, Turbulence, Combustion, Ramjet, Optics, Fluid Mechanics.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*FRACTALS, \*TURBULENT FLOW, \*IMAGE PROCESSING, \*DATA COMPRESSION, \*COMPUTER PROGRAMS, ARGON, COMBUSTION, EQUATIONS, FACINGS, FLOW, FLUID MECHANICS, HYDROGEN, INTERPOLATION, LENGTH, MEAN, MECHANICS, MIXTURES, NOISE, OPTICS, RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY, REDUCTION, SPECTROSCOPY, TEMPERATURE, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TIME, TURBULENCE, TWO DIMENSIONAL.

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A246 958 12/3 TECHNION - ISRAEL INST OF TECH HAIFA FACULTY OF INDUSTRIAL AND MANAGEMENT ENG INEERING

(U) Theory and Application of Random Fields.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Jan 89-31 Dec

JAN 92 22P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Adler, Robert J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0261

PROJECT NO. 2301, 2304

TASK NO. D1, A5 MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0156, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This report covers research performed under the three years of the grant. Main progress has been in the areas of modelling problems related to measure valued diffusions, in the completion of a monograph on the properties and structure of Gaussian processes on general parameter spaces, and level crossing problems. Random fields.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*STATISTICAL PROCESSES, \*STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, \*MATHEMATICAL MODELS, CROSSINGS, GRANTS, PARAMETERS, REPORTS, DIFFUSION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2301D1, WUAFDSR2304A5, WUO14, \*Random fields, Monograph, Quelidean space, Level crossing problems.

AD-A248 954 8/15 6/1

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

(U) Tyrosine, Tryptophan and Performance.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. Jan-Dec 91,

JAN 92 2

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Wurtman, Richard J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0328

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0132, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the effects of tyrosine on catecholamine (dopamine; norepinephrine; epinephrine) synthesis and release; (2) the effects of combining tyrosine with sympathomimetic agents on-the behavioral and physiological effects of those drugs; (3) the effects of melatonin on dopamine release (and vice versa); and, (4) the effect of a new class of drugs, catechol-Omethyl transferase inhibitors, on dopamine release in brain, and on catecholaminemediated cardiovascular responses. Tyrosine, Tryptophan, Catecholamines, Serotonin, Dexfenfluramine Melatonin.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , BRAIN, CATECHOLAMINES, DOPAMINE, DRUGS, INHIBITORS, NOREPINEPHRINE, PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECTS, RELEASE, SEROTONIN, SYMPATHOMIMETIC AGENTS, SYNTHESIS, TRANSFERASES, TRYPTOPHAN, TYROSINE, NEUROTRANSMITTERS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR23128S, Catechol-O-Methyl transferase inhibitor, Melatonin, \*Neurotransmitter precursors.

**T85004** 

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A246 953

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY SCHOOL OF OPTOMETRY

Spatio-Temporal Masking: Hyperacuity and Local Adaptation. 3

Annual rept. 1 Jan 90-31 Dec 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 92

Klein, Stanley A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0238 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0131, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

detailed modeling of later stages of visual processing is psychophysical data and models of vision with underlying models has provided a comprehensive understanding of the spatio-temporal characteristics of human vision. The discrimination threshold. For the conditions under which comparison of performance across many psychophysical tasks. For example, it is shown that vernier acuity can required. As a result, specifications for a vision modeling tool have been developed to guide the creation of a comprehensive vision modeling environment. As our models of visual function have matured, we have applied vision is essential if the image compression needed for new technologies such as HDTV are to avoid sacrificing image quality. The success of the test-pedestal framework and a test-pedestal methodology for modeling them to practical issues such as image compression and methodology encompasses a limited set of test stimuli generally be predicted from an individual's contrast image quality. Consideration of properties of human vision without the numerous assumptions of previous methodology has also lead us to record human visual Our development of an ideal-observer with a multiplicity of pedestals to facilitate the contrast discrimination predictions break down, a evoked potentials so that we may integrate our

CONTINUED AD-A246 953 Image compression, Image quality evoked potentials, Ideal observer.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*VISION, ACUITY, COMPARISON, COMPRESSION, CONTRAST, DISCRIMINATION, LEAD(METAL), METHODOLOGY, MODELS, OBSERVERS, PREDICTIONS, PROCESSING, QUALITY, SPECIFICATIONS, STIMULI.

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A5, \*Image IDENTIFIERS: (U) compression.

physiological mechanisms. Vision models, Human vision,

AD-A246 953

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

8/3 6/11 AD-A246 952

CONTINUED AD-A246 952 Perfluoro-n-decanotc acid.

INDIANA UNIV-PURDUE UNIV AT INDIANAPOLIS

The Molecular Anatomy of PFDA Hepatotoxicity as Studied by Two-Dimensional Electrophoresis. 3

Annual rept. 15 Dec 90-14 Dec 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 92

PEPSONAL AUTHORS: Witzmann, Frank A.

AF0SR-90-0126 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0129, AFOSR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

above, below and at the LD-50. Two-dimensional whole liver homogenate protein patterns were generated and compared to previous results. As before, numerous proteins were altered; some suppressed, some induced, but most were unaffected. In an effort to identify the altered proteins, further analysis of basic proteins by accumulation, and results in compensatory peroxisomal and mitochondrial omega-and Beta oxidation continued cytochrome P452 (lauric acid omega-oxidase) and enoyl-CoA proliferation and lends strong support to the notion that PFDA blocks normal Beta-oxidation, causes fatty acid undertaken to add to the metabolic paths affected by PFDA to further delineate its toxic mechanism. on protein expression in the rat liver were were studied in rodents following in vivo exposure to PFDA levels Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid (PFDA) effects confirms previously observed PFDA-induced peroxisome hydratase. Induction of these and related enzymes first-dimension NEPHGE revealed the induction of identification of other altered proteins will be ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACCUMULATION, ELECTROPHORESIS, ENZYMES, IDENTIFICATION, LIVER, OXIDATION, PATHS, PATTERNS, PROTEINS, RODENTS, SUPPORTS, TWO DIMENSIONAL. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312AS, \*Hepatoxicity, (DENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A248 952

UNCLASSIFIED

125

PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

11/4 AD-A246 951

ANN ARBOR DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND MICHIGAN UNIV ENGINEERING

Mechanistic Studies of Superplasticity of Structural Ceramics. 3

Final rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

127P FEB 92

Chen, I-Wei PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0289 CONTRACT NO.

TR-92-0087, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

A comprehensive methodology for developing and flow mechanisms during large deformation has been developed in the present project. A summary of these accomplishments, which focuses on two important classes of structural ceramics, zirconia and silicon nitride, is provided here in the form of nine published journal papers, conference contributions and general reviews. formability, and understanding microstructural evolution Ceramics, Superplasticity, Forming, Zirconia, Silicon superplastic ceramics, evaluating superplastic ABSTRACT:

\*MATERIAL FORMING, DEFORMATION, FLOW, METHODOLOGY,
NITRIDES, SILICON, SILICON NITRIDES, MICROSTRUCTURE,
PLASTICS, PLASTIC FLOW, REACTION KINETICS, SINTERING,
LITERATURE SURVEYS, ZIRCONIUM, GRAIN GROWTH, GRAIN SIZE,
STRESS STRAIN RELATIONS, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, PROCESSING, CRYSTAL GROWTH. DESCRIPTORS:

N tride

AD-A246 950

CITY UNIV OF NEW YORK

6/1

Role of Protein Phosphorylation in the Regulation of Neuronal Sensitivity

Progress rept. 1 Apr 90-31 Dec 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**JAN 92** 

Ehrlich, Yigal H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0290 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

**A**2 TASK NO.

TR-92-0130, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

kinase that our previous studies have described in neuronal cells may play a significant role in the regulation of neuritogenesis and synaptogenesis. Our studies are designed to provide experimental evidence in support of this hypothesis. The progress we have made, in induced to differentiate by nerve growth factor (NGF). We used these paradigms in the conclusive identification of the surface phosphoproteins in primary neurons cultured from embryonic brain and in PC12 cloned neuronal cells protein kinase and its substrates in cultured cells. We STRACT: (U) The project reported here focuses on the regulation of neuronal sensitivity by a novel class of have determined which of these surface phosphoproteins experimental paradigms for the determination of ectophosphorylates proteins at the cell surface by extracellular ATP. We proposed that the ecto-protein this project includes the development of novel protein kinase: an ecto-protein kinase which are regulated by NGF. DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*ADEMOSINE PHOSPHATES, \*NERVE CELLS.
\*SYNAPSIS, BRAIN, CELLS, CULTURE, DETERMINATION,
IDENTIFICATION, PHOSPHORUS TRANSFERASES, PHOSPHOPROTEINS,
PHOSPHOXYLATION, PLASTIC PROPERTIES, RECREATION, PROTEINS,
REGULATIONS, SENSITIVITY, SUBSTRATES, SUPPORTS.

AD-A246 951

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A246 950 CONTINUED

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A2, Ectro-photein kinases, NGF(Nerve Growth Factor), Neuronal development, Neuronal phosphoproteins, Protein kinases, \*Protein phosphorylation.

AD-A246 948 21/8.1 20/13

7/4

ARIZONA UNIV TUCSON DEPT OF AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Real-Time Adaptive Control of Mixing in a Plane Shear Layer. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. 15 Jan 91-14 Jan

JAN 92 83P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Glezer, A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0465

PROJECT NO. 2307

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-82-0124, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DIIC/NIIS reproductions will be in black and white.

ABSTRACT: (U) A control system for the enhancement and regulation of mixing in a nonreactive plane shear layer has been developed in a two-stream closed-return water facility. Mixing of a passive scalar is estimated using a thermal analog in which two streams have uniform, steady temperatures differing by AT = 30 C. The position of the temperature interface between the two streams is measured by an optical sensor which is placed upstream of the initial rollup of the spawwise vortices. Downstream of this sensor cross-stream temperature distributions are measured with an array of 31 cold wire sensors. The actuators are a mosaic of surface film heaters flush mounted on the high-speed side of the flow partition. The degree of mixing between the two streams can be significantly varied with open-loop spanwise-uniform and nonuniform time-harmonic excitation. In closed-loop experiments and output from the interface position sensor is fed back to the surface heaters. These experiments indicate that feedback control of the motion of the temperature interface can be a powerful means of controlling entrainment by the spanwise vortices and

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A246 948

hence effectively controlling mixing downstream of the mixing transition. In related experiments, plezoelectric actuators are developed for the modification and control of free shear flows. A square air jet is forced using four resonantly driven plezoelectric actuators and excitation is effected via amplitude modulation of the resonant carrier-waveform. Mixing shear layer, feedback control, surface heaters, cold wire sensors, performance measure, pdf, piezoelectric actuators.

SYSTEMS, ACTUATORS, AIR, AMPLITUDE, AMPLITUDE MODULATION, ARRAYS, COALESCENCE, CONTROL, CONTROL SURFACES, AUGMENTATION, ENTRAINMENT, EXCITATION, FEEDBACK, FLOW, HEATERS, INTERFACES, MODIFICATION, MODULATION, MOTION, NONUNIFORM, OUTPUT, PHASE, VELOCITY, TEMPERATURE, VORTICES, WATER, WIRE, COMBUSTION, PERFORMANCE TESTS, \*CONTROL SYSTEMS, \*MIXING, \*PROPULSION S, AIR, AMPLITUDE, AMPLITUDE MODULATION. DESCRIPTORS:

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2307BS, Mixing shear layer, Feedback control, Cold wire sensors, Piezoelectric actuators, \*Plane shear layer.

AD-A246 947

8/4

(U) Cholinergic Receptor Substrates of Neuronal Plasticity ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

Annual rept. 1 Oct 88-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

and Learning.

32P JAN 92

Gabriel, Michael PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0046 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

ğ TASK NO.

TR-92-0127, AFGSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) This project is part of an ongoing experimental analysis of the neural mediation of learning anterior thalamus and in the four layers of the posterior stages of acquisition, a distinct topographic distribution pattern of training-induced cue-elicited neuronal excitation was documented by recording the training-related neuronal activity in five ruclei of the learning-relevant dynamic physiological changes in brain recording of neuronal activity during Teaming in the behaving animal is a principal methodology. Important information is also provided by selective lesion-induced disruptions of neuronal circuit activity and behavior. hypotheses of a theoretical model of the task-relevant information flow and neural circuit/network interactions circuit activities that mediate discriminative avoidance cingulate cortex. Topographic patterns of training-induced binding of M2 acetylcholine and GABAA receptors changes in neurotransmitter receptor binding correlated learning in rabbits. Electrophysiological multichannel with learning-relevant neuronal activity. In addition, The specific thrust of this project was collaborative, and memory. The overall objective is to document the were evaluated. In each of four behaviorally defined combining behavioral neurophysiology and receptor biochemistry in order to document learning relevant in the anterior thalamus correlated with the stage-ABSTRACT: (U)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### CONTINUED AD-A246 947

Effects of hippocampal and mammillothalamic tract lesions and the properties of the topographic patterns themselves fostered the hypothesis that the patterns are a product of hippocampal efferent flow to cingulate cortex and anterior thalamus which is essential for context specific related topographic patterns of thalamic activity. mnemonic retrieval. \*\*CADLINERGIC NERVES, \*LEARNING, SYNAPSE, CEREBRAL CORTEX, \*CHOLINERGIC NERVES, \*LEARNING, SYNAPSE, CEREBRAL CORTEX, ACETYLCHOLINE, ACQUISITION, ADDITION, AVOIDANCE, BEHAVIOR, BIOCHEMISTRY, BRAIN, DETECTION, DISTRIBUTION, EXCITATION, FLOW, HYPOTHESES, IDENTIFICATION, INTERACTIONS, LAYERS, LESIONS, METHODOLOGY, MNEMONICS, MULTICHANNEL, NERVE CELLS, NEUROPHYSIOLOGY, NEUROTRANSMITTERS, NOREPINEPHRINE, NUCLEI, PROCESSING, RABBITS, REGULATIONS, SEROTONIN, SITES, SUPPRESSION, THALAMUS, THRUST, TRAINING. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A2, Cingulate 3 IDENTIFIERS:

8/1 AD-A248 948 STATE UNIV TIBURON CA TIBURON CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES SAN FRANCISCO

Destabilization of Zn2+ Coordination in ADP-Ribose Transferase (Polymerizing) by 8-Nitroso-1,2-Benzopyrone Coincidental with Inactivation of the Polymerase but not the DNA Binding Function, 3

9 SEP PERSONAL AUTHORS: Buki, Kalman G.; Bauer, Pal I.; Mendeleyev, Jerome; Hakam, Alaeddin; Kun, Ernest

AF0SR-89-0231 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO

Ą LASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0025, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS. Availability: Pub. in 1991 Federation of European Biochemical Societies, v290 n1,2 p181-185, Sep 91

product of 6-amino-1,2-benzopyrone, binds to the DNA-recognizing domaino-1,2-benzopyrone, binds to the DNA-recognizing domaino-1,2-benzopyrone, binds to the DNA-recognizing domaino-1,2-benzopyrone, binds to the two zinc finger polypeptide complexes present in the two zinc finger polypeptide complexes present in the intact enzyme, as determined by the loss of 50% of 652n2+-from the 852n2+-isolated protein molecule, coincidental with the loss of 99% of enzymatic activity. The 50% zinc-deficient enzyme still binds to a DNA template, consisting of a 17-mer DNA primer annealed to M13 positive strand, resulting in the blocking of DNA synthesis by the Klenow fragment of Pol 1. Auto-poly-ADP-ribosylatced ADP-ribose transferase. Which is the probable physiological state of this protein in intact cells, does not bind to primer-template DNA and does not block DNA synthesis by the Klenow fragment. On the basis of this in vitro model it is proposed that molecules which inhibit or inactivate ADP-ribose transferase in 6-Nitroso-1,2-benzopyrone, an oxidation intact cells can induce significant alteration in DNA structure and replication. ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A246 946

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A248 948

5/8 AD-A248 945

8/4

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*ZINC, BLOCKING, CELLS, LOSSES, MOLECULES, OXIDATION, RIBOSE, SYNTHESIS, TEMPLATES, TRANSFERASES, DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, ENZYMES, PROTEINS, DESCRIPTORS:

8 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: **DEC** 91

DENTIFIERS: (U) \*ADP Ribose transferase, Polypeptide, Klenow fragment, \*Benzopyrone, Destabilization, \*Polymerase, PE81102F, WUAFOSR2312A5.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

REPRINTS

(U) Psychophysical Analyses of Perceptual Representations. MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

Annual rept. 15 Apr 90-14 May 91,

Biederman, Irving PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-92-0105 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

×

TASK NO.

TR-92-0105, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

related interests. One was concerned with the development of a front end for the kind of ubject recognition model described by RBC. The other was a general examination of recent research in neural net type models. been launched during the first year and a half of the grant. Consistent with the original proposal, the common theme to all these projects is the linkages between early sensory (psychophysical) processes and perceptual representations that provide access to cognition. The individual project are summarized in the body of the report. In addition to the research projects, two informal weekly seminars were held throughout the first year among Center personnel and those with closely A number of collaborative projects have ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*COGNITION, \*NEURAL NETS, \*PERCEPTION, \*PSYCHOPHYSIOLOGY, ACCESS, ADDITION, GRANTS, LINKAGES, MODELS, PERSONNEL, RECOGNITION, REPORTS, SYMPOSIA. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1103D, WUAFOSR3484HS, Psychophysical 3 IDENTIFIERS: analysis.

## SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

4/2 AD-A246 943 UTAH UNIV SALT LAKE CITY DEPT OF METEOROLOGY

Modeling of Cloud/Radiation Processes for Large-Scale Clouds and Tropical Anvils.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 91

NOV 91

Liou, K. N.; Lee, J. L.; Ou, S. C.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Takano, Y.

AF0SR-91-0039 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO

TR-91-0099, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Testing the role of radiative heating and ice phase processes. Submitted to Tellus-for publication. (2.) Liou, K.N., J.L. Lee, S.C. Ou, Q. Fu and Y. Takano, 1991: 128 cloud microphysics, radiative transfer and large-scale cloud processes. Meteorol, Atmos, Phys., 46, 4150. (3.) Takano, Y. and K.N. Liou, 1991: Infrared polarization scientific papers: (1.) Lee, J.L., K.N. Liou and S.C. Ou, signature from cirrus clouds. Applied Optics, (in press). This interim report consists of three 1991: A three-dimensional large-scale cloud model: Cloud modeling, parameterization of microphysical processes, radiative transfer. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CIRRUS CLOUDS, \*RADIATIVE TRANSFER, \*CLOUD COVER, \*ICE FORMATION, CLOUDS, HEATING, ICE, PHASE, POLARIZATION, DOCUMENTS, REPORTS, SCALE, SIGNATURES, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TRANSFER, ATMOSPHERIC PRECIPITATION, HUMIDITY, ATMOSPHERIC TEMPERATURE, MOISTURE CONTENT, INFRARED RADIATION, SOLAR RADIATION, REFLECTIVITY, ATMOSPHERE MODELS DESCRIPTORS:

Relative humdity, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2310CS. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A246 943

AD-A246 931

CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING STANFORD UNIV

Gas Velocity, Temperature, Pressure, Density and Mass Rapid Tuning CW Laser Technique for Measurements of Flux Usng NO.

JUL 81

Chang, Albert Y.; DiRosa, Michael D.; Davidson, David F.; Hanson, Ronald K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-92-0035, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

absorption profiles of NO line pairs in the A - X band at 225 nm at a rate-of 4 kHz. These profiles were utilized for simultaneous measurements of flow parameters in the high speed 1-D flows generated in a shock tube. Velocity was determin\_d from the Doppler shift measured using a angles with respect to the flow direction. Temperature was determined from the intensity ratio of the adjacent collisional broadening and the fractional absorption. From this information the mass flux was determined. The pair of profiles simultaneously acquired at different An intracavity-doubled rapid-tuning cw lines. Pressure and density were found both from the Velocimetry, Flow, Temperature, Nitric oxide, Laser. ring dve laser was used to acquire fully resolved results compare well to 1-D shock calculations. 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*VELOCITY, \*GASES, ABSORPTION, ANGLES, DENSITY, DYE LASERS, FLOW, INTENSITY, MASS, PARAMETERS, PRESSURE, PROFILES, SHCK, SHOCK TUBES, TEMPERATURE, TUNING, X BAND. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A3, \*Gas velocity 3 IDENTIFIERS: Reprints.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A246 930

AD-A246 930

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Shock Tube Measurements of the Reactions of CN with 0 and 02 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*SHOCK TUBES, \*CYANDGEN, \*OXYGEN, \*CARBON, \*NITROGEN COMPOUNDS, ABSORPTION, ARGON, COEFFICIENTS, DETECTION, DYE LASERS, EXCIMERS, KINETICS, MIXTURES, RADIATION, SENSITIVITY, TEMPERATURE, REPRINTS,

DESCRIPTORS:

(U) \*CN, \*Laser absorption, Propellant

IDENTIFIERS:

OXIDATION

chemistry.

9

Davidson, D. F.; Dean, A. J.; DiRosa, M. D.; Hanson, R. K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

TR-92-0038, AFUSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Kinetics, v23 p1035-1050 1891. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS. Availability: Pub. in Internatinal Jnl. of Chemical

recorded a narrow-linewidth cw laser absorption technique. The ring dye laser source generated 388.44 nm radiation corresponding to the CN B2 +(v = 0) X2 + (v = 0) P-branch enabling 0.1 ppm detection sensitivity. Reaction (1) was measured in shock-heated pa mixtures of typically 200 ppm N20 and 10 ppm C2N2 in argon in the temperature range 3000 to 4500 K and at s between 0.45 and 0.90 atm. k1 was determined using pseudo-first order kinetics and was found to be 7.7 X 1013 (+20%) (cm3 mol-1 s-1). This value was determined by fitting the measured CN profiles with a detailed mechanism. In the second regime, gas mixtures of 500 PPM 02 and 1000 PPM C2N2 in argon were shock heated in the temperature range 1550 to 1950 K and at pressures between 1.19 and 1.57 atm. Using pulsed radiation from an Arf excimer laser at 193 nm, a fraction of the C2N2 was STRACT: (U) The rate coefficients of the reactions (1) CN+0-C0+N and (2) CN+02 NCO+0 were determined in a series of shock tube experiments from CN time histories is significantly higher than reported by earlier workers. Reaction (2) was measured in two regimes. In the first, nominal gas mixtures of 500 PPM 02 and 10 PPM C2N2 in argon Were shock heated in the temperature range 2700 K to 3800 K and at pressures between 0.82 and 1.05 atm. k2 photolyzed to produce CN. Pseudo-first order kinetics used to determine k2- Combining the results from both regimes, k2 was found to be 1.0  $\times$  1013 (+20%) (CM3 mol-1 ABSTRACT:

AD-A246 930

AD-A246 930

**T85004** 132 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A246 924

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

IDENTIFIERS: Manipulation of the Growth Rate of a Variable Density, Spatially Developing Mixing Layer via External Modulation. E

density, Variable simulation, \*Mixing layer, Forced shear layer, \*Flow simulation.

WUAFDSR2308A2, PE61102F, Variable

9

VELOCITY, TORQUE, UNIFORMS, WAVES, EDDY CURRENTS.

CONTINUED

AD-A246 924

Soteriou, M. C.; Knio, D. M.; Ghoniem, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-1491 CONTRACT NO.

2308

PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF HONITOR:

TR-92-0042, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Aerospace Sciences Meeting (29th), p1-15, 7-10 Jan 91. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

element method. In this flow, vorticity is generated and destroyed by the baroclinic torque, while the density gradient changes according to the deformation imposed by the flow map. Results show that density variation affects the spreading rate of the layer, the phase speed of the instability waves and the convective velocity of the incompressible, inviscid, variable-density, confined mixing layer is numerically simulated using the transpore agreement with experimental and analytical results which indicate that, at fixed velocity ratio, the spreading rate (convective speed of the eddies) increases The evolution of a spatially-developing, eddies, and alters the asymmetric entrainment patterns observed in a uniform-density flow. The results are in (decreases) with increasing density ratio, and the entrainment patterns become biased towards the lowdensity side. Forced Shear Layer, Variable Density, Variable Simulation. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*GASES, \*FLOW CHARTING, AGREEMENTS, DEFORMATION, DENSITY, ENTRAINMENT, FLOW, INSTABILITY, LAYERS, LOW DENSITY, MIXING, PATTERNS, PHASE, SIMULATION, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A246 924

UNCLASSIFIED

133

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/11 AD-A246 918

CALIFORNIA UNIV IRVINE

(U) Fundamental Studies on Droplet Interactions in Dense Sprays.

Annual technical rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: <del>.</del>

WUAFOSR2308A2, \*Fuel droplet

LOADS(FORCES), MODIFICATION, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS,

CONTINUED

AD-A246 918

REYNOLDS NUMBER, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), SPRAYS, THERMOCHEMISTRY, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TRAJECTORIES,

TRANSFER, TRANSPORT PROPERTIES.

vaporization, Liquid oxygen droplet vaporization, Dense spray modelling., Spray combustion.

PE61102F,

 $\widehat{\Xi}$ 

IDENTIFIERS:

216 DEC 91

Sirgnano, W. A.; Elghobashi, S. E.; Kim, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

I.; Chiang, C. H.

AF0SR-90-0064 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

**A**2 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0100, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

especially in high temperature environments, and, to a limited extent, for liquid oxygen (LOX) droplets in a hot, numbers with instantaneous Reynolds number and transfer number have been obtained. The flow field has been solved vaporizing droplets have been made in order to understand better dynamics of dense sprays. Axisymmetric situations Stokes equations. Explanations for the modifications of lift and drag forces, trajectories, and transport phenomena due to droplet interactions have been formulated. Results have been obtained for fuel droplets, properties fields have been determined. Lift and drag coefficients, Nusselt numbers, and Sherwood numbers for the droplets have been obtained. Correlations of these by implicit finite-difference solutions of the Naviersituations with droplets moving in parallel have been correlations, should prove useful in spray modelling. Computational studies of interactive, with droplets moving in tandem and three-dimensional reducing environment. The results, especially the considered. Detailed velocity and thermochemical 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , AXISYMMETRIC, COEFFICIENTS, COMPUTATIONS, DRAG, DROPS, DYNAMICS, ENVIRONMENTS, FINITE DIFFERENCE THEORY, FLOW FIELDS, FUELS, HIGH DENSITY, HIGH DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A246 918

AD-A246 918

T85004 134 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A246 903

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPT OF

PHYSICS

Stimulated Scattering and Phase Conjugation in

Photorefractive Materials.

3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug 88-30 Sep 91,

129P JAN 92 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Feinberg, Jack

F49620-88-C-0095 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO.

TR-92-0013, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

wave mixing in a photorefractive crystal. (5) Berivation of a theory of beam coupling and pulse shaping picosecond light pulses in photorefractive crystals. (6) Development of a new, multiple level model to explain the nonlinear photoconductivity of barium titanate crystals. (7) Investigation of the role of absorption gratings in beam stimulated, mutually-pumped phase conjugation in a photorefractive crystal. (3) Use of optical novelty filters to detect small changes in an optical scene. (4) Invention of an electric field correlator to measure the these gratings can conveniently be used to determine the resolved holography in a spectral hole-burning material. coherence length of picosecond laser pulses, using twodensity of charge in these crystals. (8) Explanation of how stimulated processes cause the curved beam paths Applications and properties of nonlinear optical materials were studied, especially photorefractive crystals. A summary includes: (1) Demonstration of a new technique for seeing an object (2) Demonstration of an all-optical switchboard using coupling in barium titanate crystals and showing how buried in or behind a scattering medium using timeobserved in mutually-pumped and self-pumped phase

CONTINUED AD-A248 903 ESCRIPTORS: (U) ABSORPTION, BARIUM TITANATES, COHERENCE, CORRELATORS, COUPLING(INTERACTION), CRYSTALS, CURVATURE, DENSITY, ELECTRIC FIELDS, FREQUENCY, GRATINGS(SPECTRA), HOLDGRAPHY, LASER BEAMS, LENGTH, LIGHT PULSES, MIXING, MODELS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL MATERIALS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, PATHS, PHOTOCONDUCTIVITY, PULSES, SCATTERING, SHAPE, STIMULATION(GENERAL), THEORY, DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2301AS, \*Nonlinear optics, Light scattering, Optical switching, Optical filters, \*Photorefractive crystals, Laser pulses, Beam IDENTIFIERS: coup ina.

AD-A246 903

conjugators.

UNCLASSIFIED

135

PAGE

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A248 887 6/1 6/4

EAST CAROLINA UNIV SCHOOL OF MEDICINE GREENVILLE NC

 (U) Domoic Acid Enhances the K(+)-Evoked Release of Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptosomes,

9

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Terrian, David M.; Conner-Kerr, Teresa A.; Privette, Thomas H.; Gannon, Robert L.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0531

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

TR-92-0059, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Brain Research, v551 p303-307 1991. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

Reprint: Domoic Acid Enhances the K(+)-Evoked Release of Endogenous Glutamate from Guinea Pig Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptosomes.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*AMINO ACIDS, \*HIPPOCAMPUS, POTASSIUM, NEUROTRANSMITTERS, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A2, \*Domoic acid, Presynapse, Synaptosomes, Mossy fiber synaptosomes, Glutamate.

AD-A246 886 7/2

UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO LONDON DEPT OF PHYSICS

(U) Hydrogenic Ion Recombination.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 30 Oct 89-29 Oct 91,

DEC 91 2

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Mitchell, J. B.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0042

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. A7

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

TR-92-0121, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

BSTRACT: (U) This project studied dissociative recombination of hydrogenic molecules H2(+) and H3(+). High lying Rydberg states were found to play a principle role in the determination of final products from dissociative recombination reactions essentially independent of reaction channel. These processes play important roles in the chemistry of volume H(-) ion sources. This is the simplest molecular ion and is amendable to accurate theoretical calculation provided the reaction mechanism is well understood. In H2+, the repulsive neutral state through which the recombination proceeds passes through the ion curve in the vicinity of the v=1 level.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACCURACY, CHANNELS, CHEMISTRY, COMPUTATIONS, DETERMINATION, DISSOCIATION, GRAPHS, HYDROGEN, IONS, MOLECULES, NEUTRAL, RECOMBINATION REACTIONS, RESPONSE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2301A7, \*Hydrogen, \*Ions, \*Recombination reactions, \*Dissociation, \*Hydrogenic ion recombination, Chemical reactions.

**T85004** 

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/11 AD-A246 810 PASADENA GRADUATE AERONAUTICAL CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH

(U) Large-Scale Structures and Molecular Mixing

150 MAR 91

Ġ Broadwell, James E.; Mungal, M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308A2, \*Turbulence, Mixing, Combustion, Jets, \*Shear layers large scale structures, \*Turbulence models, Reprints.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

FLOW.

REYNOLDS NUMBER, SCALAR FUNCTIONS, SHEAR PROPERTIES, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, STRUCTURES, TURBULENCE, TURBULENT

CONTINUED

AD-A246 810

NO0014-89-J-1991, \$AFDSR-80-0304 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

**A2** TASK NO. AFOSR, XF, XN MONITOR:

TR-92-0030, AF0SR, ONR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Phys. Fluids A, v3 n5 p1193-1206, May 91. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

useful. More specifically, evidence is cited showing that the idea of chaotic advection offered. A primary objective of this paper is to show that scalar mixing in to mean concentration distributions that differ markedly free turbulent shear flows is well described in these terms and that it is the existence of large-scale structures in these flows that makes such a description large-scale motions associated with the structures lead described and speculations on possible connections with mixing rate is influenced by the value of the molecular STRACT: (U) Scalar mixing and chemical reactions in turbulent shear layers and jets are examined with emphasis on experimental results of high spatial and temporal resolution. Such measurements show that the notion of distinguishing fluids that are molecularly mixed from those that are simply stirred is valid and useful. Two models that seem especially suitable for implementing mixing analyses from this viewpoint are from those of the mean mixed fluid, and the overall diffusivities even at what are considered to be high Reynolds numbers. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ADVECTION, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, FLUIDS, HIGH RATE, LAYERS, MEAN, MIXING, MOLECULES, MOTION, RATES, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A246 810

AD-A248 810

UNCLASSIFIED

137

PAGE

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A246 804 20/5

AD-A246 804

CONTINUED

(U) PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2308BS, \*Soot

formation, Computer modeling.

IDENTIFIERS:

REMNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEE RING

(U) Development of Predictive Reaction Models of Soot Formation.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. 1 Jan-31 Dec 91,

DEC 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Frenklach, Michael

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0129

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0129, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This is a first-year annual report on the project. The ultimate objective of this program is to develop a predictive reaction model for soot information in hydrocarbon flamms. The specific objectives of the proposed 3-year study are to extend the modeling efforts to computer simulation and analysis of more complex sooting phenomena, such as sooting limits in laminar premixed flamms, soot formulation in premixed flams of aromatic fuels, and soot formulation in laminar diffusion flamms, and to further refine the underlying reaction mechanism of soot formation. During the first twelvemonths period of the project, progress has been made in the following areas: development of a new optical model, simulation of sooting limits of laminar premixed flamms; further development and testing of the detailed reaction mechanism for the formation and growth of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs); and quantum-chemical energy calculations for ion molecule reactions.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , AROMATIC COMPOUNDS, AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, DIFFUSION, FLAMES, FORMULATIONS, FUELS, HYDROCARBONS, ION MOLECULE INTERACTIONS, LAMINAR FLOW, MIXING, MODELS, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, POLYCYCLIC COMPOUNDS, PREDICTIONS, RESPONSE, SIMULATION, SOOT.

AD-A246 804

AD-A248 804

1000

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 138

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

glutathione-dependent metabolism of vicinal dihaloalkanes

CONTINUED

AD-A246 801

yields alkenes as products, although mercapturic acids

are also formed DESCRIPTORS: (U)

FOCKIPTORS: (U) , ACIDS, ALKENES, CYSTEINE, DRUGS, FORMALDEHYDE, GLUTATHIONE, LIVER, MICROSOMES, PROTEINS, Transferases, Yield.

PEB112F, WUAFOSR2312A5, Reprints.

9

IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A246 801

ROCHESTER UNIV NY

Mutagenic Intermediates by Cysteine Conjugate Beta-Glutathione Conjugation: Formation of Toxic and Bioactivation of Nephrotoxic Haloalkenes by Lyase 3

Dekant, Wolfgang; Vamvakas, Spyridon; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Anders, M. W.

AF0SR-88-0302 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

A5

TASK NO

AFOSR, XF TR-90-0909, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Drug Metabolism Reviews, v20 n1 p43-83, 1988. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

corresponding systeine S-conjugates by gammagalutamyltransferase (GGT) (EC 2.3.2.2.), aminopeptidase M (EC 3.4.11.2), and cysteinylglycine dipeptidase (EC 3.4.13.8), and the cysteine conjugates are acetylated by Nacetyltransferase (EC 2.3.1.80) to form mercapturic acids. Althoguh most glutathione S-conjugates and mercapturic acids are chemically stable, the formation of unstable proteins with broad and overlapping substrate specificity and at least 12 different subunits have been identified, whereas the microsomal transferase is a single protein. The glutathione conjugates are metabolized to the chemical detoxication is well established. Glutathione S-conjugates are synthesized by the hepatic cytosolic and microsomal glutathione S-transferases. The cytosolic transferases are a family of homo- and heterodimeric glutathione conjugates has been reported. For example, glutathione conjugates of dihalomethanes are unstable and ISTRACT: (U) The concept that glutathione S-conjugate biosynthesis, which leads to mercapturic acid formation and excretion, is an important mechanism of drug and yield formaldehyde as an observed product. The ABSTRACT:

AD-A248 801

AD-A246 801

139 PAGE

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/9 AD-A246 800 MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE RESEARCH LAB OF

human operator are sensed by devices at the interface, are communicated back to the robot, and are used to control the actions of the robot.

CONTINUED

AD-A246 800

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ENVIRONMENTS, HAZARDS, HUMANS, INTERFACES, MAN MACHINE SYSTEMS, OPERATORS(PERSONNEL), ROBOTS, SENSES(PHYSIOLOGY), TELEOPERATORS.

DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A9, Reprints.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

ELECTRONICS

Auditory Localization in Teleoperator and Virtual Environment Systems: Ideas, Issues, and Problems, Ê

2

Durlach, Nat PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0200A CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-92-0068, AF0SR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Perception, v20 p543-554, 1991. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

interesting questions about what information should be presented to each sensory modality and how the information should be coded for a given modality. In this paper, attention is confined to the auditory component of the interface and, more specifically, to auditory localization. Both teleoperator systems and virtualenvironment systems are considered, and attention is focused upon the opportunities and difficulties associated with the use of unnatural perceptual cues in these systems. Of central interest in this discussion is operates upon a remote, inaccessible, or hazardous environment by means of a slave robot. Signals in the environment of the robot are sensed by devices on the robot, communicated back to the teleoperator interface, and displayed to the human operator; the responses of the Advances in technology are creating major new challenges the use of such cues to improve resolution and thereby advanced high tech human machine interfaces raise many in the area of human machine interfaces and, in particular, the design of interfaces for teleoperator systems and virtual environment systems. In a The increasing availability and use of obtain systems with superlocalization capabilities. teleoperator system, the human operator senses and

AD-A248 800

5 PAGE

AD-A246 800

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/4 AD-A246 799

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Structural Stability in Two-Dimensional Model Flows: Lagrangian and Eulerian Turbulence, 3

<del>1</del>3P

Ŧ. Danielson, T. J.; Ottino, J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0251 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0052, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Phys. Fluids A, v2 n11 p2024-2035, Nov 90. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished

Reprint: Structural Stabilicy in Two-Dimensional Model Flows: Lagrangian and Eulerian Turbulence.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, \*TURBULENT FLOW, \*MATHEMATICAL MODELS, TWO DIMENSIONAL FLOW, CHAOS, MIXING, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PE@1102F, WUAFOSR23078S.  $\widehat{\Xi}$ IDENTIFIERS:

20/11 AD-A246 798

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST

(U) Unity and Diversity in Mixing: Stretching, Diffusion, Breakup, and Aggregation in Chaotic Flows,

9 MAY Ottino, J. M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0251 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

BS TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0049, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Phys. Fluids A, v3 n5 p1417-1430, May 81. Availalbe to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DTIC reproductions will be in black and white. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

common to all the problems; examples arise in the context reasonably good qualitative understanding of the evolution of chaotic mixing of passive tracers, especially in two-dimensional time periodic flow fields. Such an understanding forms a fabric for the evolution of dictated by iterations of a chaotic flow; microstructures break, diffuse, and aggregate, causing the population to evolve in space and time. This paper presents simple physical models for such processes. Self-similarity is breakup, aggregation, and diffusion-controlled reactions in more complex flows. These systems can be viewed as a population of 'microstructures' whose behavior is of the distribution of stretchings within chaotic flows, in the asymptotic evolution of diffusion-reaction equilibrium distribution of drop sizes generated upon Experiments and theory have produced processes at striation thickness scales, in the ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A248 798

AD-A246 799

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mixing of immiscible fluids, in the equations describing

meanfield kinetics of coagulation, in the sequence of

actions necessary for the destruction of islands in two-dimensional flow, and in the fractal structure of

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A248 798 CONTINUED

clusters produced upon aggregation in chaotic flows.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , COAGULATION, DESTRUCTION, DISTRIBUTION, EQUATIONS, EQUILIBRIUM(GENERAL), EVOLUTION(GENERAL), FLOW, FLUIDS, FRACTALS, ISLANDS, KINETICS, MICROSTRUCTURE, MIXING, MODELS, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, POPULATION, SCALE, SEQUENCES, STRIATIONS, THICKNESS, TWO DIMENSIONAL FLOW.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2307BS, \*Wixing, Chaos, \*Drop breakup, Diffusion, Reaction, Reprints, \*Chaotic flows.

AD-A246 797 6/1

MICHIGAN STATE UNIV EAST LANSING DEPT OF PEDIATRICS/ HUMAN DEVELOPMENT  (U) Mutagenicity and Effect on Gap - Junctional Intercellular Communication of 4,4'-Methylenebis(2-Chloroaniline) and Its Oxidized Metabolites,

91 8P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kuslikis, B. I.; Trosko, J. E.; Braselton, W. E., Jr

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0325

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

TR-92-0055, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Mutagenesis, v6 n1 p19-24, 1991. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) Oxidized metabolites of 4, 4' - methylenebis (2-chloroaniline) (MBOCA) were tested for direct mutagenicity in a Salmonella typhimurium assay and for effects on gap-junctional communication of WB-F344 rat liver cells. The mutagenicities of the N-hydroxy, mononitroso and o-hydroxy (ring) metabolites of MBOCA were assayed without adding activating enzyme systems; using the frame shift sensitive strain TA98 and the base pair substitution sensitive strain TA100. The mutagenicity of the hydroxylamine was demonstrated by a linear increase in the formation of mutant colonies in both strains, with a formation of two revertants/nmol by Ta98 and 21 revertants nmol by TA100. The mononitroso metabolite showed a slight positive effect on TA100, but effects were masked by its cytotoxicity towards this strain. This metabolite was neither mutagenic nor cytotoxic to TA98. The o-hydroxy and the dinitroso metabolites were negative for mutagenicity at concentrations up to 50 and 500 ug/plate, respectively. The effects of parent MGQCA and N-hydroxy, mononitroso and O-hydroxy metabolites on cell-cell communication were determined by a scrape loading/fluorescent dye transfer

AD-A246 797

AD-A248 798

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004

AD-A246 797 CONTINUED

technique.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACTIVATION, AMINES, ASSAYING, COLONIES(BIOLOGY), ENZYMES, HYDROXYL RADICALS, MUTATIONS, OXIDATION, SALMONELLA TYPHIMURIUM.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312AS, Mutagenicity,

Reprints.

AD-A246 796 6/1

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

 (U) Activity of Spinal Trigeminal Pars Oralis and Adjacent Reticular Formation Units during Differential Conditioning of the Rabbit Nictitating Membrane Response,

110

9

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Richards, William G.; Ricciardi, Thomas N.; Moore, John W.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0391

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0061, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Behavioural Brian Research, v44 p195-204, 1991. Available to DTIC users only. No copies furnished by NTIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) Spinal trigeminal nucleus pars oralis (Spov) is anatomically linked to brain circuitry thought to subserve unconditioned and conditioned nictitating membrane responses in rabbit. Single unit recording from Spov and adjacent reticular formation obtained during conditioning from awake, behaving animals revealed modulation of unit firing related to CS, US, and CR occurrence. Spov participates directly in the unconditioned response and probably relays US information to other brain areas subserving conditioning. The presence of CR related activity suggests that Spov may participate in the CR motor output pathway, and may also provide CR-related information to cerebellum. Sensory convergence and CR related activity in reticular formation mark this structure as a candidate locus of primary neuronal plasticity in this example of conditioning.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ANIMALS, BRAIN, CIRCUITS, CONVERGENCE, LINKAGES, LOCUS, MODULATION, MOTORS, NERVE CELLS, OUTPUT, PLASTIC PROPERTIES, RABBITS, RECORDING SYSTEMS, RETICULAR

AD-A248 798

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 143 T8500

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A246 796 CONTINUED

AD-A246 795 6/1

FORMATION, SENSES(PHYSIOLOGY).

EAST CARDLINA UNIV SCHOOL OF MEDICINE GREENVILLE NC

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A1, \*Retkular units, Nictitating response, Reprints.

(U) A Presynaptic Role for Protein Kinase C in Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synaptic Transmission,

JUN 91 14P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Terrian, David M.; Ways, D. K.; Gannon, Robert L.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0531

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0060, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Hippocampus, vi n3 p303-314, Jul 91. Available to DIIC users only. No copies furnished by NIIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) It has been suggested that the maintenance of long term potentiation (LTP) in the hippocampal mossy fiber (MF) synapse involves a presynaptic mechanism that does not require the activation of protein kinase C (PKC), since this enzyme appears to be absent in the MF presynaptic terminals. In the present study the authors evaluated this proposal by directly comparing the metabolic properties of hippocampal MF synaptoscomes and a conventional P2B synaptosomeal preparation prepared from the same hippocampal tissue. Protein kinase C-dependent histone phosphotransferase activity was found to be comparable in MF and P2B synaptosomes. Western blot analysis was performed using antisera prepared against four of the PKC (soforms, and the results demonstrate that the, B, and Y PKC (soforms are present in relatively equivalent amounts in these two subcellular fractions. However, the cytosolic fraction derived from the hippocampal MF synaptosomes appeared to contain a greater amount of the PCC elsoform when compared to the P2B synaptosomal preparation. Four distinct endogenous substrated present in the MF synaptosomes are shown to be phosphorylated in response to PKC activation.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACTIVATION, ANTIBODIES, ENZYMES

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A246 795 CONTINUED

IMMUNE SERUMS, METABOLISM, SYNAPSE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Hippcampal synapse transmission, Reprints, PE81102F, WUAFOSR2312A2.

AD-A246 774 12/7 12

PITTSBURGH UNIV PA DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

(U) Coincident Pulse Techniques for Hybrid Electronic Optical Computer Systems.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. Jul 90-Jul 91,

AUG 91 9

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Chiarulli, D. M.; Melhem, R. G.;

Levitan, S. P.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0469

PROJECT NO. 230

TASK NO. DS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-92-0137, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This research was an investigation of the application of coincident pulse techniques to multiprocessor interconnection networks. The research focused on three main areas: an examination of the applicability of coincident pulse techniques and required hardware to multiprocessor applications, an investigation of the limits of scalability, and an exploration of various interconnection structures which can be created using these techniques.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CIRCUIT INTERCONNECTIONS, MULTIPROCESSORS, NETWORKS, PULSES, STRUCTURES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Computer communications, \*Computer networks, Coincident pulse, \*Hybrid electronic optical computer, \*Optical computers, Optical message, Simulcasting communications, Multicasting communications, WUAFOSR2305DS, PE61102F.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A246 773

LASER PHOTONICS TECHNOLOGY INC AMHERST NY

Sol-Gel Processed Multifunctional Organic Polymer-Inorganic Oxide Composites for Electronics and Photonics. 3

Final rept. 1 Jun 91-31 Jan 92 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

45P FEB 92 Burzynski, Ryszard; Casstevens, Martin PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF030-FR-LPT(1/92) REPORT NO. F49620-91-C-0035 CONTRACT NO.

3005 PROJECT NO.

A TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-92-0007, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

composites for use in the fields of electronics and photonics. The central aim of the SBIR Phase I effort was synthesis of several vanadium alkoxides and polymers, (2) nonlinear optical response. Another example is the potential of organic and inorganic semiconductors becoming redox-coupled creating an entirely new class of particular example that was investigated is one in which developing protocols for the preparation of composite films of the highest optical quality, and (3) obtaining to develop a multifunctional composite containing both oxides and organic polymers; both of the components in these materials are expected to perform active roles. A transfer phenomena. High conductivity and a nonlinear assessments of conductivity and nonlinear optical response. Spectroscopic data indicate the presence of multifunctional materials. The work involved (1) the the inorganic component increases the charge carrier specific absorption bands characteristic of charge description of efforts to develop sol- gel polymer mobility while an organic component enhances its This document includes a detailed

CONTINUED AD-A246 773 development and optimization of these systems will yield photorefractive media, antistatic coatings, large area electroluminescent panels or light emitting devices. materials useful in such applications such as

BAND SPECTRA, CARRIER MOBILITY, CHARGE CARRIERS, CHARGE TRANSFER, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, CONDUCTIVITY, CHARGE CARRIERS, CHARGE TRANSFER, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, CONDUCTIVITY, ELECTROLUMINESCENCE, ELECTRONICS, EMISSION, FILMS, GELS, HIGH RATE, INDRGANIC MATERIALS, LIGHT, MATERIALS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, OPTIMIZATION, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, OXIDES, PANELS, POLYMERS, PREPARATION, RESPONSE, SEMICONDUCTORS, SPECTROSCOPY, TEST AND EVALUATION, VANADIUM, YIELD. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR3005A1, PE65502F, \*Sol-gel, Multifunctional, Vanadium pentoxide, conductivity \*Composite, \*Polymers. DENTIFIERS: (U)

optical response of the composites were observed. Further

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 20/3 AD-A246 772

> CONTINUED AD-A246 772

Low temperature

**PHYSICS** 

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY LAB OF ATOMIC AND SOLID STATE

Physical and Technology for the Investigation of Properties of Ultra Small Systems. Ĵ

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Jan 90-14 Jan 92,

FEB 92

Parpla, J. M.; Richardson, R. C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0111 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

ວັ TASK NO.

TR-92-0165, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

two different techniques, we have determined that the electron-phonon interaction does not display the expected thermal cut-off, a fact which may be of significance in thermalizing electronic components. We have also observed a reduction of the electron-impurity-spin interaction due to size effects, which should have interesting consequences for the magnetism of ultrasmall structures. region. Free standing metallic structures were fabricated to understand thermal transport in thin films. In this latter work, the electron-phonon interaction should be modified due to the thermal cut-off of excitations. Using In superconducting thin films, the long range proximity effect and the observation of a novel resistance anomaly are new physical phenomena exposed through the development of a technique to precisely modify the transition temperature in a well defined

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ANOMALIES, ELECTRONS, INTERACTIONS, METALS, PHONONS, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, RESISTANCE, STRUCTURES, SUPERCONDUCTORS, THERMAL RADIATION, THIN FILMS, TRANSITION TEMPERATURE, TRANSPORT PROPERTIES.

SENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR230GC1, PE61102F,
\*Superconductivity, \*Thin films, Magnetic properties,
Thermal transport, Thermal cut off, Ultra small systems, IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A248 772

AD-A246 772

UNCLASSIFIED

147 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

6/1 8/4 AD-A246 768 STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AD-A246 769

3 Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence Imaging of Shock-Induced Ignition. 9

Journal article, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

McMillin, B. K.; Lee, M. P.; Paul, P. H. 5 PERSONAL AUTHORS: 8

; Hanson, R. K.

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308

A3 PROJECT NO. TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-92-0029, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Symposium (International) on Combustion/The Combustion Institute (23rd) p1808-1814, 1890. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by MTIS.

Reprint: Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence Imaging of Shock-Induced Ignition. DESCRIPTORS: (U) \*LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, \*LASERS, \*IMAGES, IGNITION, DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), REPRINTS.

\*Shock induced ignition. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

MONTANA STATE UNIV BOZEMAN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Spectrophotometric Quantitation of Rhodopsin in the Human Retina,

16 NJ

Van Kuijk, Frederik J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0327 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-92-0062 AFOSR MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Investigative Ophthalmology and Visual Science, v32 n7p1962-1867 Jun 81. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

Reprint: Spectrophotometric Quantitation of Rhodopsin in

the Human Retina.

:SCRIPTORS: (U) \*EYE PIGMENTS, \*SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS, HUMAN BODY, PHOTOLYSIS, REPRINTS. **DESCRIPTORS:** 

DENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2312AS, PE61102F, \*Rhodopsin, Opsin, Retina, Visual transduction. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

185004

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A248 767

ANN ARBOR DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING MICHIGAN UNIV

Lagrangian Model Simulations of Molecular Mixing, Including Finite Rate Chemical Reactions, in a Temporally Developing Shear Layer, e

9

Chang, Chester H.; Dahm, Werner J.; Tryggvason, Getar PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0541 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO. TASK NO

AFOSR MONITOR

TR-92-0044

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in Physics Fluids A, v3 n5 p1300-1311 May 91. Available only to DTIC users. No copies furnished by NTIS.

Reprint: Lagrangian Model Simulations of Molecular Mixing Including Finite Rate Chemical Reactions, in a Temporally Developing Shear Layer.

SCRIPTORS: (U) \*CHEMICAL REACTIONS, TURBULENT FLOW ARRHENIUS EQUATION, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, REPRINTS. DESCRIPTORS:

mixing, Shear layer, Laminar diffusion layers, Zeldovich IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2308BS, PEB1102F, \*Molecular

6/2 AD-A246 766 MICHIGAN STATE UNIV EAST LANSING

Chemical Tumor Promoters, Oncogenes and Growth Factors: Modulators of Gap Junctional Intercellular Communication, 3

Trosko, James E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0325 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

MONITOR:

TR-92-0057

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

biological process. Using several in vitro assays (metabolic cooperation; Fluorescent Recovery After Photobleaching of FRAP; scrape loading dye transfer; and the cell mat assay), we have examined the effects of STRACT: (U) Gap junctional intercellular communication has been linked to the regulation of cell proliferation factors on gap junction function. Natural products (phorbolesters, teleocidin), drugs (phenobarbital), food additives (saccharin), solvents (heptanol), pollutants (PCBs, PBBs), pesticides and herbicides (DDT, 2,3,5-T), nutritional factors (unsaturated fatty acids), growth factors (EGF, TGF-B), metabolic byproducts (H2O2, cholesterol epoxides), oncogenes (src, ras), cigarette tar condensates, heavy metals (mercuric chloride), have functional gap junctions while most malignant cells do not, it has been hypothesized that the carcinogenic various oncogenes, chemical tumor promoters, and growth and differentiation. Since most normal mammalian cells process involves the inhibition of this important (acetylcholine) have been shown to modulate gap neurotoxins (dieldrin) and neurotransmitters functional communication. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U), ACETYLCHOLINE, ASSAYING, BARBITURATES, BIOLOGY, CANCER, CARCINOGENS, CELLS, CELLS(BIOLOGY), CHEMICALS, CHLORIDES, CHOLESTEROL, COOPERATION, DDT, DIELDRIN, DRUGS, DYES, EPOXY COMPOUNDS, ESTERS, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A246 766

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A246 766

5/8 AD-A246 274

GENETICS, GROWTH(GENERAL), FLUORESCENCE, FOOD ADDITIVES.

HEAVY METALS, HERBICIDES, IN VITRO ANALYSIS, INHIBITION, MAMMALS, MATS, MERCURY COMPOUNDS, METABOLISM, MODULATORS, NATURAL RESOURCES, NEOPLASMS, NEUROTOXINS, NEUROTRANSMITTERS, NUTRITION, PESTICIDES, POLLUTANTS, RECOVERY, SOLVENTS, SUGARS, SYNTHETIC MATERIALS, TRANSFER.

\*Tumors, \*Oncogenes, WUAFOSR2312AS, 3 IDENTIFIERS:

PE61102F

UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

15/1

(U) United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Management Report.

Annual rept. (Final) 1 Sep 89-31 Aug 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

307P JUN 92 Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0053 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XF TR-91-0968, AFOSR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

facility mutually agreed upon by the students and The Air Force Force. In addition to compensation, travel and cost of living allowances are also paid. THe USAF-GSRP is Program. The program provides funds for selected graduate nationally advertised competitive basis for a ten-week assignment during the summer intercession period to perform research at Air Force laboratories/centers. Each sponsored by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research. Student Research Program (USAF-GSRP) is conducted under the United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research students to work at an appropriate Air Force facility Summer Faculty Research Program appointment or with a assignment is in a subject area and at an Air Force with a supervising professor who holds a concurrent The United States Air Force Graduate supervising Air Force Engineer/Scientist. This is accomplished by the students being selected on a

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE, AIR FORCE FACILITIES, COMPENSATION, COSTS, ENGINEERS, LABORATORIES, MANAGEMENT, SCIENTISTS, STUDENTS, SUMMER. DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) Air Force, Graduate student research program, \*Graduate students, \*Military research, Recruiting. IDENTIFIERS:

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

1/4 20/12 AD-A245 906

STEVENS INST OF TECH HOBOKEN NJ

(U) Theoretical Studies of the Electronic Structure of Metal/Semiconductor/Hydrogen Systems.

Final rept. 1 Jul 87-30 Jun 90 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

121P APR 91 Ermler, Walter C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0302 CONTRACT NO.

TR-91-0502 MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

to quantum size effects. Scanning tunnelling microscopy is used to investigate the nature of colloidal particles in credence to the model. RMF calculations are completed for Pbl and Bil semiconductor clusters. Blue shifts in the 15 nm diameter size range. Images show a near monodispersion of small gold clusters. A model of the STM cylindrical plugs from beryllium wafers. Cs(-), H(-) and O-to-substrate internuclear distances are optimized. For each system numerous low-lying electronic states are investigated and Mulliken electron populations analyzed. RHF calculations show that Be19, With three layers of while Be33, a five-layered system, and Be45, a seven-layered system, are more accurate representations of the bulk metal. The emitted electron is clearly seen as vacating a molecular orbital which is localized in the optical spectra and geometry changes are shown to be due Cesium, hydrogen and oxygen adsorption on beryllium clusters are studied using restricted Hartreeatoms, is too small to adequately model the Be surface, correctly explain observations of anomalous long range effective core potentials. The clusters are taken as surface layer of the cluster, thereby giving further tip as a polyatomic crystalline surface is shown to Fock (RHF) calculations and ab initio relativistic

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ACCURACY, ADSORPTION, ANOMALIES, ATOMS, BERYLLIUM, BLUE(COLOR), CESIUM, CLUSTERING, COLLOIDS, CRYSTALS, CYLINDRICAL BODIES, ELECTRON MICROSCOPY, ELECTRONIC SCANNERS, ELECTRONIC STATES, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A245 906

CONTINUED AD-A245 908

HYDROGEN, LAYERS, LIMITATIONS, LONG RANGE (DISTANCE), LONG RANGE (TIME), LOW LEVEL, METALS, OXYGEN, PARTICLES, PLUGS, POLYATOMIC MOLECULES, QUANTUM THEORY, SEMICONDUCTORS, SHIFTING, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), SURFACES, THEORY, GOLD, HARTREE FOCK APPROXIMATION, TUNNELING(ELECTRONICS), VISIBLE SPECTRA, WAFERS. GEOMETRY ELECTRONICS.

DENTIFIERS: (U) \*Semiconductors, \*Beryllium, \*Hydrogen, \*Cesium, \*Adsorption, Wafers, Hartree Fock approximation. Surface reactions, Metal metal bonds, Clusters, Scanning Electronic states, Potential energy, Optical properties, electron microscopes, Excitation, Electron charge, Metal coatings. I DENTIFIERS:

AD-A245 908

UNCLASSIFIED

**T85004** 

<u>1</u>5

PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

15/1 AD-A245 429 UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

(U) United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program for 1990. Program Management Report.

Annual rept. (Final) 1 Sep 89-31 Aug 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

301P 16 NS Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0053 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR. XF MONITOR:

TR-91-0957, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

laboratories in the physical sciences, engineering, and life sciences. The program has been effective in providing basic research opportunities to the faculty of universities, colleges, and technical institutions throughout the United States. The program is available to faculty members in all academic grades: instructor, assistant professor, professor, department chairman, and research faculty directors. It has proven especially beneficial to young faculty members who are starting STRACT: (U) The Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) provides opportunities for summer research at Air Force members who have spent time in university administration their academic research programs and to senior faculty and are desirous of returning to scholarly research programs

SCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE FACILITIES, INSTRUCTORS, LABORATORIES, LIFE SCIENCES, MANAGEMENT, PHYSICAL SCIENCES, RESEARCH MANAGEMENT, SUMMER, UNITED STATES, DESCRIPTORS: (U) UNIVERSITIES. ENTIFIERS: (U) SFRP(Summer Faculty Research Program).
\*Military research, Air Force Laboratories, Physical sciences, Engineering, Life sciences, Universities, IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A244 918

CAMBRIDGE (UNITED KINGDOM) MEDICAL RESEARCH COUNCIL APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY UNIT (U) The Central Executive Component of Working Memory.

Annual rept. 1 Sep 90-31 Aug 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

44P OCT 91 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Baddeley, A; Duncan, J.; Emslie, H.

AF0SR-90-0343 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

TR-91-1006, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

damage produces massive impairments in 'intelligence tests' based on current problem-solving ability. A second shows that one characteristic frontal error - mismatch between knowledge of a task's requirement and the resultant behaviour - can also be reliably produced in normals, and is closely related to g. The third set of experiments is based on the idea that executive processes lose importance as behaviour becomes stereotyped or automatic. If so, generating random sequences should load the CE, whatever their particular content, and the This research is based upon the hypothesis executive (CE) system involved in the organization of many different kinds of behaviour. Four sets of experiments are presented. One set shows the frontal lobe that three different phenomena - behavioural impairments after frontal lobe damage, 'general intelligence' or Spearman's g, and interference between dissimilar concurrent tasks-all reflect the operation of a central experiments indeed suggest that the demands of random generation are similar for verbal and manual materials. Similarly, the fourth set of experiments suggests that correlations between reaction time and g diminish with practice only if there are no switches in mental set. It is proposed that the CE is a system for detection/ selection of goal states in novel behavioural settings.

AD-A245 429

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A244 916 CONTINUED

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , DETECTION, EXECUTIVE ROUTINES,
HYPOTHESES, INTELLIGENCE, INTELLIGENCE TESTS, MANUAL
OPERATION, MATERIALS, MEMORY DEVICES, MENTAL ABILITY,
PROBLEM SOLVING, REACTION TIME, SELECTION, SEQUENCES,
VERBAL BEHAVIOR.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2313A4, PE81102F, \*Memory(Psychology), \*Working memory, Central executive, Frontal lobes, Intelligence.

AD-A244 899 20/6

PENNSYLVANIA UNIV PHILADELPHIA DEPT OF PHYSICS

(U) Molecular Optics Nonlinear Optical Processes in Organic and Polymeric Crystals and Films. Part 2.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Jul 90-14 Jan 91,

NOV 91 259P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Garito, A. F.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0127, \$\$ARPA Order-4989

PROJECT NO. 2303, 4989

TASK NO. A3, 08

· MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

TR-91-1015-PT-2, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Part 1, AD-A244 898

absTRACT: (U) Comprehensive theoretical and experimental studies of the magnitude, sign, dispersion, and length dependence of the third order molecular susceptibility gamma jki(-omega 4; omega 2, omega 3) demonstrate that the microscopic origin of the nonresonant third order nonlinear optical properties of conjugated linear chains is determined by the effects of electron correlation due to electron-electron repulsion. Mulitiple-excited configuration interaction calculations of gamma jki(-omega 4; omega 1, omega 2, omega 3) for the archetypal class of quasi-one dimensional conjugated archetypal class of quasi-one dimensional conjugated the principal role of strongly correlated, energetically high-lying, two photon i Ag virtual states in the largest of the two dominant, competing virtual excitation processes that determine gamma jki(-omega 4; omega 1, omega 2, omega 3). It is also found in studies of the effects of conformation on gamma jki(-omega 4; omega 1, omega 2, omega 3) that the origin of the third order optical properties remains basically the same for the all-trans and cis-transoid polyenes, and the results for the two conformations are unified by a common power law dependence of the dominant tensor component gamma xxxx(-omega 4; omega 2, omega 3) on the physical end-

AD-A244 899

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 153

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A244 899

of magnitude enhancement in gamma  $xxxx(\mbox{-omega}\ 4;$  omega 1, omega 3) compared to the analog centrosymmetric Calculations for a noncentrosymmetric conjugated chain demonstrate that virtual excitation processes involving centrosymmetric structures lead to a more than an order to-end length L of the chain with an exponent of 3.5. diagonal transition moments that are forbidden in structure. ESCRIPTORS: (U), CHAINS, CONFORMITY, CORRELATION, CRYSTALS, ELECTRONS, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, LENGTH, MOMENTS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, OPTIMIZATION, ORGANIC MATERIALS, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, POLYMERS, POWER, THEORY, TRANSITIONS. DESCRIPTORS:

correlation theory, Conjugated linear chains, Molecular susceptibility, Electron repulsion, Polyenes, Centrosymmetric structures. \*Nonlinear optics, \*Electron IDENTIFIERS:

20/8 AD-A244 898 PENNSYLVANIA UNIV PHILADELPHIA DEPT OF PHYSICS

Organic and Polymeric Crystals and Films. Part 1. Molecular Optics Nonlinear Optical Processes in

Final rept. 15 Jul 90-14 Jan 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

288P NOV 91 Garito, A. F. PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-88-C-0127, \$\$ARPA Order-4989 CONTRACT NO.

2303, 4989 PROJECT NO.

A3, 08 TASK NO.

TR-91-1015-VOL-1, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Part 2, AD-A244 899. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Resonant and nonresonant nonlinear optical response of pielectron excitations in conjugated electronic structure provides the nonlinearity essential to the onset of realization of a first order phase transition far from equilibrium. A nonlinear optical material contained in an optical cavity driven resonantly by an external coherent optical field undergoes a first order phase transition to a new nonequilibrium stationary state of broken symmetry. conjugated disc-like structure of silicon naphthalocyanine demonstrate that on-resonance the system behaves as an optical Bloch system with an intensity optical responses. Saturable absorption studies of glassy polymer films consisting of quasi-two dimensional electronic absorptive optical bistability is observed on interferometer employing the saturable absorbing silicon naphathalocyanine film as the nonlinear optical medium. Optical bistability is a quantum optical dependent refractive index of 10 to the -4 power sq cm bistability. Electronic correlation effects in reduced dimensions are responsible for nonresonant nonlinear per kilowatt. Based on the results of these studies, a nanosecond time scale in a nonlinear Fabry-Perot 3 ABSTRACT:

, ABSORPTION, CAVITIES, COHERENCE DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A244 898

AD-A244 899

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A244 898 CORRELATORS, CRYSTALS, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, ELECTRONICS, EXTERNAL, FABRY PEROT INTERFEROMETERS, GLASS, INTENSITY, NONEQUILIBRIUM FLOW, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL MATERIALS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, OPTICS, ORGANIC MATERIALS, POLYMERIC FILMS, POLYMERS, REDUCTION, REFRACTIVE INDEX, SATURATION, SCALE, STATIONARY, TIME, TRANSITIONS.

\*Optical bistability, Pi electrons, Molecular optics, Polymeric crystals, Cyanine/silicon naphthalo, Conjugated linear chain, Electron repulsion, Organic films, Organic \*Nonlinear optics, Polymeric films, IDENTIFIERS: (U) crystals.

21/2 AD-A244 849

YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CT HIGH TEMPERATURE CHEMICAL REACTION ENGINEERING LAB (U) Transport Phenomena and Interfacial Kinetics in Multiphase Combustion Systems.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jan 89-31 Dec 90,

148P FEB 91 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Rosner, Daniel E.

AF0SR-89-0223 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

BS TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-1035, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

coatings, optical waveguides....). Accordingly, our research is directed toward providing chemical propulsion An interactive experimental/theoretical approach has been fuels (leading to condensed oxide aerosols and liquid film deposits), gas turbine engines in dusty atmospheres, or when using fuels from nontraditional sources (e.g., soot formation/deposition problems (e.g., combustor liner burnout, accelerated turbine blade erosion and hot shalm-, or coal-derived), depends upon the formation and transport of small particles across non-isothermal synthesize or process aerospace materials (turbine blade new techniques and quantitative information on important particle- and vapor-mass transport mechanisms and rates. used to gain understanding of performance-limiting chemical-, and mass/energy transfer-phenomena at or near The performance of ramjets burning slurry combustion gas boundary layers (BLs). Even airbreathing engines burning clean hydrocarbon fuels can experience system engineers and materials-oriented engineers with corrosion). Moreover, particle formation and transport interfaces. This included the further development and exploitation of seeded laboratory flat flame burners, flow-reactors, and new optical diagnostic techniques. rate data, together with the are important in many chemical reactors used to Resulting experimental ABSTRACT:

AD-A244 849

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 1850/

AD-A244 849 CONTINUED

predictions of asymptotic theories were used as the basis for proposing and verifying simple viewpoints and rational engineering correlations for future design/optimization studies.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), AEROSPACE SYSTEMS, APPROACH,
ATMOSPHERES, BURNOUT, CHEMICAL REACTORS, CHEMISTRY,
COATINGS, COMBUSTION, COMBUSTORS, CORROSION, DEPOSITION,
DEPOSITS, DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), DUST, ENGINEERING,
ENGINEERS, ENGINES, EROSION, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, FILMS,
FUELS, GAS TURBINES, HIGH TEMPERATURE, INTERACTIONS,
INTERFACES, KINETICS, LININGS, LIQUIDS, MATERIALS,
METHODOLOGY, OPTICS, OPTIMIZATION, PARTICLE SIZE,
PARTICLES, PHASE, PROPULSION SYSTEMS, RAMUET ENGINES,
RATES, SLURRY FUELS, SOOT, SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, THEORY,
TRANSPORT, TRANSPORT PROPERTIES, TURBINE BLADES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Combustion products, \*Soot.

AD-A244 845 20/6

A244 845 20/6

SRI INTERNATIONAL MENLO PARK CA

(U) High-Speed, High-Density, Coherent Time Domain Optical Memory.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept.,

NOV 91 40

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kachru, R.; Shen, X-A.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-90-C-0083

PROJECT NO. 2305

TASK NO. 84

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-81-1008, AFÖSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

astract: (U) Our goal is to quantitatively evaluate the concept of time-domain optical memory (TDDM) based on the stimulated photon echo technique and to prepare for the development of a working prototype. Earlier feasibility studies at SRI International showed that TDDM can store not only digital data in the form a series of on-off laser pulses but also two-dimensional (2-D) images with the same read/write speed. Despite work at SRI and elsewhere, until now the use of TDDM for 2-D images has not been carefully examined and the quality of echo images and their inherent spatial resolution have not been explored. These issues have an important bearing on TDDM as a high-speed, high-density storage device. This year, we focused on using the stimulated echo technique for 2-D image storage and image processing. Specific tasks included incrporating a gated intensified charge-coupled device (CCD) camera system for detecting echo images, digitally recording the echo images, and optical system. We have also extended the earlier feasibility study on stimulated-echo-based, 2-D image storage and image processing and demonstrated storage and retrieval of the high-quality, high-resolution echo images. In addition, we demonstrated storage and retrieval of the high-quality, high-resolution echo images. In addition, we demonstrated for the first time that nanosecond pattern recognition can be achieved using the stimulated echo approach. (Author)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A244 845 ISCRIPTORS: (U), CAMERAS, DATA BASES, DIGITAL SYSTEMS, ECHOES, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, HIGH DENSITY, HIGH RESOLUTION, IMAGE PROCESSING, IMAGES, LASER BEAMS, MEMORY DEVICES, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, OPTICAL STORAGE, PATTERN RECOGNITION, PHOTONS, PROTOTYPES, QUALITY, READ WRITE MEMORIES, RESOLUTION, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, DESCRIPTORS:

SENTIFIERS: (U) \*Optical memories, \*Pattern recognition, \*Phase conjugation, Stimulated echoes, Image processing, WUAFOSR2305B4, PE61102F. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A244 775

DECATUR GA MATIS INC Development of the Theory and Algorithms for Synthesis of Reflector Antenna Systems. 3

Final rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

43P NOV 91 Oliker, Vladimir PERSONAL AUTHORS:

RAS01F REPORT NO. F49620-81-C-0001 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-1014, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

established. An algorithm, based on a special diffusion process, for solving the equation numerically was developed and tested. Differential geometric methods were applied successfully to describe and investigate the single and dual reflector antenna systems. computational algorithms for synthesis of single and dual reflector antenna systems in geometric optics approximation. During the reporting period the direct and research and development of the theory and constructive inverse problems of design of reflector antennas were investigated. In case of single reflector antennas explicit conditions for solvability of the partial The main objective of this work is differential equation describing the system were

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ALGORITHMS, ANTENNAS, COMPUTATIONS, DIFFUSION, GEOMETRY, INVERSION, OPTICS, PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, REFLECTORS, SYNTHESIS, THEORY. CESCRIPTORS:

\*Reflectors, \*Reflectivity, \*Numerical methods and procedures, Systems engineering, Partical differential PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A3, \*Antennas, 3 IDENTIFIERS: equations.

AD-A244 775

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/12 AD-A244 728 PRINCETON UNIV NJ DEPT OF PHYSICS

(U) Theory of Superconductivity in Oxides.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 88-31 Aug 91,

34P NOV 91 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Anderson, Philip W.

AF0SR-88-0350 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

ប TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-91-1023, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the capability, often realized, of confronting all of the puzzling experimental properties of the materials. During the period of the grant occurred the Cargese NATO Summer School (June 1990) attended by several of us who were being funded by the grant, and at that school I summarized progress up to that time. B. Doucot who had been one of our group was the local organizer. Perhaps the best summary of the situation at that time was given in my Chapter II setting out what I called the Central Dogmas of the theory, which is enclosed. At that meeting STRACT: (U) During the period of this grant the theory of superconductivity in high Technetium cuprates matured hypothesis via a finite Fermi surface phase shift which led to several papers, especially the PRL and 'response' on the subject showing how the Fermi liquid theory breaks was formulated the justification of the Luttinger liquid into a reasonable consistent, complete theory which has ABSTRACT: (U)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , HYPOTHESES, LIQUIDS, NATO, SCHOOLS, SUMMER, SUPERCONDUCTIVITY, TECHNETIUM, THEORY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2308C1, \*Superconductors, Oxides, \*Technetium cuprates, Fermi liquid theory, Luttinger liquid hypothesis.

12/1 9/1 AD-A244 725

PROMETHEUS INC SHARON MA

Applications of Approximation Theory in Antenna Design, Signal Processing and Filtering. Ξ

Final rept. 1 May 90-30 Sep 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

108P NOV 91 Byrnes, James S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-90-C-0023 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-1016, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

applications of polynomials with restricted coefficients, which has appeared in the Proceedings of the 1987 NATO ASI on Electromagnetics (Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1981) authored by James S Byrnes, W. H. J. Fuchs, W. K. Hayman, T. W. Korner, Donald J. Newman, Gerald Ostheimer, Richard Roy, B. Saffari, and H. S. Shapiro. (Author) transmitting array, and optimal peak factor array, for less than half-wavelength spacing. Fifth is the paper A random variables method for determining the poles of radar targets. Sixth is the paper A computationally efficient notch filter. Seventh is the paper A new rational approximation to digital in lters. Eighth is the STRACT: (U) This final report consists of eleven sections. The first is a list of the problems which were paper Concerning Promy's method. Ninth is the paper Barker sequences and Littlewood's two-sided conjectures on polynomials with plus or minus 1 coefficients. Tenth is the paper A note on rational approximations to the Fresnel integral. Eleventh and last is a list of the considered during the period of performance. Second is the Introduction. Third is the paper Beam-forming seminars and conferences. The above-listed papers were reported herein, and a list of the papers presented at Prometheus Inc. personnel who performed the remearch . Fourth is the paper An ideal omnidirectional

AD-A244 725

AD-A244 728

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A244 725 CONTINUED

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ANTENNAS, AF TOXIMATION(MATHEMATI:S), ARRAYS, BANDSTOP FILTERS, BEAM F MING, COEFFICIENTS, DIGITAL FILTERS, EFFICIENCY, FRESNEL INTEGRALS, LIMITATIONS, OMNIDIRECTIONAL, OPTIMIZATION, PAPER, PEAK VALUES, POLES(SUPPORTS), POLYNOMIALS, RADAR TARGETS, RANDOM VARIABLES, SIGNAL PROCESSING, THEORY, TRANSMITTING.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Antennas, \*Signal processing, \*Signal filtering, Approximation, Prony's method, PE81102F, WUAFOSR2304A9.

AD-A244 720 B/4

NEW YORK UNIV NY CENTER FOR NEURAL SCIENCE

(U) High Order Mechanism of Color Vision.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Jun 90-14 Jun 91,

NOV 91 54P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Krauskopf, John

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0429

PROJECT NO. 2313

LASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-1007, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This report covers our activities since June 15, 1990. The main accomplishments have been: (1) Continued experiments on the variation of color discrimination over color space, (2) Experiments on the influence of color on the perception of coherent motion, (3) Experiments on the effects of chromatic adaptation on color appearance, (4) Electro-physiological experiments on the effects of chromatic stimuli on the responses of neurons physiological experiments on the effects of chromatic stimuli on the responses of neurons in the LGN and the visual cortex of macaque, and (5) The development of a new system for making displays for visual experiments on TV monitors which allows at least 12 bits of accuracy in the specification of the intensity of each of the three primaries.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), ACCURACY, ADAPTATION, CHROMATICITY, COHERENCE, COLOR VISION, COLORS, INTENSITY, MACAQUE MONKEYS, MOTION, NERVE CELLS, PERCEPTION, PHYSIOLOGY, SPECIFICATIONS, STIMULI, VISION, VISUAL CORTEX.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313A5, \*Color vision, Vision, \*Psychophysics, Color, Discrimination, Thresholds Isoluminance.

T85004

59

DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY ' SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A244 658 5/8 6/4

SMITH-KETTLEWELL EYE RESEARCH INST SAN FRANCISCO CA

(U) Visual Processing of Object Velocity and Acceleration.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 15 Oct 88-14 Oct

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A9, \*Visual perception, \*Psychophysics, Performance(Human), \*Visual acuity, Motion, Velocity, Discrimination, Acceleration, Grids, Speed discrimination, Display systems.

PRECISION, PROCESSING, PSYCHOPHYSICS, VELOCITY, VISION,

VISUAL PERCEPTION.

CONTINUED

AD-A244 858

, to

PERSONAL AUTHORS: McKee, Suzanne

136P

DEC 91

CONTRACT NO. FQ8671-90-0-1374

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A9

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

TR-91-1030, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Six separate projects have explored how velocity and acceleration are encoded in the human visual system. (i) Welch demonstrated speed discrimination for coherent platd patterns formed of two superimposed attempts was limited by the speed of the gratings, not the apparent speed of the plaid itself. (2) Bowne et al. and more recently drzywacz, applied motion-energy' models to the psychophysics of speed discrimination. (3) McKee and Welch compared the relative precision of velocity and size constancy, finding little evidence for velocity and size constancy, finding little evidence for velocity constancy in human motion processing (4) Watamaniuk demonstrated that the visual system integrates obtain a precise estimate of the mean speed. (5) McKee and Watamaniuk found that a single point (the signal) moving in apparent motion (the noise), even though the spatial and temporal characteristics of the signal and of series in the same cirection, but at two very different speeds, formed two transparent planes; discrimination of small changes in the speed of one set of dots was unaffected by the presence of the other dots.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACCELERATION, DISCRIMINATION, ESTIMATES, HUMANS, IMAGE PROCESSING, MEAN, MOTION,

AD-A244 658

AD-A244 658

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

PAGE 160 T85004

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

9/1 AD-A244 642

CONTINUED AD-A244 642 DENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2305C1, \*Periodic gates, \*Field effect transistors, SSL(Surface Superlattices), Submicron features, Quantum mechanics.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

Study of Quantum Mechanical Effects in Deep Submicron Grating-Gate Field Effect Transistors. 3

Annual technical rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 91

Antoniadis, Dimitri PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0304 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

ົວ TASK NO.

TR-91-1012, AF0SR AFOSR. XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

FET (PGFET), with gate consisting of either a grating or a grid, of 200 nm periodicity. When electrons are made to move in a direction perpendicular to the potential modulation, i.e., perpendicular to the grating of along a grid axis, they exhibit a surface superlattice (SSL) Freedom and thus constitute a quasi-one-dimensional (QID) modulation of the electrostatic potential on the transport of electrons in heterojunction semiconductor devices. The test /ehicle is the so-called periodic-gate effect. When moving along the potential modulation of a grating, electrons are restricted to only one degree of quantum system. Grid-gate FET's have been found to exhibit substantially stronger SSL Behavior than their grating-gate counterparts. Electron transport in STRACT: (U) This research program investigates the effect of extreme submicron and sub-100 nm spatial quantized and spatially periodic systems have studied theoretically and new insights and quantitative calculations have been obtained. (Author)

SCRIPTORS: (U) , COMPUTATIONS, CRYSTAL LATTICES, ELECTRON TRANSPORT, ELECTRONS, ELECTROSTATICS, GRATINGS(SPECTRA), GRIDS, HETEROJUNCTIONS, MODULATION, QUANTUM THEORY, RIGHT ANGLES, SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, SURFACES, TEST VEHICLES DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A244 642

AD-A244 642

161

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/5 12/1 AD-A244 641

RICE UNIV HOUSTON TX DEPT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

(U) Polyhedral Methods for the Max-Cut Problem

Final rept. 1 Jun 90-31 May 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAY 91

Bixby, Robert E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0273 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO. AFDSR, XF TR-91-1003, AFDSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

New polyhedral methods have been developed for the solution of a class of programming problems of importance in VLSI design. There methods have made possible an order-of-magnitude increase in the size of problems that can be successfully solved. ABSTRACT:

, COMPUTER PROGRAMMING. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

ENTIFIERS: (U) \*Numerical methods and procedures, \*Problem solving, Polyhedral methods, Very large scale integration, PE61102F, WUAFDSR230481, \*Computer programming IDENTIFIERS:

20/1 20/3 AD-A244 640

DELAWARE UNIV NEWARK DEPT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

The Inverse Scattering Problem for Acoustic and Electromagnetic Waves.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jan 89-31 Oct 91,

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Colton, David; Monk, Peter PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0284 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

88 LASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-91-1019, AFÖSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

inverse scattering problem for time harmonic acoustic and electromagnetic waves. A new method has been developed to solve problems of this type based on the theory of Herglotz wave functions and nonlinear optimization for the case of both acoustic and electromagnetic waves. methods. Preliminary numerical examples have been given This project was concerned with the ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACOUSTIC WAVES, ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION, INVERSE SCATTERING, METHODOLOGY, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTIMIZATION, WAVE FUNCTIONS.

JENTIFIERS: (U) \*Inverse scattering, Hergoltz waves, Wave functions, Acoustic scattering, Electromagnetic scattering, PE81102F, WUAFOSR2304A9. IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 7/4 4D-A244 639

UNIVERSITY PARK MATERIALS PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV RESEARCH LAB Reaction Mechanisms and Kinetics Controlling Microstructural Development in Cement-Based Systems. 3

Final rept. 1 Apr 88-31 Aug 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MOV 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Brown, Paul W.

AF0SR-88-0157 ž CONTRACT

TR-91-1018, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

chemically bonded ceramics which exhibit cementing properties. This objective was based on the need to identify the above relationships if advanced cement-based environment. Emphasis was on non-civil engineering materials, as such these materials are called chemically kinetics, mechanisms and microstructural development in materials are to be developed. Although cements are normally regarded as civil engineering materials, this view is unduly limited. Emphasis in this program was on the broader objectives of near net shape fabrication at low temperature. The use of the term 'cement-based' is STRACT: (U) The objectives of this program were to investigate the relationships among phase equilibria, intended to imply that the reactions leading to microstructural development occur in an aqueous bonded ceramics SCRIPTORS: (U) CEMENTS, CERAMIC MATERIALS, CHEMICAL BONDS, CIVIL ENGINEERING, ENVIRONMENTS, EQUILIBRIUM(GENERAL), FABRICATION, LOW TEMPERATURE, MATERIALS, MICROSTRUCTURE, PHASE STUDIES, RESPONSE, SHAPE, DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) \*Cements, \*Ceramic materials, \*Chemical bonds, Microstructure, Phase equilibrium, Reaction kinetics, Chemically bonded ceramics, Concrete, IDENTIFIERS: (U) **Hydroxyapatite** 

4/2 AD-A244 638

(U) A Numerical Study of Thunderstorm Electrification: Initial Electrification and Thunderstorm Climatology

WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES

Annual progress rept. 11 Dec 90-15 Nov DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 91

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Baker, Marcia; Solomon, Robert PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0012 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

Ę TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-1027, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

realistic. The radar measurements will be used as inputs to the model and we will attempt in-cloud microphysical, dynamical and electrical behavior in a range of atmospheric environments. As our simulations evolve, we ð electrification. We have collected aircraft and radar development and we will classify soundings in terms will examine the relationships between atmospheric several recent intensive field studies, and we are measurements of atmospheric parameters made during sounding parameters and subsequent electric field modifying our thunderstorm model to make it more atmospheric conditions that lead to thunderstorm Our purpose is to identify those parameters relevant for lightning production. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U), AIRCRAFT, ATMOSPHERES, ATMOSPHERIC SOUNDING, CLIMATOLOGY, ELECTRIC CHARGE, ELECTRIC FIELDS, ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES, LIGHTNING, MEASUREMENT, MODELS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PARAMETERS, PRODUCTION, RADAR, THUNDERSTORMS DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFDSR2310A1, \*Thunderstorms, Atmospheric physics. IDENTIFIERS: \*Lightning,

AD-A244 639

AD-A244 638

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

163

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

12/3

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF STATISTICS

(U) Research in Stochastic Processes.

Final rept. 1 Sep 80-31 Aug 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

AUG

Cambanis, Stamatis; Leadbetter, M. R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-91-0030 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

A5 TASK NO.

TR-91-1037, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Gaussian processes; Nonstationary processes; Exchangeable Research was conducted and directed in the area of stochastic processes and their applications in engineering, neurophysiology and oceanography. More detailed descriptions of the work of all participants is given in the main body of the report: Sampling designs for time series; Signal quantization; Wavelet approximation of random signals; Gaussian and nonprocesses; Random fields; Point processes and random measures; Nonlinear filtering; Infinite dimensional stochastic differential equations; Stochastic partial differential equations; Random measures associated With high levels; Limit theorems for random measures; Parameter estimation under dependence. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ESTIMATES, MATHEMATICAL FILTERS, NEUROPHYSIOLOGY, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OCEANOGRAPHY, PARAMETERS, PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, QUANTIZATION, SAMPLING, SIGNALS, STATISTICAL PROCESSES, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, TIME SERIES ANALYSIS. DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) \*Stochastic processes, \*Applied mathematics, Engineering, Neurophysiology, Oceanography, Time series analysis, Parameters, Estimates, PE61102F, **WUAFOSR2304A5** IDENTIFIERS:

14/2 15/1 AD-A244 519 UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program. Program Technical Report. 1990. Volume 3.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept 1 Sep 89-31 Aug

16 NJ

Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0053 CONTRACT NO.

TR-91-0960, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 2, AD-A244 518 and Volume 4, AD-A244 520. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

facility mutually agreed upon by the faculty members and the Air Force. In addition to compensation, travel and cost of living allowances are also paid. The USAF-SFRP is sponsored by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research. ABSTRACT: (U) The United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program (USAF-SFRP) is designed to introduce university, college, and technical institute faculty members to Air Force research. This is accomplished by the faculty members being selected on a nationally advertised competitive basis for a ten-week assignment during the summer intersession periods to perform research to Air Force laboratories/ centers. Each assignment is in a subject area and at an Air Force

SCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE, AIR FORCE FACILITIES, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, COMPENSATION, COSTS, INSTRUCTORS, LABORATORIES, SUMMER. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

Summer Faculty Research Program), Military research, Air Force, Laboratories, University faculty. USAF-SFRP(United States Air Force 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A244 519

AD-A244 601

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A244 517

DAYTON OH UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC

Program. Program Technical Report. 1990. Volume 1. (U) United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 89-31 Aug 90,

**609P** 18 NJ5

Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0053 CONTRACT NO.

TR-91-0958, AFOSR AFOSR, MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 2, AD-A244 518. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: STRACT: (U) The United States Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program (USAF-SFRP) is designed to introduce university, college, and technical institute faculty members to Air Force research. This is accomplished by the faculty members being selected on a nationally advertised competitive basis for a ten-week assignment cost of living allowances are also paid. The USAF-SFRP is sponsored by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research. facility mutually agreed upon by the faculty members and the Air Force. In addition to compensation, travel and research to Air Force laboratories/ centers. Each assignment is in a subject area and at an Air Force during the summer intersession periods to perform ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE, AIR FORCE FACILITIES, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, COMPENSATION, COSTS, INSTRUCTORS, LABORATORIES, SUMMER.

Summer Faculty Research Program), Military research, Air Force, Laboratories, University faculty. USAF-SFRP(United States Air Force 3 IDENTIFIERS:

20/8 AD-A244 466 WRIGHT STATE UNIV DAYTON OH DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

(U) Investigating Digital Optical Computing with Spatial Light Rebroadcasters.

Final rept. 1 Sep 89-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**57P** OCT 91 McAulay, Alastair D.; Wang, Junqing; Xu, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

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WSU-CS-91-11 REPORT NO. AF0SR-89-0525 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

= TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-1026, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

softensisting of thin films of luminescing electron trapping materials, are explored for digital optical computing. The status of optical computing is reviewed briefly. SLRs are characterized in detail; fabrication, sensitivity, linearity, speed, resolution, and modulation. A number of optical experiments are described that were conducted to determine the device effectiveness, applications for which the devices are best suited, and the direction for module, binary matrix-vector multiplier, and correlator. experiments with basic SLR modules include a cascadable optical computing, particularly where : ... density long interconnection, and learning experiments the superiments show that the SLR has potential or digital incoherent output, and lot output signal, means that other collaborative devices are needed which limit the performance. Future directions are discussed. term storage is required. However, the .ack of gain, The basic modules were then used in memory, adder interconnection, and learning experiments these research to develop more useful devices. Optical ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , DIGITAL COMPUTERS, ELECTRONS, DENSITY, INCOHERENCE, LEARNING, LIGHT, MATERIALS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A244 466

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A244 466 CONTINUED

MODULATION, OPTICAL PROCESSING, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, OUTPUT, SIGNALS, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, STORAGE, THIN FILMS, TRAPPING(CHARGED PARTICLES).

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Digital computers, \*Optical processing, DESCRIF Modules(Electronics), SLR(Spatial Light Rebroadcasters), WUAFOSR230581.

AD-A244 464 9/3 7/3

HOWARD UNIV WASHINGTON DC

(U) Laser Assisted.CVD Growth of AIN and GaN.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept. 1 Aug 90-31 Jul 91,

OCT 91 3

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Halpern, Joshua B.; Frye, Joan M.; Harris, Gary; Aluko, M.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-89-C-0108

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. B1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-1010, AFDSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

project for investigating the laser induced CVD growth of AIN and Gallium Nitrogen. In the second year significant progress has been made in the growth of AIN. AIN films have been produced by laser ablation. A new LI CVD source for A1 atoms has been characterized and verified by growth of A1 films. Additionally, some progress has been made in the understanding and characterization of alkyl aluminum-amino adducts which may be used for the growth of AIN. The goal of this project is to design, test and verify advanced laser induced chemical vapor deposition processes (LI-CVD), specifically for the growth of AIN. In the past year we have made progress in three areas: (a) Rapid growth of AIN thin films by laser ablation of AIN powders. (b) Demonstration of an advanced LI-CVD method for deposition of A1 from trimethylaluminum atom source in AIN growth, but also has utility for laser deposition of aluminum interconnects, an area of current interest. (c) Synthesis and characterization of a number of stable allky aluminum mitrogen containing adducts for future use in film growth. We have grown Alkylaluminum nitrogen compressed into a pellet.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ABLATION, ALUMINUM, ATOMS, DEPOSITION,

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A244 464 CONTINUED

FILMS, GALLIUM, GROWTH(GENERAL), HIGH RATE, LASERS, NITROGEN, PELLETS, POWDERS, SOURCES, SYNTHESIS, THIN FILMS, TRIMETHYLALUMINUM. IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR230681, \*Laser ablation, \*Alkyl Aluminum nitrogen, \*Thin films, \*Gallium nitrogen.

AD-A244 463 13/3

TEXAS TRANSPORTATION INST COLLEGE STATION

(U) Investigation of the Microstructural Mechanisms of Relaxation and Fracture Healing in Asphalt.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Aug 90-15 Sep 91,

OCT 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Little, Dallas N.; Prapnnachari, S.; Letton, Allen

CONTRACT NO. AFDSR-89-0520

PROJECT NO. 2302

TASK NO. DS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

TR-91-1005, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

establishment of a mechanism of chemical healing of microcracks within the process zone preceding the macrocrack, (2) establishment of the mechanism or mechanisms of relaxation and creep in asphalt cements of various types and (3) establishment of a formal tie between permanent strain in asphalt concrete and cyclic loading and the creep compliance function. A methodology has been developed by which to quantify the degree of fracture healing that occurs in asphalt concrete. The methodology has been verified by testing thirteen different asphalts with widely varying compositions and chemistries. This method of establishing the amount of fracture healing that occurs in asphalt concrete as the result of rest periods is being used to establish the microstructural mechanism responsible for fracture healing. Rheo-optics and infrared analysis using a fourier transport infrared spectrometer are being used to establish the microstructural composition of asphalt cements that influence or control the creep, relaxation and fracture healing processes.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ASPHALT, BONE FRACTURES, CEMENTS, CHEMICALS, CONCRETE, CREEP, CYCLES, FOURIER SPECTROMETERS, HEALING, INFRARED RADIATION, LOADS(FORCES), MICROCRACKING,

AD-A244 463

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A244 463 MICROSTRUCTURE, RELAXATION, REST, TRANSPORT.

DENTIFIERS: (U) \*Asphalt, Fracture(Mechanics), \*Microcracking, Creep, Microstructure, Stress relaxation, Cements, Cyclic loads, Fourier spectrometers, Infrared spectrometers, Infrared spectra, PE61102F, WUAF0SR2303DS. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

21/2 19/1 AD-A244 462 GAINESVILLE VA ATLANTIC RESEARCH CORP Examination of Chemical Approaches to Stabilizing Composite Propellant Combustion.

Final rept. 1 Sep 90-31 Aug 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

175P 9 OCT OCT King, Merrill K.; Waesche, R. H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

ARC-TR-PL-13278 REPORT NO. F49620-90-C-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-1038, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

long plagued the solid propellant industry, and the increasingly frequent requirement for 'reduced smoke' propellants, with concommitant removal of metals from the oxide particulate products, which have a major role in damping of acoustic oscillations) is expected to exacerbate this problem. One strategy for alleviating the Acoustic mode combustion instability has energy, namely, the transfent burning rate response of the solid propellant to pressure and/or crossflow velocity oscillations. Previous preliminary modeling studies have indicated that it might be possible to decrease the pressure coupled response functions of composite propellants by suitable modification of the relative activation energies of the fuel and oxidizer propellant formulations (and, thus, removal of metal approaches to decreasing a major source of acoustic problem involves identification and utilization of ablation processes. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , SMOKELESS PROPELLANTS, BURNING RATE, STABILIZATION, FUELS, OXIDIZERS, ABLATION, ACTIVATION ENERGY, MODIFICATION. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102X, WUAFOSR2308A1, \*Composite IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A244 462

AD-A244 483

UNCLASSIFIED

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A244 462 CONTINUED

propellant, Solid propellant, Combustion, \*Acoustics, Combustion instability, Response function.

TAC NO. PL-058010

IAC DOCUMENT TYPE: PLASTC - MICROFICHE --

IAC SUBJECT TERMS: P--(U)ACTIVATION ENERGY, HTPB,
ACOUSTIC WAVES, COMBUSTION, PROPELLANTS, AMMONIUM
PERCHLORATE, STABILIZATION, SOLID PROPELLANTS, ENERGETIC
MATERIALS, BINDERS, OXIDIZERS, BURNING RATE, SMOKE
REDUCTION, FREQUENCY EFFECTS, COMPOSITES, ZZ UNLIMITED.;

AD-A244 421 20/8

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE RESEARCH LAB OF ELECTRONICS

(U) Analog Processing of Optical Wavefront Using Integrated Guided-Wave Optics. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Jun 90-30 Jun 91,

OCT 91 2:

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Rediker, Robert H.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-90-C-0038

PROJECT NO. 3151

TASK NO. 00

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TA-91-1009, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Integrated Guided-Wave Optics has many advantages for the analog processing of optical wavefronts. These include small-size, high-speed, simplicity, reliability and reproducibility. The fabrication technique is similar to that of integrated circuits. The thrust of this program is to develop an integrated guided-wave optic system, in GaAs and GaAlAs for use at GaAs laser wavelength, to remove aberrations from a laser beam and to steer the beam. The system would in addition have the capability to appropriately phase the outputs from a multiplicity of power amplifiers or injection-locked lasers. It is also the intent of the program to design and build the optical circuits so they are compatible with on-chip electronic circuits in order to minimize the required number of off-chip leads.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ALUMINUM GALLIUM ARSENIDES, ANALOG SYSTEMS, CHIPS(ELECTRONICS), CIRCUITS, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, FABRICATION, FREQUENCY, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, INTEGRATED CIRCUITS, LASER BEAMS, LASERS, OPTICAL CIRCUITS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, POWER AMPLIFIERS, PROCESSING, RELIABILITY, REPRODUCIBILITY, STEERING, WAVEFRONTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR315100, PE63805F, \*Optical

AD-A244 421

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004

AD-A24 421 CONTINUED

AD-A244 413 20/12

waveguides, Optical circuits, Fabrication.

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO DEPT OF PHYSICS

(U) X-Ray Absorption Studies of High Transition Temperature Superconductors. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Jan 88-31 Jul

SEP 91 16P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kao, Y1-Han

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0095

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. C1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-1024, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Several new experimental techniques were used for a comprehensive study of the microstructures and physical properties of high transition-temperature superconductors. This research made extensive use of synchrotron radiation which allowed many unique ways to probenon-destructively the short-range-order structure in superconductors. In addition, some novel methods were used to investigate the effects of chemical doping and transport as well as magnetic properties of thin films of superconducting materials prepared by laser ablation.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) ABLATION, CHEMICALS, DOPING, HIGH TEMPERATURE, LASERS, MAGNETIC PROPERTIES, MATERIALS, MICROSTRUCTURE, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, SUPERCONDUCTORS, SYNCHROTRON RADIATION, TEST METHODS, THIN FILMS, TRANSITION TEMPERATURE, X RAY ABSORPTION ANALYSIS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Superconductors, \*X Ray absorption analysis, Thin films, High temperature superconductors, WUAFOSR2308C1, PE61102F.

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

3/2

SOLAR WIND, SPACECRAFT, SUN, ZODIACAL LIGHT.

IDENTIFIERS:

CONTINUED

AD-A244 408

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA

(U) Remote Sensing of Inner Heliospheric Plasmas.

DENTIFIERS: (U) ISEE 3 Spacecraft, HELIOS Spacecraft, \*Solar radio maps, \*Solar physics, Kilometric radio waves, WUAFOSR2311AS, PE61102F. Annual technical rept. 15 Nov 90-14 Nov DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: 91.

NOV 91

Jackson, Bernard V. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0091 CONTRACT NO.

2311 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-1004, AFDSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

light photometers, the ISEE-3 spacecraft kilometer radiowave experiment, and a variety of other spacecraft and ground-based instruments. The zodiacal light photometers on board the two HELIOS spacecraft (data coverage from developed new techniques for studying plasma disturbances in the inner heliosphere by remotely sensing them. These techniques use data from the HELIOS spacecraft zodiacal 1974 to 1986) provide the first good information about the heliospheric masses and shapes of propagating disturbances. Metric and kilometric type II and type III radiation caused by shock waves and fast moving electrons structures which propagate outward from the Sun. The best kilometric radio wave sensing of inner heliospheric on the corona, the solar wind, the interplanetary medium, Solar disturbances produce major effects sensed by these techniques and the ability to forecast and the Earth along with its magnetosphere. We have plasma is available from the ISEE-3 spacecraft. The investigations into the physics of the disturbances respectively are another way to remotely sense the their occurrences are well underway. SCRIPTORS: (U), ELECTRONS, FORECASTING, GROUND BASED, INSTRUMENTATION, INTERPLANETARY SPACE, MAGNETOSPHERE, MOTION, PHOTOMETERS, PHYSICS, PROPAGATION, RADIO WAVES, REMOTE DETECTORS, SHAPE, SHOCK WAVES, SOLAR DISTURBANCES, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A244 408

AD-A244 408

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

171

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A244 406

BOWMAN GRAY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE WINSTON-SALEM NC

(U) Receptor Subtype Alterations: Bases of Neuronal Plasticity and Learning.

Discriminative avoidance learning, Training-induced neuronal activity, Noradrenaline, Cortical layer I, Molecular bases of learning and memory.

\*Learning, \*Muscarinic acetylcholine receptors,

3

IDENTIFIERS: AD-A244 406

CONTINUED

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A2, \*Memory,

Final technical rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Vogt, Brent A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-90-0372 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

**A**2 TASK NO.

TR-91-1028, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

cortex increased during discriminative avoidance conditioning (DAC). (2) Excitatory and discriminative neuronal activity was documented throughout DAC and there basis for a comprehensive analysis of the molecular bases The following findings were reported: (1) Oxotremorine-M binding in rabbit thalamus and cingulate magnocellular rucleus in thalamus were described. (6) A physiological regulation of receptors and transmitters noradrenaline was significantly elevated during DAC suggesting a role for this transmitter in long-term memory. (4) Anterior cingulate cortex lesions uncover were relationships between training-induced neuronal activity and changes in binding. (3) Turnover of that occur during avoidance learning and provide the discriminative neuronal activity in the striatum and amplify activity in thalamus. (5) The structure cortical layer I and its role in learning and memory analyzed. These are the first studies to document review was written of the structure and function of connections and spontaneous activity of the lateral for learning and memory. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , AVOIDANCE, CONTROL, LEARNING, MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY), MOTOR NEURONS, PHYSIOLOGY, RABBITS, RETENTION(PSYCHOLOGY), THALAMUS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A244 406

AD-A244 408

T85004

172

PAGE

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

3/2 AD-A244 403 JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV LAUREL MD APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

(U) Solar Vector Magnetic Field Research.

Annual rept. 1 Dec 90-30 Nov 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Rust, David M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-90-0102 CONTRACT NO.

2311 PROJECT NO.

F

TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF TR-91-1031, AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

observed that could be used to predict flares it they are magnetograph. The APL vector magnetograph developed under polarization have been made of transient brightenings at a regular feature of such events. The observations were among the first to show the development of shear within small points in the lower chromosphere. The association between these flare-like events and magnetic fields has Observations have been made before and been studied. A feasibility study has been made of observing the sun with a balloon-borne vector after a large solar flare. Magnetic features were one hour of flare onset. Observations of linear an OSR URI is operational. ABSTRACT:

MAGNETIC FIELDS, MAGNETIC SOLAR FLARES, SUN, VECTOR CHROMOSPHERE, FEASIBILITY SCRIPTORS: (U), BALLOONS, STUDIES, LINEAR POLARIZATION, SIGNATURES, SHEAR PROPERTIES, DESCRIPTORS: ANALYSIS.

\*Solar flares, WUAFOSR2311A1, PEB1102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A244 399

MISSOURI UNIV-COLUMBIA

(U) Aggregation Networks for Uncertainty Management.

Final rept. 1 Nov 89-31 Oct 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

20P NOV 91 Krishnapuram, Raghu; Keller, James PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0038 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

47 TASK NO.

TR-91-1020, AFOSR AFOSR. MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

One methodology uses fuzzy-set-theoretic connectives in a hierarchical network to achieve the fusion. Learning methods for determining the nature and structure of the networks are investigated. The second methodology uses a fusion. In addition, various techniques for membership function generation (including fuzzy clustering methods), evidence aggregation and information fusion were studied fuzzy logic inference and morphological edge detection In this project, two methodologies for generalization of the fuzzy integral to achieve the and fusion were investigated ABSTRACT:

:SCRIPTORS: (U), CLUSTERING, DETECTION, EDGES, HIERARCHIES, LEARNING, MANAGEMENT, METHODOLOGY, MORPHOLOGY, NETWORKS, UNCERTAINTY. DESCRIPTORS:

fusion, Fuzzy integral, Multicriteria decision making, Membership generation, Fuzzy clustering, Fuzzy inference, PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A7, \*Information Morphological edge detection in range images. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF AERONAUTICS AND ASTRONAUTICS AD-A244 395

Investigation of Burnett Equations for Two-Dimensional Hypersonic Flow. Ê

Final rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Sep 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Chapman, Dean R.; MacCormack, R. W.

AF0SR-91-0005 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

F

TASK NO.

TR-91-1029, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

material derivative approximation, (4) positive-definite dissipation (?), and (5) upper altitude limit for applicability. This report describes progress in areas 1, 3, and 4, and also an investigation of the interaction of be made with these equations. These issues relate to (1) surface boundary conditions, (2) frame independence, (3) class of solutions to the Boltzman equations. Our research on Burnett equations has identified five basic scientific issues in need of resolution before really satisfactory computations of 2D (or 3D) flow fields can a thick oblique shock impinging on a cowl lip in high-ISTRACT: (U) In 1935, D. Burnett developed a higher order set of constitutive stress relationships from a altitude hypersonic flow. SCRIPTORS: (U) ALTITUDE, BOUNDARIES, EQUATIONS, FLOW FIELDS, HIGH ALTITUDE, HYPERSONIC FLOW, LIMITATIONS, MATERIALS, SHOCK, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), STRESSES, SURFACE PROPERTIES, THICKNESS, TWO DIMENSIONAL FLOW. DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2307A1, \*Hypersonic flow, \*Two dimensional flow, Three dimensional flow, Dissipation, Numerical methods and procedures, Momentum transfer, Shock, Shear stresses, Burnett equations. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A244 392

CENTRAL INST FOR THE DEAF ST LOUIS MO

(U) Binaural Masking: An Analysis of Models.

Final technical rept. 1 Apr 89-31 Jan DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 91

Gilkey, Robert H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0302 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

AB TASK NO.

TR-91-1022, AFÓSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

been to specify auditory processing in the presence of noisy backgrounds. A variety of experimental and modeling approaches have been employed to examine this processing. Overall the results suggest the importance of spectral and temporal comparisons in signal detection and suggest that similar processing underlies monaural and binaural detection. The introduction of masker energy in temporal and binaural conditions that had seemed dramatically different when the ensemble performance was considered (i responses of subjects to individual stimuli (reproducible shown to either enhance or degrade detection performance depending on the interaural parameters of the stimuli. Experiments on remote masking and suppression showed excitatory and inhibitory effects that extended across The goal of this program of research has intervals that did not overlap with the signal could be evaluate a nonlinear model of cochlear processing. The noise samples) were highly correlated between monaura. more than an octave. These results are being used to e., data averaged across noise samples). ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) , AUDITORY SIGNALS, COCHLEA, DETECTION, INHIBITION, MASKING, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MODELS, NOISE, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OVERLAP, PROCESSING, REPRODUCIBILITY, SAMPLING, SIGNALS, STIMULI. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A244 392

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A244 392 CONTINUED

OKLAHOMA STATE UNIV STILLWATER DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

7/4

7/2

AD-A244 384

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313AB.

(U) Theoretical Studies of Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Reactions in Silicon Systems.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 89-31 Oct 91,

NOV 91 52P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Raff, Lionel M.; Thompson, Donald L.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0085

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-1021, AFOSR

1-1021, ATUSK

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This report summarizes the results of research conducted under AFOSR support with particular emphasis on investigations carried out during three-year period. The research reviewed includes homogeneous and heterogeneous processes of particular importance in the chemical vapor deposition (CVD) of silicon from silanes and dislanes, the study of chemical processes occurring under conditions of close confinement, non-statistical dynamics and intramolecular energy transfer processes. New methods for (1) obtaining potential energy surfaces for highly complex systems, (2) simulation of the effects of relaxation to the bulk in surface systems, (3) perturbation studies of gas surface scattering, (4) computation of two dimensional surface tunneling rates, (5) highly efficient variational phase space theory calculation of microconical unimolecular vibrational relaxation rates are also described.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CHEMICAL REACTIONS,
CONFINEMENT(GENERAL), ENERGY TRANSFER, GASES,
HETEROGENEITY, HOMOGENEITY, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES,
PERTURBATIONS, POTENTIAL ENERGY, SCATTERING, SILANES,
SILICON, SIMULATION, SURFACES, THEORY, VAPOR DEPOSITION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B3, \*S111con,

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A244 384 CONTINUED

\*Vapor deposition, \*Chemical reactions, Reaction kinetics, Tunneling, Homogeneity, Heterogeneity, Trajectories, Distilanes, Energy transfer, Decomposition, Vapor phases, Molecular energy levels.

AD-A244 383 4/2

CLEMSON UNIV SC DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY

 (U) Wind Profiler Investigations of Low-Fraguency Gravity-Inertia Waves Around the Jet Stream. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Aug 88-2 Dec 91,

DEC 91 20

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Larsen, M. F.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0121

PROJECT NO. 2310

TASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-1032, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

gravity waves in the upper troposphere and lower stratosphere have been studies using data from a wind profiler that was temporarily located in Kansas, data from the Arecibo Observatory 430 MHz radar, data from the SOUSY-VHF-Radar located in Germany, and data from the MU radar in Japan. The radar data has shown that low frequency incertial gravity wave oscillations are a persistent feature of the region near the tropopause and in the lower structure of the region near the tropopause and in the lower structure is likely generated by the interaction of the surface winds and the orography. However, the frequency in the earth-fixed frame corresponds to a period of 24 hr and is not zero. The latter effect is presumably due to the strong vertical circulation near the tropopause with a reversal in direction at the height of the wind maximum. The observed vertical velocities are larger than expected but otherwise agree with the predictions of earlier theoretical analyses. We have also investigated the troposhere and lower stratosphere ad the low-frequency inertia-gravity waves. The turbulent layers are observed to move in the same direction as the phase progression of the background waves, indicating that the turbulent layers occur at a particular wave phase where the wave-

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A244 383 CONTINUED

perturbed flow becomes unstable.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), BACKGROUND, CIRCULATION, GERMANY, GROUND LEVEL, JAPAN, JET STREAMS, KANSAS, LAYERS, OROGRAPHY, PROFILES, RADAR, REGIONS, STRATOSPHERE, THEORY, TROPOPAUSE, TROPOSPHERE, TURBULENCE, VELOCITY, VERTICAL ORIENTATION, WAVES, WIND.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Clean air turbulence, Radar reflections, WUAFOSR2310CS, PE61102F.

AD-A244 291 20/12 20/2

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND E NGINEERING

MAIEKIALS SCIENCE AND E NGINEERING (U) Kinetic Aspects of Lattice Mismatch in Molecular Beam Epitaxial Growth on Planar and Patterned Substrates. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. 1 Feb 90-31 Jan

JUN 91 33P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Madhukar, A.

CONTRACT NO. AFDSR-90-0184

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-1011, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

of the molecular beam epitaxial growth process, its control and optimization, achieving defect reduction via growth on prepatterned substrates, and the behavior of some optical and transport characteristics for strained system using IngaAs/AlgaAs as the vehicle. Highlights include (1) the first demonstration of GaAs(11)8 homoepitaxy free of twins and with mirror-like surfaces through usage of real-time reflection electron diffraction intensity behavior; (2) demonstration of the presence of strain in the substrate to unexpectedly large depths below 3D islands of InGaAs; (3) presence of atomic relaxation in coherent island edges beyond a critical size; (5) realization of strained InGaAs/Alas resonant tunnelling diodes with room temperature peak currents approximately 125 kAmp/sq cm and peak-to-valley ratios of 5:1; (6) defect reduction via strain relief at mesa edges in growth on prepatterned mesas, (7) realization of good electroabsorption in thick (1 to 2 microns) strained multiple quantum wells; (8) dielectric encapsulation induced strain shifts, and (9) rapid thermal annealing induced intermixing of components at interfaces and the resulting changes in the nature of the quantum well

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ANNEALING, COHERENCE, CURRENTS, DEMONSTRATIONS, EDGES, INTERFACES, ISLANDS, MOLECULAR

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A244 291 BEAMS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, OPTIMIZATION, PEAK VALUES, QUANTUM ELECTRONICS, QUANTUM THEORY, REDUCTION, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), SUBSTRATES, THERMAL RADIATION, TRANSPORT. DENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2306B1, PE61102F, \*Epitaxial growth, Molecular beams, Gallium arsenides, \*Substrates, Aluminum gallium arsenides, Indium alloys, Patterns, Resonant tunneling diodes, Electron diffraction, Quantum well potential, \*Molecular beam epitaxy, Electroabsorption, Indium gallium arsenides, Patterned mesas, dielectric encapsulation, Strain shift. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

9/1 AD-A244 290

20/8

TEXAS TECH UNIV LUBBOCK DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Investigation of a Plasma Edge Cathode Under High Current Density Electron Extraction.

Final technical rept. 1 Apr 87-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**39**P DEC 91 Zieher, Klaus W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0154 CONTRACT NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-1025, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

A scheme with the potential for generation low as 0.1 cm/microsec. Higher current density and higher larger extraction fields. Numerical simulation using the MAGIC code confirmed the expected features of the scheme extracted transversely to the flow of a plasma jet. The transverse boundary of the plasma allowed extraction of space charge limited electron current for 7 microsec at current density of 18 A/sq cm. A normalized microscopic brightness of 8x10 to the 8 th power a per sq. m per sq rad was achieved. Closure of the extraction gap by invasion of plasma has been observed with a velocity as brightness is expected for higher plasma densities and microsec pulse duration for microwave generation, electron accelerators or free electron lasers has been of an electron beam with high brightness and several investigated experimentally. An electron beam was ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U), BOUNDARIES, BRIGHTNESS, CATHODES, CURRENT DENSITY, DENSITY, EDGES, ELECTRON ACCELERATORS, ELECTRON BEAMS, EXTRACTION, FREE ELECTRON LASERS, HIGH RATE, MICROSCOPY, MICROWAVES, PLASMA JETS, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), PULSE RATE, TRANSVERSE.

WUAFOSR2301A8, PE81102F, \*Edge cathodes, \*Plasma cathodes, Electron brightness, Magic program. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

25/3 8/4 AD-A244 281

AD-A244 281

CONTINUED

Eigenvalues, Communications networks, Neural nets.

PENNSYLVANIA UNIV PHILADELPHIA DEPT OF BIOENGINEERING

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. no. 1, 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 91,

(U) Multidimensional Signal Coding in the Visual System

NOV 91

Buchsbaum, Gershon PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0082 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-1013, AFOSR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the visual system may be using to confront natural imagery. It is also useful for identifying image components that are significant for the visual system and those which it either keeps or enhances for later stages in the early visual system. We show that M and P channels conjoin with tracking eye-movement to make visual system retinal architecture matched to basic components of time color natural images and provides insight on the strategy to realize this coding system are also investigated. In collaboration with NASA, the properties of a number of natural spatio-temporal sequences was measured. We found that the sequences showed represents .98 of the signal which retinal center/surround R/G type cells can be used This work shows that units in the visual efficient coding model for natural time varying imagery system are tuned to principal components of real world of signal representation and analysis. The methods by energy as separable. In addition, we developed an varying imagery. 3 ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , CODING, COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE, EFFICIENCY, ENERGY, EYE MOVEMENTS, IMAGES, MODELS, RETINA, SIGNALS, TRACKING, VISION. DESCRIPTORS:

(U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313AS, \*Visual \*Solar vision, Space perception, Image Neurophysiology, Response(Biology), perception, processing, IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A244 281

AD-A244 281

UNCLASSIFIED

179

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A244 276 20/15 7/5

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Electro-Optic Generation and Detection of Femtosecond Electromagnetic Pulses.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug 88-30 Sep 91,

NOV 91 30P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Auston, David H.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0109

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-1017, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Key accomplishments during this period are: (i) The successful demonstration of a new technique for generating subplicosecond electromagnetic pulses using large aperture photoconductors to produce directional and diffraction-limited beams of terahertz radiation; (2) The development of a new electrically-controlled phased array of photoconducting antennas for producing steerable terahertz radiation; (3) The extraction of femtosecond electromagnetic pulses from an electro-optic crystal following their generation by electro-optic cherenkov radiation, and their subsequent propagation and detection in free space; (4) The measurement of subplicosecond electrical response of a new organic electrooptic material (polymer); (5) The observation of terahertz transition radiation from the surfaces of electro-optic crystals.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ANTENNAS, APERTURES, CERENKOV RADIATION, CRYSTALS, DETECTION, ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES, ELECTROOPTICS, ORGANIC MATERIALS, PHOTOCOMOUCTIVITY, PHOTOCONDUCTORS, RESPONSE, SURFACES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2301A1,
 \*Electromagnetic pulses, \*Electromagnetic
 pulse generators, Femtosecond time.

AD-A244 276

AD-A244 231 15/1 5/6

UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

(U) Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990. Appendix C.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Aug 89-28 Feb 90

APR 91 21P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Darrah, Rodney

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0127

AFOSR, XF TR-91-0980, AFOSR

MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See Also Appendix D, AD-A244 232.

ABSTRACT: (U) Critical to the success of the Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR) mission is the ability of AFOSR to draw upon the research community in the United States to respond to its needs. In recent years, however, the number of U.S. citizens seeking advanced degrees in the areas of Air Force research interests has been decreasing. This refers specifically to the number of U.S. citizens obtaining Ph.D. degrees in areas of mathematics, science, and engineering that are of interest to the Air Force. This situation points toward the potential problem of a future shortage of qualified researchers in areas critical to the nation's security interest. To address this problem, the United States Air Force Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program (USAF/LGFP) was established. The program annually provides three-year fellowships for at least 25 Ph.D. students in research areas of interest to the Air Force.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, MATHEMATICS, NATIONAL SECURITY, STUDENTS, UNITED STATES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Air Force research, \*Education, Universities, Advanced degrees, Mathematics, Sciences, Engineering, National security, USAF/LGFP(United States Air Force Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program), Surveys.

AD-A244 231

UNCLASSIFIED

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A244 230 15/1 5/6
UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

(U) Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990. Appendix B. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Aug 89-28 Feb 90,

APR 91 275P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Darrah, Rodney

CONTRACT NO. F49620-86-C-0127

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0979, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See Also Appendix C, AD-A244 231.

ABSTRACT: (U) Critical to the success of the Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR) mission is the ability of AFOSR to draw upon the research community in the United States to respond to its needs. In recent years, however, the number of U.S. citizens seeking advanced degrees in the areas of Air Force research interests has been decreasing. This refers specifically to the number of U.S. citizens' obtaining Ph.D. degrees in areas of mathematics, science, and engineering that are of interest to the Air Force. This situation points toward the potential problem of a future shortage of qualified researchers in areas critical to the nation's security interest. To address this problem, the United States Air Force Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program (USAF/LGFP) was established. The program annually provides three-year fellowships for at least 25 Ph.D. students in research areas of interest to the Air Force.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, MATHEMATICS, NATIONAL SECURITY, STUDENTS, UNITED STATES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Air Force research, USAF/LGFP(United States Air Force Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program), Universities, Advanced degrees, Mathematics, Sciences, Engineering, National security, \*Education.

AD-A244 229 15/1 5/6

UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

(U) Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report for 1990. Appendix A.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Aug 89-28 Feb 90,

APR 91 2

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Darrah, Rodney

CONTRACT NO. F49620-86-C-0127

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0978, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See Also Appendix B, AD-A244 230.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

ABSTRACT: (U) Critical to the success of the Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR) mission is the ability of AFOSR to draw upon the research community in the United States to respond to its needs. In recent years, however, the number of U.S. citizens seeking advanced degrees in the areas of Air Force research interests has been decreasing. This refers specifically to the number of U.S. citizens obtaining Ph.D. degrees in areas of mathematics, science, and engineering that are of interest to the Air Force. This situation points toward the potential problem of a future shortage of qualified researchers in areas critical to the nation's security interest. To address this problem, the United States Air Force Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program (USAF/LGFP) was established. The program annually provides three-year fellowships for at least 25 Ph.D students in research areas of interest to the Air Force.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, MATHEMATICS, NATIONAL SECURITY, UNITED STATES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Air Force research, \*Education, Universities, Advanced degrees, Mathematics, Sciences, Engineering, USAF/LGFP(United States Air Force Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program), National security, Fellows, Surveys.

AD-A244 230

AD-A244 229

ASSTETED

AGE 181 T850

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

14/2 AD-A244 228

UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program Annual Report

Annual rept. 1 Aug 89-28 Feb 90 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

4 APR 91 Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-86-C-0127 CONTRACT NO.

TR-91-0977, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See Also Appendix A, AD-A244 229. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

interests has been decreasing. This refers specifically to the number of U.S. citizens obtaining Ph.D. degrees in ability of AFOSR to draw upon the research community in areas of mathematics, science, and engineering that are toward the potential problem of a future shortage of qualified researchers in areas critical to the nation's security interest. To address this problem, the United States Air Force Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program (USAF/LGFP) was established. The program annually students in research areas of interest to the Air Force Critical to the success of the Air Force provides three-year fellowships for at least 25 Ph.D. the United States to respond to its needs. In recent years, however, the number of U.S. citizens seeking Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR) mission is the of interest to the Air Force. This situation points advanced degrees in the areas of Air Force research 9

SCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE, AIR FORCE RESEARCH, MATHEMATICS, NATIONAL SECURITY, STUDENTS, UNITED STATES. DESCRIPTORS:

Universities, Advanced degrees, Mathematics, Sciences, Engineering, USAF/LGFP(United States Air Force Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program), National security, Fellows, \*Air Force Research, \*Education, 3

4/2 AD-A244 175

ALASKA UNIV FAIRBANKS GEOPHYSICAL INST

(U) Numerical Modeling and Parameterization of Gravity Wave Processes and Effects in the Atmosphere.

Final rept. 12 Nov 90-11 Nov 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 91

Fritts, David C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0028 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO.

TR-91-0947, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

address the fundamentals of gravity wave breaking, spectral evolution, and momentum and energy transports in which is now providing high-resolution 2-d simulations of compressible nonlinear gravity wave dynamics using a state-of-the-art pseudo-spectral code. These results are a substantial improvement over previous efforts to A numerical modeling effort was started the middle atmosphere. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U), ENERGY TRANSFER, GRAVITY WAVES MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MESOSPHERE. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2310A1, \*Mesosphere, 3 \*Gravity waves. IDENTIFIERS:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

20/5 AD-A244 174 CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY SPONSORED PROJECTS OFFICE

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR230381, \*Negative fons, Transition state, \*Photoelectron spectroscopy.

IDENTIFIERS: AD-A244 174

CONTINUED

Spectroscopy of the Transition State Region in Chemical Reactions. €

Final rept. 15 Jul 87-31 Oct 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 0CT

Neumark, Daniel M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

7

AF0SR-87-0341 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-0936, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

NSTRACT: (U) During the three years of this grant, a negative ion time-of-flight photoelectron spectrometer was constructed and used in a series of novel experiments designed to probe the transition state region in chemical spectra of several anions with high electron binding energies were obtained. Cold negative ions are produced in an ion source based on a pulsed free jet expansion. The ions are mass selected using a time of flight mass spectrometer. Ions of the desired mass are then photodetached with a pulsed, fixed-frequency laser, and the kinetic energy distribution of the ejected photoelectrons is determined by a second time-of-flight system. This allows us to map out the vibrational and electronic energy levels of the neutral species created by photodetachment of the mass-selected anions. reactions. In addition, conventional photoelectron

CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CHEMICAL DISSOCIATION, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, ELECTRON ENERGY, ENERGY, ENERGY ENERGY, ENERGY, ENERGY EVENEZ, EVENEZ, EVENEZ, EVENEZ, EVENEZ, EVENEZ, ENERGY, LOW TEMPERATURE, MASS SPECTROMETERS, MOLECULAR ENERGY LEVELS, MOLECULAR VIBRATION, NEUTRAL, NUCLEAR BINDING ENERGY, PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, PHOTOCLECTRONS, PULSES, SPECTROSCOPY, TIME, TRANSITIONS. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A244 174

UNCLASSIFIED

183

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A244 171 12/1

RUTGERS - THE STATE UNIV NEW BRUNSWICK NJ HILL CENTER FOR THE MATHEMATICAL S CIENCES

(U) Analysis and Regulation of Nonlinear Systems.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug 88-31 Jul 91,

NL 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sontag, Eduardo D.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0235

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0933, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The research reported deals with the control of nonlinear systems. Among the topics covered are: State-space and I/O stabilization, systems with saturated controls, universal formulas for Lyapunov-function based feedback, neural-net controllers, discrete time controllability and sample control, input/output algebraic-differential equations, and certain types of Hamiltonian systems.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), CONTROL, CONTROL SYSTEMS, HAMILTONIAN FUNCTIONS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, SATURATION, STABILIZATION, TIME

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2301A1, \*Control theory, \*Nonlinear systems, \*Systems analysis, Input, Output, Lyapunov functions, Neural nets.

AD-A244 170 12/6 9/5

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL And computer engineerin g

(U) Architecture Studies and System Demonstrations of Optical Parallel Processor for AI and NI.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct 87-31 Dec 90.

SEP 91 18

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0022, DARPA Order-6150

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0934, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) During the contract period, we have studied architecture, algorithm, and system issues pertaining to the implementation of optoelectronic technology for Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Neural Intelligence (NI). As a result, we have developed the Programmable Opto-Electronic Multiprocessor (POEM) system. We have demonstrated the superiority of the POEM architecture over VLSI and other optical systems in many applications. We have developed or modified parallel AI algorithms for efficient implementation on POEM. Finally, we are currently assembling a prototype POEM system and subsystems necessary for future POEM systems.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ALGORITHMS, ARCHITECTURE, ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, DEMONSTRATIONS, ELECTROOPTICS, INTELLIGENCE, MULTIPROCESSORS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, OPTICAL PROCESSING, PARALLEL PROCESSORS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Computer architecture, \*Parallel processors, \*Optical processing, \*Electrooptics, \*Multiprocessors, Artificial intelligence, Algorithms, Prototypes.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A244 169

CONTINUED AD-A244 169

> WESTFORD MA HAYSTACK OBSERVATORY

receivers, \*Ionospheric waves, F Region, E Region, MIDAS Project.

> DURIP Instrumentation Support for High-Latitude Ionospheric Research and the Establishment of a Dual Radar/Dual Frequency Observational Capability at the Millstone Radar Facility. e

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Jun 91,

OCT 91

Foster, John C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0169 CONTRACT NO.

3842 PROJECT NO.

**A**2 TASK NO MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-91-0945, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

and turbulence at both F and E region heights.
Simultaneous operation of the fully steerable Millstone
Hill UHF and L-band radars in the incoherent scatter mode
addresses the spatial homogeneity and simultaneity of resolution dual frequency observations of non-thermal and coherent radar backscatter from ionospheric plasma waves STRACT: (U) Radar receiver and signal processing instrumentation was acquired and fabricated in order to establish a capability for dual 440 MHz and 1390 MHz radar operations at the M.I.T. Millstone Hill research facility. Hardware costs for a duplicate of the MIDAS radar processor were provided. This instrumentation enables a program of simultaneous, high-spatial ionospheric effects and processes. DESCRIPTORS: (U), BACKSCATTERING, COHERENT RADAR, COSTS, DUAL MODE, FREQUENCY, HIGH LATITUDES, HOMOGENEITY, INCOHERENCE, INSTRUMENTATION, IONOSPHERE, L BAND, OPERATION, PLASMA WAVES, RADAR, RADAR RECEIVERS, RADAR STATIONS, RESEARCH FACILITIES, SCATTERING, SIGNAL SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, SYNCHRONISM, TURBULENCE, ULTRAHIGH FREQUENCY PROCESSING.

PEB1104D, WUAFOSR3842A2, \*Radar 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A244 169

AD-A244 169

UNCLASSIFIED

185

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A244 168 6/11 5/5

AD-A244 168 CONTINUED

SOCIETY OF TOXICOLOGY WASHINGTON DC

\*Minorities, Students, \*Career searching, Outreach program, Training.

(U) Research in Toxicology Presented by and for Minorities.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,

FEB 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ehrich, Marion

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0167

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0948, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

underrepresented in the biomedical sciences. This is especially notable in disciplines that require graduate level training, such as toxicology. The Society of Toxicology has made significant efforts to interest minorities in toxicology by introducing the discipline to undergraduates. The outreach program, showed evidence of success. About 150 people, a 'standing room only' crowd, attended the Educational Program for Minority Students. At another session a number of minority scientists and graduate students presented posters of their research results to an audience of interested toxicologists, employers, and minority undergraduates. The provided opportunity for the audience to note the wide variety of speciality areas in toxicology in which minorities work and study. Interaction of the Society of Toxicology with travel awardees was continued after the annual meeting. By review of the program through use of a questionnaire. Further contact between SOT and these advisors is being maintained by placing them on the mailing list for the SOT Newsletter.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), BIOMEDICINE, EDUCATION, MINORITIES, PERSONNEL DETECTORS, SCIENTISTS, SOCIETIES, SPACE(ROOM), STUDENTS, TOXICOLOGISTS, TOXICOLOGY, TRAINING.

DENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*TOx cology,

AD-A244 168

AD-A244 168

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

GAINESVILLE DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY FLORIDA UNIV

Complex Auditory Signals

Final rept. 15 Sep 88-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

7

Ġ Green, David M.; Berg, Bruce PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0333 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO

TR-91-0938, AFDSR AFOSR. XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

research can be divided into five categories: (1) profile analysis research, (2) synchrony detection, (3) dynamic factors, (4) psychophysical methodology, (5, 1se of Dr. B supported by the Air Force grant during the period September 15, 1988, to September 30, 1991. Basically the interest. The question is what are the factors that influence the human listener's ability to detect changes refers to the fact that correlation or synchrony between the envelopes of different spectral channels can be used as an important detection cue. Our interest in this area The following is a list of the research Berg's COSS technique to analyze profile experiments. Profile analysis continues to be our central research in a complex acoustic spectrum. Synchrony detection was initially stimulated by Dr. Virginia Richards. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U), ACOUSTIC WAVES, AUDITORY SIGNALS, CHANNELS, DETECTION, DYNAMICS, METHODOLOGY, PROFILES, PSYCHOPHYSICS, SPECTRA, VIRGINIA.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313AB IDENTIFIERS: (U)

20/13 AD-A244 168

WISCONSIN UNIV-MILWAUKEE DEPT OF PHYSICS

Shift Operator Matrix (SOM) Method and Its Application to Chemical/Physical System

9 Final rept. 1 Aug 88-26 Aug DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

18P AUG 91 McQuistan, Richmond B.; Hock, Jeffrey L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0288 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-91-0932, AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

e developed methods to generate the particles of any size shape or density, distributed on lattice spaces of any cell-shape, dimensionality and configuration. Based on this method, we have calculated lattice spaces, the adsorption isotherms for planar and the configurational heat capacity signatures of several cylindrical lattices and the magnetic properties of ropriate to the statistical/ thermodynamic treatm: t of systems consisting of square- and hexagonal-cell lattice spaces. transfer matrices ¥ ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ADSORPTION, CHEMISTRY, HEAT TREATMENT, ISOTHERMS, MAGNETIC PROPERTIES, MATRICES(MATHEMATICS), PARTICLES, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, SIGNATURES, SPECIFIC HEAT. CHEMISTRY, HEAT TREATMENT STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, TRANSFER FUNCTIONS

JENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A9, \*Thermal properties, \*Matrix materials, Lattice statistics, Ising lattices, Magnetization, Magnetic susceptibility, Adsorption, Heat capacity, Phase diagrams, Multilayer. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A244 167

AD-A244 166

187

PAGE

UNCLASSIFIED

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH 5/8 15/1 AD-A244 151 5/8 14/2 UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH 5/9 15/1 AD-A244 152

(U) United States Air Force High School Appren reship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume 4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb 88-29 Sep 90,

IPR 91 505P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Darrah, Rodney

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0053

: Arusk, Ar TR-91-0965-VOL-4, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Volume 1, AD-A244 149.

MSSTRACT: (U) The Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program's purpose is to place outstanding high school students whose interests are in the areas of mathematics, engineering, and science to work in a laboratory environment. The students, selected to participate work in an Air Force Laboratory for a duration of 8 weeks during their summer vacation.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), AIR FORCE FACILITIES, ENVIRONMENTS, LABORATORIES, MATHEMATICS, SCHOOLS, SECONDARY, STUDENTS, SUMMER.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Air Force High School Apprenticeship program, \*Apprenticeship, \*Air Force training, \*Laboratories, Schools, Students, Mathematics, Engineering, Science.

IIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC. DATION ON United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume 3.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb 88-29 Sep 90,

APR 91 80

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Darrah, Rodney

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0053 MONITOR: AFOSR, XF

TR-91-0964-VOL-3, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT -

See also Volume 4, AD-A244 152

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

ABSTRACT: (U) The Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program's purpose is to place outstanding high school students whose interests are in the areas of mathematics, engineering, and science to work in a laboratory environment. The students selected to participate work in an Air Force Laboratory for a duration of 8 weeks during their summer vacation.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE FACILITIES, ENVIRONMENTS, LABORATORIES, MATHEMATICS, SCHOOLS, SECONDARY, STUDENTS, SUMMER.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Air Force High School Apprenticeship program, \*Apprenticeship, \*Air Force training, \*Laboratories, Schools, Students, Mathematics, Engineering, Science.

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

AD-A244 149 14/2 UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH 15/1 AD-A244 150

(U) United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume 2.

Final rept. 1 Feb 88-29 Sep 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**573P** APR 91 Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F48620-88-C-0053 CONTRACT NO.

TR-91-0963-V0L-2, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 3, AD-A244 151. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

engineering, and science to work in a laboratory environment. The students selected to participate work in Program's purpose is to place outstanding high school students whose interests are in the areas of mathematics. an Air Force Laboratory for a duration of 8 weeks during The Air Force High School Apprenticeship their summer vacation. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE FACILITIES, ENVIRONMENTS, LABORATORIES, MATHEMATICS, SCHOOLS, SECONDARY, STUDENTS, DESCRIPTORS:

program, \*Apprenticeship, \*Air Force training, \*Laboratories, Schools, Students, Mathematics, Engineering, Science. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

5/6

UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

(U) United States Air Force High School Apprenticeship Program. 1990 Program Management Report. Volume 1.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb 88-29 Sep 90,

APR 91

Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0053 CONTRACT NO. TR-91-0962-VOL-1, AFOSR

MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Microfiche copies only

See Also Volume 2, AD-A244 150 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

engineering, and science to work it, a laboratory environment. The students selected to participate work in Program's purpose is to place outstanding high school students whose interests are in the areas of mathematics. an Air Force Laboratory for a duration of 8 weeks during The Air Force High School Apprenticeship their summer vacation. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR FORCE FACILITIES, ENVIRONMENTS, LABORATORIES, MATHEMATICS, SCHOOLS, SECONDARY, STUDENTS, DESCRIPTORS:

program, \*Apprenticeship, \*Air Force training, \*Laboratories, School, Students, Mathematics, Engineering Air Force High School Apprenticeship IDENTIFIERS: (U)

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DYIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A244 131

CONTINUED AD-A244 131

ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEE RING

Displacement, Plasticity. COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF CIVIL ENVIRONMENTAL AND

Brittle Ductile Failure Mechanics of Mortar and Concrete.

Final rept. 15 Apr 89-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SEP 91

AGGREGATES, MORTAR, CONCRETE, BRITTLENESS, TENSION, SHEAR, COMPRESSION STRENGTH, DEBONDING, INTERFACE DEGRADATION, CEMENTS, SLIPPAGE, PLASTICITY, ZZ UNLIMYTED.;

PLASTC - MICROFICHE --

IAC DOCUMENT TYPE: IAC SUBJECT TERMS:

PL-055993

Sture, Stein; William, Kaspar J.; PERSONAL AUTHORS: Saouma, Victor

AF0SR-89-0289 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

ដ TASK NO.

TR-91-0929, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

results comprising both theory and experiments related to energy release is used to control softening. Analytical predictions of experiments compare well, and the model has been implemented in nonlinear finite element analysis aggregates. The model simulates accurately behavior under complex two and three dimensional states of stress and fracture and slip of interfaces and adhesion, debonding, and mobilized friction mechanisms are modeled. Fracture deformation, where tension-shear and compression-shear conditions occur. The constitutive theory describes This report summarizes analysis and modeling of interfaces between cement matrix and codes.

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ADHESION, BRITTLENESS, CONCRETE, DEFORMATION, DUCTILITY, ENERGY TRANSFER, FAILURE(MECHANICS), FRICTION, INTERFACES, MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION, MODELS. DESCRIPTORS:

\*Mortars(Materials), \*Failure(Mechanics),
Aggregates(Materials), Matrix materials, Cements, Finite
element analysis, Mathematical models, Ductility,
Composite materials, Brittleness, Shear stresses, PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2302C2, \*Concrete 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A244 131

AD-A244 131

**T85004** 

190

PAGE

UNCLASSIFIED

# DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

7000 2778

FLORIDA STATE UNIV TALLAHASSEE DEPT OF METEOROLOGY

J) Prediction of Global Cloud Cover with a Very High

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Nov 90-14 Nov 91,

Resolution Global Spectral Model.

NOV 91 37P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Krishnamurti, T. N.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-91-0023

PROJECT NO. 2310

TASK NO. CS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0994, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SSTRACT: (U) Topics in this report cover: (1) Inclusion of anvil rain in cumulus parameterization scheme; and (2) Prediction of fractional cloud cover and the outgoing long wave radiation in a global model. These two studies are closely interrelated in that the first addresses a substantial improvement for our definition of tropical cloud cover, while the second treats its application over the global belt via 4 to 6 day long prediction

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CLOUD COVER, GLOBAL, LONG WAVELENGTHS, MODELS, RADIATION, REPORTS, TROPICAL REGIONS.

experiments.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR2310CS, \*Cloud cover, \*Atmosphere models, Mathematical prediction, Cumulus clouds, \*Rain, Anvil clouds, Weather forecasting, OLR(Outgoing Longwave Radiation), Tropical regions, Thermal radiation, Long Wavelengths, Humidity, Parametric analysis, High resolution.

AD-A244 080 5/8 12

WISCONSIN UNIV-MADISON DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCES

(U) Behavior and Learning in Networks with Differing Amounts of Structure.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 90,

SEP 91 28P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Uhr, Leonard

REPORT NO. UW-144-AS50

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0178

PROJECT NO. 2305

TASK NO. 83

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0939, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This research is investigating how well large networks that are built from neuron-like elements can be made to perform, and learn to perform, by giving them different types and amounts of built in structure, and the ability to learn by generating new nodes in additions to changing weights. Substantial improvements in both learning speed and performance have been achieved on both pattern recognition problems and a range of problems typically used to demonstrate the power of connectionist networks. In addition, a number of new micro-circuits and sub-networks have been specified with which more powerful and more flexible networks can be built. These include: Back-cycling nets that handle learning(along with many useful functions), rather than have that handle symbols as well as numbers; and Micro-circuits for productions and perceptual transforms.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , LEARNING, NETWORKS, NODES, PATTERN RECOGNITION, VELOCITY. IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2305B3, \*Behavior, \*Learning, Networks, Computer vision, Computer networks.

AD-A244 080

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/12 20/10 6/3 AD-A244 056 MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2301A1, \*Continuous

SOLID STATE LASERS, SWITCHING.

E

IDENTIFIERS:

lasers.

CONTINUED

AD-A244 058

wave lasers, \*Erbium lasers, \*Avalanche dynamics, Upconversion lasers, Rare earth lasers, \*Solid state

(U) Coherent Cooperative Radiation in Solids.

Final rept. 1 May 90-31 Oct 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OCT 91

Rand, Stephen C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0079 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

**\** LASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-0952, AFOSR MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

quantitative agreement obtained with preliminary measurements of nonlinear susceptibilities. Cooperative dynamics in general, and avalanche dynamics in particular, were shown to furnish a promising new mechanism not only interactions as well, opening the door to practical signal processing and switching applications exploiting the low intensity thresholds of avalanche processes. STRACT: (U) Avalanche upconversion dynamics and associated nonlinear optical response was also reported temperature. The avalanche mechanism involves a cooperative down conversion (cross relaxation) step and is a promising method of pumping rare earth lasers at entirely new (diode compatible) wavelengths, corresponding to excited state absorptions rather than ground state absorptions. Quantum theory describing the threshold for photo-darkening and the role of energy for solid state lasers but for nonlinear optical migration in avalanches was developed, and semi for the first time in Tm:YALO crystals at room ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U), ABSORPTION, AGREEMENTS, AVALANCHE EFFECT(ELECTRONICS), AVALANCHES, COHERENT RADIATION, CONVERSION, DOWN CONVERTERS, DYNAMICS, ENERGY, GROUND STATE, INTERACTIONS, LASER PUMPING, MIGRATION, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, QUANTUM THEORY, RARE EARTH ELEMENTS, RESPONSE, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SIGNAL PROCESSING, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A244 056

AD-A244 058

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

PREDICTIONS, SURFACES, VORTICES, WALLS.

CONTINUED

AD-A244 055

13/1 AD-3244 055

MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS HEAT TRANSFER LAB

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2307DS, \*Gas turbines, Film cooling, Heat transfer, Turbulence, Endwalls. (U) Studies of Gas Turbine Heat Transfer: Airfoil Surfaces and End-Wall Cooling Effects.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Apr 89-Apr 91,

SEP 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Eckert, E. R.; Goldlstein, R. J.; Patankar, S. V.; Simon, T. W.

F49620-89-C-0060 CONTRACT NO.

2307

PROJECT NO.

S TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-91-0954, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DIIC and NIIS reproductions will be in black and white.

rerouting the horseshoe vortex away from the suction wall. processes in gas turbines at the University of Minnesota over the past two years. The research is divided into three subtopics: studies of film cooling, airfoil surface heat transfer and endwall flow and heat transfer. Film cooling experiments show the effects of interaction among jets on curved surfaces and calculations show that STRACT: (U) The report documents accomplishments made toward understanding the fluid flow and heat transfer predictions in regions away from injection holes. The surface heat transfer program showed that tripping the flow or roughening the wall has a clear effect near airfoil transition and separation points and that recovery from concave curvature is surprisingly slow. Endwall studies show flow visualization on the cascade endwall and the value of a fence on the endwall for parabolic techniques give accurate effectiveness ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ACCURACY, AIRFOILS, CONCAVE BODIES, COOLING, CURVATURE, FENCES, FILM COOLING, FLOW, FLOW VISUALIZATION, FLUID FLOW, GAS TURBINES, HEAT TRANSFER, HOLES(OPENINGS), INJECTION, MINNESOTA, PARABOLAS, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A244 055

UNCLASSIFIED

193

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/8 AD-A244 054 STANFORD UNIV CA HIGH TEMPERATURE GASDYNAMICS LAB

PROPERTIES, THERMODYNAMICS, VOLUME

CONTINUED

AD-A244 054

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Fundamental Processes in Partially Ionized Plasmas

NENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2301A713, \*Plasmas(Physics), Nonequilibrium plasmas. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Sep 91,

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Kruger, C. H.; Gordon, Matt; Laux, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Christophe

AF0SR-88-0264 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

A<sub>2</sub> TASK NO.

TR-91-0930, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

atmospheric pressure can be seriously in error and that as a result the reliability of many temperature measurements in such plasmas should be questioned. Contents: Measurements of the volumetric radiative source important property in this temperature range. The results are compared with a NASA computer code. Also described is a study of quenching effects on excited states of a To our knowledge these are the first measurements of this air for temperatures in the range between 5000 and 7500K emphasized studies of plasmas properties and associated first measurements of the radiative source strength of Electronic quenching of argon excited states in a nonstrength of an air plasma between 5000 and 7500K; and nonequilibrium thermal plasma. These and companion measurements show that the common assumption of local diagnostics, including nonequilibrium effects in socalled thermal plasmas. The present report discusses Research during this past year has thermodynamic equilibrium in plasmas at or about equilibrium plasma at atmospheric pressure. 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , AIR, BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, ELECTRONICS, EQUILIBRIUM(GENERAL), IONIZATION, MEASUREMENT, NONEQUILIBRIUM FLOW, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), QUENCHING, RADIATION, RANGE(EXTREMES), RELIABILITY, SOURCES, STRENGTH(GENERAL), TEMPERATURE, THERMAL BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A244 054

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 12/1 AD-A244 052

MICHIGAN STATE UNIV EAST LANSING DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, SOLIDS, STABILITY, THEORY, THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY.

CONTINUED

AD-A244 052

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A1, \*Finite element analysis, \*Adaptive systems, \*Algorithms, Parameters, Estimates, Conduction(Heat Transfer).

IDENTIFIERS:

Applications of Adaptive Finite Element Methods to Problems in Estimation and Control for Partial Differential Equations. 3

Final rept. 15 Jun 89-14 Jul 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**201 91** 

얆

Lamm, Patricia A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFGSR-89-0419 CONTRACT NO.

4 TASK NO.

PROJECT NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-0931, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

finite element methods in estimation and control problems. theory to handle the mathematical questions of convergence and stability which arise in the use of such algorithms. The P.I. has met this goal through the study of a number of adaptive-grid finite element methods for parameter estimation problems governed by distributed parameter systems. In addition, stability problems encountered in the implementation of such algorithm have led her to make extensive studies of the ill-posed nature of these problems. In particular, theoretical and numerical studies were undertaken concerning regularization schemes for a number of ill-posed estimation problems. Specific applications considered in undertake research in the general area of adaptive-grid this latter study include the inverse heat conduction problem and regularizing aspects of descent methods as used to minimize fit-to-data functions associated with gridding numerical algorithms and to develop a solid The purpose of this grant has been to The overall goal has been to investigate adaptive linear estimation problems.

SCRIPTORS: (U), ADAPTATION, ALGORITHMS, CONTROL, DESCENT, DISTRIBUTION, ESTIMATES, FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS, INVERSION, LINEARITY, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PARAMETERS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A244 052

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 11/2 11/4 AD-A244 035

DELAWARE UNIV NEWARK

13/8

Elevated Temperature Behavior of Glass and Ceramic Matrix Composites. 3

HIGH TEMPERATURE, INFILTRATION(FLUIDS), MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, MICROSCOPY, REINFORCING MATERIALS, SHOCK RESISTANCE, TEST AND EVALUATION, THERMAL RESISTANCE, VAPORS, WHISKER COMPOSITES.

\*Fiber reinforced composites, Fracture(Mechanics), Thermal shock, Chemical vapor infiltration, \*Whisker composites, Fabrication, \*Failure(Mechanics), Sol gel Aluminosilicates, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A2.

\*Ceramic matrix composites, \*Glass

3

IDENTIFIERS:

DAMAGE, DEFLECTION, FAILURE, FRACTURE(MECHANICS),

CONTINUED

AD-A244 035 CREEP

> Final rept. 1 Jul 87-31 May 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

25P <u>.</u> SEP Chou, Tsu-Wei; Parvizi-Majidi, Azar PERSONAL AUTHORS:

2308 PROJECT NO.

**A2** TASK NO

TR-91-0948, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

behavior of the SiC(W)/A/203 composite system. Section 3 is on processing. Two research efforts have been reported. In one, the kinetics of the chemical vapor infiltration (CVI) process for fabricating continuous fiber reinforced ceramic composites was modelled for both isothermal and composites. Section 2 is on whisker and/or short fiber reinforced ceramic matrix composites. The effort included analytical modeling of crack deflection and creep composites was first conducted through mechanical testing and microscopy. Then, an analytical effort was made to examine the fracture behavior and thermal shock silicon carbide fiber reinforced calcium aluminosilicate resistance of continuous fiber reinforced ceramic matrix characterization of fracture mechanisms in whisker/short ceramic matrix composites. A systematic investigation of the damage development and failure behavior of Nicalon fiber ceramic composites at elevated temperatures, and This research effort can be categorized experimental investigation of high temperature creep into three major areas. Section 1 of the report summarizes research on continuous fiber reinforced reinforced composites, behavior of whisker ŝ ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U), BEHAVIOR, CERAMIC MATERIALS, CERAMIC MATRIX COMPOSITES, CHEMICALS, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, CRACKS DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A244 035

reinforced textile (woven and braided) ceramic composites

processing route was used to develop three-dimensionally

forced CVI conditions. In the other effort, sol-gel

AD-A244 035

UNCLASSIFIED

198

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A244 034

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING (U) Fault Tolerant Architectures for Multiprocessors and VLSI-Based Systems.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 May 88-29 Sep 91,

SEP 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Prachan, Dhiraj K.

AF0SR-88-0205 CONTRACT NO.

2301

PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-0950, AFOSR

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

based test response compressors was developed based on algebraic coding theory. It has advantages over Markov modeling in allowing exact computation of aliasing probability and extension to other forms of built-in selfwas produced for fault-tolerant testable RAM's (TRAM's). derivation of lower bounds on VLSI layout areas and provided a method to meet those bounds. The graphs were extended to hyper-de Bruijn networks. Finally a design test. The use of deBruijn graphs was adopted to studies of VLSI-based multiprocessor networks. These allowed A general framework for shift register-3

SUMIPTURS: (U) , ARCHITECTURE, CODING, FAULTS, GRAPHS, THEORY, TOLERANCE. DESCRIPTORS:

JENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2301A2, \*Computer architecture, \*Fault tolerant computing, Multiprocessors, Random access computer storage, Very large scale integration, Shift registers. IDENTIFIERS:

20/4 AD-A244 033 CALSPAN UB RESEARCH CENTER BUFFALD NY

(U) Investigation of Unsteady Flow in an Annular Cascade

Final rept. Jul 87-Oct 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

112P OCT 91 ERSONAL AUTHORS: George, William K.; Taulbee, Dale B.; LeBoeuf, Richard L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

WA770 REPORT NO. F49620-87-C-0053 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

TR-91-0953, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

The measurements were taken across one stator pitch, at the passage midspan, 10% axial chord downstream of the stator trailing edge. The resulting 1088 cross-spectral estimates were then decomposed to obtain the eigenspectra and eigenmodes of the midspan flowfield. In addition, the to be the wake and outer flow region because of the large ISTRACT: (U) The proper orthogonal decomposition (POD) was used to test the hypothesis that there exist a set of functions which characterize a turbine stator exit POD was applied to two subdomains of the passage flowfield in order to increase the convergence rate of the energy representation. The two subdomains were taken decomposition was applied to three component triple-wire probe measurements of a large-scale annular stator model exit flowfield. This study represents the first application of the orthogonal decomposition to directly measured three component data, and one of the first applications to an applied engineering flow. The full three-component cross-spectral tensor was produced from simultaneous multipoint triple-wire probe measurements. difference in scales between those regions. The wake spanned approximately 20% of the stator pitch at the flowfield and whose dynamics may explain some of the complex behavior in downstream blade rows. The ABSTRACT:

AD-A244 033

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A244 033 CONTINUED

measurement plane. Large distinct low frequency peaks (below 200Hz) were found in many of the eigenmodes although not consistently at the same frequencies. These peaks were considered the result of either inlet flow disturbances or migration of passage generated flows structures. More detailed measurements are needed however, to determine the nature of the source of these low frequency (apparently large spatial scale) structures.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), BLADES, CONVERGENCE, DECOMPOSITION, DYNAMICS, EIGENVECTORS, ENERGY, ENGINEERING, EXITS, FLOW, FLOW FIELDS, FUNCTIONS, HYPOTHESES, INLETS, LOW FREQUENCY, MEASUREMENT, ORTHOGONALITY, RATES, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, STATORS, STRUCTURES, TRAILING EDGES, TURBINE STATORS, UNSTEADY FLOW, WAKE.

DENTIFIERS: (U) \*Cascades(Fluid Dynamics), Downstream flow, Turbine blades, POD(Proper Orthogonal Decomposition), Hot wire anemometers, Burgers equations, PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2307A4.

AD-A244 028 8/5

ARMED FORCES INST OF PATHOLOGY WASHINGTON DC

(U) Evaluation of Hyperbaric Oxygen Therapy in the Treatment of Spinal Cord Injury Using the Rabbit Spinal Stroke Model.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. Sep 89-Sep 90,

NOV 90 55

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Harrison, C. M.; Slayter, M. V.; Anderson, L. H.; Criswell, D. W.; Long, J. B.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0543

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-81-0935, AFOSR UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

outcome. In an alternative anesthetized model, hyperbaric oxygen treatment appeared to temporarily retard the post This study examined the role of oxygen in after reperfusion and retained substantial hindlimb movement at 24 hours. However, both the sea level oxygen point neuromotor index (4 = normal, 0 = total paralysis) between spinal cord damage and the clinical neurological occlusion, via a pre-implanted aortic snare, followed by 15 minutes of reperfusion prior to treatment with one of paralyzed at 24 hours. Histopathological examination of three inhaled gas compositions: air (control), 100% oxygen (sea level oxygen), and 100% oxygen at 2.8 atmospheres pressure (hyperbaric oxygen). After the 90 minute treatment and at specific times thereafter, the the development of neuromotor dysfunction generated by temporary aortic occlusion in awake and anesthetized rabbit models of experimental spinal cord ischemia. Animals underwent 30 minutes of infrarenal aortic regained hindlimb neuromotor function within six hours and hyperbaric oxygen groups failed to regain hindlimb animals hindlimb motor function was graded on a five Control animals were paralyzed after reperfusion but neuromotor function within six hour and were totally the animal's spinal cord revealed good correlation E ABSTRACT:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A244 028

hyperemia of the affected spinal cord segments. These data support the notion that the degree of inspired oxygen tension in the immediate reperfusion period may play a role in the development of spinal cord reperfusion phenomenon was not accompanied by an increase in tissue lipid peroxidation but was accompanied by post treatment reperfusion improvement in neuromotor function. This injury. ESCRIPTORS: (U) , ANESTHESIA, ANIMALS, CONTROL, DAMAGE, HISTOLOGY, HYPERBARIC CONDITIONS, HYPERBARIC MEDICINE, ISCHEMIA, LABORATORY ANIMALS, MODELS, OXYGEN, PARALYSIS, PATHOLOGY, RABBITS, SEA LEVEL, SPINAL COLUMN, SPINAL CORD, TENSION, THERAPY, WOUNDS AND INJURIES. DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, Rabbits, Hyperbaric oxygen therapy, Reperfusion injury, Spinal column, Ischemia, \*Military medicine, \*Neurobiology, Laboratory animals. IDENTIFIERS:

11/4 AD-A244 028

7/4

LOCKHEED MISSILES AND SPACE CO INC PALO ALTO CA PALO ALTO RESEARCH LAB High Temperature Interactions of Metallic Matrices with Ceramic Reinforcements. €

Final rept. 1 Dec 87-3; Aug DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

200P AUG 91 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Joshi, A.; Chou, T. C.; Wadsworth, J.

LMSC-P010621 REPORT NO. F49620-88-C-0021 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO.

TR-91-0955, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

research effort is to develop a scientific understanding of the nature and extent of interactions between these materials at high homologous temperatures. Part of this study is to understand these processes sufficiently well that diffusion barriers can be selected to control the carbon were formed as layered reaction products in the reaction zones. Thin films of A1203 in the 100 to 500 nm thickness range are shown to be effective in minimizing the reaction between Nb and SiC. carbides, ternary metal-silicon-carbides, and unreacted aluminum oxides and silicon nitrides with selected high interaction. Interfacial reactions of silicon carbides resistance. Metal matrices with ceramic reinforcements include neodymium and tantalum strong carbide formers, cobalt, nickel, platinum, Ti3A1, and stainless steel. Reactions of the metals with SiC in this temperature range were extensive; various metal sillicides, metal Advanced aerospace systems require low temperature metals have been studied at temperatures offer such potential. The primary objective of this between 800 and 1200 C for various times. The metal density materials with substantially improved high temperature mechanical properties and oxidation Ξ ABSTRACT:

AD-A244 028

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A244 028

ESCRIPTORS: (U), AEROSPACE SYSTEMS, ALUMINUM OXIDES, BARRIERS, CARBIDES, CARBON, CERAMIC MATERIALS, COBALT, DIFFUSION, HIGH TEMPERATURE, INTERACTIONS, INTERFACES, LAYERS, LOW DENSITY, MATERIALS, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, METAL COMPOUNDS, METALS, NEODYMIUM, NICKEL, OXIDATION RESISTANCE, PLATINUM, RANGE(EXTREMES), RESPONSE, SILICON CARBIDES, SILICON NITRIDES, STAINLESS STEEL, TANTALUM, TEMPERATURE, THICKNESS.

Kinetic energy, \*Kinetic reactions, Titanium alloys, Electron diffraction, High temperature, Thin films, PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2308A1, \*Ceramic materials, Shear strength, \*Interfaces, Sputtering, materials, \*Metal matrix composites, Reinforcing Scanning electron microscopy, Spacecraft. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

MMC-703418

MMCIAC - HARD COPY IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

15/8 AD-A244 024 UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DA/TON OH

Program for 1990. Program Technical Report. Volume 1. United States Air Force Graduate Student Research

Annual rept. (Final) 1 Sep 89-31 Aug 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**587P** JUN 91

Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0053 CONTRACT NO.

TR-91-0967, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

# UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 2, AD-A244 023. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Was initiated in 1982. The Graduate Student Research Program (GSRP) is an adjunct effort to the Summer Faculty Research Program. This report includes the following Topics: Application of an Expert System to Compressor Stall Warning; On the Hazard of Combustion Chamber Oscillations in a Large Freejet Test Cell; Uniform Rain/Ice Environment in the Aerothermal Wind Tunnel; Control Design of Astrex Test Article; Estimation of Time Optimal Control Switching Times for Arbitrary Reprientation Maneuvers of a Rigid Spacecraft; Van der Waals Forces in Capillary Tubes; Design and Analysis of Reaction Wheel Actuators for ASTREX; The Effects of Elevated Temperature Exposure on the Strength and Microstructure of 2-D Carbon-Carbon: Investigating the Loading Rate Effect on the Grack Growth Behavior in a Composite Solid Propellant; Control Design of Astrex Test Article; Introductory Study of Compression-Shear Interaction in 3-D Carbon Carbons. The Summer Faculty Research Program (SFRP) 3 ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACTUATORS, AEROTHERMODYNAMICS,
CAPILLARY TUBES, COMBUSTION CHAMBERS, COMPOSITE
PROPELLANTS, COMPRESSORS, CONTROL, CRACK PROPAGATION,
ENVIRONMENTS, EXPERT SYSTEMS, AFFOSURE (GENERAL), HAZARDS,
HIGH TEMPERATURE, ICE, INSTRUCTORS, JET FLOW, OSCILLATION,
RAIN, RATES, RESPONSE, RIGIDITY, SPACECRAFT, STALL
WARNING INDICATORS, SUMMER, TEST EQUIPMENT, WHEELS, WIND DESCRIPTORS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A244 024

\*Military research

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IDENTIFIERS:

UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

15/8

AD-A244 023

(U) United States Air Force Graduate Student Research Program for 1990. Program Technical Report. Volume 2.

Annual rept. (Final) 1 Sep 89-31 Aug 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

LG NOO

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Darrah, Rodney

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0053

TR-91-0968, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 3, AD-A244 022

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Nas initiated in 1982. The Graduate Student Research Program (SFRP) was initiated in 1982. The Graduate Student Research Program (GSRP) is an adjunct effort to the Summer Faculty Research Program. This report includes the following Topics: Simulation of Head/Neck Response to 'Gx Impact; Administration of USAF Occupational Surveys; Psychophysical Measurement of Spectral Atternation in the Gestational and Lactational Transfer of Hexachlorobenzene Making Under System Fallure Conditions; Statistical Analysis of Civil Disorders: Speaker Normalization and Vowel Recognition using Neural Networks; Cardio Respiratory Measures of Workload During Continuous Manual Performance; Development of a Localization Performance Paradigm for RHAW Applications; A Comparative Analysis of from the Maternal Rat Dosed Prior to Breeding; Decisiona 4-Group and 8-Group Job Classification; A Pilot Study of the Naming Transaction Shell; Automating the Human In Vivo Ocular Media: Method and Results. ABSTRACT: (U)

DISTURBANCES, FAILURE, FEMALES, INSTRUCTORS, MANUAL DISTURBANCES, FAILURE, FEMALES, INSTRUCTORS, MANUAL OPERATION, MEASUREMENT, NECK(ANATOMY), NEURAL NETS, NORMALIZING(STATISTICS), PILOT STUDIES, PREGNANCY, PSYCHOPHYSICS, RATS, RECOGNITION, RESPONSE, SIMULATION, SPECTRA, SPECTA, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, SUMMER, TRANSFER, VOWELS, WORKLOAD DESCRIPTORS:

\*Military research 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A244 023

UNCLASSIFIED

**T85004** 201 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

20/8 AD-A244 002

> DAYTON OH UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC

Program for 1990. Program Technical Report. Volume 3. (U) United States Air Force Graduate Student Research

Annual rept. (Final) 1 Sep 89-31 Aug 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

4 10P 16 NO Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0053 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-0969, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also Volume 1, AD-A244 024. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Student Research Program (USAF-GSRP) is conducted under the United Air Force Summer Faculty Research Program. This report includes the following topics: Two Dimensional Simulation of Railgun Plasma Armatures; Infrared Laser Polarimetry; Computing Circumcenters; High Aspects of the Penetration of Reinforced Concrete Slabs; High Speed Parallel Signal Processing; Graphics for Turbine Math Models; A Neural Network for the Analysis of Prediction Method for Underexpanded Nozzles in Supersonic Test Data from the Aeropropulsion Systems Test Facility; Investigations of Acoustic Resonance Phenomena Using The United States Air Force Graduate Speed Video Systems for Munitions Testing; Physical Computer Animation Postprocessing; Exhaust Plume External Flows EXCRIPTORS: (U) , ACOUSTIC RESONANCE, AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING, AMMUNITION, ARMATURES, ELECTROMAGNETIC GUNS, EXHAUST PLUMES, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, EXTERNAL, HIGH RATE, INFRARED LASERS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, NEURAL NETS, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), POLARIMETRY, PREDICTIONS, PROPULSION SYSTEMS, REINFORCED CONCRETE, SIMULATION, SUPERSONIC FLOW, TEST AND EVALUATION, TEST FACILITIES, TURBINES, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VIDEO SIGNALS. DESCRIPTORS:

Military research, Rail guns, Munitions 3 IDENTIFIERS: testing

ALABAMA UNIV IN HUNTSVILLE DEPT OF PHYSICS

Analysis of Polarizing Optical Systems for Digital Optical Computing with Symmetric Self Electrooptic Devices.

Final rept. 1 Sep 89-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

138P **20**4

Chipman, Russell A.; Pezzaniti, Joseph PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0542 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-91-1002, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

polarimetry to study the propagation of polarized light in polarization based optical interconnects such as the AT&T digital optical computer, and adapted polarization systems for digital optical computing. An imaging polarimeter was constructed and calibrated at UAH under this contract. The output is a Mueller matrix image, a spatial representation of the polarization properties adjusts the polarization components. Imaging polarimeter was demonstrated to be a useful alignment tool and was polarizing beam splitters, linear retarders, and liquid polarization between the top and bottom, left and right sides of a wavefront as one rotates tilts, or otherwise across a wavefront, typically as a function of field of view or pupil coordinate. With the imaging polarimeter used to characterize many polarizing elements such as aberration theory and polarization ray tracing, to understand new classes of problems arising in optical one can simultaneously balance the transmitted This research developed imaging ABSTRACT: (U) crystals.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), BEAM SPLITTING, COORDINATES, DIGITAL COMPUTERS, DISTORTION, ELECTROOPTICS, EYE, IMAGES, LIGHT, LIQUID CRYSTALS, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, OPTICAL PROCESSING,

AD-A244 002

# DIIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A244 002 CONTINUED

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, POLARIMETERS, POLARIMETRY, POLARIZATION, PROPAGATION, RAY TRACING, RETARDATION, SIDES, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, SYMMETRY, THEORY, WAVEFRONTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Optical computing, \*Digital computing, Polarizing systems, Polarimetry, WUAFOSR230581.

AD-A243 991 22/

INTEGRATED SYSTEMS INC SANTA CLARA CA

 (U) Adaptive and Nonlinear Control for Rapid Maneuvering of Flexible Structures.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Sep 87-Jun 91,

OCT 91 90P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kosut, Robert L.; Kabuli, Guntekin M.

REPORT NO. ISI-5733-05

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0012

PROJECT NO. D812

TASK NO. K1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0971, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the design of feedback controllers for rapid slewing of flexible space structures, such as optical tracking systems. Two approaches evolved during this research. The first approach modifies the exact rigid-body time-optimal control so as to account for chattering near zero tracking error and robustness to flexible modes close to the controller bandwidth. Efforts to make this controller adaptive are also presented. The second approach uses a combination of feed forward trajectory generation with a standard linear feedhack in the inner loop. The feedoptimization problem which is an approach is effective for multiple input multiple output systems with independent actuator saturation constraints.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ACTUATORS, ADAPTIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS, BANDWIDTH, CONTROL SYSTEMS, CONVEX BODIES, FEEDBACK, FEEDING, FLEXIBLE STRUCTURES, FORWARD AREAS, INTERNAL, LINEAR SYSTEMS, LOOPS, MANEUVERABILITY, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, OPTICAL TRACKING, OPTIMIZATION, SATURATION, SLEWING, SPACE SYSTEMS, TRAJECTORIES.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A243 991 structures, \*Spacecraft components, \*Flexible structures, structures, \*Spacecraft components, \*Flexible structures, \*Slewing, \*Control systems, Feedback, \*Adaptive control systems, Optimization, Turning(Maneuvering), MIMO(Multiple Input Multiple Output), Nonlinear control systems, Transfer functions, Feedback controllers, Feed forward generators, Signal generators. IDENTIFIERS:

= 20/4 AD-A243 989

5/1

PRINCETON UNIV NJ DEPT OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING Proceedings of the Princeton Workshop on New Approaches to Experimental Turbulence Research Held in Princeton, New Jersey on September 5 - 7, 1990. Ê

Final rept. 15 Aug 90-14 Feb 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

159P Le NO PERSONAL AUTHORS: Smits, Alexander J.

MAE-1924 REPORT NO. AF0SR-90-0315 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-91-0990 AFOSR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

some issues facing the experimental turbulence research community, such as the question of it relevance to advances in fluid mechanics, the role of computers and instrumentation, finding sources, education, and faculty development. The major concerns were identified, and The focus of this workshop was to address discussions were had to develop a strategy to guide our turbulence attended, from all aspects of turbulence future activities. About 50 research workers in research, over a period of two and a half days. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) , COMPUTERS, FLUID MECHANICS, INSTRUCTORS, NEW JERSEY, SOURCES, TURBULENCE. DESCRIPTORS:

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2307A2, PE61102F, \*Turbulence, \*Research management, Computer applications, Instrumentation, Universities, Experimental design.

UNCLASSIFIED

T85004

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTINUED

· AD-A243 985

to the weights.

DESCRIPTORS:

23/3 12/7 **8/0**2 AD-A243 985 MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND COMPU TER SCIENCE

(U) Hybrid Optical Inference Machines.

Final rept. 15 Aug 86-14 Feb 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ALGORITHMS, COUPLING(INTERACTION), DECOMPOSITION, DELAY, FAULT TOLERANCE, FOURIER SERIES, INFORMATION PROCESSING, LIGHT MODULATORS, NEURAL NETS, OPTICS, OSCILLATION, PARAMETERS, SELF OPERATION, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, STATICS, STORAGE, SYMBOLS, TIME INTERVALS, TRAINING, TRAJECTORIES, VARIATIONS, WEIGHT.

SBP(Spectral Back Propagation), Sonn(Self Oscillating Neural Networks), Symbolic processing, Finite state

inference machines, \*Neural networks, \*Optical interconnections, \*Interconnection holograms,

WUAF0SR578003, PE61101E, \*Optical

IDENTIFIERS:

**92**p SEP 91 Ware, Cardinal; Kottas, James; Shrauger, PERSONAL AUTHORS: Vernon

AFDSR-86-0301 CONTRACT NO.

5780

PROJECT NO.

ဗ TASK NO. AFOSR, XD MONITOR:

TR-91-0999, DARPA

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

program has had many accomplishments. First, the self-oscillating neural network (SONN) model was developed and characterized as the oscillatory medium. This model was designed with optical spatial SLMs in mind and does not training algorithm was developed with complete generality as a means of forming the coulling trajectories. This algorithm trains input-output sequences into a network with fault tolerance and relatively small space-bandwidth technology. The program has focused on developing a storage medium with many limit cycles (oscillatory modes) limit cycles to represent and processing symbolic information in the context of an inference machine. This approach was proposed as a means of overcoming problems available and a method for coupling the various modes in a desired way. Because of their flexibility, neural in the optics. Next, the spectral back-propagation (SBP) and algorithms developed. In the theoretical realm, the network ideas were used as the basis for the components require any training or programming. Furthermore, it is This program has investigated the use of highly tolerant of static parameter variations inherent interconnects to have trainable time delays in addition decomposition of the sequences. The method allows the using an error criterion based on a Fourier series products in current spatial light modulator (SLM)

AD-A243 985

AD-A243 985

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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AD-A243 980

9/1 20/12 20/8 AD-A243 980 DEPT OF UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND ELECTROPHYSICS

(U) High Power Solid State Switches

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Jan 88-14 Jul 91,

DENTIFIERS: (U) \*Optical thyristor, \*Backlighted thyratrons, \*Gallium arsenides, Switching circuits, Solid state switches, PE61102F, WUAFDSR2301A7.

IDENTIFIERS:

GALLIUM ARSENIDES, ISOTOPE SEPARATION, JAPAN, KINETIC ENERGY, KINETIC ENERGY PROJECTILES, LASER INDUCED FUSION, LASERS, LIMITATIONS, MICROWAVE EQUIPMENT, PHYSICS, POWER, PULSES, THYRATRONS, THYRISTORS, VAPOR PHASES, WEAPONS.

NOV 91

Gundersen, Martin PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0093 CONTRACT NO.

2301

PROJECT NO.

**A** TASK NO.

TR-91-0997, AFUSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

supported gas phase work - resulting in the back-lighted thyratron (BLT) - has actually resulted in a very changed We have successfully produced an optically and are developing models for the physical processes that will determine device limitations. The previously view of how switching can be accomplished, and this is impacting the design of important machines. The BLT is being studied internationally: in Japan for laser fusion and laser isotope separation. ITT has built a BLT that has switched 30 kA at 60 kV in testing at NSWC Dahlgren and the device is being commercialized by another triggered thyristor based in Gallium Arsenide, developed a model for breakdown, and are developing 2 related American company. Versions of the switch are now being tested for excimer laser and other applications. Basically, the switch, which arose from pulse power physics studies at USC, can switch more current faster devices, including a Gallium Arsenide based static inductor thyristor. We are getting at the basic limitations of Gallium Arsenide for these applications (higher di/dt), with less housekeeping, and with other advantageous properties. There are a large number of other new applications, include kinetic energy weapons pulsed microwave sources and R.F. accelerators. ABSTRACT:

, COMPANY LEVEL ORGANIZATIONS, EXCIMERS, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A243 980

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**8** 

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

5/1 AD-A243 979 HARVARD UNIV CAMBRIDGE MA DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Perception and the Temporal Properties of Speech.

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , ADDRESSING, ATTENTION, AUDITORY PERCEPTION, CODING, DATA BASES, IMPACT, MODELS, NETWORKS, PERCEPTION, PHONETICS, SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO, SPEECH, STIMULI, THEORY, VOWELS.

CONTINUED

AD-A243 979

DESCRIPTORS:

IENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313A4, \*Auditory perception, \*Phonemes, \*Speech recognition, Fricatives. Attention, Phonetic segments.

IDENTIFIERS:

Annual rept. Jul 89-Jul 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 91

Gordon, Peter C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0481 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-0993, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Attention is shown to influence the signal to noise ratio perform an arithmetic distractor task at the same time as identifying a speech stimulus. The voice onset time cue loses phonetic significance when subjects are distracted, while the FO onset frequency cue does not. The second experiment shows a similar pattern for two cues to the distinction between the vowels /i/ (as in 'beat') and /I/ in phonetic encoding. This principle is instantiated in a network model in which the role of attention is to reduce attention in phonetic perception are reported. The first experiment shows that the relative importance of two cues task places little demand on verbal short term memory. Experiment 4 provides a large data set for testing formal noise in the phonetic encoding of acoustic cues. Implications of this work for understanding speech perception and general theories of the role of attention (as in 'bit'). Together these experiments indicate that phonetic impact without close attention. Experiment 3 shows that this pattern is obtained when the distractor careful attention to speech perception is necessary for Four experiments addressing the role of to the voicing distinction changes when subjects must strong acoustic cues to achieve their full phonetic impact, while weaker acoustic cues achieve their full models of the role of attention in speech perception. in perception are discussed 3

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AD-A243 979

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207

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/2 AD-A243 978

MARYLAND UNIV COLLEGE PARK DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Nonlinear Mechanics and Applied Analysis.

\*Hamiltonian

STABILITY, STATIONARY, SYMMETRY, THEOREMS, VARIATIONAL PRINCIPLES.

CONTINUED

AD-A243 978

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A4, \*Hamiltoni functions, \*Periodic functions, Mechanics, Nonlinear (U) PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2304A4,

systems.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 89-31 Oct 91,

OCT 91

Maddocks, John H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0376 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-0998, AFOSR MONITOR:

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

periodic solutions that are associated with symmetries of the equations. While it is well known that stationary solutions of a Hamiltonian system can be characterized as extremals of the potential energy, it is less widely appreciated that symmetry-related periodic solutions, or variational principle that are actually constrained local minima. It is shown how to apply the new results in the special context of Hamiltonian mechanics, and various machinery developed here can be viewed as an alternative minimizer (in some sense), as opposed to merely being a stationary point, then a stability result is very often available. We are therefore left with the problem of characterization, typically involving constraints. This variational characterization is important because if a to the energy-casimir and energy-momentum methods with the benefit that the necessary tests can be concretely Many important Hamiltonian systems have stability and instability theorems are described. The and rigorously applied in several complex examples of relative equilibria, can also be given a variational periodic solution is associated with a constrained characterizing those extremals of a constrained physical importance. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , EQUATIONS, HAMILTONIAN FUNCTIONS, INSTABILITY, MECHANICS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, PERIODIC FUNCTIONS, POTENTIAL ENERGY, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A243 978

AD-A243 978

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208

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTINUED

AD-A243 977 structure

20/4 AD-A243 977

12/5

PEDA CORP PALO ALTO CA

Accurate, Productive Aerodynamic Simulation on Patched Mesh Systems. 3

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , AERODYNAMICS, COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, CONTROL, DATA BASES, DECOMPOSITION, EFFICIENCY, FACILITIES, GLOBAL, GRAPHICS, GRAPHS, HIERARCHIES, LINEAR ARRAYS, MESH, PARTS, PHYSICS, PROBLEM SOLVING, PROTOTYPES, SIMULATION, WORK STATIONS.

DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2307A1, \*Aerodynamic configurations, \*Mesh, \*Computerized simulation, \*Grids, \*Finite difference theory, Chemical reactions, Expert

IDENTIFIERS:

systems, Navier Stokes equations.

Final rept. 1 Oct 86-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

6 SC

Lombard, Charles PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-85-C-0081 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-0975, AFOSK

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

relationships are naturally exhibited and easily debugged or modified in the graph. The solution of problems is literally to traverse the graphs. For the emerging prototype aerodynamic simulation facility, the graphs which are to control grid generation Navier Stokes solution procedures, and scientific graphics are to be constructed with a graphical editor hosted in high decompositions for treating complex geometries and resolving captured flow structures can by systematically organized within the context of the directed graph programming concept being explored. Problems and parts of In the fifth and final year of the program arrays in which the data and parameterization associated the research has completed defining data structures, object based programming style, and tools for a new flexible approach to scientific programming and problem solving. Problems of program complexity associated with changing models and physics as well as with joined and performance graphics workstations. The efficient global data structure for the system is a set of large linear with the independent quadrilateral blocks of mesh are sequentially stacked. The directed graph is to control procedures that point to and operate on the data problems having geometric connectivity or its analogs disjoint multiple independent patched mesh domain such as association, hierarchy or precedence 3 ABSTRACT:

AD-A243 977

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# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CAMBRIDGE LAB FOR INFORMATION MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH AND DECISION SYSTEMS AD-A243 959

Singular Systems and for Systems Subject to Discrete Analysis, Estimation and Control for Perturbed and 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Oct 87-30 Sep

6 얺 Willsky, Alan S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

LIDS-R-2076 REPORT NO.

AF0SR-88-0032 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO

۲ TASK NO.

TR-91-0949, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the analysis, estimation, and control of complex systems with particular emphasis on (a) multiresolution modeling and signal processing; (b) the investigation of theoretical questions related to singular systems; and (c) accomplishments in the research program supported by Grant AFOSR-88-0032 over the period from October 1, 1987 to September 30, 1991. The basic scope of this program is characterized by sequences of discrete events. These three topics are described in the next three sections of this report. A full list of publications supported by In this report we summarize our the analysis of complex systems subject to or Grant AFOSR-88-0032 is also included. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CONTROL SYSTEMS, PERTURBATIONS SEQUENCES, SIGNAL PROCESSING.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2304A1, PEB1102F, \*Systems approach, \*Perturbation theory, \*Estimates, Signal processing, Control theory.

AD-A243 959

15/5 AD-A243 935

2/1 20/9

UNIVERSAL ENERGY SYSTEMS INC DAYTON OH

Annual Report for 1990: Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program.

Rept. for 1 Aug 89-28 Feb 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

1572P APR 91

Darrah, Rodney PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0127 CONTRACT NO.

TR-91-0982, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Document partially illegible.

and Analysis of Autonomic Activity During Motion Sickness (USAF/LGFP) was established. The program annually provides three-year fellowships for at least 25 Ph.D. students in research areas of interest to the Air Force. This report includes information on the following topics: Volatile Organic Materials in soil and Their Removal. Configurations of Parents and Siblings of Language Disordered Boys. Thermo Inelasticity, Theorems of Linear ability of AFOSR to draw upon the research community in the United States to respond to its needs. In recent years, however, the number of U. S. citizens seeking toward the potential problem of a future shortage of qualified researchers in areas critical to the nation's Critical to the success of the Air Force in areas of mathematics, science, and engineering that are of interest to the Air Force. This situation points security interest. To address this problem, the United States Air Force Laboratory Graduate Fellowship Program interests has been decreasing. This refers specifically to the number of U. S. citizens obtaining Ph.D. degrees Plasmas Magnetosphera Ionosphere Coupling Measurements, Systems, Feedback Stabilization in Deformable Tokomak Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR) mission is the advanced degrees in the areas of Air Force research Seismological Studies of Earth Structure, Cerebral Disordered Boys, Thermo Inelasticity,

\*AIR FORCE RESEARCH, \*ORGANIC MATERIALS, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A243 935 CONTINUED

\*SOIL CHEMISTRY, \*SEISMOLOGY, \*CEREBELLUM, \*ELASTIC PROPERTIES, \*FRACTURE(MECHANICS), \*LINEAR SYSTEMS, \*AXISYMMETRIC, \*MAGNETIC FIELDS, \*MOTION SICKNESS, \*AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SYSTEM, GROUND WATER, DEFORMATION, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), STABILITY, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, MAGNETOSHERE, IGNOSPHERE, PERTURBATION THEORY, PHYSIOLOGY, THESES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Research topics, \*LGPP(Laboratory Graduate Research Program), Unsaturated soil, Soil contamination, Language disordered, Cerebral configuration, Thermo inelasticity, Tokamak plasmas, Vortex theorems, Edge theorems, Linear time variant systems, Polytopes, Transfer function.

AD-A243 903 5/8

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TITO DEFONE BELLECONDING

CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIV CLEVELAND OH DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Response Devices and Cognitive Tasks.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 18 Jun 80-30 Oct 81,

OCT 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Detterman, Douglas K.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-90-0084

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A7

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0984, AFDSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The aims of the research are to study the effects of response mode, response complexity, instructions and practice on basic cognitive tasks, and to use the information obtained to develop more elaborated models of cognitive functioning which take these factors into account. To accomplish these aims, subjects will be tested on a set of computer-administered cognitive tasks, using keyboard and touch screen response modes, and under varying sets of verbal and nonverbal instructions.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , COGNITION, MODELS, RESPONSE, SCREENS(DISPLAYS), TOUCH.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A7, \*Cognition, \*Response, \*Reaction time, Instructions.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/4 AD-A243 862

CONTINUED AD-A243 862 , Karhunen Loeve method.

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY COLL OF ENGINEERING

(U) Studies in Global, Bifurcation and Symmetry.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 88-31 May 91,

MAY 91

Holmes, Phillip PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-89-0200 CONTRACT NO.

2304

PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR, XF TR-91-0928, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Stokes equations can be calculated. These dynamical systems retain key features of the turbulence production mechanisms. The inherit symmetries from physical space which lead to the existence of structurally stable heteroclinic cycles, in turn creating intermittent improved understanding of basic mechanisms and design of drag control strategies. Unlike other groups using Models of Turbulent Boundary Layers used dynamics remarkably similar to the bursting phenomenon rationally derived low (~10-50) dimensional models for turbulence in open flows and they offer promise of the proper orthogonal decomposition theorem to provide optimal bases for finite dimensional subspaces so that relatively low dimensional projections of the Navierobserved in experiments. Ours are perhaps the first complete analyses of the projected ODE's. This work resulted in papers and also led to the mathematical Karhunen-Loeve methods, we have carried out rather 3 questions. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) CONTROL, DECOMPOSITION, DRAG, DYNAMICS, FLOW, MODELS, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, ORTHOGONALITY, PRODUCTION, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), SPACE(ROOM), STRATEGY, THEOREMS, TURBULENCE, TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

flow, \*Turbulent boundary layers, Bifurcation(Mathematics) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A4, \*Turbulent IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A243 862

AD-A243 862

212 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/3 AD-A243 861 TEXAS TECH UNIV LUBBOCK DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) High-Power Microwave Breakdown of Dielectric Interfaces

SENTIFIERS: (U) \*Window flashover, \*Microwave breakdown, Radiofrequency power, MAGIC Program, WUAFOSR2301A7,

IDENTIFIERS:

PE61102F.

MATERIALS, MICROWAVES, POWER LEVELS, RADIOFREQUENCY POWER, SURFACES, TEXTURE, VACUUM, VALUE, WINDOWS.

CONTINUED

AD-A243 861

Final rept. 15 Jan 88-14 Apr 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 91

Kristiansen, M.; Hatfield, L.; Crawford, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Mark; Calico, Steve

AF0SR-88-0102 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

**A** TASK NO.

TR-91-1000, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

materials, coatings, surface textures, shapes, and ambient gases were all varied and the results recorded. The diagnostics system was timed to provide temporal correlation between the different signals. Using the particle-in-cell code (MAGIC), overall microwave power and field information has been calculated for the various window configurations. The bulk of these shots were taken using about one-half of the available power from the machine. Recently, the machine was fired several times at the electrical breakdown, due to microwaves, which occurs on the surface of vacuum/atmosphere interfaces. This is a final report for AFOSR Grant No. 88-0102, that began in January. 1988. This report, however, will concentrate on the results since the last annual report, dated September 3, 1990. In the past year, the system was fired over 300 times while investigating the breakdown process. Window The goal of this project is the study of near maximum values. Weak points in the machine design were discovered and corrected. Research is continuing, under AFOSR grant No. 91-0260, using the higher power levels from the machine.

DESCRIPTORS: (U), ATMOSPHERES, BREAKDOWN(ELECTRONIC THRESHOLD), COATINGS, CONFIGURATIONS, DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT, DIELECTRICS, GASES, HIGH POWER, INTERFACES,

AD-A243 861

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T85004

213

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A243 859 5/8

NEW YORK UNIV NY NEUROMAGNETISM LAB

(U) Attention, Imagery and Memory: A Neuromagnetic Investigation.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 88-30 Sep 91,

OCT 91 123P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kaufman, Lloyd; Williamson, Samuel J.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-K-0004

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A4

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0970, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The techniques of magnetic source imaging aspects of human cognition: (1) An investigation of the effects of selective spatial attention on information processing within the human visual cortex for stimuli of constant luminance have revealed that early response components from 120 to 180 ms latency provide evidence for such effects, but amplitude enhancements for later components from 120 to 180 ms latency provide evidence for such effects, but amplitude enhancements for later components are probably related to pattern recognition and task-relevant stimulus discrimination; (2) A study of the relationship between the performance of a cognitive task such as visual imagery, or silent rhyming, and the suppression of spontaneous cortical rhythms reveals that the location, onset time, and duration of suppression are task specific and correlate with measures of performance; (3) The first characterization of the functional attributes of neuronal activity in human auditory association traces in primary and association areas can be accurately characterized by distinct lifetimes, which typically amount to several seconds, and that these sensor memories characterize specific physical attributes

AD-A243 859 CONTINUED

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , AMPLITUDE, ATTENTION, COGNITION, HEARING, HUMANS, IMAGES, INFORMATION PROCESSING, LUMINANCE, MAGNETIC FIELDS, MOTOR NEURONS, OPTICAL IMAGES, PATTERN RECOGNITION, RESPONSE, SOURCES, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, STIMULI, SUPPRESSION, TIME, VISION, VISUAL CORTEX.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313A4, \*Cognition,
 \*Spontaneous brains rhythms, Alpha rhythm, \*Mental
 imagery, Cortical activity, Visual spatial attention,
 \*Auditory sensory memory.

. AD-A243 859

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

1/2 AD-A243 658

SEATTLE DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND

WASHINGTON UNIV ENGINEERING Workshop on the Design and Processing of Materials by Biomimicking Held in Seattle, Washington on 2-4 April 3

BIOLOGY

ESCRIPTORS: (U), AEROSPACE SYSTEMS, AIR FORCE, BIOL(CHEMICALS, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, DAMAGE, HIERARCHIES, INSTABILITY, MANMADE, MATERIALS, NUCLEATION, PARTS, PROCESSING, REPAIR, REQUIREMENTS, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION STRUCTURES, SYNTHETIC MATERIALS, TRANSPORT.

WUAFOSR230282, PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2

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IDENTIFIERS:

their chemical instability at the temperatures associated

with their use.

DESCRIPTORS:

CONTINUED

AD-A243 858

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar-31 Aug 91,

NOV 91

Sarikaya, Mehmet; Aksay, Ilhan A. PERSONAL AUTHURS:

AF0SR-91-0177 CONTRACT NO.

2303, 2302 PROJECT NO.

B2, B2 TASK NO.

TR-91-0991, AFOSR AFOSR. XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

materials, resulting in superior structures able to Withstand the requirements placed upon advanced materials. levels on the molecular, micrometer, and macrometer seals. and growth of new structures by self-assembly; and the repair and replacement of old or damaged components. With this in mind, this workshop is intended to identify the most critical issues and to establish future directions Biomimicking is now regarded as an area of It is well recognized that biological systems efficiently transport of constituents; the nucleation, configuration, The goals of this workshop are to further educate the Air cannot be used for many aerospace applications because of research in which the analysis of natural materials will provide insights into the design of novel marmade produce complex composites possessing unique properties with greater control than is possible with synthetic materials. Biological materials often have hierarchical structures with unprecedented properties at spatial The dynamism of these systems allows the collection and for biomimicking in materials science and engineering. Force participants in the possibilities of biomimetric design and processing and to encourage the research possibilities with serospace needs. Natural materials participants to address the interfacing of these

AD-A243 858

AD-A243 858

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T85004 215 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2305B1.

**CONTINUED** 

AD-A243 855

12/8 AD-A243 855 RUTGERS - THE STATE UNIV NEW BRUNSWICK NJ DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

A Compendium of Position Papers from the Workshop on Architectures for Free Space Digital Optical Computing Held in Vail, Colorado on 28-30 January 1881. E

Final rept. 25 Jan-24 Nov 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

**54**P NOV 91 Murdocca, Miles PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0334 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

\_ TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFDSR, XF TR-91-1001, AFDSR

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Air Force Office of Scientific Research and was organized Colorado. The workshop was initiated by Alan Craig of the was to bring together a panel of distinguished contributors to the field, identify current directions and discuss the future of the field. The emphasis of the contributors in these areas were invited both to provide with Miles Murdocca (Rutgers University) and Michael Prise (AT and T Bell Labs). The purpose of the Workshop additional progress is necessary in order to implement SSTRACT: (U) On January 28-30, 1991, a workshop on architectures for free-space digital optical computing was held at the Holiday Inn Chateau Vail in Vail systems that are either competitive or that complement workshop was on overall system architectures. Since a perspective on implementations and to learn what systems depend on devices and optics, a number of future digital electronic systems. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U), ARCHITECTURE, COLORADO, DIGITAL SYSTEMS, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, OPTICS, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), WORKSHOPS.

ENTIFIERS: (U) \*Digital computers, \*Optical processing, \*Computer architecture, Reports, Workshops, Electrooptics,

IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A243 855

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185004

216

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A243 845 9/1 9/5

STANFORD UNIV CA EDWARD L GINZTON LAB OF PHYSICS

(U) Subpicosecond Electrooptic Sampling and Distributed Nonlinear Electronics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Sep 90-31 Aug 91,

16

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bloom, David M.; Li, K. D.; Thackara, J.

T.; Kauffman, M. T.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0103

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0970, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Improvements made to the electro-optic sampling system have been instrumental to the demonstration of world record performance of an integrated photodiode/electrical sampler. Measured, underconvolved time response of the circuit was 1.8ps, corresponding to an electrical 3dB bandwidth of 200GHz. To measure such a short time response, the pulse width of the electro-optic sampling system was also used to make the first measurements of broadband electro-optic response of organic polymers. The use of these polymers, as well as erbium doped fiber optical amplifiers, to increase the utility of electro-optic sampling techniques has been investigated. (Author)

DESCRIPTORS: (U), BROADBAND, DEMONSTRATIONS, DISTRIBUTION, ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES, ELECTRONICS, ELECTROOPTICS, GLOBAL, INTEGRATED SYSTEMS, MEASUREMENT, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, PHOTODIODES, POLYMERS, PULSES, REACTION TIME, RESPONSE, SAMPLERS, SAMPLING, SHORT RANGE(TIME), WIDTH.

DENTIFIERS: (U) \*Nonlinear lines, \*Sampling circuits, \*Electrooptic sampling, Distributed electronics, Organic polymers, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2301A1.

AD-A243 845

AD-A243 839 7/6

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Early-Transition-Metal Silicon Compounds and Their Roles in the Synthesis of New Polymeric and Ceramic Materials.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 88-31 May 91,

OCT 91 1

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Tilley, T. D.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0273

PROJECT NO. 23

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF ... TR-91-0944, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The objective of this work was to investigate new transition metal silicon complexes as precursors to ceramic materials, or as catalysts for the synthesis of silicon containing polymers. Precursors to metal silicates were based on complexes of the tri(tert-butoxy)siloxy ligand. Very low temperature, clean routes to silicate materials were discovered. The ceramic materials that were investigated in most detail had the compositions MO24SiO2(M = Ti, Zr, Hf). It was shown that these thermolytic methods could be carried out in these thermolytic methods could be carried out in solution, and used to apply smooth, thin films of the silicate materials. New transition metal silyl complexes were discovered, and some were used in mechanistic studies to demonstrate a mechanism for the dometal-catalyzed dehydrocoupling of silanes to polysilanes. This represents a new polymerization mechanism which shows great promise for the synthesis of new polymers.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CATALYSTS, CERAMIC MATERIALS, LOW TEMPERATURE, MATERIALS, METALS, POLYMERIZATION, POLYMERS, POLYSILANES, PRECURSORS, ROUTING, SILANES, SILICATES, SILICON, SYNTHESIS, THIN FILMS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2.

AD-A243 839

UNCLASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY DEPT OF MATHEMATICS AD-A243 838

(U) Mathematical Tools for Image Reconstruction.

Final rept. 1 Aug 88-31 Jul 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JUL 91

ď Grunbaum. F. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0250 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

**8** TASK NO.

TR-91-0940, AFDSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

domains, (3) New explicit solutions for the Kadomtsev-Petviashvill equation, and (4) Time and band limiting on ISTRACT: (U) During the period covered by the grant four areas were worked on: (1) Diffuse tomography, (2) Concentrating a signal in the physical and spectral the symmetric group. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , DIFFUSION, MATHEMATICAL MODELS. SYMMETRY, TOMOGRAPHY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Image restoration, \*Applied mathematics, Tomography, Equations, \*Image reconstruction, PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A9.

11/4 11/6 AD-A243 825 NEW YORK CENTER FOR STRATEGIC MATERIALS COLUMBIA UNIV

(U) A Fundamental Understanding of the Interfacial Compatibility in Hybrid Material Systems

Final rept. 1 Sep 86-30 Sep 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Testa, Rene B.; Tien, John K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0312 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-0943, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

interactions in tungsten fiber reinforced superalloys was expanded on to include the effect of matrix chemistry on developing an understanding of the nature and kinetics of controversy in the scientific community, the influence of fiber matrix interactions on the anomalous creep behavior assess the kinetics and diffusion path behavior of metal intermetallic (W/Ni3A1) and intermetallic intermetallic (Tial/Ni3Al) were also undertaken. A feasibility study for production of diffusion barrier layers via ion implantation were also conducted. In response to a Efforts in this program have focused on fiber recrystallization kinetics. General studies to component interactions in hybrid material systems at elevated temperature. Previous work on the chemical of SIC/Al was investigated. Ê ABSTRACT:

CHEMICAL REACTIONS, COMPATIBILITY CREEP, DIFFUSION, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, FIBER REINFORCEMENT, FIBERS, HIGH TEMPERATURE, HYBRID SYSTEMS, INTERACTIONS, INTERFACES, ION IMPLANTATION, KINETICS, LAYERS, PATHS, PRODUCTION, RECRYSTALLIZATION, SCIENTIFIC ORGANIZATIONS, SUPERALLOYS, , ANOMALIES, BARRIERS, BEHAVIOR DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) \*Superalloys, \*Niobium alloys, Tungsten compounds, TFRS(Tungsten Fiber Reinforced Superalloy), IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A243 825

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A243 825

MMC(Metal Matrix Composites), IMC(Intermetallic Matrix Composites), \*Fiber reinforced composites, \*High temperature, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2306A1.

MMC-703415

MMCIAC - HARD COPY IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

7 AD-A243 824 MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE PLASMA FUSION CENTER (U) Sources and Causes of Upper Atmospheric Disturbances.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 May 88-30 Apr 91,

<u>e</u>

Lee, Min-Chang PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0217 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

42 TASK NO.

TR-91-0951, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

lightning induced electromagnetic effects. The spectral broadening of monochromatic VLF radio signals detected by satellites in the topside ionospheric was attributed to the nonlinear scattering of waves off ionospheric density irregularities. Furthermore, the irregularity anisotropy can give rise to prominent effects on the Faraday irregularities. Some outstanding features of explosive spread F reported in Woodman and La Hoz and Woodman and Kudeki can be reasonably understood in terms of the irregularities. Efforts were also made on the reduction of ionospheric effects on the polarization measurements occurring ionospheric disturbances. Periodic amplitude variations of satellite beacon signals were observed as the precursors of the plumes of equatorial ionospheric theoretical and experimental studies of some naturally polarization fluctuations of linearly polarized radio diagnostics of the anisotropic nature of ionospheric irregularities, namely, to determine the geometry of signals. This fact can be used to develop the radio In the past three years we conducted field-aligned density irregularities, namely, to determine the geometry of field-aligned density during satellite tracking.

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ALIGNMENT, AMPLITUDE, ATMOSPHERIC DISTURBANCES, DENSITY, ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS. DESCRIPTORS:

4D-A243 824

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004

AD-A243 824 CONTINUED

ELECTROMAGNETIC PROPERTIES, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, EXPLOSIVES, FARADAY EFFECT, GEOMETRY, IONOSPHERE, IONOSPHERIC DISTURBANCES, LIGHTNING, MEASUREMENT, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, PERIODIC VARIATIONS, PLUMES, POLARIZATION, PRECURSORS, RADIO SIGNALS, SATELLITE TRACKING SYSTEMS, SCATTERING, SPREAD F, THEORY, UPPER ATMOSPHERE, VARIATIONS, WAVES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR2310A2, \*Ionospheric disturbances, Precursors, Equatorial regions, Spread F, Lightning, Very low frequency, Polarization, Radar reflections, Backscattering.

AD-A243 822 12/1

PURDUE UNIV LAFAYETTE IN DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCES

(U) Parallel Methods and Systems for Solving Partial Differential Equations.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug 88-30 Apr 91,

APR 91

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Houstis, Elias N.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0243

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0941, AFOSR

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

development and analysis of new methods and methodologies development and analysis of new methods and methodologies for solving PDEs on parallel machines, (b) development of mapping strategies of PDE computations to parallel machines, (c) development of knowledge bases for parallel PDE solvers, (d) development of a facility for visualization, collection and analysis of performance data, (e) development of a machine independent object-oriented knowledge interface for specifying PDE computations and solvers, and (f) performance evaluation of PDE solvers on Intel and NCUBE hypercube machines. The feasibility of the proposed ideas was established and usable prototypes have been developed.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , COMPUTATIONS, MAPPING, PARALLEL ORIENTATION, PARALLEL PROCESSORS, PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, PERFORMANCE TESTS, PROBLEM SOLVING, STRATEGY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A3, \*Partial differential equations, \*Parallel processors, Solutions(General), Bibliographies, Parallel processing.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 5/8 AD-A243 790

ALBANY NY HEALTH RESEARCH INC Activity-Driven CNS Changes in Learning and Development. 3

Final rept. 15 Apr 90-14 Apr 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DENTIFIERS: (U) Silent synaptic connections, Central nervous system plasticity, Plasticity, Protein kinases, GABA, Phosphorositide, Gamma amino batyric acids,

IDENTIFIERS:

PE61102F.

DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY, VISION, PLASTIC PROPERTIES, HIPPOCAMPUS, PHARMACOLOGY, AMINO ACIDS.

CONTINUED

AD-A243 790

413P APR 91 Wolpaw, Jonathan R PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0238 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO. AFOSR. XF MONITOR:

TR-91-0937, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

added a new theme to the two stressed before: Its central goal was to discuss, in a connected fashion, the entire sequence of events underlying learning and development. Such a comprehensive and logical format has only become possible in the last few years. Before that, knowledge was too fragmentary to permit meaningful adherence to this framework. At the same time, recent advanced have made it imperative to encourage interactions between scientists working at each level in this sequence. If Thus, the first session described receptormediated triggers of plasticity, the second discussed accompanying molecular events, the next two evaluated synaptic modifications resulting from these events, and the last two evaluated expression of these synaptic modifications as altered behavior of neural networks and whole animals. pace and breadth of recent research. Most important, it The conference that formed the basis for Rensselaerville Institute in Rensselaerville, New York near Albany. This last meeting reflected the increased this theme, the meeting's organization paralleled the progression from neuronal activity to altered behavior understanding of Tearning and development is not to remain disjointed and compartmentalized. To emphasize the present volume took place in May, 1990 at the ABSTRACT:

\*SYNAPSE, \*NEURAL NETS, \*LEARNING, Ê DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A243 790

AD-A243 790

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

T85004 221 PAGE

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

11/2 AD-A243 782

13/8 5/2

AD-A243 782

TUCSON DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ARIZONA UNIV ENGINEERING

CONTINUED

IDENTIFIERS:

International Interdisciplinary Conference (1st) on the Influence of Culture (Japanese/American) on Technological Innovation. **3** 

DENTIFIERS: (U) Japan, United States, \* Cross culture(Sociology), Superconductors, High temperature, Ceramic materials, Diamonds, Silicon nitrides, \*Technical innovation, Symposia, WUAFDSR2303A3, PE61102F.

Final rept. 1 Nov 90-31 Oct 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

288P **6 ≥**  Ö Kingery, ₩. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-91-0054 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO AFOSR, XF TR-91-0942, AFOSR MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

socio-technical process and no simple generalizations are appropriate. Different national perspectives of the science-technology nexus, different customs with regard to research planning, different supplier manufactureroxide superconductors, low pressure diamond synthesis and silicon nitride structural ceramics. Discussions focussed on how differences in Japanese and American cultures process, different forms of technological networking, and other cultures differences all impact of the innovation engineers, managers and anthropologists met together to customer relationships, different views of the learning affect innovation in pre-commercial, nascent and infant commercial advanced materials. Innovation is a complex discuss technological innovation in high temperature Japanese and American scientists, ĵ process. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U), CERAMIC MATERIALS, COMMERCIAL EQUIPMENT, CULTURE, DIAMONDS, HIGH TEMPERATURE, IMPACT, INFANTS, LEARNING, LOW PRESSURE, MATERIALS, OXIDES, PLANNING, RESEARCH MANAGEMENT, SCIENTISTS, SILICON NITRIDES, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, SUPERCONDUCTORS, DESCRIPTORS: SYNTHESIS

40-A243 782

AD-A243 782

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

**T85004** 

222

12/4 AD-A243 728 UTAH WATER RESEARCH LAB LOGAN

(U) Environmental Containment Property Estimation Using QSARs in an Expert System.

Annual rept. 15 Sep 90-15 Oct 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

410 OCT 91 Doucette, William J.; Holt, Mark S.; Denne, Doug J.; McLean, Joan E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A4, \*Mathematical

9

IDENTIFIERS:

PRESSURE, WATER.

models, \*Environmental management, \*Environmental fate modelling, Organic contaminants, QSAR(Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship), Bioconcentration.

ENGINEERING DRAWINGS, ENVIRONMENTS, ESTIMATES, EXPERT SYSTEMS, FILES(RECORDS), LOW COSTS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MICROCOMPUTERS, MODELS, MOLECULES, ORGANIC MATERIALS, REGRESSION ANALYSIS, SOILS, SOLUBILITY, SORPTION, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, SURFACES, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VAPOR

COMPUTER PROGRAMS, CONTAINMENT (GENERAL), COORDINATES

CONTINUED

AD-A243 728

AF0SR-89-0509 CONTRACT NO.

2312

PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO.

TR-91-0992, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Molecular connectivity indices (MCI) property, total molecular connectivity indices (MCI) property, total molecular surface area (TSA) property and property-property correlations and UNIFAC derived activity coefficients, is being developed to provide a fast, economical method to estimate aqueous solubility, octanol/ (SMILES) notation or connection tables generated from a commercially available two dimensional drawing program. The TSA module accepts 3-D cartesian coordinates entered manually or directly reads coordinate files generated by molecular modeling software. In the MCI, TSA, and either universal or class specific regression models for bioconcentration factors, and Henry's Law constants for use in environmental fate modeling. The structural information for the MCI and UNIFAC models can be input Water partition coefficients, vapor pressures, organic appropriate regression model(s), the program automatically suggests the most appropriate regression model based on the structure of the compound. Property Property modules, the user can select from each property. To aid the user in choosing the most using Simplified Molecular Input Line Entry System carbon, normalized soil sorption coefficients, ABSTRACT:

, ACTIVATION, CARBON, COEFFICIENTS, Ê DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A243 728

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/4 AD-A243 727 TEL-AVIV UNIV (ISRAEL) DEPT OF FLUID MECHANICS AND HEAT TRANSFER On the Origin and Control of Large Coherent Structures in Turbulent Shear Flow.

Final technical rept. 15 Feb 89-14 Aug DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OCT 91

Seifert, A.; Wygnanski, I. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0307 CONTRACT NO.

2307

PROJECT NO.

BS TASK NO. AFOSR, XF TR-91-0995, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Schlichting waves by active mean is well known. Surface deformation, heat input and mechanical means were used to impose disturbances on the boundary layer which have an sources were displaced along the span. The spanwise phase gradients of the disturbances, linked to the streamwise distance from their point-source present a major obstacle originate at surface imperfections or are precipitated by currently being investigated. In this context the spatial opposite phase to the waves existing in the flow. Thus, transition might be delayed by suppressing the amplitude of these waves. Natural disturbances in boundary layers start as three-dimensional wave packets, because they to such a simple attenuation scheme. These difficulties Inhibition of two-dimensional Tollmienseparation distances and phase delays between the two emanating from discrete point-sources, in a boundary layer are discussed. Only a local wave attenuation is disturbances anywhere in the boundary layer. This was source and proven experimentally when the disturbance temporal disturbances in the incoming stream. The possibilities of controlling such disturbances are feasible by activating two harmonic point-source interaction among three dimensional wave trains, shown theoretically for a variety of locations,

#### CONTINUED AD-A243 727

cannot be foreseen by considering 3-D perturbations. Spatially distributed control mechanisms are therefore required for the purpose of delaying the amplification of

concentrated three-dimensional disturbances.

ESCRIPTORS: (U) , ATTENUATION, BOUNDARY LAYER,
COHERENCE, CONTROL SYSTEMS, DEFORMATION, DELAY,
DISTRIBUTION, FAULTS, GRADIENTS, HEAT, INHIBITION, INPUT,
INTERACTIONS, MEAN, RANGE(DISTANCE), SEPARATION, SHEAR
PROPERTIES, SOURCES, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, STRUCTURES,
SURFACE PROPERTIES, SURFACE REACTIONS, THREE DIMENSIONAL,
TURBULENT FLOW, WAVE PACKETS, WAVES. DESCRIPTORS:

Turbulent flow, Shear flow, Skin friction, Three dimensional flow, Walls, Blasius boundary layer, Tollmien layer transition, \*Boundary layer control, Perturbations, Suppression, Laminar boundary layer, Flow separation, \*Turbulent boundary flow, \*Boundary Schlichting waves, PE81102F, WUAFOSR2307BS, Israel.

224

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/8 20/4 AD-A243 728 PITTSBURGH UNIV PA DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY

(U) Study of Turbulence by Photon Correlation Spectroscopy.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Jun 89-15 Dec 81,

Goldburg, W. I. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0415 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

88 TASK NO

TR-91-0996, AFOSR AFOSR. XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Velocimetry (LDV) and novel scheme, which we call photon homodyne correlation spectroscopy(HCS). With LDV, we measured the probability density function of velocity differences P(delta v(l)) on varying spatial scales 1, by technique permits measuring P without using this hypothesis. Of special interest to us was the behavior of the system at and above a Reynolds number (Re sub C) (delta v) (1 sq) > approx. 1 to the zeta power. Above Re We have studied grid-generated turbulence where the turbulence becomes self-similar, in that < sub c the exponent zeta increases from 0 to 2/3 with in a water tunnel at moderate Reynolds numbers. The invoking the frozen turbulence hypothesis. The HCS method used was the standard one of Laser Doppler Increasing Re. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U), CORRELATION, DOPPLER SYSTEMS, FREEZING, GRIDS(COORDINATES), HYPOTHESES, LASER VELOCIMETERS, PHOTONS, PROBABILITY DENSITY FUNCTIONS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SCALE, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, SPECTROSCOPY, TURBULENCE, WATER TUNNELS.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2307BS, \*Turbulence Water flow, \*Light scattering, Scaling factor, HCS(Homodyne Correlation Spectroscopy), Photon correlation spectroscopy, Laser Doppler Velocimetry, Laser Velocimeters. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

9// AD-A243 723 UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPT OF CHEMISTRY Development of Processible Electroactive Oligomers and Polymers. 3

Final rept. 1 Jun 88-31 May 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

6

Dalton, Larry R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0071 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-91-0973, AF0SR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

nonlinear optical activity and the exploration of related The objective of this research program has (polyenes and heteroaromatic polymers) and synthetic routes for overcoming the inherent insolubility of these materials. By steadily improving solubility and processability through utilization of derivation and incorporated into a variety of traditional polymers both precursor routes, we have been able to Sabricate optical quality films of ladder-type polymers and achieve high resolution paracterization of these materials both in Electroactive molecules including fused ring (ladder been the development of new materials with enhanced oligomers) dyrs, squarylium-heterocyclic mofeties, phenylpolyenes, thienylpolyenes, carbocyanine dyes, properties such as electrical conductivity. Initial research efforts focused upon pi-electron materials concture and electroactive properties. as pendants and as part of the polymer backbone tetraazaannulenes have also been synthetically 3 terms of ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U), AROMATIC COMPOUNDS, DYES, E'ECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY, FILMS, HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS, HIGH RESOLUTION, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OLIGOMERS, OPTICAL MATERIALS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, POLYMERS, PRECURSORS, ROUTING, SOLUBILITY. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A243 723

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

225

#### UNCI. ASSIFIED

# SEARCH CONTROL, NO. T85004 DTIC REPURT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A243 723

5/8 6/1 AD-A243 717

> PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2303A3 3 IDENTIFIERS:

MODRE SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PHILADELPHIA PA DEPT OF COMPUTER AND I NFORMATION SCIENCES

(U) Computational and Neural Network Models for the Analysis of Visual Texture.

Annual progress rept. 1 Sep 90-31 Aug DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

26 9 **≥**  Bajcsy, Ruzena PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-88-0296 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

**A8** TASK NO.

TR-91-J986, AFOSR AFOSR XF MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

BSTRACT: (U) The detailed and biological realistic neural model of architectures that utilize Gabor filters for vision computations continues to be the focus of research. Additionally, some further testing of a three layer back propagation learning network for computing slat tilt was undertaken. A model has been developed which simulates the process of texture segmentation in the visual cortex according to the computational model of M.R. Turner et.al. using the McGregor high fidelity neural simulator. This system attempts to faithfully simulate the transfer functions of neurons using various numerical simulation methods. ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ARCHITECTURE, COMPUIATIONS,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MODELS, NERVE CELLS, NERVOUS SYSTEM,
NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES,
SEGMENTED, SIMULATORS, TEXTURE, TRANSFER FUNCTIONS, VISION, VISUAL CORTEX. DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR2313A8, \*Neural networks, \*Vision computations. IDENTIFIERS:

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

2/8 AD-A243 718 NEW HAVEN CT DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY YALE UNIV Signal - and Listener-Based Factors in Complex Auditory Pattern Perception. E

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct 90-30 Sep 91,

Samuel, Arthur G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

**22P** 

OCT 91

AF0SR-91-0020 CONTRACT NO.

2313 ROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-0283, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) The research conducted during the one year funding period was a subset of the original three year study of the perception of complex auditory patterns, explored two early stages in the perception of complex signals, using adaptation procedures. This research investigated effects of varying signal amplitude, and the effects of more cognitive factors: lexical knowledge, and effects. Those experiments investigated how knowledge of particular words influenced the perceptual restoration of of research represent progress toward understanding the analyses conducted on complex auditory patterns by human the listener's level of attention to the adapting sound. deleted or degraded portions of the word. The two lines including speech and music. One set of experiments A second set of experiments perceptual restoration ABSTRACT:

(U) ADAPTATION, AMPLITUDE, AUDITORY AUDITORY SIGNALS, COGNITION, MUSIC, SIGNALS, SPEECH. PERCEPTION, PERCEPTION. DESCRIPTORS:

(U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2313AB, \*Auditory Phonemes, Auditory signals, \*Phonetics. perception, IDENTIFIERS:

20/1 AD-A243 715

WISCONSIN UNIV-MILWAUKEE DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

Mechanisms Mediating the Perception of Complex Acoustic Patterns.

Final rept. 1 Sep 88-30 Sep 91 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

21P NOV 91

Warren, Richard M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0320 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PRO-JECT NO.

8 TA K NO.

TR-91-0989, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

such sounds. (1) Using randomly derived waveforms (frozen noise segmen.s) as model long-period complex sounds, a series of experiments examined aspects of the stimuli constructed during the previous grant has dealt with some of the rules and mechanisms governing the perception of sequences of brief tones and brief vowels are perceived compounds, so that permuted orders can be discriminated without resolution into component elements. The same used for recognition, and tested hypotheses concerning the basic principles governing the perception of these sounds. (2) New evidence was reported indicating that as global patterns or temporal compounds. Different Many sounds of ecological importance basic rules govern the perception of frozen noises, sequences of tones, and sequences of vowels, with overlays of special rules for melodic and phonetic arrangements of co conent sounds from distinctive Ξ sequences. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ACOUSTICS, AUDIO TONES, FREEZING, GLOBAL, HYPOTHESES, LONG RANGE(TIME), MODELS, NOISE, OVERLAYS, PATTERNS, PERCEPTION, PHONETICS, SEQUENCES, SOUND, STIMULI, VOWELS, WAVEFORMS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313AG, \* Auditory 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A243 715

AD-A243 718

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A243 715

6/1 AD-A243 714

perception, Complex sounds, Pitch, \*Acoustics.

SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIV TIBURON CA TIBURON CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES Evidence for the Participation of Histidine Residues Located in the 58 kDa C-Terminal Polypeptide Domain of ADP-Ribosyl Transferase in its Catalytic Activity. 9

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Jan-31 Dec 90,

Kun, Ernest PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0231 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

A5 TASK NO

TR-91-0985, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Pub. in FEBS Letters, v273 n1,2, p6-10 Oct 90. Available only to DIIC users. No copies furnished by

diethylpyrocarbonate was identified exclusively in the 58 coincided with the loss of binding capacity of the enzyme Purified ADPRT protein was inactivated by kDa carboxyl-terminal polypeptide where 2 out of 13 histidine residues were modified by this reagent. It is proposed that histidine residues in the 56 kDa the histidine specific reagent diethylpyrocarbonate, binding to two histidine residues, or by a relatively histidine selective photoinactivation method. Inactivation with up to 1.3 mM diethylpyrocarbonate was polypeptide amy participate as initiator sites for poly reversible by hydroxylamine. Enzymatic inactivation protein to benzamide affinity matrix but not to deoxyribonucleic acid cellulose. Labelled ADP-ribosylation. ABSTRACT: (U)

AMINES, CAPACITY(QUANTITY), CATALYSTS, AGENTS, DEOXYRIBONICLEIC ACIDS, HYDROXYL RADICALS, INACTIVATION, REVERSIBLE. DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CELLULOSE, CHEMICAL ENZYMES, HISTIDINE, PROTEINS, RESIDUES,

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A243 714

\*Polypeptides, ADPRT(Adenosinediphosphoribosyl Transferase), Diethypyrocarbonate, Histidine residue, ADP-Ribosylation, Photo activation, Reprints. PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, \*Histidine, IDENTIFIERS:

7/8 AD-A243 634 COLORADO STATE UNIV FORT COLLINS DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Molecular Composites from High Temperature Polyquinolines. 9

Final rept. 1 Aug 86-31 Jul 90 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 91

Bernstein, Elliot; Stille, J. K.; Berry, PERSONAL AUTHORS: Berl G. C.; Uhlmann, D. R.

F49620-86-C-0102 CONTRACT NO.

2303, 5787 PROJECT NO.

A3, 00 TASK NO. AFOSR, XF . TR-91-0988, AFOSR MONITOR:

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

conformation is found to be extended, with a persistence length of 20 nm without the oxygen linkage. The chain adopts a flexible conformation when the oxygen is present. Both forms, and their copolymer, were synthesized in this study. The results show that although the SSTRACT: (U) The properties of blends of two polyquinolines and block copolymers of the same polymers have been studied as the basis for a molecular composite. The polyquinolines differ only in the presence or absence of an oxygen atom in the chain backbone. The chain two polymers, the enhanced mobility at the elevated temperatures needed for processing the solid blend leads to substantial phase separation, with consequent partially frustrated in the preparation of blends of thermodynamically expected phase separation can be deterioration of mechanical properties. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , ATOMS, BLOCK COPOLYMERS, CHAINS, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, CONFORMITY, DETERIORATION, HIGH TEMPERATURE, LINKAGES, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, MIXTURES, MOLECULES, OXYGEN, PHASE, POLYMERS, PREPARATION, SEPARATION, SOLIDS

PEB1102F, PEB1101E, WUAFOSR2303A3 WUAFOSR578700, \*Polymers, \*Quinolines, \*Molecular 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A243 634

AD-A243 714

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A243 634

AD-A243 628

composite

SRI INTERNATIONAL

MENLO PARK CA

PL-055898 IAC NO.

(U) State-Specific Energy Transfer in Diatomic Radicals.

PLASTC - MICROFICHE --IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

Final rept. 1 May 85-1 Jun 88 28P DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: AUG 88 Crosley, David R.; Copeland, Richard A.;

AC SUBJECT TERMS: P--(U)DYNAMIC MECHANICAL ANALYSIS, PROCESSING, BLENDS, COMPOSITES, POLYQUINOLINES, HIGH TEMPERATURE APPLICATIONS, BLOCK COPOLYMERS, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, LIGHT SCATTERING, FIBER FORMATION, TENSILE PROPERTIES, CREEP, QUINOLINE, FILMS, DETERIORATION, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, MONOMER EFFECTS, ZZ UNLIMITED.; IAC SUBJECT TERMS:

SRI-MP-88-205 REPORT NO.

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Feffries, Jay B.

F49670-85-K-0010 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO.

TR-91-0987, AFOSR AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

of different forms of energy are not equivalent. For example, some chemical reactions may be promoted more by vibrational than translational energy, or vice versa, and electronic state transfer may be more affected by rotation than by vibration. From a more applied processes are found to be state-specific, and the effects fundamental questions of energy transfer between individual quantum states in bimolecular collisions. Many Many chemical and physical changes depend on the transfer of energy that occurs in an encounter between molecules. In recent years, new sophisticated experimental and theoretical techniques have addressed standpoint, we are unable to predict details of energy transfer that might be needed to mode! the behavior of some practical system, outside the immediate regime of prior measurements. ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CHEMICAL RADICALS, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CHEMICÁLS, COLLISIONS, DIATOMIC MOLECULES, ELECTRONIC STATES, ENERGY TRANSFER, MOLECULES, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, QUANTUM ELECTRONICS, TEST METHODS, TRANSFER, VIBRATION.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, LPN-SRI-PYU-3 IDENTIFIERS: 8707.

# SEARCH CONTROL NO. 185004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A243 549

SOCIETY OF TOXICOLOGY WASHINGTON DC

(U) Post-Doctoral Research Award.

Final rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

17P DEC 88 Cassedy, Joan W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0187 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

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TASK NO.

AFOSR, XF TR-91-0922, AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

lethal modes of action may be observed for compounds that are thought to be teratogenic by the same mode of action. semicarbazide and isoniazid showed a slightly less than additive embryolethal response. Potentially different For the embryolethal binary mixture test of hydroxyurea and isoniazid the 3:1 mixture showed an antagonistic For the embryolethality tests,

response, while the 1:1 and 1:3 mixtures were response additive, as expected. The antagonistic response may have been the result of poorer absorption of hydroxyurea by the severely malformed embryos, as isoniazid had a much greater concentration (in mg/L) than did hydroxyurea, Combinations of DNA synthesis inhibitors showed response additive to antagonistic joint actions ay malformationeven though the effective (Jethal) concentration for hydroxyurea was nearly three times that for isoniazid. Short-chain carboxylic acids showed concentration additive joint actions for induction of malformation.

DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, EMBRYOS, INHIBITORS, ISONIAZID, "LETHALITY, RESPONSE. DESCRIPTORS:

inducting concentration.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312AB. Ē IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A243 549

1/6 AD-A243 457

20/3

WRIGHT STATE UNIV DAYTON OH DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (U) New Algorithms for Broad-Band and Narrowband Source Localization and a Separable 2-D IIR Filter Realization.

Final rept. 1 Apr 89-30 Jun 91, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

SEP 91

Shaw, Arnab K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0291 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

AB TASK NO. AFOSR, XF MONITOR:

TR-91-0917, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

coherent one-step angles of arrival estimator of multiple broadband sources has been developed. Existing coherent techniques can not localize well separated sources in one step. (8) An Order-Recursive approach has been given for AR-Bispectrum estimation. (9) A Time-Delay-Neural Network has been trained with LPC coefficients for Phoneme/Vowel response data is given. (5) A Periodogram-based Maximum Likelihood estimator of Narrowband frequencies requiring one dimensional modules have been developed. (3) Optimal design of a class of two dimensional IIR filters from only off the shelf hardware/software has been developed Response Data has been developed. The general criterion derived in this report has never been found before. (2) (1) Optimal Design of ARMA (IIR) filters Optimal synthesis of two dimensional IIR filters using algorithms have been introduced for the first time for with arbitrary number of poles and zeros from Impulse developed and applied to frequency estimation. (7) A identification of Multivariable systems from Impulse spatial domain data has been developed. (4) Optimal recognition. (10) Parametric Non-linear prediction (6) A faster Simulated-Annealing method has been speech prediction/synthesis/coding. ABSTRACT: (U)

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A243 457 CONTINUED

DESCRIPTORS: (U), ALGORITHMS, ANGLES, ARRIVAL, BROADBAND, CODING, COEFFICIENTS, COHERENCE, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, ESTIMATES, FREQUENCY, IDENTIFICATION, MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS, NARROWBAND, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTIMIZATION, PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS, PHONEMES, POLES(SUPPORTS), PREDICTIONS, PULSES, RECOGNITION, RESPONSE, SEPARATION, SOURCES, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, SPECH, SYNTHESIS, VOWELS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A6, \*Digital filters, \*Algorithms, \*Optimization, Broadband, Narrowband, Electrical engineering.

AD-A243 416 20/4

CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENA GRADUATE AERONAUTICAL LABS

(U) Mixing in High Schmidt Number Turbulent Jets.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Doctoral thesis,

91 143P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Miller, Paul L.

CONTRACT NC. AFDSR-90-0304

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. BS

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0894, AFOSR

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This thesis is an experimental investigation of the passive scalar (species concentration) field in the far-field of round.

axisymmetric, high Schmidt number (liquid phase), turbulent jets issuing into a quiescent reservoir, by means of a quantitative laser-induced fluorescence technique. Single-point concentration measurements are made on the jet centerline, at axial locations from 100 to 305 nozzle diameters downstream, and Reynclds numbers of 3,000 to 102,000, yielding data with a resolved temporal dynamic range up to 2.5 x 10 to the 5th power, and capturing as many as 504 large-scale structure passages. Long-time statistics of the jet concentration are found to converge slowly. Between 100 and 300 large-scale structure passages are required to reduce the uncertainty in the mean to 1%, or so. The behavior of the jet varies with Reynolds number. The centerline concentration pdf's become taller and narrower with increasing Re, and the normalized concentration variances correspondingly decrease with Re. The behavior of the spectral slope range is examined. No constant -1 (Batchelor) spectral slope range is present. Rather, in the viscous region, the power spectra exhibit log-normal behavior, over a range of scales exceeding a factor of 40, in some cases.

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004

AD-A243 416 CONTINUED

DESCRIPTORS: (U) JET FLOW, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, LIQUID PHASES, LONG RANGE(TIME), PASSIVE SYSTEMS, POSITION(LOCATION), POMER SPECTRA, REGIONS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SCALAR FUNCTIONS, SCALE, SLOPE, SPECTRA, STATISTICS, THESES, TURBULENT FLOW, UNCERTAINTY, VISCOUS

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308BS, \*Turbulent jets, \*High Schmidt numbers, Theses.

AD-A243 410 20/4 21/2

CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENA GRADUATE AERONAUTICAL Labs

(U) Turbulent Free Shear Layer Mixing and Combustion.

JUL 91 71P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Dimotakis, Paul E.

REPORT NO. GALCIT-FM91-2

CONTRACT NO. AFDSR-90-0304

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PROJECT NO. 2308

MONITOR: AFOSE

**A**2

TASK NO.

: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0893, AFOSR

#### UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

abstract: (U) Some experimental data on turbulent free-shear-layer growth, mixing, and chemical reactions are reviewed. The dependence of these phenomena on such fluid and flow parameters as Reynolds number, Schmidt number, and Mach number are discussed, with the aid of some direct consequences deducible from the large-scale organization of the flow as well as from some recent models. The mixing of two or more fluids that are entrained into a turbulent region is an important process from both a scientific and an applications vantage point. Species can be transported by turbulence to produce a more uniform distribution than some initial mean profile. This process is sometimes also referred to as mixing, without regard to whether the transported species are mixed on a molecular scale or not. If the issue of mixing arises in the context of chemical reactions and combustion, however, we recognize that only fluid mixed on a molecular scale can contribute to chemical product formation and associated heat release. The discussion in this paper will be limited to molecular mixing.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CHEMICALS, COMBUSTION, DISTRIBUTION, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, FLOW, FLUIDS, HEAT, MACH NUMBER, MEAN, MIXING, MOLECULES, ORGANIZATIONS, PARAMETERS, PROFILES, REGIONS, RELEASE, REYNOLDS NUMBER,

SCALE, TURBULENCE.

AD-A243 410

# DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. 785004

AD-A243 410 CONTINUED

EAST CAROLINA UNIV GREENVILLE NC

6/2

AD-A243 381

IDENTIFIERS: (U) \*Turbulent flow, \*Mixing, Turbulent diffusion, Boundary layer flow, Shear stresses, Boundary layer transition, \*Molecular mixing, \*Combustion, Chemical reactions, Shear layer, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308A2.

(U) Presynaptic Modulation of the Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synapse.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 15 Sep 90-14 Sep 91,

0CT 91 14P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Terrian, David M.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0531

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR, XF TR-91-0909, AFOSR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The overall goal of this research project is to systematically investigate a number of the possible ways through which presynaptic modulation might, influence the effectiveness of local synaptic interactions at the mammalian hippocampal mossy fiber synapse. A hippocampal subcellular fraction that is highly enriched in large mossy fiber nerve endings was developed for this purpose. The morphological and metabolic properties of this synaptosomal preparation have previously been described, and both glutamate and prodynorphin derived peptides have been shown to be released from these specialized nerve endings in response to membrane depolarization by calcium-dependent mechanisms. During the first year of this research project, it was demonstrated that distinct types of voltage-gated calcium channels are required for the exocytosis of glutamate and dynorphin peptides.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) , DEPOLARIZATION, GLUTAMIC ACID, Interactions, Membranes, Metabolism, Morphology, Nerves, Peptides, Salts, Synapse.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEGilO2F, WUAFOSR2312A2, \*Hippocampus, Mossy fiber, Exocytosis, Dynorphin, Glutamate, Protein kinase, \*Presynaptic, Kianate.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. T85004 DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 8/2 AD-A243 379

SOCIETY OF TOXICOLOGY WASHINGTON DC

Carboxylesterases of the Testes: Role in Activation of Toxicants. 3

Annual rept. 1 Dec 89-30 Nov 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

06 AON

Long, Rochelle M.; Cassedy, Joan W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0187 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR, XF TR-91-0908, AF0SR

## UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Carboxylesterase distribution among cell types of the testes was examined by in situ hybridization techniques. Results were inconclusive, as both the probe and the control hybridized to tissues macromolecules. More refinement of this techniques should provide better results. Other accomplishments include examination of the carboxylesterasos (Western blotting) was determined to be liver lung  $\ast$  testes  $\ast$  fat pancreas kidney. glucocorticolds. Apparently esterase levels are most dramatically down-regulated (approximately 6-fold) by dexamethasone phosphate (60 mg/kg  $\times$  5 days, i.p.) in the testes compared to the other tissues containing this down-regulation of carboxylesterase levels by Organ specific distribution of ABSTRACT: enzyme

SCRIPTORS: (U) , ACTIVATION, CARBOHYDRATES, CORTICOSTEROID AGENTS, DISTRIBUTION, ENZYMES, ESTERASES, HYBRIDIZATION, MACROMOLECULES, METABOLISM, ORGANS(ANATOMY), TESTES, TISSUES(BIOLOGY), TOXIC AGENTS. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A243 379

T85004 235 PAGE